

MEBİ
YKS DENEMELERİ
YDT
İNGİLİZCE



Tamamı
özgün
sorular

Karekod ile
ulaşabileceğiniz
video çözümler

YKS konularının
tamamını
kapsayan sorular

Konu ve
kazanım analiz
raporu

Puan
hesaplama ve
sonuç karnesi

15
DENEME



T.C. MİLLÎ EĞİTİM
BAKANLIĞI

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İSTİKLÂL MARŞI

Korkma, sönmez bu şafaklarda yüzen al sancak;
Sönmeden yurdumun üstünde tüten en son ocak.
O benim milletimin yıldızıdır, parlayacak;
O benimdir, o benim milletimindir ancak.

Çatma, kurban olayım, çehreni ey nazlı hilâl!
Kahraman ırkıma bir gül! Ne bu şiddet, bu celâl?
Sana olmaz dökülen kanlarımız sonra helâl.
Hakkıdır Hakk'a tapan milletimin istiklâl.

Ben ezelden beridir hür yaşadım, hür yaşarım.
Hangi çılgın bana zincir vuracakmış? Şaşarım!
Kükremiş sel gibiyim, bendimi çiğner, aşarım.
Yırtarım dağları, enginlere sığmam, taşarım.

Garbın âfâkını sarmışsa çelik zırhlı duvar,
Benim iman dolu göğsüm gibi serhaddim var.
Ulusun, korkma! Nasıl böyle bir imanı boğar,
Medeniyet dediğin tek dişi kalmış canavar?

Arkadaş, yurduma alçakları uğratma sakın;
Siper et gövdeni, dursun bu hayâsızca akın.
Doğacaktır sana va'dettiği günler Hakk'ın;
Kim bilir, belki yarın, belki yarından da yakın.

Bastiğın yerleri toprak diyerek geçme, tanı:
Düşün altındaki binlerce kefensiz yatanı.
Sen şehit oğlusun, incitme, yazıktır, atanı:
Verme, dünyaları alsan da bu cennet vatanı.

Kim bu cennet vatanın uğruna olmaz ki feda?
Şüheda fışkıracak toprağı sıksan, şüheda!
Cânı, cânânı, bütün varımı alsın da Huda,
Etmesin tek vatanımdan beni dünyada cüda.

Ruhumun senden îlâhî, şudur ancak emeli:
Değmesin mabedimin göğsüne nâmahrem eli.
Bu ezanlar -ki şehadetleri dinin temeli-
Ebedî yurdumun üstünde benim inlemeli.

O zaman vecd ile bin secde eder -varsa- taşım,
Her cerîhamdan îlâhî, boşanıp kanlı yaşım,
Fışkırır ruh-ı mücerret gibi yerden na'sım;
O zaman yükselerek arşa değer belki başım.

Dalgalan sen de şafaklar gibi ey şanlı hilâl!
Olsun artık dökülen kanlarımın hepsi helâl.
Ebediyyen sana yok, ırkıma yok izmihlâl;
Hakkıdır hür yaşamış bayrağımın hürriyyet;
Hakkıdır Hakk'a tapan milletimin istiklâl!

Mehmet Âkif ERSOY

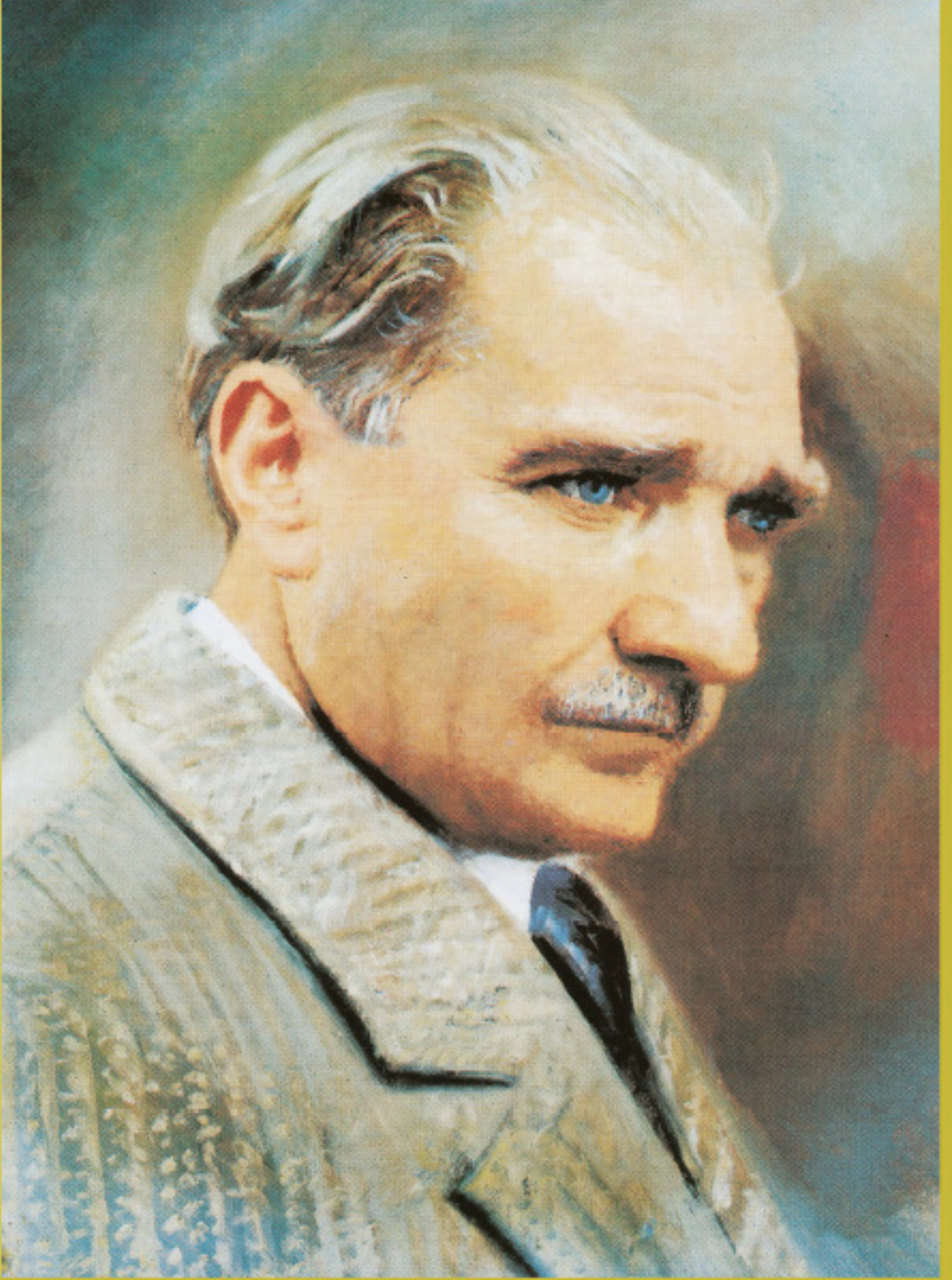
GENÇLİĞE HİTÂBE

Ey Türk gençliği! Birinci vazifen, Türk istiklâlini, Türk Cumhuriyetini, ilelebet muhafaza ve müdafaa etmektir.

Mevcudiyetinin ve istikbalinin yegâne temeli budur. Bu temel, senin en kıymetli hazinendir. İstikbalde dahi, seni bu hazineden mahrum etmek isteyecek dâhilî ve hâricî bedhahların olacaktır. Bir gün, istiklâl ve cumhuriyeti müdafaa mecburiyetine düşersen, vazifeye atılmak için, içinde bulunacağın vaziyetin imkân ve şeraitini düşünmeyeceksin! Bu imkân ve şerait, çok namûsait bir mahiyette tezahür edebilir. İstiklâl ve cumhuriyetine kastedecek düşmanlar, bütün dünyada emsali görülmemiş bir galibiyetin mümessili olabilirler. Cebren ve hile ile aziz vatanın bütün kaleleri zapt edilmiş, bütün tersanelerine girilmiş, bütün orduları dağıtılmış ve memleketin her köşesi bilfiil işgal edilmiş olabilir. Bütün bu şeraitten daha elîm ve daha vahim olmak üzere, memleketin dâhilinde iktidara sahip olanlar gaflet ve dalâlet ve hattâ hıyanet içinde bulunabilirler. Hattâ bu iktidar sahipleri şahsî menfaatlerini, müstevlîlerin siyasî emelleriyle tevhit edebilirler. Millet, fakr u zaruret içinde harap ve bîtap düşmüş olabilir.

Ey Türk istikbalinin evlâdı! İşte, bu ahval ve şerait içinde dahi vazifen, Türk istiklâl ve cumhuriyetini kurtarmaktır. Muhtaç olduğun kudret, damarlarındaki asil kanda mevcuttur.

Mustafa Kemal Atatürk



MUSTAFA KEMAL ATATÜRK

İÇİNDEKİLER

1. DENEME	9
2. DENEME	37
3. DENEME	65
4. DENEME	93
5. DENEME	121
6. DENEME	149
7. DENEME	177
8. DENEME	205
9. DENEME	233
10. DENEME	261
11. DENEME	289
12. DENEME	315
13. DENEME	341
14. DENEME	367
15. DENEME	393
CEVAP ANAHTARLARI	419



ORTAÖĞRETİM
GENEL MÜDÜRLÜĞÜ



YKS DENEMELERİ

YDT

İNGİLİZCE

1. DENEME



ADI VE SOYADI

OKUL ADI

ADAYIN İMZASI

ADAYIN DİKKATİNE!

1. Bu sınavda YDT soru dağılımları dikkate alınmıştır.
2. Deneme tam kapsam olup YDT konularının tamamını kapsamaktadır.
3. Bu sınav 80 soru içermektedir.

OGM
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1. Bu kitapçıkta **80 soru** bulunmaktadır.
2. Bu sınav için verilen cevaplama süresi **120 dakikadır (2 saat)**.
3. **Bu sınav puanlanırken doğru cevaplarınızın sayısından yanlış cevaplarınızın sayısının dörtte biri çıkarılacak ve kalan sayı bu test ile ilgili ham puanınız olacaktır.**
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1. - 15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. **Finding ---- in leisure activities can provide a sense of purpose and joy outside of work or other responsibilities.**
 - A) selection
 - B) expansion
 - C) fulfilment
 - D) reference
 - E) replacement
2. **Overfishing and habitat destruction lead to ---- consequences for marine biodiversity and ecosystems.**
 - A) beneficial
 - B) modest
 - C) sufficient
 - D) adverse
 - E) fragile
3. **Access to quality healthcare is a burning issue that should be ---- addressed through global cooperation and resource sharing.**
 - A) urgently
 - B) seemingly
 - C) vaguely
 - D) peculiarly
 - E) allegedly
4. **The emergence of agriculture ---- a shift from nomadic hunter-gatherer societies to settled communities.**
 - A) discarded
 - B) inherited
 - C) estimated
 - D) triggered
 - E) submitted
5. **Many societies ---- cultural traditions during important life events like weddings and funerals.**
 - A) turn into
 - B) adhere to
 - C) stave off
 - D) search out
 - E) feel for
6. **Musical theatre ---- audiences for decades, and it ---- to grow by combining classic and modern styles.**
 - A) had fascinated / has been continuing
 - B) fascinated / will continue
 - C) will be fascinating / has continued
 - D) is fascinating / continued
 - E) has fascinated / continues

7. It ---- customary to consume soba noodles on New Year's Day in Japan, ---- longevity and wealth for the coming year.

- A) is / symbolising
- B) has been / to symbolise
- C) had been / being symbolised
- D) was / having symbolised
- E) will be / to be symbolised

8. In addition to ---- calls and text messages, smartwatches enable individuals ---- their physical activity.

- A) being managed / to be monitored
- B) manage / monitoring
- C) managing / to monitor
- D) having managed / being monitored
- E) managed / monitor

9. Watching TV shows one after another ---- streaming platforms might cause changes ---- one's sleeping schedule.

- A) at / for
- B) from / with
- C) off / to
- D) on / in
- E) by / about

10. For effective waste management, citizens should be informed ---- sorting recyclables ---- the correct bins.

- A) with / on
- B) about / into
- C) by / for
- D) as / of
- E) from / at

11. Staying hydrated is essential for overall health; ----, the quality of the water consumed also matters significantly.

- A) otherwise
- B) for instance
- C) therefore
- D) instead
- E) moreover

12. ---- an excavation area reveals key historical artefacts, it may not be necessary to continue digging there.

- A) Unless
- B) As long as
- C) Since
- D) By the time
- E) Although

13. ---- who visits Türkiye admires İstanbul, but ---- take the time to explore the lesser-known Anatolian villages.

- A) Anyone / all
- B) Everyone / few
- C) No one / several
- D) Someone / none
- E) Everybody / many

14. The Renaissance period was marked ---- by advancements in art ---- by a renewed interest in classical antiquity.

- A) not only / but also
- B) either / or
- C) neither / nor
- D) whether / or
- E) as / as

15. ---- technological improvements in communication, social isolation is an increasing concern in modern societies.

- A) Apart from
- B) In advance of
- C) In spite of
- D) Except for
- E) On behalf of

16. - 20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşün sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

The digital age we live in today requires strict cybersecurity measures. (16)---- the rapid advancement of technology, cyberthreats have risen sharply. Strong passwords and encryption protect personal data against hackers. Besides these, being alert to phishing attacks is (17)----. Many people continue to fall for cyber scams, which can result in identity theft and financial loss (18)---- increased awareness. (19)----, investing in cutting-edge security systems remains a priority for both individuals and organisations. Working with cybersecurity specialists and staying updated also reduce risks. In short, understanding the importance of cybersecurity helps prevent data breaches and protect private information, (20)---- a safer cyberspace for everyone.

16. A) For
B) With
C) In
D) By
E) Upon

17. A) crucial
B) incredible
C) confusing
D) marvellous
E) flexible

18. A) because of
B) rather than
C) as well as
D) despite
E) in case of

19. A) In contrast
B) For instance
C) Otherwise
D) Similarly
E) Therefore

20. A) being ensured
B) ensured
C) having been ensured
D) ensuring
E) having ensured

21. - 28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. Though amusement parks and cinemas entertain differently, ----.

- A) they all feature unique themes and designs
- B) they cater to diverse age groups and interests
- C) most are located in bustling urban areas
- D) they require significant investment and planning
- E) both offer attractions and shows for their visitors

22. Without the implementation of active wildlife conservation efforts, ----.

- A) many ecosystems should be under protection to ensure their preservation
- B) the threat of habitat loss and species extinction will continue to rise
- C) animals living near contaminated areas are facing extinction
- D) environmentalists have decided to launch a campaign on their behalf
- E) it becomes the most important topic to be discussed within society

23. If people follow recommended vaccination schedules, ----.

- A) the risk of contracting diseases like influenza and measles increases
- B) they become more likely to experience severe complications
- C) they can greatly lower their chances of getting infectious diseases
- D) there will be a decrease in obesity-related health issues
- E) not many benefit from enhanced herd immunity

24. Because of the popularity of the Egyptian pyramids, ----.

- A) research shows that there are still many mysteries about their construction
- B) Mexico and Sudan also have amazing pyramids that few people know about
- C) they offer stunning views of the surrounding desert landscape
- D) they were used as burial sites for important figures in society
- E) many tourists visit Egypt each year to marvel at these ancient wonders

25. Tourists often seek out authentic cultural experiences, ----.

- A) nor do they avoid popular holiday spots
- B) so they look for opportunities to interact with locals
- C) and many tourist attractions are staged for commercial purposes
- D) for they often rely on online reviews
- E) yet some cultures are more welcoming to outsiders than others

26. *The Immersive Van Gogh Exhibit* fascinates visitors, ----.

- A) as it utilises vivid recreations of the artist's work via advanced technology
- B) for there are no available tickets until the upcoming year
- C) even if the last group left a pleasant comment about the exhibition
- D) and people who admire his works do not find the show surprising
- E) even though the artist suffered from some health problems throughout his life

27. Friendship can enhance personal well-being and happiness, ----.

- A) for investing in these relationships can have positive effects on personal confidence
- B) so their health benefits can vary depending on the quality of the friendship
- C) even if a limited social circle may significantly impact mental health
- D) while loneliness can lead to negative outcomes such as depression and anxiety
- E) whereas most people make new friends on social media platforms nowadays

28. The bionic eye does not provide perfect vision, ----.

- A) as it is considered an outdated technology
- B) but it enables some people to see objects and even detect colours
- C) provided that it eliminates the need for glasses or contact lenses
- D) yet it has no significant benefits for the visually impaired
- E) so it allows users to read texts with ease

29. - 31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The Olympic Games, which were first held in ancient Greece in 776 BCE, were originally a simple organisation centred around basic athletic competitions. The ancient games featured only a small number of contests, like wrestling and foot races. In the past, only male athletes could compete in the Olympics, with victors receiving olive wreaths as their prize. In contrast, the modern games emphasise equality, with female athletes participating alongside males. The Olympics have evolved into an international sporting festival that consists of a multitude of disciplines and hundreds of games, including summer and winter sports. Spectators from all over the world watch thousands of athletes face their rivals to get medals for their countries. This evolution from a local celebration to a grand, global sporting event highlights the significant advancements in both the scale and the standard of the Olympics over time.

29. According to the passage, the first Olympic Games

----.

- A) were designed to encourage cultural exchange among nations
- B) gave many females a chance to demonstrate their talents
- C) had some differences compared to the modern event
- D) included many games, such as summer and winter competitions
- E) emphasised the importance of prizes as well as friendship

30. According to the passage, which of the following is true about the modern Olympics?

- A) The modern games were revived long after the first games.
- B) They are a way of honouring the tradition of the original games.
- C) All athletes compete to win the prize, which is an olive wreath.
- D) There are fewer games played today than there were in the past.
- E) Athletes from different countries come together to compete.

31. The passage is mainly about ----.

- A) the initial reason why the Olympics were held
- B) the challenges that many athletes face during the Olympics
- C) the athletes' enthusiasm for their shared passion during the Olympics
- D) the development of the Olympic Games since ancient times
- E) the significance of the first Olympics in establishing standards

32. - 34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Eye strain, or *asthenopia*, has become increasingly prevalent in the digital age due to extended screen use. It is characterised by symptoms such as dryness, blurred vision, and headaches, which arise from prolonged exposure to screens and poor lighting conditions. To address the issue, several evidence-based strategies are recommended. One effective approach is the 20-20-20 rule, which suggests taking a 20-second break every 20 minutes to focus on an object 20 feet away. Optimising screen settings such as brightness and contrast or using anti-glare screens can also help reduce visual discomfort. Moreover, maintaining a diet rich in eye-healthy nutrients, including vitamins A and C, omega-3 fatty acids, and antioxidants, supports overall eye health. By incorporating these strategies into their daily routines, individuals can significantly reduce the risk of eye strain and maintain visual comfort in today's digital world.

32. It can be understood from the passage that eye strain ----.

- A) can be prevented by eating foods rich in minerals and antioxidants
- B) has signs such as dryness, blurred vision, and headaches
- C) was more common in the past due to excessive screen use
- D) can be alleviated only by taking certain medications
- E) is a serious eye problem which affects mostly old people

33. According to the passage, to address eye strain, individuals should ----.

- A) wear sunglasses with UV protection and shield their eyes from radiation
- B) have regular eye examinations and utilise preventive medicine
- C) optimise the brightness and contrast of screens before reading e-books
- D) reduce the risk by limiting the screen time to 20 minutes a day
- E) integrate some practices and measures into their daily routines

34. What is the passage mainly about?

- A) The increasing prevalence and causes of eye strain in the digital age
- B) Symptoms associated with prolonged screen use and poor lighting
- C) Evidence-based strategies to reduce eye strain and maintain eye health
- D) The importance of a nutrient-rich diet in supporting overall eye health
- E) The long-term effects of eye strain on overall physical health

35. - 37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Ecotourism is a sustainable form of travel that promotes the conservation of natural environments and the well-being of local communities. It emphasises responsible travel to natural areas, aiming to minimise environmental impact while raising awareness and respect for local cultures and ecosystems. Ecotourists typically engage in activities such as hiking, birdwatching, and visiting wildlife reserves, which not only provide economic benefits to host regions but also encourage the preservation of natural resources. By opting for ecotourism, travellers support global conservation efforts, helping to protect endangered species and their habitats. However, if not done correctly, ecotourism can lead to environmental degradation, disrupt local communities, and put additional stress on vulnerable ecosystems. Thus, careful planning and following sustainable practices are essential to ensuring that ecotourism accomplishes its objectives without causing harm.

35. It is pointed out in the passage that ecotourists ----.

- A) support conservation and sustainable travel practices
- B) often contribute to environmental degradation through their actions
- C) mostly prefer destinations that offer birdwatching and hiking
- D) focus on the economic benefits of ecotourism to local cultures
- E) do not believe that their activities may have negative impacts on the ecosystem

36. According to the passage, which of the following is true about ecotourism?

- A) Its primary goal is to maximise tourist numbers for local economies.
- B) It requires careful planning and sustainable practices to be effective.
- C) It is mainly about adventure and extreme sports.
- D) It disregards local cultures and focuses solely on nature.
- E) It has become more efficient over time in protecting endangered species.

37. What is the primary purpose of the author?

- A) To highlight the economic benefits of ecotourism
- B) To describe various outdoor activities that ecotourists engage in
- C) To recommend readers try eco-friendly accommodations, tours, and activities
- D) To inform readers about ecotourism's benefits and potential drawbacks
- E) To discuss the history of conservation efforts in tourism

38. - 40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Emerging around 3300 BCE, the Indus Valley Civilisation flourished in what is now Pakistan and north-western India and is an example of human ingenuity. Cities like Harappa had intricate drainage systems, standardised brick sizes, and large-scale granaries, buildings where grain was stored. The Indus people were skilled artisans, producing stunning pottery, jewellery, and tools. They engaged in extensive trade with neighbouring regions, exchanging goods like cotton, metals, and precious stones. Although their writing system has not yet been fully deciphered, their advanced agricultural practices, trade networks, and social organisation suggest a highly developed society. The mysterious decline of this civilisation around 1900 BCE adds an intriguing layer to its legacy. Scholars continue to study this ancient society to uncover its fall and learn more about it.

38. According to the passage, the Indus Valley Civilisation is known for its ----.

- A) advanced urban planning and sophisticated sewage systems
- B) reliance on oral traditions rather than written records
- C) lack of interaction with neighbouring regions
- D) construction of large temples and monumental structures
- E) limited trade activities and simple agricultural practices

39. It can be inferred from the passage that the decline of the Indus Valley Civilisation ----.

- A) was caused by a sudden invasion from neighbouring civilisations
- B) led to a complete abandonment of the region without further trade
- C) remains a subject of ongoing scholarly research and debate
- D) resulted from a failure in their agricultural practices and trade networks
- E) is due to the weakness of their written language and artistic skills

40. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?

- A) The Decline and Fall of the Indus Valley Civilisation
- B) The Indus Valley Civilisation: A Flourishing Society
- C) Harappa: The Heart of the Indus Valley
- D) Indus Valley Artisans: Masters of Their Craft
- E) The Unsolved Riddle of the Indus Script

41. - 43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The Sahara Desert is a vast expanse of golden sands that attracts adventurers from around the world. This immense desert is a realm of endless dunes, rugged mountains, and ancient oases. Exploring it can be an incredible experience while navigating the shifting sands on a camel or gazing at the starry nights far from city lights. From the haunting silence of the desert to the vibrant colours of a Saharan sunset, every moment spent is sure to leave a profound impression on those who dare to venture into its depths. The Sahara also holds secrets waiting to be uncovered, with hidden archaeological sites and lost cities. The harsh and unforgiving environment of the desert only adds to the **allure** of this vast and enchanting landscape. Whether seeking adventure, history, or simply a unique and unforgettable experience, the Sahara offers something for every traveller brave enough to discover its wonders.

41. According to the passage, what makes the Sahara Desert an attractive destination for travellers?

- A) The presence of modern conveniences and technology
- B) The opportunity to explore ancient oases and hidden sites
- C) The abundance of city lights and entertainment venues
- D) The availability of guided tours and luxury accommodations
- E) The comfortable climate and easily navigable terrain

42. The underlined word 'allure' is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) deficit
- B) intake
- C) threat
- D) charm
- E) priority

43. The author's primary purpose is to ----.

- A) criticise the environmental impact of tourism in the Sahara
- B) inform readers about the challenges of desert survival
- C) emphasise the physical characteristics of the desert
- D) highlight the adventure and appeal of exploring the Sahara
- E) provide statistical data about desert climates

44. - 48. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

44. Clara:

– What do you think about the recent film based on the famous book?

Daniel:

– ----

Clara:

– I think it did. They kept the main themes and stuck to the storyline.

Daniel:

– Still, I prefer to leave some parts to the imagination.

- A) There were so many changes that it felt like a different story. Don't you think so?
- B) Well, the book is way better than the film.
- C) The book was fantastic, but I'm not sure if the film did it justice.
- D) I prefer the film to the book anyway.
- E) The original ending was perfect. Why did they change it?

45. Mark:

– Do you know what the concept of emotional intelligence is?

William:

– Sure, it is understanding your own emotions while empathising with others. Do you think it is vital in the workplace?

Mark:

– ----

William:

– I agree. That can improve communication and collaboration among colleagues.

- A) Definitely. The workplace requires a serious environment, not an emotionally charged one.
- B) Perhaps. However, there are more essential things than emotions.
- C) Not at all. Emotions play a major role in maintaining personal relationships.
- D) It depends. Sometimes, it is harder to get what one is feeling.
- E) Absolutely. It helps build stronger connections and resolve conflicts quickly.

46. Alyssa:

– I've been going to the gym for a month, and I want to buy a fitness tracker.

Gina:

– Good idea. It'll help you monitor and record your heart rate, daily burned calories, and step counts.

Alyssa:

– Well, I'm not sure which brand or model to choose. Do you have any suggestions?

Gina:

– ----

- A) A few of my friends have bought fitness trackers, too. Let's ask them.
- B) You should keep track of your workouts in a notebook, instead.
- C) Don't you think you're being a bit hasty?
- D) The gym near my house is really nice and well-equipped.
- E) Do you think it would help keep you going?

47. Henry:

– I've always wanted to try cooking as a hobby. Do you have any tips?

Emma:

– Start with simple recipes and gradually move to more complex ones.

Henry:

– ----

Emma:

– Definitely! Watching culinary content can give you great ideas and techniques.

- A) Should I invest in any specific kitchen equipment?
- B) What kind of recipes should I begin with?
- C) Do you think online tutorials would be helpful?
- D) Is it better to follow a recipe book or experiment on my own?
- E) How can I improve my knife skills?

48. Liam:

– People say that they saw bioluminescent waves at the beach last night. What's that?

Mia:

– They're waves glowing in the dark because of tiny organisms called *phytoplankton*.

Liam:

– ----

Mia:

– It's very rare and happens in nutrient-rich waters only under certain conditions. We should definitely try to catch it next time!

- A) That is unbelievable! How do these organisms make the waves glow?
- B) It is something that is influenced by the moon's phase and temperature. Right?
- C) Did you know some beaches in the Maldives have it almost year-round?
- D) That sounds incredible! I wish I'd seen it. How often does that happen?
- E) I think I saw it a few years ago in the forest near the town. It was magical.

49. - 53. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

49. Anxiety not only lowers one's productivity but also affects the ability to enjoy daily activities.

- A) In addition to decreasing productivity, anxiety also makes it harder to enjoy everyday activities.
- B) Both productivity and the enjoyment of daily exercises are affected by anxiety-related problems.
- C) Many factors can affect productivity and the enjoyment of everyday tasks, including anxiety.
- D) Anxiety or stress negatively influences individuals, preventing them from enjoying daily activities.
- E) Having anxiety has a negative impact only on people's productivity, not on any other daily tasks.

50. While other ancient people made pottery by hand, the Sumerians developed the potter's wheel to mass-produce it.

- A) The Sumerians were the only ancient civilisation to avoid using the potter's wheel for pottery production.
- B) Other ancient cultures mass-produced pottery with the potter's wheel, while the Sumerians made it by hand.
- C) The invention of the potter's wheel by the Sumerians led other ancient societies to stop making pottery by hand.
- D) The Sumerians used the potter's wheel for mass production of pottery, unlike other ancient civilisations who made it by hand.
- E) The mass production of pottery became possible only after the Sumerians began using the potter's wheel.

51. The Great Wall of China was primarily built for defence purposes but has become a major tourist attraction.

- A) As it was built mainly for defence, the Great Wall of China has turned into a famous structure today.
- B) Although the Great Wall of China was mainly built for defence, it is now a significant tourist spot.
- C) Originally a defensive structure, the Great Wall of China attracts many tourists from around the world today.
- D) The Great Wall of China attracts many tourists today thanks to the fact that it was originally constructed for defence.
- E) Despite its original purpose of defence, the Great Wall of China now draws in visitors from all over the globe.

52. *Things Fall Apart* portrays the impact of colonisation on the Igbo society of Nigeria through the tragic story of Okonkwo.

- A) *Things Fall Apart* deliberately uses Okonkwo's story to discuss the tragic role of colonisation in the Igbo society of Nigeria.
- B) Okonkwo's tragic story is used in the book *Things Fall Apart* to prove the effects of Nigerian colonisation on the Igbo community.
- C) By telling the sad tale of Okonkwo, *Things Fall Apart* displays the negative consequences of Igbo colonisation on Nigerian society.
- D) With the tragic narration of Okonkwo, *Things Fall Apart* reflects the results of colonisation for the Nigerian Igbo community.
- E) With the tragic story of Okonkwo, the book *Things Fall Apart* depicts the effects of colonisation on Nigeria's Igbo community.

53. Society is essential to shaping individual identities since people interact with others and adjust their self-concept accordingly.

- A) Society plays a critical role in interactions among people, as it shapes individuals' identities by modifying their self-concept.
- B) Because people interact with others and modify their self-concept in response, society plays a key role in forming individual identities.
- C) Individuals' self-esteem is shaped by their relationships with others; thus, society's role in influencing personal identity is critical.
- D) Aside from interactions with others, society continually reshapes people's self-concept and plays a major role in identity formation.
- E) Regular interactions with other individuals influence how people perceive themselves, proving society's role in shaping identities.

54. - 58. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

54. You and your friend decide to go for a morning run, but you fall asleep because your alarm does not go off. When you wake up, you see several missed calls and texts from her. You call her and apologise: ----

- A) I'm sorry, but I'm very busy today. Maybe next time.
- B) Can we move our appointment to tomorrow instead?
- C) Hey, I'm so sorry for oversleeping and missing our run this morning.
- D) Excuse me, but I forgot to set my alarm.
- E) I can't wait to get our day started with a refreshing run together!

55. You want to buy a robot vacuum cleaner for your grandmother, who lives alone, but you are concerned about her ability to set it up and use it properly. So, you ask the salesperson for advice: ----

- A) Can you show me the latest robot vacuum cleaner model?
- B) Can you recommend a robot vacuum cleaner with simple controls and interface?
- C) What kind of warranty do robot vacuum cleaners come with?
- D) How well do these robot vacuums navigate around furniture and obstacles?
- E) What kind of discounts do you provide for senior citizens?

56. Your friend implemented a new recycling system at her office. However, the bins are rarely used, and her colleagues are indifferent to the initiative. She looks very upset. To comfort her, you say: ----

- A) Maybe you should just give up. It doesn't seem to be working.
- B) If there is a problem with your system, you should start over.
- C) Stop focusing on this little project. It seems like a lost cause.
- D) Don't worry; it takes time for habits to change. They'll come around.
- E) Just remove the bins and start doing something else.

57. You are taking your 6-year-old nephew to a doctor's appointment for a routine check-up. While waiting in the examination room, you notice he seems anxious about the visit. You want to reassure and encourage him. So you say: ----

- A) The doctor will check everything quickly, and it won't hurt. You've been brave so far!
- B) You might need to stay at the doctor's office for a little while, but not all day. Just be patient.
- C) If you feel anxious, tell the doctors. They may know how to make you feel comfortable.
- D) Try to smile while you're at the doctor's office. I don't think doctors like sulky faces.
- E) The results of your check-up will be shared with us soon after the visit.

58. You are visiting a museum with a friend who has a keen interest in ancient Egypt. As you stroll through the exhibits, you spot a unique artefact that catches your interest, and you want to know more about it, so you ask your friend: ----

- A) Do you know why this artefact is so special in Egyptian history?
- B) Is it common for museums to have artefacts from Egypt?
- C) How do you think the ancient Egyptians built the pyramids?
- D) Did the Egyptians use this artefact in their daily lives?
- E) Are there any artefacts from other ancient civilisations in this museum?

59. - 63. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

59. ---- The area maintains much of its original design from the 12th century. Some notable landmarks include the Royal Mile, a historic street lined with old buildings, and Edinburgh Castle, located on Castle Rock. These ancient structures contribute to the city's mystical and magical spirit.

- A) Mediaeval architecture is characterised by grand cathedrals, which reflect the era's emphasis on religious practices.
- B) The Old Town in Edinburgh is a notable example of mediaeval architecture, with its narrow streets and historic buildings.
- C) Architecture combines the building's design and functionality to reflect culture and history.
- D) Edinburgh is renowned for its blend of historic and modern architecture.
- E) The Scottish Highlands are preferred by many nature enthusiasts for their breathtaking views.

60. Audiobooks have benefits that enhance the reading experience. Users can listen as they cook, exercise, or commute. Narrators add depth to the experience. ---- Also, audiobooks can be paused and replayed, allowing people to adjust the experience to their pace and tastes.

- A) Some people appreciate the smell of freshly printed books more, finding it a deeply satisfying sensory experience.
- B) Reading out loud is a kind of therapy for many individuals struggling with social anxiety disorder.
- C) Stories come to life through the expressive reading and diverse character voices provided by them.
- D) Audiobooks may reduce active reading engagement since listeners do not interact with the text visually.
- E) The length of an audiobook is directly determined by the total word count of the original manuscript.

61. As people get older, it becomes more likely that they will require assistance with daily tasks such as cooking, cleaning, getting dressed, and self-care. This type of support is referred to as long-term care (LTC). ---- It is imperative that governments and healthcare systems plan and prepare for this growing need.

- A) They can receive LTC at home, in the community, in an assisted living facility, or in a nursing home.
- B) Its main goal is to maintain optimal levels of personal functioning and well-being.
- C) Due to variations in location, level of care, and desired comfort, LTC comes at high costs.
- D) With rapid population ageing, the demand for LTC services is expected to rise sharply in the coming years.
- E) People often need LTC services after an illness or injury like a stroke or a broken hip.

62. Botany is the study of plants, which explores their structure, function, and interactions with the environment. Unlike zoology, which focuses on animals, botany delves exclusively into the plant kingdom. ---- Such a comprehensive approach allows botanists to investigate various aspects of plant life, from the microscopic cellular level to the grand scale of ecosystems.

- A) It is therefore fundamental to understanding the natural world and its complex systems.
- B) They investigate the intricate relationships between plants and animals.
- C) For instance, botanists study photosynthesis, the process by which plants convert sunlight into energy.
- D) In essence, botany plays a key role in fields such as agriculture and horticulture.
- E) This includes examining plant genetics, physiology, and ecology.

63. Forest bathing, or *shinrin-yoku*, is a Japanese practice that involves immersing oneself in a forest environment. By engaging all five senses, participants connect deeply with nature, experiencing its sights, sounds, smells, and textures. ---- All in all, it offers a simple yet profound way to connect with nature and enhance overall health.

- A) Exposure to the natural chemicals released by trees is part of the experience.
- B) The Japanese word *shinrin-yoku* means taking in the forest atmosphere.
- C) It provides an excellent opportunity for birdwatching and observing wildlife.
- D) This mindful activity helps reduce stress, lower blood pressure, and improve mood.
- E) Many people think that spending time in the forest sparks creativity and new ideas.

64. - 69. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

64. **Effective water management ensures a sustainable supply for both humans and ecosystems.**

- A) Etkili su yönetimi, insanlara ve ekosistemlere sürdürülebilir bir su kaynağı sağlar.
- B) Hem insanlar hem de ekosistemler, etkili su yöntemi ile sürdürülebilir bir su kaynağına ulaşabilirler.
- C) Etkili su yönetimi, hem insanlar hem de ekosistemler için sürdürülebilir bir su kaynağı sağlar.
- D) Sürdürülebilir bir su kaynağı temini için insanlar, su yönetimini verimli bir şekilde yapmalıdır.
- E) Etkili su yönetiminde hem insanlar hem de ekosistemler için sürdürülebilir bir su kaynağı olmalıdır.

65. **Striking a balance between work, personal life, and leisure activities is vital for long-term health and happiness.**

- A) Uzun vadeli sağlık ve mutluluk için iş, kişisel yaşam ve boş zaman aktiviteleri arasında bir denge kurmak önemlidir.
- B) İş, kişisel yaşam ve boş zaman aktiviteleri arasında bir denge kurmak, hem sağlık hem de mutluluk için hayati önem taşır.
- C) İş, kişisel yaşam ve boş zaman aktiviteleri arasındaki denge, uzun vadede sağlıklı ve mutlu olmak için hayati öneme sahiptir.
- D) Boş zaman aktiviteleri, uzun vadede sağlıklı ve mutlu olmak için iş ve kişisel yaşamdan daha fazla öneme sahiptir.
- E) İş, kişisel yaşam ve boş zaman aktiviteleri arasında bir denge kurmak, uzun vadeli sağlık ve mutluluk için hayati öneme sahiptir.

66. The concept of time and its measurement have changed significantly across different civilisations and eras.

- A) Zaman kavramı ve ölçümü, farklı medeniyetler ve dönemler boyunca önemli ölçüde değişmiştir.
- B) Birçok medeniyet, çeşitli dönemler boyunca zaman kavramını kullanmada ve ölçmede farklı aletler kullanmıştır.
- C) Zaman kavramının ölçümü, farklı medeniyetlerde ve dönemlerde önemli ölçüde değişiklik göstermiştir.
- D) Farklı medeniyetler ve dönemler boyunca, en çok değişiklik gösteren şey zaman kavramı ve onun ölçümü olmuştur.
- E) Zaman kavramı ve ölçümü, birçok medeniyetin katkısıyla farklı dönemler boyunca önemli ölçüde değişmiştir.

67. Food security ensures that all people have access to enough safe and nutritious food to maintain a healthy and active life.

- A) Gıda güvencesi, tüm bireylerin hem sağlıklı hem de aktif bir yaşam sürdürebilmeleri için yeterli miktarda besleyici gıdaya ulaşabilmelerini sağlar.
- B) Gıda güvencesi, her yerde herkesin aktif ve sağlıklı bir yaşam sürdürebilmesi için yeterince sağlıklı gıdaya sahip olmasını garanti eder.
- C) Tüm insanların hem aktif yaşamaları hem de besleyici gıdaya her zaman ulaşabilmeleri için gıda güvencesi sağlanmalıdır.
- D) Bireylerin yeterince güvenli ve besleyici gıdaya erişebilmelerinin yanı sıra aktif bir yaşam sürdürebilmeleri gıda güvencesi ile sağlanır.
- E) Gıda güvencesi, tüm insanların sağlıklı ve aktif bir yaşam sürdürebilmeleri için yeterince güvenli ve besleyici gıdaya erişebilmelerini sağlar.

68. Not only does reading aloud to children stimulate their imagination, but it also develops their vocabulary and language skills.

- A) Çocukların hem hayal güçlerini harekete geçirmeleri hem de kelime dağarcıkları ile dil becerilerini geliştirmeleri için onlara kitap okumak çok faydalıdır.
- B) Çocuklara sesli kitap okumak, onların sadece hayal güçlerini harekete geçirmekle kalmaz; aynı zamanda kelime dağarcıklarını ve dil becerilerini de geliştirir.
- C) Çocuklarda hayal gücünü harekete geçiren ve kelime dağarcıkları ile dil becerilerini de geliştiren en önemli şey, sesli kitap okuma alışkanlığıdır.
- D) Sesli kitaplar, bir yandan çocukların hayal güçlerini harekete geçirirken diğer yandan kelime dağarcıklarını ve dil becerilerini de geliştirir.
- E) Çocuklar, kendilerine okunan hikâyeler sayesinde hayal güçlerini geliştirmekle kalmaz; aynı zamanda kelime dağarcıklarını ve dil becerilerini de geliştirir.

69. The İstanbul Archaeological Museums house nearly one million artefacts from a variety of cultures that were brought from the imperial lands.

- A) İstanbul Arkeoloji Müzeleri, tarih boyunca bölgede yaşamış çeşitli imparatorluklara ait eserlerden oluşan geniş bir koleksiyona ev sahipliği yapmaktadır.
- B) İstanbul Arkeoloji Müzeleri'nde imparatorluk topraklarından taşınmış çeşitli uygarlıklara ait bir milyona yakın eser bulunmaktadır.
- C) İstanbul Arkeoloji Müzeleri, imparatorluk topraklarından getirilen çeşitli kültürlerle ait yaklaşık bir milyon esere ev sahipliği yapmaktadır.
- D) Yaklaşık bir milyon esere ev sahipliği yapan İstanbul Arkeoloji Müzeleri, bu objelerin çoğunu imparatorluk topraklarındaki farklı kültürlerden derlemiştir.
- E) İmparatorluk topraklarından getirilen birçok uygarlığa ait yaklaşık bir milyon obje, İstanbul Arkeoloji Müzeleri'nde muhafaza edilmektedir.

70. - 75. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

70. **Biyoteknoloji; insan sağlığını, tarımı ve çevresel sürdürülebilirliği iyileştiren teknolojiler geliştirir.**

- A) Improved human health, advanced agriculture, and increased environmental sustainability are the results of the technology developed by biotechnology.
- B) Biotechnology is one of the factors improving human health, agriculture, and environmental sustainability.
- C) It is biotechnology that improves and enhances human health, agriculture, and environmental sustainability.
- D) Biotechnology develops technologies that improve human health, agriculture, and environmental sustainability.
- E) Improved biotechnology techniques have resulted in the recent development of human health, agriculture, and environmental sustainability.

71. **Erken yaşta jimnastiğe başlayan çocuklar, genellikle artan fiziksel gelişim ve güçlü bir disiplin duygusu yaşarlar.**

- A) Children who begin gymnastics at an early age often experience enhanced physical development and a strong sense of discipline.
- B) Gymnastics, which develops both physical development and a strong sense of discipline, requires starting at an early age.
- C) Improved physical development and a strong sense of discipline are the results of starting gymnastics at a young age.
- D) Children who start gymnastics earlier often benefit from improved motor development as well as a strong sense of discipline.
- E) Experienced with advanced motor development and a strong sense of discipline, children start gymnastics at an early age.

72. Mevsim dışı avlanma, balık popülasyonları ve deniz ekosistemleri için risk oluşturan aşırı hasada yol açabilir.

- A) Fishing out of season can lead to overharvesting which poses a risk to fish populations and marine ecosystems.
- B) When fished out of season, fish populations and marine ecosystems can be at risk from overharvesting.
- C) Out-of-season fishing causes a decrease in fish population, disrupting the balance of marine ecosystems.
- D) People who fish out of season have a big impact on fish populations and marine ecosystems, leading to ecosystem loss.
- E) Fish populations and marine ecosystems would be much safer if people followed the regulations on fishing out of season.

73. Sağlıklı beslenme alışkanlıkları, düzenli egzersiz ile birleştirildiğinde, kalp sağlığını önemli ölçüde iyileştirebilir.

- A) Healthy eating habits are the most effective way to improve heart health, aside from regular exercise.
- B) Healthy eating habits, when combined with regular exercise, can significantly improve heart health.
- C) The improvement of heart health can be enhanced when people combine healthy eating habits and regular exercise.
- D) To make heart health improvement more efficient, one should try both regular exercise and healthy eating habits.
- E) The plan to improve heart health can work only if one combines healthy eating habits with regular exercise.

74. Bilim insanlarının Mısır hiyeroglifleri ve karmaşık dil sistemini çözmelerini sağlayan şey, 1799'da Rosetta Taşı'nın keşfiydi.

- A) What made scientists decipher hieroglyphs on the Rosetta Stone in 1799 also allowed them to solve the complex Egyptian linguistic system.
- B) With the discovery of the Rosetta Stone in 1799, scholars were able to understand hieroglyphs and ancient Egyptian language.
- C) The discovery of the Rosetta Stone in 1799 allowed scholars to realise the complexity of the linguistic system in Egyptian hieroglyphs.
- D) It was the discovery of the Rosetta Stone in 1799 that let scholars decipher Egyptian hieroglyphs and complex linguistic systems.
- E) Scientists would not have deciphered the Egyptian hieroglyphs if it had not been for the discovery of the Rosetta Stone in 1799.

75. Petra, Ürdün'de muhteşem mimarisiyle bilinen antik bir şehirdir ve UNESCO dünya mirasıdır.

- A) Petra is an ancient city in Jordan known for its stunning architecture and is a UNESCO World Heritage Site.
- B) Known for its magnificent architecture, Petra is an ancient city in Jordan recognised as a UNESCO World Heritage Site.
- C) As a UNESCO World Heritage Site, Petra is an ancient city in Jordan famous for its remarkable architecture.
- D) Petra, famous for its incredible architecture, is an ancient city in Jordan that holds UNESCO World Heritage status.
- E) The ancient city of Petra, located in Jordan, is a UNESCO World Heritage Site renowned for its architecture.

76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) The first film, *Roundhay Garden Scene*, was created in 1888 by a French inventor named Louise Le Prince. (II) This short film was only a few seconds long and showed four people walking in a garden. (III) It was regarded as the birth of commercial films upon its release in the late 19th century. (IV) Although it was a brief scene, the film marked the beginning of motion pictures. (V) This innovation established the groundwork for the film industry that followed.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) Social media has become an integral part of modern life. (II) While it provides opportunities for social interaction, it can also lead to feelings of isolation and inadequacy. (III) The constant comparison to carefully curated online personas can contribute to low self-esteem. (IV) Plus, the misinformation and hate speech on these platforms are a growing concern. (V) This shows that measuring ourselves against others online can do more harm than good.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) Compared to in-person education, online learning is generally less expensive. (II) Individuals can easily access a wide range of courses from home with the rise of online learning platforms. (III) Whether it is learning a new language, mastering an instrument, or diving into coding, the options are limitless. (IV) These courses include interactive elements like video tutorials and live sessions, making learning engaging. (V) They offer the flexibility to learn at one's own pace, accommodating different schedules and styles.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) The need for leisure time is as old as human civilisation itself. (II) According to historical evidence, one of the oldest leisure activities is hunting, as it was practised not just for survival but also as a social event. (III) Similarly, based on the board game *Senet*, dating back to around 3100 BCE, we can claim that ancient civilisations enjoyed playing games. (IV) However, leisure activities were much more relaxing than they are today. (V) Dancing was also another cherished activity, proving the fundamental place of relaxation and creativity in human life.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) Octopuses are among the most fascinating creatures in the ocean, with their remarkable intelligence and problem-solving skills. (II) Most octopuses have a relatively short lifespan, ranging from one to three years. (III) They can navigate mazes, open jars to access food, and even use tools. (IV) Additionally, they can change colour and texture to blend into their surroundings. (V) With their three hearts and blue blood, octopuses continue to captivate scientists and nature enthusiasts alike.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



ORTAÖĞRETİM
GENEL MÜDÜRLÜĞÜ



YKS DENEMELERİ

YDT

İNGİLİZCE

2. DENEME



ADI VE SOYADI

OKUL ADI

ADAYIN İMZASI

ADAYIN DİKKATİNE!

1. Bu sınavda YDT soru dağılımları dikkate alınmıştır.
2. Deneme tam kapsam olup YDT konularının tamamını kapsamaktadır.
3. Bu sınav 80 soru içermektedir.

OGM
MATERYAL

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AÇIKLAMA

1. Bu kitapçıkta **80 soru** bulunmaktadır.
2. Bu sınav için verilen cevaplama süresi **120 dakikadır (2 saat)**.
3. **Bu sınav puanlanırken doğru cevaplarınızın sayısından yanlış cevaplarınızın sayısının dörtte biri çıkarılacak ve kalan sayı bu test ile ilgili ham puanınız olacaktır.**
4. Kitapçığın sayfalarındaki boş yerleri müsvedde için kullanabilirsiniz.
5. Cevaplamaya istediğiniz sorudan başlayabilirsiniz. Bir soru ile ilgili cevabınızı, cevap kâğıdında o soru için ayrılmış olan yere işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.
6. Bu kitapçıkta yer alan her sorunun sadece bir doğru cevabı vardır. Cevap kâğıdında bir soru için birden çok cevap yeri işaretlenmişse o soru yanlış cevaplanmış sayılacaktır. İşaretlediğiniz bir cevabı değiştirmek istediğinizde silme işlemini çok iyi yapmanız gerektiğini unutmayınız.

1. - 15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. ---- to medication is a significant challenge in the treatment of infectious diseases.

- A) Influence
- B) Prediction
- C) Resistance
- D) Priority
- E) Identification

2. The fall of the Mayans was partly due to their ---- agricultural practices, which led to severe food shortages.

- A) abrupt
- B) inadequate
- C) implicit
- D) reasonable
- E) profitable

3. Some museums offer virtual reality that ---- recreates past events to make visitors feel as if they were a part of history.

- A) arguably
- B) eventually
- C) slightly
- D) deficiently
- E) vividly

4. Georgia O'Keeffe's lively portrayals of flowers and landscapes ---- a new view on modernism in American art.

- A) initiated
- B) requested
- C) avoided
- D) suspected
- E) persuaded

5. The body's overall physiological functions gradually decline as cells begin to ---- faster with age.

- A) go through
- B) hold on
- C) look up
- D) break down
- E) take off

6. The nutritional value of fruits and vegetables ---- if they ---- for too long after harvesting.

- A) could have decreased / were stored
- B) may decrease / are stored
- C) would have decreased / are being stored
- D) will decrease / had been stored
- E) might have decreased / would be stored

7. The improvements in the field of robotics ---- people to perform dangerous tasks remotely, ---- safety in risky workplaces.
- A) can allow / increasing
B) must allow / to increase
C) would allow / to be increased
D) may allow / having increased
E) should allow / to be increasing
8. *Kintsugi* is the art of ---- broken pottery with lacquer and gold dust, which aims ---- the beauty of imperfections.
- A) to repair / to have emphasised
B) repaired / emphasising
C) repairing / to emphasise
D) being repaired / being emphasised
E) repair / to be emphasising
9. Drinking enough water is essential ---- maintaining healthy skin, as it supports elasticity ---- reducing wrinkles.
- A) for / about
B) as / through
C) to / by
D) on / beneath
E) in / along
10. The pyramids were built ---- religious and burial purposes, serving as monumental tombs ---- pharaohs.
- A) with / against
B) around / towards
C) by / about
D) between / at
E) for / of
11. Bionics has revolutionised medicine; ----, auditory implants enable people with hearing loss to experience sound.
- A) moreover
B) for instance
C) meanwhile
D) instead
E) however
12. The young increasingly prefer e-books, ---- traditional publishing methods are losing popularity among this age group.
- A) but
B) even if
C) or
D) so
E) provided that

13. ---- should be denied access to education, and ---- barriers that may get in the way of learning should be removed.

- A) Nobody / any
- B) Anybody / a few
- C) No one / several
- D) Someone / no
- E) Everyone / all

14. During peak season, Verona welcomes ---- many tourists ---- its population, which significantly improves its economy.

- A) either / or
- B) both / and
- C) neither / nor
- D) whether / or
- E) as / as

15. High-quality gear specifically designed for outdoor activities can help prevent serious injuries ---- accidents.

- A) on behalf of
- B) despite
- C) except for
- D) in case of
- E) rather than

16. - 20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Biodiversity, the variety of life on Earth, is required for the planet's well-being. From the depths of the oceans to the highest mountain peaks, life exists in a (16)---- balance. Forests, grasslands, and wetlands are rich in biodiversity, (17)---- countless species of plants, animals, and microorganisms. (18)----, human activities such as habitat destruction are causing a rapid decline in biodiversity. Protecting and restoring ecosystems while raising awareness (19)---- the importance of biodiversity are crucial. (20)---- these efforts, international cooperation is needed to address global challenges and protect biodiversity on a larger scale. By working together, we can preserve life on Earth.

- 16. A) fierce
B) delicate
C) bitter
D) clever
E) migratory
- 17. A) supporting
B) having supported
C) supported
D) being supported
E) having been supported
- 18. A) Nevertheless
B) Similarly
C) Furthermore
D) In short
E) For this reason
- 19. A) across
B) through
C) about
D) among
E) into
- 20. A) In spite of
B) On behalf of
C) Thanks to
D) In addition to
E) For fear of

21. - 28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. ----; thus, understanding family medical history is important for preventive care.
- A) Advances in medical technology have improved the methods of diagnosis
 - B) The cost of healthcare has significantly risen in recent years
 - C) Many rely on alternative medicine for their healthcare needs
 - D) Lifestyle factors such as diet and exercise play a role in disease prevention
 - E) Genetic factors can influence the risk of developing certain diseases

22. After the DNA's double helix structure was discovered, ----.
- A) researchers did not fully uncover the mysteries of genetic conditions
 - B) molecular biology and genetics had gained popularity as new disciplines
 - C) recent studies have shown the importance of genetic factors
 - D) scientists were able to learn more about the complex nature of genetics
 - E) personalised medicine was an important factor in genetic advancements

23. Although popular tourist spots are often crowded, ----.
- A) finding accommodation is usually quite challenging
 - B) Niagara Falls offers a fascinating natural display on the USA-Canada border
 - C) the temples of Angkor Wat in Cambodia reveal a rich cultural history
 - D) Mount Fuji in Japan attracts hikers and nature enthusiasts alike
 - E) the quiet beaches of the Maldives provide a peaceful escape
24. Even though fantasy fiction was once considered for children, ----.
- A) many adults may not have given it a chance in the past
 - B) it has now gained widespread popularity among readers of all ages
 - C) there are often magical creatures, epic battles, and mystical realms
 - D) it has characters like witches and dragons that spark the imagination
 - E) the most popular book of all time is *Harry Potter* to them

25. ----, financial goals can be quite difficult to achieve.

- A) In spite of unforeseen emergencies and unexpected expenses
- B) Thanks to consistent income growth and wise savings habits
- C) Besides facing a sudden loss of income and economic instability
- D) With the help of making considerable sacrifices and lifestyle changes
- E) In the absence of a detailed budget and a smart spending plan to follow

26. Robotics has significantly increased the accuracy of medical surgeries; ----.

- A) however, ongoing research is needed to make it a standard part of healthcare
- B) for example, these practices are rarely used by experienced physicians
- C) therefore, some people prefer not to receive treatment using this technology
- D) nevertheless, this technology offers new and original solutions for elder care
- E) in short, doctors ask for immediate resources for this technology

27. ----, they can take their opponent's pieces and gain an advantage in the game.

- A) Unless the chessboard is not properly set up in the beginning
- B) Once the game is not played correctly by the players
- C) When the pieces are placed randomly in chess
- D) As long as chess players think several moves ahead
- E) If a player ignores strategy and focuses on one part of the board

28. Bee populations have been declining globally in recent decades ----.

- A) since nuts, fruits, and vegetables rely on bees for pollination
- B) until some have been classified as endangered
- C) due to habitat loss, pesticide use, and climate change
- D) though some regions have been slow to take measures to protect them
- E) besides being crucial for the health of people and the planet

29. - 31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Herbal supplements are plant-based products that can come in multiple forms, such as capsules, tablets, teas, and powders. Because of their natural content, herbal supplements are quite popular in modern health practices to help treat different conditions and support overall health and well-being. Some people take them to strengthen their immune systems and protect themselves from colds, while others consume supplements to help them sleep easily. Despite their natural origin, herbal supplements are not without risks. They can interact with medications, which could result in harmful side effects. Moreover, the quality and concentration of active ingredients in herbal supplements can vary widely between products, leading to inconsistent results. Therefore, it is important to use herbal supplements with caution, ideally under the guidance of a professional.

29. According to the passage, herbal supplements ----.

- A) can be used to treat different conditions people have
- B) are plant-based vitamins with side effects
- C) are suggested by doctors to treat various diseases
- D) contain certain substances that can be harmful to one's health
- E) might be entirely derived from plants

30. Which could be understood from the passage?

- A) Herbal supplements only support people with immune system problems.
- B) Medications and herbal supplements might be harmful if combined.
- C) The consistent quality of ingredients results in strengthening the immune system.
- D) Patients with serious health conditions should take herbal supplements with caution.
- E) Despite their popularity in medicine, herbal supplements are not widely used.

31. What is the main purpose of the author?

- A) To gain a better understanding of how harmful herbal supplements are
- B) To discourage people from using herbal supplements
- C) To compare the differences between traditional and modern herbal medications
- D) To inform users about herbal supplements' side effects
- E) To provide readers with information regarding herbal supplements

32. - 34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Winston Churchill served as the Prime Minister of the United Kingdom during World War II. To effectively manage the war effort and coordinate military strategies, Churchill and his advisors used a secret underground facility called the Cabinet War Rooms, located under the streets of London. These rooms were active from August 27, 1939, just before Britain declared war on Germany, until the end of the conflict in August 1945. The design of these rooms was to protect the British government from air attacks and offer a safe place for planning and decision-making. From this hidden shelter, Churchill made significant decisions and directed strategies to help Britain fight against the opposing forces. Today, it is a museum known as the Churchill War Rooms, where visitors can explore the historical background and learn about Churchill's role in leading Britain through a challenging time.

32. It can be understood from the passage that Winston Churchill ----.

- A) was primarily involved in designing the Cabinet War Rooms
- B) put the Cabinet War Rooms into service as a museum after the war was over
- C) was actively involved in directing the war from an underground site
- D) only used the Cabinet War Rooms for a short period during World War II
- E) used the underground facility as a shelter for civilians during the air attacks

33. According to the passage, during World War II, ----.

- A) Winston Churchill was an officer who fought on the front line
- B) the Cabinet War Rooms were open to the public for tours and visits
- C) the Cabinet War Rooms were used primarily for storing military supplies
- D) wartime operations and military efforts were coordinated under the streets of London
- E) Germany and Britain fought against the opposing forces together

34. What is the passage mainly about?

- A) The efforts of the government, led by the Prime Minister of the United Kingdom
- B) The architectural design and construction process of the Cabinet War Rooms
- C) The strategies used across various battlefields during World War II
- D) The personal life of Winston Churchill during World War II
- E) The post-war repair efforts in London after World War II ended

35. - 37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The Lascaux Caves, situated in southwest France, are renowned for their incredible collection of prehistoric cave paintings that date back to around 17,000 years ago. These ancient artworks, discovered in 1940, provide an exciting look into the lives and beliefs of Upper Palaeolithic humans. The caves contain nearly 600 detailed paintings of a variety of animals, including horses, bison, and deer. These pictures are not only artistic masterpieces, but they also reveal important information about our early ancestors' hunting techniques, social structures, and spiritual beliefs. Although Lascaux is not as famous as other historical sites, it remains a perfect destination for those interested in the origins of human creativity and history. The exceptional preservation of these paintings, along with the depth of their historical context, makes the Lascaux Caves a truly invaluable site for anyone fascinated by prehistoric art and cultures.

35. It is pointed out in the passage that the Lascaux Caves ----.

- A) are famous for their modern art collections and exhibitions
- B) offer perspective on prehistoric art and ancient human life
- C) are recognised mostly for their mediaeval architecture
- D) feature recent scientific discoveries about ancient Greeks
- E) became well-known with contemporary cultural festivals

36. One can understand from the passage that the cave paintings ----.

- A) show many animals tamed by ancient people
- B) have both artistic value and historical importance
- C) give us information about the hobbies of ancient people
- D) prove the stability of human creativity to the scholars
- E) provide invaluable data about collection procedures

37. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?

- A) The Evolution of Modern Art
- B) The History of Lascaux
- C) Lives of Upper Palaeolithic Humans
- D) Tourist Attractions in France
- E) Prehistoric Art of the Lascaux Caves

38. - 40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Çini-making, an ancient Turkish art form, involves the creation of artistically designed ceramic tiles with their bright colours and detailed patterns. These tiles have covered mosques, palaces, and homes for centuries, reflecting the rich cultural heritage of Türkiye. The process starts with shaping and firing the clay, followed by detailed hand-painting and glazing. Once the tiles are painted, they are fired again to lock in the colours and create a long-lasting finish. The final step is to neatly arrange the tiles into larger decorative panels or mosaics. Such careful craftsmanship calls for significant skill and patience. This cherished tradition is passed down through generations, with each craftsman adding their own special touch. As a result, this distinctive art form is on the UNESCO Intangible Cultural Heritage list, which means it is going to be preserved and recognised all over the world.

38. According to the passage, çini-making ----.

- A) is a modern art form introduced in Türkiye
- B) primarily uses soft colours and simple designs
- C) is rarely practised by contemporary craftsmen
- D) is mostly used in grand buildings such as palaces
- E) requires great expertise and patience

39. The underlined word 'cherished' is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) hidden
- B) faded
- C) valued
- D) forgotten
- E) modernised

40. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?

- A) A Brief History of Turkish Art
- B) The Importance of Skill and Patience in Çini-Making
- C) The Cultural Significance of Çini-Making
- D) Preserving the Legacy of Çini
- E) The Global Popularity of Turkish Handicrafts

41. - 43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Across the globe, the practice of greeting one another varies greatly, which shows how each culture has its own special way of doing things. In Japan, bowing is a common form of greeting that signifies respect and being humble. The depth of the bow often indicates the level of respect. On the other hand, in many Western cultures, a strong handshake is the standard greeting, symbolising confidence and openness, though some regions or groups may have their own customs. In some Middle Eastern cultures, they can be more personal, often involving a series of questions about family and well-being. This reflects a deep-seated value placed on personal relationships and being nice to others. These different greeting customs not only help with social interactions but also serve as a window into the cultural priorities of each society. That shows how even simple acts can have deep meaning and importance.

41. According to the passage, in Japan, how deep someone bows shows ----.

- A) the age and social status of the person bowing
- B) how much respect they are giving
- C) the relationship between the two individuals greeting each other
- D) how long the duration of the greeting is
- E) the importance of an occasion

42. The underlined word 'they' in the passage refers to ----.

- A) cultures
- B) regions
- C) customs
- D) groups
- E) greetings

43. What is the passage mainly about?

- A) The historical origins and development of various greeting practices across cultures
- B) The comparison between Japanese and Western greeting customs and their meanings
- C) The variations in greeting customs around the world and their cultural significance
- D) The use of handshakes in Western societies as a symbol of confidence
- E) The importance of bowing in Japanese culture and its role in showing respect

44. - 48. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

44. Denise:

– I've recently started working with 3D printing, and it's a lot of fun.

Kylie:

– ----

Denise:

– Seeing my sketches and models come to life is incredibly rewarding.

Kylie:

– It's wonderful that you've found something so engaging.

- A) Did you choose 3D printing because of its popularity?
- B) I think the designing process is stressful.
- C) What are some new applications of 3D printing technology?
- D) What do you enjoy most about 3D printing?
- E) I'm surprised you bought a 3D printer; they are quite expensive.

45. Daisy:

– I love travelling and taking photos, but I'm not really happy with my shots.

Lily:

– ----

Daisy:

– I'd love to, but I'm not sure if I have the time or money for it right now.

Lily:

– There are online tutorials and courses, too. That might be a more flexible and affordable option for you.

- A) Have you tried reading some travel blogs for tips?
- B) Maybe you just need a better camera. Let's do some research online.
- C) Do you follow any travel photographers on social media?
- D) Have you ever thought about taking a photography class?
- E) Why don't you ask someone to take photos for you?

46. Interviewer:

– ----

Environmentalist:

– **Sure. It's when people take inspiration from nature to design products and solve problems.**

Interviewer:

– **Could you give a specific example?**

Environmentalist:

– **Wind turbines, for example, are designed to be more efficient by mimicking the shape of whale fins.**

- A) Do you think biomimicry is important for the future?
- B) Can you briefly explain what biomimicry is?
- C) Is biomimicry the best solution to ecological issues?
- D) Could you tell us about renewable energy?
- E) Can you describe how nature affects our daily lives?

47. Doctor:

– **How have you been feeling since our last appointment?**

Patient:

– **Much better, thank you. The new medication seems to be working well.**

Doctor:

– ----

Patient:

– **Yes, I've been walking for 30 minutes every day and drinking more water.**

- A) Have you been following the lifestyle changes we discussed?
- B) Do you think we should increase your dosage?
- C) When would you like to schedule your next appointment?
- D) Have you experienced any side effects from the medication?
- E) How has your overall health been since the new medicine?

48. Jamie:

- Before GPS, people had to rely on natural landmarks, follow well-established routes, and use maps.

Alex:

- What about sailors?

Jamie:

– ----

Alex:

- That's amazing! It must have required exact calculations and a deep understanding of astronomy.

- A) They used celestial navigation, observing the stars and the sun.
- B) It only makes the achievements in aviation even more remarkable.
- C) They were always lost due to factors like changes in speed and direction.
- D) It was impossible to manage long journeys on your own.
- E) There were ships or horse-drawn carriages, which were slow and uncomfortable.

49. - 53. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

49. Moroccan tile mosaics, *Zellige*, are known for their detailed geometric designs and vibrant colours.

- A) Fancy geometric designs and a variety of colours are necessary for *Zellige* to qualify as Moroccan tile mosaics.
- B) The use of tile mosaics known as *Zellige* enhances Moroccan architecture with their geometric forms and various colours.
- C) In Morocco, tile mosaics are called the *Zellige*, and they include beautiful geometric shapes and bright colours.
- D) Both complex geometric shapes and bright colours are important in distinguishing Moroccan tile mosaics known as *Zellige*.
- E) *Zellige*, or Moroccan tile mosaics, are famous for their complex geometric patterns and striking colours.

50. Visual storytelling uses images and graphics to get messages across more successfully than words alone can.

- A) The words used in visual storytelling are at least as effective as pictures and graphics in communicating ideas.
- B) If you want to make your point really clear and get it across faster with just words, use visual aids in storytelling.
- C) Messages can be transmitted more effectively via the use of images and graphics than by words alone in visual storytelling.
- D) Pictures and graphics in visual storytelling have the ability to simplify complex concepts and engage people in a way that text cannot.
- E) Without visuals and graphics, the audience may occasionally misinterpret or misunderstand the words in storytelling.

51. Although technology can connect people across the globe, it also contributes to increased social isolation.

- A) While technology contributes to social isolation, it fails to connect people across the globe.
- B) Since technology connects people around the world, it reduces social isolation, making people feel closer.
- C) Technology is effective at connecting people globally, but it still contributes to rising social isolation.
- D) Despite its ability to connect people worldwide, technology also leads to greater social isolation.
- E) As technology connects people across the globe, it consistently prevents social isolation.

52. The balance between short-term gains and long-term ones must be considered when developing new technologies.

- A) Developing new technologies requires careful consideration of the short-term and long-term benefits.
- B) It is important to consider the balance between immediate gains and long-term benefits while developing new technologies.
- C) Technology development should be based on short-term success, with long-term advantages being less important.
- D) Taking both immediate benefits and future outcomes into consideration is necessary for achieving a successful technology development strategy.
- E) When creating new technologies, it is a must to focus on short-term rewards while keeping an eye on long-term benefits.

53. The basics of an instrument require significant time, but developing advanced techniques speeds up afterwards.

- A) Initial learning of an instrument is slow, but once advanced musical skills are acquired, musicians become masters quickly.
- B) Learning an instrument is time-consuming at first, but advanced techniques come faster once the basics are mastered.
- C) The development of advanced techniques remains slow, even after mastering the basics of an instrument.
- D) Musicians develop skills faster after learning the basics, but mastering an instrument still takes a long time.
- E) If the initial process of learning an instrument takes too much time, learners develop their skills quickly afterwards.

54. - 58. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

54. A teacher at your school wants to increase students' awareness of the importance of recycling but is not sure how to engage them in an entertaining way. You have an idea, so you say: ----

- A) I think students are too young to understand recycling.
- B) Let's hold a school-wide competition to see which class can collect the most recyclables.
- C) Why don't you just explain to them about the benefits of recycling? It works better.
- D) If students don't recycle, there should be consequences.
- E) I don't think there is a need to focus on recycling; it's not that important.

55. Your daughter wants to establish a skincare routine. You know choosing the right product for the skin type is critical; however, your knowledge in this area is very limited. So you say: ----

- A) I think it would be best to consult a dermatologist before we buy anything.
- B) Don't be absurd! You are too young for that.
- C) Skincare is no joke. You need to take it very seriously.
- D) Try random products to find which one works best for your skin type.
- E) I have some old products for you to use.

56. You have an assignment on an interesting historical event. Not knowing which one to choose, you talk to your friend, who has a deep interest in history. You say desperately: ----

- A) I would appreciate it if you recommended any good historical novels for me to read.
- B) I won't be able to finish the assignment on time. I haven't even decided on the topic.
- C) You are my only hope. Please suggest a fascinating one.
- D) I don't understand what makes history enjoyable. It is very boring.
- E) Which one is more interesting? The French Revolution or the moon landing?

57. Your friend is planning a trip to the Basilica Cistern, a popular historical site known for its long lines and high visitor traffic. To ensure your friend does not spend too much time waiting, you suggest that she prepare beforehand. So, you say: ----

- A) Don't forget to bring your camera to capture the beautiful architecture.
- B) It would be wise to get a museum card in advance to skip the queue.
- C) Make sure to take a look at the stunning Medusa heads and marble columns.
- D) The Basilica Cistern is worth it for its incredible historical significance.
- E) Even if you forget your museum card, you can still buy a ticket there.

58. You are at a book club meeting where a classic novel that everyone seems to adore is discussed. You find it rather boring, but you want to express your feelings in a respectful manner. So you say: ----

- A) This book is not good; I don't understand why everyone loves it so much.
- B) I appreciate the themes in this novel, but I found it quite slow and hard to engage with.
- C) The characters aren't interesting; I wish there was more action in the story.
- D) I didn't even finish the book because it was just too dull for me to continue.
- E) Can we read something more modern? The writing style seems a bit old-fashioned.

59. - 63. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

59. ---- It was developed in the 16th century as a form of self-defence masked as a dance. Participants perform a series of movements, often accompanied by traditional music. This martial art has recently become well-known globally, with practitioners from all over the world.

- A) Traditional Brazilian music demonstrates the country's diverse cultural influences and rhythmic energy.
- B) Martial arts, such as judo and karate, integrate physical discipline with mental focus.
- C) Samba, a dance that originated in Brazil, is characterised by its energetic steps and rhythmic moves.
- D) Taekwondo, a Korean martial art, focuses on high, fast kicks and powerful strikes.
- E) Capoeira is a traditional Brazilian martial art that combines dancing, acrobatics, and music.

60. There are great expectations around the future of autonomous vehicles (AVs), but also a lot of uncertainty. ---- Others worry that technological advances are going beyond society's ability to adapt and that better control is needed before widespread use. Policymakers and business leaders must work together to deal with these concerns and safely integrate AVs into society.

- A) Moreover, many experts believe that AVs have the potential to revolutionise transportation and improve road safety.
- B) These vehicles can operate autonomously due to advances in AI and powerful sensors.
- C) This innovation promises to totally change the transportation industry, offering efficiency.
- D) For instance, some believe AVs will improve safety and efficiency and are investing heavily in new technologies in this area.
- E) AVs' future is also questionable because of job loss and cybersecurity concerns.

61. People have been drawn to the water for centuries, whether for food, getting around, or having fun. Water-based activities such as boating, swimming, and fishing are enjoyed by millions around the world. Yet, with the increasing popularity of water sports comes the need for safety precautions. ----

- A) The development of new boat technologies has led to faster and more powerful vessels.
- B) Water pollution is therefore a growing concern that threatens marine habitats.
- C) Competitive swimming has become a major Olympic sport, gaining popularity worldwide.
- D) Life jackets, for instance, are essential for all water activities, however skilled one is.
- E) Many coastal cities have introduced strict fishing regulations to protect aquatic life.

62. The green flash is a rare optical phenomenon occurring just before sunrise or just after sunset. It happens because when sunlight goes through the Earth's atmosphere, it makes a quick burst of green light on the horizon. ---- To increase your chances of witnessing it, try looking towards the horizon with unblocked views and minimal light pollution.

- A) The burst of green light is said to be a symbol of good luck and prosperity in some cultures.
- B) When light passes through different temperatures of air, it causes mirages, which can last for several minutes or even hours.
- C) Sunlight is composed of a spectrum of colours, each of which is on a different wavelength.
- D) The green flash is often difficult to see due to its short duration and the need for clear atmospheric conditions.
- E) As sunlight travels through the atmosphere, it is separated into different colours due to how the light bends.

63. Acupuncture is commonly used to treat various conditions, such as chronic pain and anxiety. ---- Some patients report feeling immediate relief after a session, while others may require multiple sessions to see significant improvements. Regardless of the individual experience, acupuncture is generally safe and can be a useful alternative to traditional treatments.

- A) Many people find it to be a relaxing and effective treatment for their illnesses.
- B) There have been cases where acupuncture has resulted in unpleasant side effects like infections or nerve damage.
- C) Acupuncture needles are very thin and typically cause minimal discomfort.
- D) It is important to consult with a trained and licensed acupuncturist to ensure the treatment is done correctly.
- E) Individuals may experience negative reactions such as dizziness or fainting during or after the treatment.

64. - 69. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

64. Hieroglyphics enabled Egyptians to record documents and literary works on papyrus paper and temple walls.

- A) Mısırlılar, hiyeroglifler sayesinde belgelerini ve edebî eserlerini papirüs kağıtlarına ve tapınak duvarlarına kaydedebildi.
- B) Papirüs kağıtları ve tapınak duvarlarındaki hiyeroglifler yardımıyla kaydedilen belgeler ve edebî eserler, Mısırlılar tarafından bulundu.
- C) Hiyeroglifler, Mısırlıların belgeleri ve edebî eserleri papirüs kağıtlarına ve tapınak duvarlarına kaydetmelerine olanak sağladı.
- D) Hiyeroglifler, Mısır'da belge ve edebî eser kaydederken kullanılan ve papirüs ve tapınak duvarlarına uygulanan bir yazma yöntemidir.
- E) Mısırlılar, kaydedilen belgelerin ve eserlerin papirüs kağıdı ve tapınak duvarlarındaki hiyerogliflerle tarihe geçmesini sağladı.

65. Electric scooters offer an eco-friendly and convenient alternative to traditional vehicles for short-distance travel.

- A) Kısa mesafeli yolculuklar için tercih edilen elektrikli scooterlar, çevre dostu ve kullanışlı bir alternatif oldukları için tercih edilmektedir.
- B) Elektrikli scooterlar, kısa mesafeli seyahatler için geleneksel araçlara çevre dostu ve kullanışlı bir alternatif sunar.
- C) Elektrikli scooterlar, hem çevre dostu bir seyahat aracı olmaları hem de daha kullanışlı olmaları açısından sürünlere büyük bir avantaj sağlamaktadır.
- D) Çevre dostu ve kullanışlı bir araç olan elektrikli scooter, kısa mesafeli yolculuklar için iyi bir alternatif sunar.
- E) Elektrikli scooterlar, sadece geleneksel araçlara çevre dostu ve kullanışlı bir alternatif sunmakla kalmaz aynı zamanda büyük şehirlerdeki seyahat süresini kısaltır.

66. Improvisational theatre is an unscripted performance in which actors make up scenes and dialogues spontaneously.

- A) Doğaçlama tiyatro, oyuncuların sahneleri ve diyalogları anlık olarak oluşturdukları, senaryosuz bir gösteridir.
- B) Doğaçlama tiyatro oyuncular, gösterinin senaryosuz olması sebebiyle sahneleri ve diyalogları anlık olarak oluşturmaktadır.
- C) Oyuncuların sahne ve diyalogları anlık oluşturdukları, plansız ve senaryo olmadan oluşturulan oyun türüne doğaçlama tiyatro denilmektedir.
- D) Doğaçlama tiyatro, senaryosu olmayan ve oyuncuların anlık olarak sahne ve diyalog uydurdukları performans türüdür.
- E) Oyuncular doğaçlama tiyatro sergilerken sahneleri ve diyalogları anlık olarak oluştururlar ve bu gösteriler senaryosu olmadan plansız olarak gerçekleşir.

67. Expectations shape one's actions and lead them to fulfil those expectations—a phenomenon known as a self-fulfilling prophecy.

- A) Beklentiler kişinin kendini şekillendirmesine ve hedeflerini gerçekleştirmesine yol açacağı için kendini gerçekleştiren kehanet süreci başlayabilir.
- B) Beklentilerin kişinin eylemlerini şekillendirmesi ve kendini gerçekleştiren kehanet ile gerçeğe dönüşmesi bir süreç içerisinde gerçekleşir.
- C) Beklentiler kişinin eylemlerini şekillendirir ve onları bu beklentileri karşılamaya yönlendirir; bu olgu, kendini gerçekleştiren kehanet olarak bilinir.
- D) Kendini gerçekleştiren kehanet, bir kişinin beklentilere göre eylemlerini şekillendirmesi ve bu şekilde o beklentileri gerçekleştirmesi anlamına gelir.
- E) Bir kimsenin beklentilere göre eylemlerini şekillendirip o beklentileri gerçeğe dönüştürmesine kendini gerçekleştiren kehanet denir.

68. Although it is crucial for the production of smartphones and electric vehicles, lithium extraction harms the environment.

- A) Akıllı telefonlar ve elektrikli araçlar için gerekli olan lityumun çıkarım süreci çevre üzerinde olumsuz sonuçlara yol açmaktadır.
- B) Lityum, akıllı telefonlar ve elektrikli araçlar için hayati bir öneme sahip olsa da çıkarımı çevre üzerinde olumsuz etkiler yaratabilir.
- C) Akıllı telefonlar ve elektrikli araçlar için gerekli olan lityum, çoğunlukla çevre üzerinde olumsuz etkiler bırakarak çıkarılmaktadır.
- D) Lityum çıkarımı çevreye hayati derecede zarar verir fakat akıllı telefonlar ve elektrikli araçların üretimi için çok gereklidir.
- E) Akıllı telefonların ve elektrikli araçların üretiminde çok önemli olmasına rağmen lityum çıkarımı çevreye zarar vermektedir.

69. Emerging in 16th-century Italy, opera has evolved across different styles and eras, including Baroque, Classical, Romantic, and modern.

- A) Barok, Klasik, Romantik ve modern gibi farklı tarz ve dönemlerde gelişim gösteren opera, 16. yüzyılda İtalya'da ortaya çıkmıştır.
- B) Gelişimini Barok, Klasik, Romantik ve modern gibi farklı tarz ve dönemlerle gösteren opera, 16. yüzyıl İtalya'sına aittir.
- C) 16. yüzyıl İtalya'sında ortaya çıkan opera; Barok, Klasik, Romantik ve modern gibi farklı tarz ve dönemlerde gelişmiştir.
- D) Opera, 16. yüzyılda İtalya'da ortaya çıkmış olmasına rağmen Barok, Klasik, Romantik ve modern gibi farklı dönemlerde gelişmiştir.
- E) Opera, 16. yüzyıl İtalya'sında ortaya çıkırsa da gelişimi Barok, Klasik, Romantik ve modern gibi dönemlerde olmuştur.

70. - 75. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

70. Yeterli miktarda su içmek, vücut sıcaklığını düzenleyerek metabolizmayı hızlandırır.

- A) Drinking enough water boosts metabolism by regulating body temperature.
- B) One should drink enough water to regulate body temperature and boost metabolism.
- C) It is enough to drink water to regulate body temperature and boost metabolism.
- D) Drinking enough water is a must to regulate body temperature and boost metabolism.
- E) Drinking water is enough to boost metabolism by regulating body temperature.

71. İkinci Dünya Savaşı, insanlık tarihinin en büyük trajedilerinden biri olarak dünya düzenini tamamen değiştirmiştir.

- A) One of the greatest tragedies in human history, World War II, completely changed the world order.
- B) The thing that completely changed the world order was World War II, which is one of the greatest tragedies in human history.
- C) World War II is one of the greatest tragedies in human history and completely changed the world order.
- D) World War II, as one of the greatest tragedies in human history, completely changed the world order.
- E) The greatest tragedy in human history that completely changed the world order was none other than World War II.

72. Tehlikeli atıkların doğru şekilde imha edilmesi, insan sağlığı ve çevre için büyük önem taşımaktadır.

- A) It is important to get rid of dangerous waste properly for human health and the environment.
- B) The disposal of dangerous waste should be done properly for human health and the environment.
- C) Dealing with dangerous waste properly is an important issue not only for humans but also for the environment.
- D) Dangerous waste should be disposed of in a way that minimises harm to both people and the ecosystem.
- E) The proper disposal of dangerous waste is of great importance to human health and the environment.

73. Sanal turizm, bilgili ve eğlenceli tur rehberleri tarafından yönetilen kayıtlı veya canlı yayınlanan etkileşimli sunumları içerebilir.

- A) Interactive lectures given by well-informed tour guides are a part of virtual tourism, either in recorded form or through live streaming.
- B) Virtual tourism offers live tours where awesome tour guides show you around and make you feel like you are actually there.
- C) Virtual tourism may include recorded or live-streamed interactive presentations led by knowledgeable and entertaining tour guides.
- D) Recorded or live-streamed interactive presentations with educated and fun tour guides are an important part of virtual tourism.
- E) As part of virtual tourism, experienced and engaging tour guides are supposed to give live-streamed interactive presentations.

74. Bir başkasının size kitap önermesi, kendi başınıza keşfedemeyeceğiniz yeni türlerle tanışmanıza olanak tanır.

- A) When someone else selects a book for you, it introduces you to new authors that you may not have discovered by yourself.
- B) You discover new genres that you would never have picked yourself up through the book someone else suggests for you.
- C) If you ask other people to suggest books, you come across different genres that you would not have explored independently.
- D) It is possible to discover new styles through book recommendations that you might not have considered before.
- E) Having someone else recommend books to you allows being introduced to new genres you would not be able to discover on your own.

75. Ebeveynler, kardeş rekabetinin olumsuz sonuçlarından kaçınmak için dostane ve işbirlikçi bir ortam sağlamalıdır.

- A) The damaging effects of sibling rivalry can be reduced if parents foster an environment that is cooperative and friendly.
- B) Parents are supposed to offer a pleasant and collaborative atmosphere in order to lessen the negative effects of sibling rivalry.
- C) It is important for parents to create an encouraging atmosphere to avoid the negative effects that can come from sibling rivalry.
- D) To avoid the negative consequences of sibling rivalry, parents should provide a friendly and cooperative environment.
- E) Unless parents provide a supportive and cooperative environment, the negative effects of sibling rivalry are unavoidable.

76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) Black holes are areas in space with gravity so strong that not even light can escape. (II) They form when massive stars collapse under their own weight. (III) Scientists test new research methods under extreme conditions to prove their theories. (IV) Researchers study how black holes affect the matter around them to find out more about these mysterious objects. (V) Understanding black holes helps scientists learn about the universe and its fundamental forces.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) Indoor gardening has gained popularity as a way to enjoy fresh herbs and vegetables year-round. (II) It can help improve air quality and create a more inviting living space as well. (III) Many find it to be a sustainable and cost-effective way to supplement their diets with homegrown produce. (IV) Besides, it allows individuals to have more control over their food, as they can avoid pesticides and other chemicals. (V) It also provides a sense of success in growing their own food from seed to harvest.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) Emperor penguins are the largest of all penguin species, reaching nearly four feet in height. (II) Native to Antarctica, they are remarkable for their ability to handle freezing temperatures. (III) During the breeding season, they huddle together to keep cosy and take turns keeping their eggs warm. (IV) Once the chicks hatch, both parents share the responsibility of feeding and protecting them. (V) Scientists often study penguins to monitor the effects of climate change in Antarctica.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) Maintaining the right balance of vitamin A intake is essential for overall health and well-being. (II) Good sources of this vitamin include cheese, eggs, oily fish, milk, yoghurt, and liver. (III) A deficiency in vitamin A can lead to night blindness and increased risk of infections. (IV) However, its excessive intake could be toxic. (V) Thus, it is important to consume the right amount through a balanced diet or supplements.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) The American Civil War was a conflict between the North and South over the issue of slavery. (II) This inspired countless books, movies, and other forms of media over the years. (III) It lasted from 1861 to 1865 and was one of the most serious struggles in American history. (IV) The North, under the leadership of President Abraham Lincoln, fought to keep the Union together and put an end to slavery. (V) The South, on the other hand, aimed to protect their economic interests based on slave labour and maintain their way of life.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



ORTAÖĞRETİM
GENEL MÜDÜRLÜĞÜ



YKS DENEMELERİ

YDT

İNGİLİZCE

3. DENEME



ADI VE SOYADI

OKUL ADI

ADAYIN İMZASI

ADAYIN DİKKATİNE!

1. Bu sınavda YKS soru dağılımları dikkate alınmıştır.
2. Deneme tam kapsam olup YKS konularının tamamını kapsamaktadır.
3. Bu sınav 80 soru içermektedir.

OGM
MATERYAL

Bu testlerin her hakkı saklıdır. Hangi amaçla olursa olsun, testlerin tamamının veya bir kısmının Milli Eğitim Bakanlığının yazılı izni olmadan kopya edilmesi, fotoğrafının çekilmesi, herhangi bir yolla çoğaltılması, yayımlanması ya da kullanılması yasaktır. Bu yasağa uymayanlar gerekli cezai sorumluluğu ve testlerin hazırlanmasındaki mali külfeti peşinen kabullenmiş sayılır.

AÇIKLAMA

1. Bu kitapçıkta **80 soru** bulunmaktadır.
2. Bu sınav için verilen cevaplama süresi **120 dakikadır (2 saat)**.
3. **Bu sınav puanlanırken doğru cevaplarınızın sayısından yanlış cevaplarınızın sayısının dörtte biri çıkarılacak ve kalan sayı bu test ile ilgili ham puanınız olacaktır.**
4. Kitapçığın sayfalarındaki boş yerleri müsvedde için kullanabilirsiniz.
5. Cevaplamaya istediğiniz sorudan başlayabilirsiniz. Bir soru ile ilgili cevabınızı, cevap kâğıdında o soru için ayrılmış olan yere işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.
6. Bu kitapçıkta yer alan her sorunun sadece bir doğru cevabı vardır. Cevap kâğıdında bir soru için birden çok cevap yeri işaretlenmişse o soru yanlış cevaplanmış sayılacaktır. İşaretlediğiniz bir cevabı değiştirmek istediğinizde silme işlemini çok iyi yapmanız gerektiğini unutmayınız.

1. - 15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşün sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Psychologists suggest that managing ---- effectively involves restructuring negative thoughts and focusing on growth.

A) defence
B) employment
C) leisure
D) disappointment
E) permission

2. Sculptors who are ---- to work with recycled materials contribute a great deal to sustainable art practices.

A) sensible
B) permanent
C) willing
D) satisfactory
E) embarrassed

3. The transportation system in Singapore is ---- advanced, making it easy to get around the city with minimum effort.

A) previously
B) approximately
C) slightly
D) occasionally
E) incredibly

4. While ---- a computer program, make sure your system meets all the necessary hardware and software requirements.

A) persuading
B) installing
C) confirming
D) refusing
E) announcing

5. ---- a hobby like writing or journalling allows individuals to express their thoughts and emotions creatively.

A) Taking up
B) Putting away
C) Giving out
D) Turning down
E) Handing in

6. If literary classics ---- more accessible through modern adaptations, they ---- a wider audience.

A) become / can reach
B) are becoming / might have reached
C) had become / will reach
D) would become / could have reached
E) became / would have reached

7. **Advancements in medicine in the 20th century made it possible ---- many diseases that ---- as incurable then.**
- A) to be treating / would be regarded
B) treating / were going to be regarded
C) having treated / had been regarded
D) to have treated / were being regarded
E) to treat / used to be regarded
8. **The Babylonians are known ---- an advanced system of mathematics ---- later Greek mathematicians.**
- A) to develop / to have influenced
B) having developed / being influenced
C) to have developed / influencing
D) to be developed / having influenced
E) developing / influenced
9. **Some coastal regions are ---- the risk of disappearing entirely if sea levels continue to rise ---- their current levels.**
- A) within / onto
B) at / above
C) with / below
D) in / under
E) into / beneath
10. **---- studying art history, individuals can trace the evolution of artistic styles and movements ---- different cultures and time periods.**
- A) For / along
B) On / under
C) By / across
D) In / without
E) At / through
11. **Seismographs can detect various ground vibrations; ----, they fail to predict the exact location of an earthquake.**
- A) also
B) afterwards
C) still
D) for example
E) therefore
12. **Student engagement is essential for success, ---- personal factors may also affect students' ability to concentrate.**
- A) or
B) nor
C) so
D) yet
E) for

13. ---- individuals consider swimming a form of full-body exercise, whereas ---- do it mainly for relaxation.

- A) Most / others
- B) Few / both
- C) Any / several
- D) No / many
- E) Some / all

14. Global warming has caused ---- a noticeable change in climate patterns ---- ecosystems are struggling to adapt.

- A) neither / nor
- B) such / that
- C) whether / or
- D) both / and
- E) as / as

15. Early cosmetics may have caused health problems ---- their formulations with harmful chemicals like lead and mercury.

- A) except for
- B) contrary to
- C) as well as
- D) because of
- E) despite

16. - 20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

In 1215, King John of England signed the Magna Carta, a document later regarded as a cornerstone of constitutional law. It was prepared (16)---- the growing tension between the king and his barons. They were angry at his unfair decisions and dissatisfied (17)---- his heavy taxation policies. (18)---- certain legal rights for the king's subjects, the Magna Carta limited his power over them. (19)---- the document was initially intended to resolve a specific political crisis, it soon took on broader significance. As it contributed to the development of constitutional government and the (20)---- of individual rights, the Magna Carta is often cited as an early influence on modern legal systems.

- 16. A) instead of
B) with the aim of
C) in spite of
D) in response to
E) by means of
- 17. A) for
B) at
C) with
D) by
E) through
- 18. A) Establishing
B) To have established
C) Established
D) Being established
E) Having been established
- 19. A) As
B) Although
C) If
D) Since
E) Until
- 20. A) violation
B) attachment
C) approval
D) observation
E) protection

21. - 28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. ---- unless you disconnect from technology for a while.

- A) Taking a break from screens can help reduce eye strain
- B) You may miss out on the present moment and the world around you
- C) Any necessary contacts should be informed of your absence
- D) You could soon realise how much your day-to-day life is affected
- E) Decreased stress levels and increased productivity are likely to occur

22. ---- as a result of the rise of digital publishing platforms.

- A) Readers prefer different literary genres
- B) Writers who address emotions create powerful stories
- C) 19th-century literature focused mainly on realism
- D) Some publishers use traditional methods
- E) Authors are able to reach a global audience more easily

23. Until the 2000s, when mobile phones became common in Türkiye, ----.

- A) people mostly communicated through landline phones and letters
- B) internet cafés were the primary places to access the web
- C) online shopping was a popular trend among consumers
- D) most people used social media to stay in touch with their family
- E) text messaging was the preferred method of communication

24. ---- owing to their inability to emit or reflect light.

- A) Most black holes form when a big star runs out of energy
- B) Black holes' gravity is so strong that it draws in anything that comes too close
- C) NASA believes there could be over one billion black holes
- D) Black holes are basically invisible to telescopes
- E) Black holes gradually evaporate over time, releasing their energy into the universe

25. Simplifying your baggage can make travel much easier; ----.

- A) therefore, having a basic plan can help manage expectations
- B) however, one can avoid the burden of carrying heavy luggage
- C) even so, many people still overpack for fear of needing something
- D) indeed, the local economy must be supported by purchasing souvenirs
- E) thus, minimal packing can become a problem when plans change

26. Communities regularly practise natural disaster preparedness plans ----.

- A) as if one could happen at any moment
- B) unless residents take these plans seriously
- C) because they guarantee that no damage will occur
- D) as the increased risk of danger disappears
- E) on the condition that they ignore other safety protocols

27. Sweet potatoes are high in fibre and beta-carotene; ----.

- A) therefore, they are excellent for improving vision and digestive health
- B) thus, exercising can support weight management and a good posture
- C) in fact, reducing sugar intake is important for achieving good health
- D) also, a diverse diet helps ensure that you meet all your nutritional needs
- E) otherwise, you may negatively impact your heart health

28. ----, it still faced difficulties in logistics and communication over its vast expanse.

- A) Due to the fact that the Roman Empire relied heavily on local paths and trails
- B) Until the Roman Empire had an efficient transportation system
- C) Since Rome was renowned for its advanced engineering and architecture
- D) As long as the Romans had a well-developed road system
- E) Despite the fact that the Roman Empire built an extensive network of roads

29. - 31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The Cotswolds, a historical and touristic region in England, is known for its peaceful countryside and charming villages. Cottages constructed from the local honey-coloured limestone line the rolling hills and green fields of the area. This characteristic stone blends well with the natural surroundings, contributing to the region's aesthetic. Villages such as Bibury and Bourton-on-the-Water, as well as walking trails like the Cotswold Way, provide visitors with the opportunity to explore the beauty of the countryside and historical structures along the way. There are also markets and food festivals where tourists can taste local products and buy handmade goods. The region highlights how environmental and historical elements create a memorable and attractive destination. It is one of the best places to experience English rural life, where nature and culture unite to offer an unforgettable experience for all who visit.

29. According to the passage, the honey-coloured stone in the Cotswolds ----.

- A) is a construction material used in modern buildings
- B) creates visual harmony between the structures and nature
- C) can be primarily found in the coastal cities of England
- D) disrupts the area's aesthetic, contrasting with the landscape
- E) is a recent addition to the region's architectural design

30. It can be inferred from the passage that tourists who visit the Cotswolds ----.

- A) are charmed by both the modern structure of the region and its natural beauty
- B) consider the region one of the best places to spend their holidays
- C) can witness the traditional rural life while walking around the villages
- D) must be seeking out an escape from exhausting urban life
- E) should look for local markets to try regional products

31. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?

- A) A Guide to the Cotswolds Region's Landmarks
- B) Major Villages of the Cotswolds
- C) The Best Urban Life in the Cotswolds
- D) The Cotswolds: A Scenic and Historical Treat
- E) The Historical Importance of the Cotswolds

32. - 34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Mimar Sinan, one of the most famous architects in history, designed many iconic buildings in the Ottoman Empire. Born in 1490, he began his career as a soldier and engineer before becoming the chief architect for three Ottoman sultans. His most famous work is the Süleymaniye Mosque in İstanbul, built between 1550 and 1557. This mosque is known for its large dome and beautiful design, showing Sinan's skill in combining function and beauty. He also designed the Selimiye Mosque in Edirne, which is widely considered his masterpiece. The mosque has a unique form, with four tall minarets and a large dome that gives the building its stunning appearance. Sinan's work not only influenced architecture in the Ottoman Empire but also inspired architects worldwide. His buildings are still admired today for their balance, harmony, and masterful use of space.

32. One can infer from the passage that Mimar Sinan ----.

- A) started out on his career as an architect
- B) worked for the Ottoman Empire throughout his life
- C) designed only mosques
- D) was born in İstanbul but brought up in Edirne
- E) mostly built small structures

33. One can understand from the passage that the Süleymaniye Mosque ----.

- A) was built by different architects
- B) was the most beautiful building in the Ottoman Empire
- C) was constructed over ten years
- D) was designed to be both functional and beautiful
- E) is just known for its tall minarets

34. According to the passage, the Selimiye Mosque in Edirne ----.

- A) has a small dome compared to other mosques
- B) was constructed before the Süleymaniye Mosque
- C) is considered Sinan's greatest work
- D) is unique, especially for lacking a minaret and dome
- E) was his first major mosque project

35. - 37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Behavioural economics is a field that combines psychology and economics. It studies how psychological factors like emotions and thinking traps influence economic behaviour. Researchers in this field have found that people often make irrational choices driven by fear or overconfidence, which can affect markets and consumer spending. They have also discovered that during economic uncertainty, people tend to save more and spend less, which can slow down economic growth. Additionally, with the concept of **loss aversion**, they also suggest that people are more affected by losses than gains, leading them to make cautious financial decisions. By understanding these psychological factors, economists and policymakers can develop strategies to encourage better financial decision-making and promote economic stability.

35. It is pointed out in the passage that behavioural economics ----.

- A) focuses on feelings during financial difficulties
- B) includes both psychology and economics
- C) ignores the biases of society
- D) studies the relation between sociology and market trends
- E) is unrelated to financial decision-making

36. According to the passage, how does uncertainty in the economy affect people's behaviour?

- A) They spend more and take risks.
- B) They become more generous with their money.
- C) They prioritise saving over spending.
- D) They ignore financial risks and opportunities.
- E) They invest heavily in risky markets.

37. The underlined phrase 'loss aversion' in the passage refers to ----.

- A) people's preference for taking risks
- B) the equal effect of gains and losses on decision-making
- C) people's being more affected by losses than gains
- D) the tendency to ignore economic fluctuations
- E) a strategy for maximising profits

38. - 40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

A digital footprint—also known as a digital shadow or electronic footprint—is the trail of data you leave behind as you browse the Internet. It includes the websites you visit, e-mails you send, online purchases you make, and the information you share online. For teenagers, understanding the consequences of their online actions is crucial because in some countries, these actions can influence their future opportunities, such as job and scholarship applications. Teens can secure their digital footprint by being mindful of the information they publish on social media, using strict privacy settings, and routinely checking their online presence. They should avoid posting sensitive personal details and consider the long-term impact of their online behaviour. By being careful with their digital footprint, teenagers can build a positive digital reputation and prevent any negative consequences.

38. According to the passage, a digital footprint ----.

- A) refers to the records and traces of online activity
- B) is only created by social media use
- C) does not matter if privacy settings are in place
- D) is ignored on purpose by many young adults
- E) is a secret code used for online activities

39. According to the passage, digital footprint is very important for young people, as it ----.

- A) offers a convenient way to access information and resources
- B) provides a platform for sharing personal opinions and experiences
- C) simplifies the process of online shopping by saving preferences
- D) is impossible to control once information is shared online
- E) could impact their future job and scholarship opportunities

40. What is the author's attitude towards managing the digital footprint?

- A) Suspicious
- B) Impartial
- C) Pessimistic
- D) Cautious
- E) Confident

41. - 43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Escape rooms are more than just games; they are interactive experiences that force participants to think critically, work together, and solve problems under pressure. When you enter the room with your friends or colleagues, you quickly realise that working together is the key. Everyone brings their own unique skills and viewpoints to the table in order to successfully escape. Each person's contribution is valuable. Maybe your friend finds a clue you missed, or your co-worker has a brilliant idea for solving a tricky riddle. As you share ideas and support each other, you feel the team spirit grow stronger. The shared experience of dealing with difficulties creates lasting memories and inside jokes. It is amazing how an hour in an escape room can strengthen bonds and improve communication skills in such a fun way.

41. According to the passage, one benefit of taking part in an escape room is ----.

- A) taking a break from everyday life with an indoor activity
- B) learning problem-solving skills by working alone
- C) focusing on your own tasks without getting help from others
- D) having a chance to develop leadership skills
- E) improving teamwork and communication in an enjoyable way

42. What is necessary for a successful escape room experience?

- A) Strictly following a strategy throughout the game
- B) Counting on individual skills to solve puzzles independently
- C) Active participation of all team members in solving challenges
- D) Using expert knowledge to solve complex puzzles as a group
- E) Choosing easier tasks to complete the game quickly

43. The author believes escape rooms create lasting memories because they ----.

- A) let people show their individual strengths
- B) provide a fun environment where people can relax
- C) allow people to compete in a friendly way
- D) bring people closer through shared challenges
- E) require players to spend a lot of time

44. - 48. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

44. Patrick:

- I'm thinking about growing a small vegetable garden in my backyard.

Ashley:

– ----

Patrick:

- Mainly, reducing waste. I'll collect enough to save food from ending up in the bin.

Ashley:

- That's a fair point. Even small steps like that have a big impact on the environment.

- A) What a waste of time! Don't you have anything better to do?
- B) Really? Why would you do that when you can buy anything from a supermarket?
- C) Do you believe it will make a difference for the environment?
- D) Why do you think homegrown vegetables taste better?
- E) That's a great plan! What inspired you to start doing that?

45. Bob:

- It's been so hot lately that I can't eat or sleep properly. I feel tired all the time.

Chloé:

- You should take a cold shower before bed and try recipes that boost your energy and keep you hydrated.

Bob:

– ----

Chloé:

- Make smoothies with fruits like bananas and berries. They are refreshing, nutritious, and hydrate you all day long.

- A) Isn't there an easier solution than trying new recipes?
- B) That makes sense. Do you have any suggestions in mind?
- C) Should I also limit my caffeine intake?
- D) Sounds good, but do you really think that will make a difference?
- E) Will it be enough to just stay indoors?

46. Tiana:

– ----

Stacy:

– **Like what? Can you give me an example?**

Tiana:

– **The Romans built long channels to bring water from far away into their cities.**

Stacy:

– **Wow, that's impressive for a civilisation that existed thousands of years ago.**

- A) Ancient civilisations had clever ways to manage water without modern systems.
- B) Understanding the past can provide valuable information about current issues.
- C) Water scarcity is a serious problem today, despite progress in water management.
- D) Modern technology has completely changed how we manage water resources.
- E) Ancient people were mainly nomadic and had no need for water systems.

47. Sophie:

– **Shall we try eco-tourism for our next holiday?**

James:

– ----

Sophie:

– **Yes, that's right. It's also about supporting local communities and learning about their cultures.**

James:

– **That sounds great. I'm definitely interested.**

- A) Do you really think we can afford it with our limited budget?
- B) Wouldn't it be more fun to visit somewhere we've never been before?
- C) You're worried about the impact of tourism on the environment, right?
- D) Aren't there better ways to help the environment?
- E) Isn't it about travelling in a way that benefits the environment?

48. Alex:

– I’ve been reading Shakespeare’s *Hamlet*, but I’m struggling with Early Modern English. It’s hard to follow.

Jenna:

– You might find it helpful to read a modern translation alongside the original text.

Alex:

– ----

Jenna:

– Sure! There’s also the option of watching a live performance; it can help you understand the play better.

- A) Isn’t it better to just stick with the original?
- B) Do you think watching a film adaptation would work as well?
- C) Would reading summaries online be just as difficult?
- D) Should I try reading something else in simple language?
- E) Is there any chance that this could ruin the experience for me?

49. - 53. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

49. Buildings must include ramps and lifts to ensure accessibility for people who use wheelchairs or have mobility challenges.

- A) Someone using a wheelchair or having a mobility issue should ask for ramps and lifts to make sure they can access buildings.
- B) People need to design buildings incorporating ramps and lifts for individuals with wheelchairs and mobility problems.
- C) It is against the law to not include ramps and lifts in a building plan for those who use wheelchairs or have difficulty moving.
- D) Having ramps and lifts is necessary for buildings to provide accessibility for individuals with wheelchairs and walking problems.
- E) In order to secure accessibility, buildings must have featured ramps and lifts for those who use wheelchairs or have trouble walking.

50. Drone delivery allows time-sensitive items like medical supplies to be transported quickly to remote areas.

- A) Rapid delivery of time-sensitive items, such as medical supplies, is not suitable for drone delivery.
- B) Time-sensitive goods, such as medical supplies, can be rapidly taken to remote locations thanks to drone delivery.
- C) Remote areas cannot benefit from the speed and efficiency of drone delivery services.
- D) Drone delivery is sometimes the only way to transport time-sensitive items like medical supplies to remote locations.
- E) When shipping time-sensitive items, like medical supplies, over great distances, drone delivery is the only option.

51. In spite of the lengthy hours involved, fishing is said to be a somewhat peaceful and fulfilling pastime.

- A) Although it demands extended periods, fishing is believed to be a quite calming and satisfying pastime.
- B) Fishing is a hobby that requires long hours and is therefore considered relaxing and rewarding.
- C) Some people say that because of the long hours, fishing may be both physically and mentally demanding.
- D) Only when you have patience can you truly enjoy fishing for an extended period of time.
- E) It is common for fishing to last for extended periods, despite its reputation as a relaxing and fulfilling occupation.

52. Walking or cycling instead of driving can reduce greenhouse gas emissions and air pollution.

- A) To reduce greenhouse gas emissions and air pollution, people should prefer walking or cycling to driving.
- B) One way to lessen our impact on the environment and improve air quality is to walk or ride a bike instead of driving.
- C) It is possible to lower greenhouse gas emissions and air pollution by walking or biking rather than using a car.
- D) People who walk or cycle avoid driving to minimise greenhouse gas emissions and air pollution.
- E) Reducing greenhouse gas emissions and air pollution can be achieved by cycling or walking in place of transportation.

53. Using fluoride toothpaste is beneficial for dental health; it not only strengthens tooth enamel but also reduces the risk of cavities.

- A) Fluoride toothpaste is advantageous for oral health, as it both supports tooth enamel and decreases the likelihood of cavities.
- B) Fluoride toothpaste is effective in reducing cavity risk but not in strengthening tooth enamel.
- C) While fluoride toothpaste strengthens cavity risk, it also damages the health of tooth enamel.
- D) Using fluoride toothpaste is more effective than using non-fluoride toothpaste for cavity prevention and enamel strengthening.
- E) Fluoride toothpaste is as effective in strengthening enamel and reducing cavity risk as other toothpastes.

54. - 58. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

54. You and your sister are visiting İstanbul for the first time. She is eager to visit the city's historical sites, but you do not want to spend all your time at museums and monuments. So trying to find a balance, you say: ----
- A) I'm excited to explore İstanbul's cultural sites and learn about its history.
- B) How about visiting all the museums today and relaxing at the hotel for the rest of the trip?
- C) Let's visit historical places in the morning and local markets and cafés in the afternoon.
- D) Can we skip the museums and just enjoy the street food instead?
- E) Don't forget your camera to capture memories on the trip!
55. You want to spend your next holiday in a ski resort for the first time. However, you have no idea what to do there. You recall your friend mentioning that he went to one last year. Hoping he can give some advice, you ask: ----
- A) How much did you spend on your trip?
- B) What facilities were available at the resort you visited?
- C) Is it possible to rent skiing equipment for two weeks?
- D) What did you think of the place you stayed?
- E) Where did you book the one you visited last year?

56. You are sitting at a study table at the library. Someone nearby is listening to music through their headphones, but the music is still audible and distracting you from studying. You kindly say: ----
- A) Can you turn it down? I can hear your music over mine.
- B) I'm not here to listen to you, so be quiet.
- C) Excuse me, but your music is a bit loud. Can you lower the volume?
- D) Why can't people just use proper headphones in a library?
- E) Can you keep your playlist to yourself?
57. You are having coffee with a close friend. She keeps looking at her phone throughout the conversation. This makes you feel ignored. You want to solve the problem by expressing your feelings directly and honestly. So you say: ----
- A) It seems like you have an urgent situation there. Is there something I can do to help?
- B) I guess your phone is more important than our friendship or meet-up.
- C) If your phone is more interesting, perhaps I should leave you to it.
- D) Maybe you should meet someone else if you find me boring.
- E) Can you put your phone away? I feel like we're not having a proper conversation.

58. You are a software engineer developing a new artificial intelligence (AI) application and face a problem that you are unable to solve. You decide to consult a friend who has years of experience in AI development. So you ask: ----

- A) What are common errors in AI development that I should avoid?
- B) Have you ever used shortcuts that led to bigger problems?
- C) Do you have any strategies that could help me overcome this?
- D) Can you teach me how to optimise it for better performance?
- E) What are the best practices that I should follow in AI development?

59. - 63. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

59. Mini golf is a different version of traditional golf.

---- These obstacles make the game more difficult and entertaining. Mini golf emphasises enjoyment rather than competition. However, like regular golf, the goal is to get the ball into each hole in as few strokes as possible.

- A) Unlike the regular one, the game is played indoors on a miniature course.
- B) The game takes place in a smaller setting with various challenges, such as windmills and ramps.
- C) All players use a wide range of specialised equipment like different types of golf clubs.
- D) This game is usually played with a team of four or more.
- E) In other words, mini golf offers an easy-to-play and family-friendly alternative to the traditional one.

60. ---- Hibernation occurs in winter, which allows animals to save energy when food is scarce. In contrast, aestivation takes place during hot, dry seasons and helps animals avoid dehydration and overheating. Both mechanisms reduce metabolic rate and physical activity, enabling animals to survive unfavourable seasons until conditions improve.

- A) Some people may say that animals are sleeping through winter, yet it is not the same as sleeping.
- B) Depending on the species, hibernation and aestivation can range from deep sleep to light inactivity.
- C) Hibernation is beneficial for some animals, but aestivation is not necessary for all species.
- D) Hibernation and aestivation are survival strategies used by animals to endure extreme temperatures.
- E) Many animals eat extra food and store it as body fat before hibernation or aestivation.

61. A recently uncovered burial site in Ireland revealed the remains of a high-status individual from the Bronze Age. The grave contained gold jewellery and ceremonial weapons. ---- These findings offer a new understanding of social class structure during this period.

- A) This burial site was primarily used for ordinary people with few valuable items.
- B) Researchers found no evidence of human remains at the site.
- C) These artefacts were made from stone and wood with limited resources.
- D) The grave was empty, which suggests that it had been robbed long ago.
- E) The presence of luxury items indicates the existence of a social hierarchy.

62. Rare diseases affect a small part of the population. Generally, these conditions are genetic and can be really hard to identify through medical examination.

---- Increased awareness and research funding are essential to develop effective treatments and support affected individuals.

- A) Some rare diseases get their names from the physicians who first described them.
- B) Patient support groups hold social events to connect those dealing with similar conditions.
- C) They may go undetected due to a lack of knowledge among healthcare professionals.
- D) Common diseases like diabetes and hypertension affect millions worldwide.
- E) It is also important to note that they manifest in early childhood, so specialised pediatric care is essential.

63. The Great Wall of China is one of the most famous landmarks in the world. It was built over several centuries to protect China from invaders and stretches for thousands of miles. ---- Today, it is a popular tourist spot and attracts millions of visitors each year who come to admire its history and wonderful views.

- A) Some parts of the wall have been restored for tourism.
- B) Many parts of the wall are in remote and difficult-to-access areas.
- C) China is also known for other attractions like the Forbidden City.
- D) Several films have been shot at the Great Wall.
- E) Beijing is a city with many cultural and historical sites.

64. - 69. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

64. **Comic books have recently gained popularity thanks to their ability to combine engaging stories with visually striking illustrations.**

- A) Çizgi romanların son dönemlerde popülerliğinin artması, ilgi çekici hikâyeleri görsel açıdan çarpıcı çizimlerle bir araya getirme becerisi sayesinde.
- B) Çizgi romanlar, ilgi çekici hikâyeleri görsel açıdan çarpıcı çizimlerle bir araya getirme becerisi sayesinde son zamanlarda popülerlik kazanmıştır.
- C) Görsel açıdan çarpıcı çizimlerin ilgi çekici hikâyelerle bir araya geldiği çizgi romanlar, son zamanlarda oldukça popülerlik kazanmıştır.
- D) Son zamanlarda çizgi romanların popüler olması, ilgi çekici hikâyeleri görsel açıdan çarpıcı çizimlerle bir araya getirme becerisi sayesinde.
- E) İlgi çekici hikâyeleri görsel açıdan çarpıcı çizimlerle bir araya getiren çizgi romanlar, son dönemlerin en popüler türüdür.

65. **Students engaged in group work tend to achieve higher success, as collaboration allows for diverse perspectives.**

- A) Öğrenciler, birlikte çalışarak çeşitli bakış açılarından faydalanabilir ve böylece daha yüksek başarı elde edebilirler.
- B) Öğrenciler, grup çalışması yaptıklarında ve fikirlerini paylaştıklarında akademik olarak daha iyi performans gösterme eğilimindedirler.
- C) Grup çalışması yoluyla farklı bakış açılarının paylaşılması, öğrenci başarısını önemli ölçüde artırabilir.
- D) Grup çalışması, farklı bakış açılarını teşvik ederek daha yüksek öğrenci başarısına katkıda bulunur.
- E) İşbirliği, farklı bakış açılarına olanak tanıdığı için grup çalışması yapan öğrenciler, daha yüksek başarı elde etme eğilimindedirler.

66. The widespread adoption of green innovation is a result of increasing environmental awareness and technological advancements.

- A) Yeşil inovasyonun benimsenmesindeki artış, daha fazla çevre bilinci ve teknolojik gelişmelerin bir sonucudur.
- B) Yeşil inovasyonun yaygın bir şekilde uygulanması, artan çevre bilinci ve teknolojiye ilerlemeden kaynaklanmaktadır.
- C) Yeşil inovasyonun yaygın olarak benimsenmesi, artan çevre bilinci ve teknolojik ilerlemelerin bir sonucudur.
- D) Artan çevre bilinci ve teknolojik ilerleme, yeşil inovasyonun geniş çapta benimsenmesine yol açmıştır.
- E) Çevre konusunda artan farkındalık ve teknolojiye ilerlemeler, yeşil inovasyonun yaygın olarak kullanılmasına neden olmuştur.

67. Art exhibitions offer a chance to explore and examine different forms of visual art, from paintings to sculptures.

- A) Görsel sanatın resim ve heykel gibi farklı biçimlerini keşfetmek ve incelemek için sanat sergilerini ziyaret etmelisiniz.
- B) Sanat sergileri, resimlerden heykellere kadar görsel sanatın farklı biçimlerini keşfetmek ve incelemek için bir fırsat sunar.
- C) Sanat sergilerinde hem resim hem de heykel gibi sanatın farklı biçimlerini keşfetmek ve incelemek mümkündür.
- D) Sanat sergileri, resim ve heykel gibi görsel sanatın farklı biçimlerini keşfetmek ve incelemek için bir fırsat sunar.
- E) Resimlerden heykellere kadar görsel sanatın her biçiminin keşfedilmesi ve incelenmesi için sergilendiği yer, sanat sergileridir.

68. Renewable energy sources, like solar power, are becoming increasingly popular due to their environmental benefits.

- A) Güneş enerjisi, yenilenebilir enerji kaynaklarındandır ve çevresel faydaları nedeniyle giderek popüler hâle geliyor.
- B) Yenilenebilir enerji kaynaklarından biri olan güneş enerjisinin gün geçtikçe popüler olması kaçınılmazdır.
- C) Çevresel faydaları nedeniyle gün geçtikçe popüler hâle gelen güneş enerjisi, yenilenebilir enerji kaynaklarındandır.
- D) Gün geçtikçe popüler hâle gelen yenilenebilir enerji kaynaklarından olan güneş enerjisinin çevresel faydaları da vardır.
- E) Güneş enerjisi gibi yenilenebilir enerji kaynakları, çevresel faydaları nedeniyle giderek popüler hâle geliyor.

69. A balanced diet consisting of plenty of fruits and vegetables provides the necessary nutrients for the body and supports overall health.

- A) Bol miktarda meyve ve sebze içeren dengeli bir beslenme, vücut için gerekli besinleri sağlar ve genel sağlığı destekler.
- B) Dengeli bir beslenme için vücuda gerekli besinleri sağlayan ve genel sağlığı destekleyen meyve ve sebzeler tüketilmelidir.
- C) Bol miktarda meyve ve sebze içeren bir beslenme planı ile vücudunuza gerekli olan besini alıp genel sağlığınızı desteklersiniz.
- D) Vücut için gerekli besinleri sağlamak ve genel sağlığı desteklemek için meyve ve sebzeler dengeli bir şekilde tüketilmelidir.
- E) Bol miktarda meyve ve sebze içeren dengeli bir beslenme, hem vücut için gerekli besinleri sağlar hem de genel sağlığı destekler.

70. - 75. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

70. Babil'in Asma Bahçeleri, antik dünyanın yedi harikasından biridir fakat gerçekten var olup olmadığı hâlâ tartışmalıdır.

- A) There are doubts about the existence of the Hanging Gardens of Babylon, but it remains one of the Seven Wonders of the Ancient World.
- B) Whether the Hanging Gardens of Babylon, known as one of the Seven Wonders of the Ancient World, actually existed is still debated.
- C) The existence of the Hanging Gardens of Babylon, one of the Seven Wonders of the Ancient World, is still questioned today.
- D) The Hanging Gardens of Babylon is one of the Seven Wonders of the Ancient World, but whether it actually existed is still controversial.
- E) The debate continues over the existence of the Hanging Gardens of Babylon, one of the Seven Wonders of the Ancient World.

71. Tolstoy'un *Savaş ve Barış* eseri, pek çok karakter ve karmaşık olay örgüsüne rağmen heyecan verici bir okuma deneyimi sunar.

- A) Despite having numerous characters and a complex plot, Tolstoy's *War and Peace* offers an exciting reading experience.
- B) Although *War and Peace* by Tolstoy is a pleasant novel, it has too many characters and stories.
- C) In spite of the complexity of its characters and narrative, Tolstoy's *War and Peace* remains an engaging read.
- D) Though it has a variety of strange events and characters, *War and Peace* by Tolstoy is regarded as a masterpiece of storytelling.
- E) Even though it has too many characters and a complex plot, *War and Peace* attracts readers' attention with Tolstoy's rich narrative style.

72. Zermatt, Matterhorn Dağı'nın eteğinde yer alan bir köydür ancak araçsız bir bölge olduğundan ulaşım yalnızca trenle sağlanır.

- A) Zermatt is a village located at the foot of the Matterhorn Mountain; however, since it is a car-free zone, transportation is only possible by train.
- B) Zermatt lies at the base of the Matterhorn, but as it is a car-free region, visitors can only access it by train.
- C) Zermatt is located at the foot of the Matterhorn, yet being a car-free village, it is only accessible by train.
- D) Zermatt is situated at the base of the Matterhorn, but visitors can travel by train since cars are not allowed.
- E) Zermatt is at the foot of the Matterhorn Mountain; however, it is a car-free area, meaning trains are the only way to get there.

73. Origami, detaylı ve sanatsal tasarımlar elde etmek için kağıt katlayarak oluşturulan geleneksel bir el sanatıdır.

- A) Origami, a traditional handicraft, can be described as folding paper to create complex and artistic designs.
- B) The traditional handicraft of folding paper to create detailed and artistic designs is called origami.
- C) Origami, which is folding paper to make complex and artistic styles, is a traditional handicraft.
- D) Folding paper into detailed and artistic patterns is necessary for creating the traditional handicraft, origami.
- E) Origami is a traditional handicraft created by folding paper to achieve detailed and artistic designs.

74. Özel bir etkinlik düzenlemek, her şeyin sorunsuz ilerlemesini sağlamak için her ayrıntının planlanmasını içerir.

- A) To organise a special event, detailed planning is required to make sure that everything runs efficiently.
- B) Detailed planning guarantees that everything goes smoothly when preparing a special event.
- C) It is detailed planning that allows everything to run perfectly while organising a special event.
- D) When organising a special event, it is necessary to do detailed research and plan everything carefully.
- E) Organising a special event involves planning every detail to ensure everything goes smoothly.

75. Endüstri mühendisleri, çeşitli sektörlerde verimliliği artırmak ve maliyetleri düşürmek için karmaşık süreçleri iyileştirmeye odaklanır.

- A) Industrial engineering, which improves complex processes to increase efficiency and lower costs, is essential for different sectors.
- B) The focus of industrial engineers is to increase efficiency and decrease costs in industries in order to improve complexities.
- C) Industrial engineers focus on optimising complex processes to improve efficiency and reduce costs in various industries.
- D) Increasing efficiency and reducing costs in mixed processes is the main task of industrial engineers in various industries.
- E) Industrial engineering means focusing on increased productivity, minimised costs, and improved processes in different sectors.

76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) Deforestation is an environmental issue that negatively affects biodiversity and climate change. (II) Forests take in carbon dioxide and release oxygen, supporting life on Earth. (III) Urbanisation is one factor contributing to the destruction of vast forest areas. (IV) As forests are cleared, soil erosion increases, leading to land degradation and a drop in agricultural productivity. (V) That is why conservation efforts must include stricter policies and reforestation projects.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
77. (I) The symptoms of allergies and intolerances can vary greatly from person to person. (II) However, some common signs include itching, swelling, and digestive issues. (III) Lactose intolerance can result in serious digestive problems without necessarily leading to anaphylaxis. (IV) In extreme cases, anaphylaxis—a life-threatening allergic reaction—can occur, which requires immediate medical attention. (V) It is therefore crucial to recognise and address these symptoms without delay.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) The Scythians were nomadic warriors who dominated the steppes north of the Black Sea. (II) Known for their horsemanship and archery, they built an empire stretching from the Balkans to the Altai Mountains. (III) Their culture, a blend of Iranian and Turkish elements, also produced distinctive art. (IV) The Turco-Iranian culture was characterised by a unique fusion of Persian and Turkish influences. (V) They were skilled metalworkers who could create detailed gold jewellery and other artefacts showing their craftsmanship.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
79. (I) Food has become a significant part of a tourist's experience thanks to the growing interest in authenticity. (II) A culinary tourist, also known as a gastronomy tourist, travels mainly to try out the local cuisine and beverages. (III) However, it is not just about dining in new places. (IV) Being a culinary tourist means having a deep interest in and respect for the history, culture, and environment of the area visited. (V) It includes a comprehensive experience.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) *Dîvânu Lugâti't-Türk* is the oldest known dictionary of the Turkish language, written by Kâşgarlı Mahmud between 1072 and 1074. (II) The manuscript is written on delicate paper made from silk and other natural fibres. (III) The only known manuscript of it was discovered by Ali Emiri, an Ottoman scholar, in 1910. (IV) Recognising its significance, he carefully copied and preserved it. (V) Thanks to his efforts, this invaluable work was brought to light and has since been studied by scholars around the world.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



ORTAÖĞRETİM
GENEL MÜDÜRLÜĞÜ



YKS DENEMELERİ

YDT

İNGİLİZCE

4. DENEME



ADI VE SOYADI

OKUL ADI

ADAYIN İMZASI

ADAYIN DİKKATİNE!

1. Bu sınavda YKS soru dağılımları dikkate alınmıştır.
2. Deneme tam kapsam olup YKS konularının tamamını kapsamaktadır.
3. Bu sınav 80 soru içermektedir.

OGM
MATERYAL

Bu testlerin her hakkı saklıdır. Hangi amaçla olursa olsun, testlerin tamamının veya bir kısmının Milli Eğitim Bakanlığının yazılı izni olmadan kopya edilmesi, fotoğrafının çekilmesi, herhangi bir yolla çoğaltılması, yayımlanması ya da kullanılması yasaktır. Bu yasağa uymayanlar gerekli cezai sorumluluğu ve testlerin hazırlanmasındaki mali külfeti peşinen kabullenmiş sayılır.

AÇIKLAMA

1. Bu kitapçıkta **80 soru** bulunmaktadır.
2. Bu sınav için verilen cevaplama süresi **120 dakikadır (2 saat)**.
3. **Bu sınav puanlanırken doğru cevaplarınızın sayısından yanlış cevaplarınızın sayısının dörtte biri çıkarılacak ve kalan sayı bu test ile ilgili ham puanınız olacaktır.**
4. Kitapçığın sayfalarındaki boş yerleri müsvedde için kullanabilirsiniz.
5. Cevaplamaya istediğiniz sorudan başlayabilirsiniz. Bir soru ile ilgili cevabınızı, cevap kâğıdında o soru için ayrılmış olan yere işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.
6. Bu kitapçıkta yer alan her sorunun sadece bir doğru cevabı vardır. Cevap kâğıdında bir soru için birden çok cevap yeri işaretlenmişse o soru yanlış cevaplanmış sayılacaktır. İşaretlediğiniz bir cevabı değiştirmek istediğinizde silme işlemini çok iyi yapmanız gerektiğini unutmayınız.

1. Bu testte 80 soru vardır.

2. Cevaplarınızı, cevap kâğıdının İngilizce Testi için ayrılan kısmına işaretleyiniz.

1. - 15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. During wildfire response, the top ---- must be to control the spread of the fire to protect communities.
 - A) awareness
 - B) solution
 - C) demand
 - D) investigation
 - E) priority
2. In order to ensure correct results, scientific experiments must be conducted under ---- conditions every time.
 - A) curious
 - B) reliable
 - C) provable
 - D) temporary
 - E) controversial
3. In team sports, success often depends on players working together to ---- support each other and achieve their goals.
 - A) frankly
 - B) originally
 - C) independently
 - D) mutually
 - E) invisibly
4. Forests are home to a variety of animals that ---- different layers of the canopy, from the forest floor to the treetops.
 - A) rotate
 - B) reject
 - C) occupy
 - D) attach
 - E) classify
5. Certain lifestyle changes can help manage high blood pressure, but failing to make these changes can ---- severe health complications.
 - A) pass on
 - B) result in
 - C) carry out
 - D) take off
 - E) bring up
6. Leonardo da Vinci ---- for his artworks, yet he ---- much of his life to scientific studies and inventions as well.
 - A) was famed / would dedicate
 - B) is famed / dedicated
 - C) has been famed / will dedicate
 - D) will be famed / had dedicated
 - E) would be famed / has dedicated

7. The Roman Empire ---- a powerful legal system that is thought ---- modern legal practice.

- A) was able to develop / to have shaped
- B) should have developed / to shape
- C) had to develop / having shaped
- D) used to develop / shaping
- E) might develop / to be shaped

8. Medical tourism, also ---- health tourism, has gained popularity recently, with patients ---- affordable, high-quality medical care abroad.

- A) calling / to seek
- B) being called / to have sought
- C) called / seeking
- D) having called / having sought
- E) having been called / sought

9. ---- the past decade, smart devices have become essential ---- daily life, changing how we interact, work, and get information.

- A) Within / at
- B) For / with
- C) During / from
- D) Over / in
- E) Throughout / upon

10. ---- conflicts, family members should express themselves ---- open conversation rather than suppressing their emotions.

- A) In / with
- B) About / on
- C) Around / via
- D) Of / for
- E) During / through

11. Topsoil, the foundation of agriculture, should be preserved; ----, crop yields will decrease, which threatens food security.

- A) in brief
- B) moreover
- C) instead
- D) otherwise
- E) as a result

12. The Ottoman Empire became quite powerful ---- it had control over vital trade routes and a strong military.

- A) although
- B) ever since
- C) now that
- D) as though
- E) because

13. ---- cultures have unique customs and traditions, but there are also ---- universal values shared by people worldwide.

- A) Both / a few
- B) Many / some
- C) Some / no
- D) Few / lots of
- E) All / any

14. To learn a new skill, one can start ---- by taking a class ---- finding a mentor who can provide guidance and support.

- A) either / or
- B) whether / or
- C) just as / so
- D) neither / nor
- E) as / as

15. The healing process after surgery in younger patients differs from that of older ones ---- tissue regeneration and recovery time.

- A) in the light of
- B) instead of
- C) in terms of
- D) for fear of
- E) as from

16. - 20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Beowulf is an important literary work from the Anglo-Saxon period. It is an epic poem, notable (16)---- being one of the oldest surviving writings in Old English. The story centres around a heroic warrior figure, Beowulf, who fights (17)---- others from terrifying creatures. His adventures include defeating the monster named Grendel and Grendel's mother, (18)---- facing a dragon in his later years. This poem offers a deep understanding of the values of honour and courage in early mediaeval England, which (19)---- the main themes of the literary period. (20)---- the language might seem challenging nowadays, *Beowulf* remains a crucial work regarding the development of both the English language and literature.

- 16. A) of
- B) for
- C) from
- D) by
- E) with
- 17. A) protect
- B) having protected
- C) to protect
- D) to be protected
- E) being protected
- 18. A) such as
- B) in spite of
- C) expect for
- D) different from
- E) as well as
- 19. A) visualises
- B) jeopardises
- C) overlooks
- D) demonstrates
- E) releases
- 20. A) Whereas
- B) Provided that
- C) As long as
- D) Even though
- E) Since

21. - 28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. **But for the existence of social institutions like the family, ----.**

- A) we may never struggle to find a sense of belonging and connection
- B) society would lack the structure and stability needed for individuals to thrive
- C) many people still experience feelings of isolation and disconnection
- D) individuals are able to receive support and guidance from their relatives
- E) kids would have learnt the societal norms that shape their interactions with others

22. **---- in order to help users record their physical activity more accurately.**

- A) Smart fitness trackers should be checked regularly
- B) Many smartwatches send notifications for calls and text messages
- C) The latest smartphone can monitor sleep patterns and provide a report
- D) Some smart fitness bands are equipped with GPS trackers
- E) New devices offer faster performance and customisable features

23. **In spite of the convenience of online shopping, ----.**

- A) online boutiques continue to attract a significant number of customers
- B) few consumers trust well-known supermarkets for dairy products
- C) some people prefer to see and touch products before purchasing them
- D) online retailers offer faster delivery options than physical stores
- E) customer service issues can often be resolved more quickly online

24. **---- because they rely on each other for protection, hunting, and raising their young.**

- A) Dolphins use echolocation by producing a series of clicks to navigate and find food
- B) Dolphins are known for being among the most intelligent animals in the world
- C) Many dolphin species have distinctive behaviours, habitats, and appearances
- D) Dolphins often form strong social bonds with members of their pod
- E) Like whales, dolphins need to come up to the surface regularly to breathe

25. Medical instruments must undergo a complete sterilisation process ----.

- A) so that they are free from any harmful bacteria or viruses that may cause infections
- B) since it may damage their sensitive components and reduce their effectiveness
- C) unless they have come into direct contact with a patient's body or bodily fluids
- D) only if they are intended for single-use purposes and are disposed of after each use
- E) as long as they appear clean on the surface or have only been used briefly

26. Archaeologists carefully document excavation sites ----.

- A) because they can visit the sites whenever they need
- B) although they might use this information for a museum exhibit
- C) only if they do not have the necessary equipment to complete the dig
- D) unless they make sure the findings will not be shared with civilians
- E) in case they need to analyse the layout of ancient civilisations later

27. ----, a visitor centre was built to educate tourists on the region's history.

- A) Other than the decrease in interest in the Stonehenge site
- B) Since archaeologists discovered new findings
- C) If visitors showed growing curiosity about ancient cultures
- D) With the aim of providing a deeper understanding of Stonehenge
- E) In case of availability of guided tours for all age groups

28. ----, Jane Austen was also noted for her unique use of irony and social satire.

- A) As her works were not widely appreciated during her lifetime
- B) Besides her skilled storytelling and complex character development
- C) Even if her novels often critiqued the societal norms and expectations of her time
- D) Due to the fact that she wrote during a time when female authors were not taken seriously
- E) Regardless of her novels now being considered classics of English literature

29. - 31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Studying in a country other than one's own brings various changes. It provides the possibility to connect with new people, explore different cultures, and learn another language, all of which contribute to broadening one's perspective and enhancing personal growth. However, adapting to an unfamiliar academic environment may be challenging at first. For instance, adjusting to different educational systems and classroom norms might cause misunderstandings and feelings of isolation. Settling in and building relationships may take time and effort, making the initial process seem particularly difficult. Homesickness is another potential problem that emerges from being away from family, friends, and familiar surroundings. Despite these challenges, moving to a new country for educational purposes promotes greater open-mindedness, confidence, and determination. Over time, this experience can lead to a meaningful and rewarding life experience, enriched by diverse friendships and a deeper appreciation of other cultures and educational approaches.

29. According to the passage, the challenges of living in a different country for education ----.

- A) lead to failure in adapting to the new culture and surroundings
- B) prevent individuals from feeling comfortable or successful in their academic environment
- C) may be tough at first but eventually contribute to personal development
- D) are so overwhelming that most people choose to return to their home country
- E) are the reasons why one should not consider moving

30. What is the author's attitude towards studying abroad?

- A) Dismissive
- B) Indifferent
- C) Optimistic
- D) Discouraging
- E) Concerned

31. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?

- A) How to Manage Challenges While Studying Abroad
- B) Personal Difficulties in International Experiences
- C) The Impact of Studying Abroad on Classroom Norms
- D) Building Unique Relationships in a Foreign Country
- E) Crossing Borders: The Adventure of Studying in a New Country

32. - 34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Space exploration has always fascinated humanity, and one of the most exciting developments in recent years is the concept of asteroid mining. Asteroids are rich in valuable metals, such as platinum, gold, and nickel, which are scarce on Earth. Companies and space agencies are exploring the possibility of extracting these resources to meet the increasing need for raw materials. In 2016, NASA launched the OSIRIS-REx mission, which successfully collected samples from the asteroid Bennu. These samples are helping scientists understand the composition of asteroids and the potential for future mining operations. However, asteroid mining is not without challenges. The technological requirements for extracting and transporting materials from space are immense. Additionally, there are legal and ethical concerns about exploiting extraterrestrial resources. Even with these issues, the potential rewards make asteroid mining an interesting idea for the future of space exploration.

32. According to the passage, one of the goals of asteroid mining is to ----.

- A) explore new planets for human colonisation
- B) gather valuable metals that are rare on Earth
- C) create new habitats on asteroids
- D) find water sources for future space missions
- E) study the history of the solar system

33. It can be inferred from the passage that asteroid mining ----.

- A) is already a well-established industry
- B) is free from any legal or ethical concerns
- C) has been a research field for NASA since 2016
- D) is less challenging than traditional mining
- E) has been successfully completed on many asteroids

34. The passage mentions that one of the challenges of asteroid mining is the ----.

- A) environmental impact on asteroids during mining operations
- B) high cost of launching missions to asteroids
- C) difficulty in finding suitable asteroids to mine
- D) lack of interest from space agencies
- E) technological complexities involved in space mining

35. - 37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Glamping, a combination of 'glamorous' and 'camping', offers a unique opportunity to experience nature without giving up modern comforts. Unlike traditional camping, where you might sleep in a simple tent or cook over a campfire, glamping offers luxurious accommodations. These include cosy cabins, stylish tents, or even treehouses equipped with electricity, bathrooms, and comfortable beds. This trend has gained popularity among travellers who want to enjoy the outdoors but prefer a more comfortable and convenient stay. Glamping sites are often located in beautiful, remote areas, allowing visitors to connect with nature while still having access to amenities commonly found in hotels. Whether it is a weekend getaway or a longer holiday, glamping enables people to relax and appreciate the beauty of nature without sacrificing the comforts of home.

35. According to the passage, glamping ----.

- A) requires guests to cook their meals over a campfire
- B) offers a luxurious experience in natural settings
- C) involves staying in remote areas with a low standard of comfort
- D) is more popular among those looking for a weekend trip
- E) provides a more affordable option than traditional camping

36. The underlined word 'amenities' is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) agencies
- B) invitations
- C) locations
- D) facilities
- E) exhibitions

37. What is the author's primary purpose in this passage?

- A) To describe the features and appeal of glamping
- B) To explain the differences between glamping and traditional camping
- C) To provide a step-by-step guide to glamping for beginners
- D) To give examples of glamping accommodations
- E) To encourage people to start spending time outdoors

38. - 40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Light pollution is the excessive and misdirected artificial light in the environment. It is mostly caused by streetlights, billboards, and buildings that emit light in all directions, disrupting natural darkness. This has serious consequences for human health and the environment. Excessive artificial light at night can change our sleep habits, leading to sleeplessness, tiredness, and other health issues. It can also get in the way of animals' natural migration patterns, disrupt their reproductive cycles, and reduce their chances of survival. To fight against light pollution, we can use shielded lighting, lower the brightness of outdoor lights, and promote knowledge of responsible lighting practices. Turning off unnecessary lights not only helps preserve the natural environment but also restores our ability to appreciate the stars once again.

38. According to the passage, light pollution ----.

- A) cannot be avoided in spite of practical measures
- B) does not directly affect human health
- C) is a result of improper use of artificial lighting
- D) is a minor issue caused by indoor lighting
- E) has an impact on animals' ability to find food

39. It can be concluded from the passage that ----.

- A) there is a growing need to promote responsible lighting
- B) light pollution affects people's sleep patterns less than animals' reproductive cycles
- C) reducing outdoor lighting cannot prevent light pollution
- D) the natural migration patterns of animals have remained unchanged
- E) light pollution is not a major concern for urban areas

40. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?

- A) The Effects of Light Pollution on Observing Stars
- B) Strategies for Decreasing Street Light Brightness
- C) Technological Challenges in Reducing Light Pollution
- D) How Excessive Artificial Light Affects the Environment and Health
- E) The Role of Shielded Lighting in Avoiding Light Pollution

41. - 43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The human body is home to trillions of microorganisms, which are all together known as the microbiome. This complex network of living organisms, which is mainly composed of bacteria, fungi, and viruses, plays a key role in many different bodily functions. New studies have shown that the microbiome has a significant influence on digestion, immunity, mental well-being, and even weight management. While certain microbial imbalances can lead to diseases, a growing body of evidence suggests that having a good mix of a diverse and balanced microbiome in the body is essential for overall well-being. That is why probiotics, prebiotics, and dietary adjustments are emerging as potential strategies to improve gut health and, consequently, systemic health.

41. A healthy microbiome is crucial for human health because it ----.

- A) helps maintain mental well-being and assists in weight management
- B) is composed of trillions of microorganisms living in the human body
- C) influences various bodily functions including digestion and immunity
- D) promotes the use of probiotics and prebiotics for gut health
- E) is filled with bacteria, fungi, and viruses that work together in harmony

42. According to the passage, the microbiome getting out of balance can bring about ----.

- A) improved physical performance
- B) a boost in natural immunity
- C) changes in overall body weight
- D) diseases and health issues
- E) an increase in the use of probiotics

43. The primary purpose of the passage is to ----.

- A) explain the different types of microorganisms in the human body
- B) discuss the negative impacts of fungi and viruses on health
- C) explore the relationship between the microbiome and mental health
- D) provide detailed information about probiotics and prebiotics
- E) highlight the importance of the microbiome for overall well-being

44. - 48. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

44. Riley:

- **Did you know that the Great Wall of China was built more than 2,000 years ago?**

Casey:

- **Really? How did they manage such a huge project without modern technology?**

Riley:

– ----

Casey:

- **Wow! That must have taken an enormous amount of time and effort.**

- A) They used human power, simple tools, and materials like earth, wood, and stone.
- B) They built it overnight, with the assistance of every citizen working at the same time.
- C) They had access to electricity and used power tools for the entire construction.
- D) They mostly relied on detailed handwritten project designs.
- E) They built it in just a few months to protect the empire from its enemies.

45. Müge:

- **Do you have any plans for this weekend?**

Kate:

– ----

Müge:

- **I was wondering if you'd like to join me on a business trip to Bolu.**

Kate:

- **I haven't been there before, but I've heard it's a beautiful place with amazing food. Count me in!**

- A) I actually have a family gathering on Sunday. What about you?
- B) I'll stay in and watch films. Do you have any thriller or comedy suggestions?
- C) Not really. It's been a busy week. Do you have something in mind?
- D) I'm planning a culinary trip but unsure where. How's Bolu for that?
- E) No, but I might attend a festival in Bolu. Can I borrow your car?

46. Maverick:

- **Watching a play live is so different from seeing a film.**

Donovan:

– ----

Maverick:

- **Yes, you feel more connected to the story and the characters.**

Donovan:

- **Exactly. The energy of live performances is really fascinating.**

- A) Do you like modern or classical plays?
- B) Have you been to a theatre recently?
- C) Do you prefer recorded performances?
- D) Is it because of the atmosphere?
- E) Do you think theatre is outdated?

47. James:

- **Have you noticed the growing trend of people working from home?**

Vince:

- **Yes, it's changing the way we think about work-life balance.**

James:

– ----

Vince:

- **Mostly, yes. The lines between personal and professional life can become blurred, which may lead to burnout.**

- A) So, is working from home actually beneficial for both sides?
- B) Does that mean people should prefer working from home entirely?
- C) What do you mean by that? Is it a negative thing?
- D) Should companies consider hiring professionals who work remotely?
- E) Do you think that working from home can improve productivity?

48. Meg:

– **Did you know that the Earth's core is as hot as the surface of the Sun?**

Sophie:

– **Yes, it's incredible to think about the intense heat beneath our feet.**

Meg:

– ----

Sophie:

– **Absolutely, it plays a crucial role in driving Earth's geological processes.**

- A) Does this heat impact volcanic activity and earthquakes?
- B) Does this mean that our understanding of Earth's interior needs constant updates?
- C) Is there any research about the Earth's magnetic field?
- D) Should scientists invest more in studying the Earth's core or in space exploration?
- E) Are there any practical applications of this information?

49. - 53. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

49. **Gilding is a technique that is used to decorate a surface by applying a thin layer of gold or a substance similar to gold.**

- A) One of the most popular decorative methods is gilding, which is coating different objects with gold or gold-like materials.
- B) Covering the surface with a fine coat of gold or a material like gold is the decorative technique of gilding.
- C) Gilding is one way to lightly cover objects using gold and substances resembling gold to make them look shinier.
- D) The thin appliance of gold or materials like gold is called gilding, and many people prefer this method for decoration.
- E) People who like gold might use gilded items coated with either real gold or gold-coloured paint to decorate their houses.

50. Seagulls mostly eat fish and sea creatures near the shore, whereas crows consume insects and trash in cities.

- A) Seagulls and crows both find their own food; seagulls usually eat marine creatures, but crows feed on insects and city waste.
- B) Coastal animals are the basic food of seagulls; however, crows tend to eat insects and anything they find in the trash.
- C) Crows search for food in litter bins or consume insects, yet seagulls tend to eat marine animals near the coast.
- D) Seagulls primarily consume fish and aquatic creatures near the coastline, while crows eat insects and garbage in urban areas.
- E) Even though crows prefer consuming different bugs and garbage, seagulls mainly catch fish or sea creatures.

51. Whether spending a day at the beach or running errands, you should always apply sunscreen with a high SPF.

- A) Regular application of sunscreen with a high SPF is what will protect your skin both at the beach and during your daily chores.
- B) Only when you are planning to spend long periods of time at the beach is it necessary to apply sunscreen with a high SPF.
- C) Use a high-SPF sunscreen to prevent sun damage wherever you are going and whatever you are doing.
- D) Regardless of whether you are at the beach or running errands, make sure that your sunscreen has sufficient SPF for protection.
- E) You had better always wear high-SPF sunscreen, no matter if you are enjoying a day at the beach or going on errands.

52. The Inca developed a complex system of terrace farming to maximise agricultural productivity.

- A) The Inca civilisation constructed many terraced fields with the aim of optimising agricultural production.
- B) To improve farming yields, a complicated system of terrace farming was created by the Inca people.
- C) The Inca civilisation developed a complicated system of farming as a means of increasing food production.
- D) In order to make the most of their land, the Inca people designed a complex system of terraces.
- E) The Incas built a complex system of farming so that they were able to boost agricultural output.

53. The kimono is more than clothing in Japan, with specific designs indicating different aspects of the wearer's life.

- A) In Japan, kimonos are worn as clothing and barely reflect cultural or personal messages about the person who wears them.
- B) People in Japan wear kimonos with specific designs to give messages about themselves and their lifestyles.
- C) Japanese people prefer wearing kimonos with specific designs over other traditional clothing that reflects their lives.
- D) The kimono is not considered symbolic in Japan, yet its design has cultural significance and reflects the wearer.
- E) In Japan, the kimono is not just clothing; its specific designs reflect numerous aspects of the wearer's life.

54. - 58. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

54. One of your favourite authors is coming to your city to give a talk. However, you promised to help your friend move to a new apartment that day. You are really sorry and say to your friend you will make it up: ----

- A) This is a rare chance to see my favourite writer. I'm sorry, but I'll do something nice for you later.
- B) Why not reschedule the move to another day so we can both attend the talk together?
- C) Sorry, but I think you should find someone else to help with the move.
- D) I really don't want to miss this, but I promised to help you move, and I want to keep my word.
- E) Don't you think you're overdoing it a bit? We can do the packing the next day, can't we?

55. Your co-worker received an e-mail from the supervisor for an urgent meeting, and he started biting his nails nervously. You realise he cannot stop worrying that he made a mistake or forgot a task. Trying to comfort him, you say: ----

- A) Wait until the supervisor calls you, and then ask what the problem is.
- B) You should respond with an apology, even if you haven't done anything wrong.
- C) Try to stay calm. Maybe it is just a routine meeting for an update.
- D) If I were you, I'd delete the e-mail without reading it. It's probably not important.
- E) It's likely that you're getting fired. Start looking for a new job right away.

56. You have recently bought a smart speaker. Though the salesperson praised its sound quality, you have found it lacks clarity. You go to the store again to return the item and take your money back, and you say angrily: ----

- A) I can barely hear anything with this speaker. It's like you sold me a broken toy.
- B) Despite the positive review, the speaker's sound quality isn't meeting my expectations.
- C) This is garbage. It's like listening through a tin can. Are you trying to scam me?
- D) This speaker is horrible. I'm demanding a full refund immediately.
- E) I appreciate your help, but the speaker doesn't have the clarity you mentioned.

57. You have invited your friends over for a film. However, one of them is not a big fan of thrillers. You want to make sure that everyone is comfortable and has a good time in the evening, so you say: ----

- A) Let's choose a film that we'll all enjoy so that no one feels left out.
- B) Why don't we just pick the film I've been dying to see?
- C) I hope you're okay with watching films, as we plan to watch quite a few.
- D) I'll be upset if you don't enjoy the film we're going to watch.
- E) I know you don't like films, but I'm sure you'll like the one I've chosen.

58. You are a volunteer at a local park clean-up event. You notice a group of people leaving their picnic trash behind. You want to remind them politely to clean up. So you say: ----

- A) You should be ashamed for leaving your trash behind like that.
- B) Hey! Don't you know it's wrong to dump trash in the park?
- C) I'll clean up after you if you're too lazy to do it yourselves.
- D) Would you mind taking your rubbish with you when you leave?
- E) Is it okay if I throw away your garbage when you're finished?

59. - 63. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

59. ---- These agents are usually harmless; however, some individuals may experience symptoms like sneezing and breathing difficulties when exposed to them. Such reactions might make everyday activities challenging. By avoiding triggers or taking medications, people with allergies can better manage their daily routines.

- A) An allergic reaction is a dangerous condition, usually causing serious problems.
- B) The immune system's strong response to dust, pollen, or certain foods is called an allergic reaction.
- C) Anaphylactic shock is a life-threatening allergic reaction that occurs rapidly, affecting multiple body systems.
- D) Individuals who touch animals may go through some discomfort like itching.
- E) Dust collects on surfaces and can cause sneezing or breathing problems in people who are sensitive to it.

60. In the icy wilds of Finnish Lapland, cars cannot access many locations, so snowmobiles are used instead. Recently, eco-friendly versions known as eSleds have started to operate in this beautiful area. ---- As a result, they provide a more sustainable and peaceful way to explore the breathtaking landscapes of Lapland without harming the environment.

- A) Locals use them for daily commutes and errands, while tourists enjoy them to explore frozen lakes, forests, and ice-fishing spots.
- B) The need for regular charging and the potential for battery failures in cold weather conditions can present challenges.
- C) They are environmentally friendly and silent, using only electricity instead of petrol or other pollutants.
- D) As technology progresses, they are expected to become more accessible and affordable, encouraging wider use.
- E) Safety concerns have also been raised, particularly regarding speed limits and proper user training.

61. Bessie Coleman, born in 1892, was the first African American woman pilot. ---- After earning her pilot's licence, she returned to the U.S. and became a celebrated air show performer, thrilling audiences with exciting tricks. Her courage and determination made history and opened doors for future generations of aviators.

- A) She raised money to found a school for Black aviators but lost her life before it could be established.
- B) Denied entry into American flight schools due to her race and gender, she went to France for training.
- C) Her family was poor, and she often worked in the cotton fields to support them.
- D) Known as 'Brave Bessie', she would perform spins, barrel rolls, and figure eights in her plane.
- E) She survived a terrible accident in 1923 that left her with a broken leg and ribs.

62. Noh theatre is a traditional style of Japanese drama known for its meditative and poetic qualities. It uses dance, music, and poetry together to create a highly stylised and symbolic performance. ---- Noh masks worn by the main characters are carefully crafted so they can express the emotions and identities of the characters successfully.
- A) Noh theatre has been recognised as an Intangible Cultural Heritage by UNESCO.
 - B) The plots of Noh plays often come from traditional tales, legends, and historical events.
 - C) The use of slow, deliberate movements and stylised gestures is essential to Noh performance.
 - D) Noh theatre is traditionally performed by all-male casts, who play both male and female roles.
 - E) The audience for Noh theatre is typically small and very familiar with the art form.

63. Emotions are both universal and specific to culture. ---- This reflects shared aspects of the human condition. However, certain emotions are deeply rooted in specific cultural contexts and unique to those cultures, like *saudade* in Portugal or *hygge* in Denmark. This shows that while the capacity to feel is universal, the expression of emotions can be deeply influenced by cultural factors.
- A) Feelings and emotional expressions can vary significantly across cultures.
 - B) Basic emotions like joy, sadness, and anger are experienced across all cultures.
 - C) Such emotions are meaningful only within their cultural contexts.
 - D) *Schadenfreude* is the pleasure one feels from witnessing another person's misfortune.
 - E) It shows how deeply culture shapes our understanding and expression of feelings.

64. - 69. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

64. **Dark energy explains why the universe is expanding faster than expected, despite the gravitational forces on cosmic objects.**
- A) Kozmik nesnelere uygulanan çekim kuvvetinin beklenenden daha hızlı artmasını açıklayan, karanlık enerji kavramıdır.
 - B) Karanlık enerji fikri, evrendeki cisimlerin çekim kuvvetlerine rağmen oldukça hızlı genişlemesini açıklamak üzere geliştirilmiştir.
 - C) Karanlık enerji, kozmik nesneler üzerindeki çekim kuvvetlerine rağmen evrenin neden beklenenden daha hızlı genişlediğini açıklamaktadır.
 - D) Evren, beklenenden daha hızlı genişlese de karanlık enerji, kozmik cisimler üzerinde niçin çekim kuvveti olduğunu açıklıyor.
 - E) Karanlık enerji, kozmik cisimlerin uyguladığı çekim gücüne rağmen evrenin nasıl beklenenden hızlı genişlediğini açıklayabilir.

65. **Embroidery is both an art and a craft since it combines traditional techniques with creativity to form unique designs.**

- A) Benzersiz tasarımlar için geleneksel teknikleri ve yaratıcılığı birleştiren nakış, yalnız zanaat değil aynı zamanda bir sanattır.
- B) Hem bir sanat hem de bir zanaat olan nakışta, eşsiz tasarımlar için geleneksel tekniklerin yanında yaratıcılık da gerekir.
- C) Geleneksel teknikler ve yaratıcılığın gerektiği nakış, yalnızca bir zanaat değil eşsiz tasarımların ortaya konabildiği bir sanattır.
- D) Benzersiz tasarımların ancak geleneksel teknikler ve yaratıcılık bir aradayken üretildiği nakış, hem bir sanat hem de bir zanaattır.
- E) Eşsiz tasarımlar oluşturmak için geleneksel teknikler ve yaratıcılığı birleştirdiğinden nakış, hem bir sanat hem de bir zanaattır.

66. Whereas the Himalayas are still rising due to ongoing tectonic activity, the Alps have long since stopped growing.

- A) Sürmekte olan tektonik hareketlilik sebebiyle Himalayalar hâlâ yükseliyor olsa da Alpler'de uzun süredir bir hareketlilik yoktur.
- B) Himalayalar, devam eden tektonik hareketler nedeniyle hâlâ yükselse de Alpler'in büyümesi bir süredir durmuştur.
- C) Devam eden tektonik aktivite nedeniyle Himalayalar hâlâ yükselse de Alpler'in büyümesi çoktan durmuştur.
- D) Alpler'in büyümesi epeydir durmuş olsa da devam eden tektonik hareketlerden dolayı Himalayalar, hâlâ yükselmektedir.
- E) Hâlâ süren tektonik hareketler yüzünden Himalayalar, yükselmeye devam etse bile Alpler çok uzun zamandır yükselmemektedir.

67. Sound therapy uses specific frequencies and tones to help balance emotions while supporting the body's natural healing process.

- A) Ses terapisi, vücudun doğal iyileşme sürecini desteklerken duyguları dengelemeye yardımcı olmak için belirli frekanslar ve tonlar kullanmaktadır.
- B) Doğal iyileşme süreci sırasında, duyguların düzenlenmesi için farklı frekanslar ve tonlar kullanılarak ses terapisi uygulanır.
- C) Kimi frekanslar ve tonlar, insanların doğal iyileşme sürecini hızlandırmak ve duygularını eşitlemek için ses terapisinde kullanılabilir.
- D) Ses terapisi, özel frekanslar ve tonlar aracılığıyla insanların duygularını dengelemeye yardımcı olan ve doğal iyileşme süreçlerini hızlandıran bir yöntemdir.
- E) Ses terapisinde kullanılan bazı frekanslar ve tonlar, duyguların dengelenmesine yardım ederken vücudun doğal iyileşme sürecini de destekler.

68. In 1869, Mendeleev formed the first periodic table by organising elements based on their atomic weights and chemical properties.

- A) Mendeleev, 1869'da ilk periyodik tabloyu oluşturmasaydı, elementleri ağırlıkları ve kimyasal özelliklerine göre düzenleyemezdik.
- B) Mendeleev, 1869 yılında elementlerin atom ağırlıklarını ve kimyasal özelliklerini sınıflandırdıktan sonra ilk periyodik tabloyu oluşturmuştur.
- C) Temel olarak atom ağırlıkları ve kimyasal özellikleri üzerinde çalışan Mendeleev, 1869'da ilk periyodik tabloyu tamamladı.
- D) 1869, Mendeleev'in çeşitli atom ağırlıkları ve kimyasal özelliklerini düzenleyerek ilk periyodik tabloyu geliştirdiği yıldır.
- E) Mendeleev, 1869 yılında elementleri atom ağırlıkları ve kimyasal özelliklerine göre düzenleyerek ilk periyodik tabloyu oluşturdu.

69. The *Shinkansen*, the bullet train, is an exceptionally fast travel option across Japan, connecting major cities like Tokyo and Osaka.

- A) Tokyo ve Osaka gibi büyük şehirleri birbirine bağlamasıyla bilinen hızlı tren *Shinkansen*, Japonya genelinde oldukça hızlı bir seyahat seçeneğidir.
- B) *Shinkansen* hızlı treni, Japonya sınırlarında Tokyo ve Osaka gibi önemli şehirleri doğrudan bağlayarak sıra dışı ve oldukça hızlı bir seyahat imkânı sağlar.
- C) Japonya genelinde olağanüstü bir hıza ulaşabilen hızlı tren *Shinkansen*, Tokyo ve Osaka gibi büyük ve önemli şehirleri birbirine bağlar.
- D) Hızlı tren *Shinkansen*, Japonya genelinde Tokyo ve Osaka gibi büyük şehirleri birbirine bağlayan son derece hızlı bir seyahat seçeneğidir.
- E) Japonya'da Tokyo ve Osaka gibi büyük şehirleri bağlayan hızlı tren *Shinkansen*, ülkenin en nadir seyahat seçenekleri arasındadır.

70. - 75. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

70. Motivasyon, sıklıkla içsel bir güç olarak düşünülse de sevdiklerinizden gördüğünüz destek gibi dış etkenlerden de etkilenebilir.

- A) Although motivation is often thought of as an internal force, it can also be affected by external factors, like the support you get from loved ones.
- B) Motivation is not only driven by internal factors but also influenced by external factors such as the support you get from your friends.
- C) For some, motivation comes from within, while for others, it can be external, such as the love and support they receive from their family.
- D) Motivation is determined by a complex interaction of internal and external factors, including the social support you receive.
- E) Though internal motivation is more powerful, external factors like the support from loved ones can still make a difference.

71. Sait Faik Hikâye Armağanı, 1955'ten bu yana her yıl bir öykü yazarına verilen en saygın edebiyat ödülleri arasında biridir.

- A) One of the highest literary awards, the Sait Faik Story Award has been given to a short story writer every year since 1955.
- B) The Sait Faik Story Award is one of the most prestigious literature awards given annually to a short story writer since 1955.
- C) Since 1955, the Sait Faik Story Award has been one of the most influential literary awards presented to a short story writer.
- D) The Sait Faik Story Award, which has been given yearly to a writer of short stories since 1955, is the most important literary award.
- E) Given annually to a short story writer since 1955, the Sait Faik Story Award is among the most esteemed awards in the field of literature.

72. Sağlık hizmetlerinde geniş çapta kullanılan hizmet robotları, birçok fayda sunar ancak yüksek maliyetleri, yaygın kullanımlarını sınırlandırmaktadır.

- A) Despite the limitations imposed by their high costs, service robots are widely used in areas such as healthcare.
- B) Service robots, which are especially preferred in healthcare, have numerous benefits, but their use is low due to their cost.
- C) Because of their high cost, the benefits of service robots are actively employed in the healthcare industry.
- D) Service robots, which are widely used in healthcare, offer many benefits, but their high costs limit their widespread use.
- E) In spite of the many advantages in healthcare, the high costs of service robots restrict their broader use.

73. Stresli bir günün ardından dinlenmek için yapılan aktiviteler, kişinin zihinsel ve fiziksel sağlığını olumlu yönde etkiler.

- A) One's mental and physical health is positively affected by activities done to relax after a stressful day.
- B) After a stressful day, one should do activities that positively affect mental and physical health to relax.
- C) Relaxation activities one has done after a stressful day positively affect mental and physical health.
- D) To relax after a stressful day, activities that positively affect one's mental and physical health should be done.
- E) Activities done to relax after a stressful day positively affect one's mental and physical health.

74. Bazı bitki türleri, kuraklık dönemlerinde hayatta kalmak için yapraklarını dökerken diğerleri, su depolayarak direnç gösterir.

- A) The resistance of some plant species to drought periods is by storing water, while others shed their leaves.
- B) While some plant species shed their leaves to survive drought periods, others resist by storing water.
- C) To survive drought periods, some plant species shed their leaves, and others store water in order to resist.
- D) Drought periods cause some plant species to shed their leaves, whereas others resist by storing water.
- E) Some plant species shed their leaves to develop resistance to drought as others store water to survive.

75. Astım, hava yollarının iltihaplanması nedeniyle nefes alıp vermede güçlük yaşanmasına sebep olan süregelen bir akciğer hastalığıdır.

- A) Asthma is a chronic lung disease that causes difficulty in breathing due to the inflammation of the airways.
- B) As a chronic lung disease, asthma causes difficulty in breathing due to the inflammation of the airways.
- C) Difficulty in breathing caused by the inflammation of the airways is asthma, a chronic lung disease.
- D) The inflammation of the airways causes difficulty in breathing in asthma, a chronic lung disease.
- E) Asthma, as a chronic lung disease, causes great difficulty in breathing owing to the inflammation of the airways.

76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) The Terracotta Army is a set of clay sculptures that was uncovered in China in 1974. (II) These statues were found buried with Qin Shi Huang, the first Emperor of China, for protection in the afterlife. (III) Each figure is unique and represents soldiers, horses, and weaponry. (IV) Archaeologists are still examining the techniques used to preserve these sculptures. (V) The Museum of the Terracotta Army displays them today, attracting visitors from all over the world.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) Butterfly Valley, located on the Turkish coast near Fethiye, is a peaceful holiday destination famous for its many butterflies and stunning views. (II) The valley gets its name from the colourful butterflies that live among the trees and cliffs. (III) Butterfly Valley is hard to reach; that makes it unsuitable for families who have children under the age of seven. (IV) Visitors can explore the valley, swim in the calm sea, and enjoy the peaceful environment. (V) It is a wonderful spot for nature lovers and those looking for a relaxing getaway.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) Magical realism blends elements of fantasy and myth with real-life stories. (II) It therefore blurs the line between reality and imagination. (III) The places where magical realist stories take place are often filled with lots of mystery and uncertainty. (IV) Many argue that its popularity has recently declined due to changing literary tastes. (V) This genre uses everyday settings to explore extraordinary events or phenomena, thereby creating a sense of wonder within familiar contexts.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) A parent's role is to prepare their children to become self-sufficient adults who can overcome obstacles. (II) In authoritative parenting, parents are caring and supportive while setting clear boundaries for their children. (III) They guide behaviour by explaining rules, encouraging discussion, and using logical reasoning. (IV) This approach helps children understand the consequences of their actions while feeling respected and heard. (V) As a result, children raised with this style often develop strong self-discipline, confidence, and social skills.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) Chaos theory studies how small changes in initial conditions can lead to vastly different outcomes. (II) It means making long-term predictions and planning are necessary in science. (III) This is famously illustrated by the butterfly effect, where the flap of a butterfly's wings could cause a tornado weeks later. (IV) It has applications in various fields, including economics, weather forecasting, and even biology. (V) Consequently, it helps us understand the complexity of dynamic systems and the limits of predictability in the world.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



ORTAÖĞRETİM
GENEL MÜDÜRLÜĞÜ



YKS DENEMELERİ

YDT

İNGİLİZCE

5. DENEME



ADI VE SOYADI

OKUL ADI

ADAYIN İMZASI

ADAYIN DİKKATİNE!

1. Bu sınavda YKS soru dağılımları dikkate alınmıştır.
2. Deneme tam kapsam olup YKS konularının tamamını kapsamaktadır.
3. Bu sınav 80 soru içermektedir.

OGM
MATERYAL

Bu testlerin her hakkı saklıdır. Hangi amaçla olursa olsun, testlerin tamamının veya bir kısmının Milli Eğitim Bakanlığının yazılı izni olmadan kopya edilmesi, fotoğrafının çekilmesi, herhangi bir yolla çoğaltılması, yayımlanması ya da kullanılması yasaktır. Bu yasağa uymayanlar gerekli cezai sorumluluğu ve testlerin hazırlanmasındaki mali külfeti peşinen kabullenmiş sayılır.

AÇIKLAMA

1. Bu kitapçıkta **80 soru** bulunmaktadır.
2. Bu sınav için verilen cevaplama süresi **120 dakikadır (2 saat)**.
3. **Bu sınav puanlanırken doğru cevaplarınızın sayısından yanlış cevaplarınızın sayısının dörtte biri çıkarılacak ve kalan sayı bu test ile ilgili ham puanınız olacaktır.**
4. Kitapçığın sayfalarındaki boş yerleri müsvedde için kullanabilirsiniz.
5. Cevaplamaya istediğiniz sorudan başlayabilirsiniz. Bir soru ile ilgili cevabınızı, cevap kâğıdında o soru için ayrılmış olan yere işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.
6. Bu kitapçıkta yer alan her sorunun sadece bir doğru cevabı vardır. Cevap kâğıdında bir soru için birden çok cevap yeri işaretlenmişse o soru yanlış cevaplanmış sayılacaktır. İşaretlediğiniz bir cevabı değiştirmek istediğinizde silme işlemini çok iyi yapmanız gerektiğini unutmayınız.

1. - 15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Literary prizes and awards can hugely impact an author's career by providing a platform to gain ----, boost book sales, and thus reach a much wider readership.

A) recognition
B) sympathy
C) permission
D) tightness
E) consumption

2. The Industrial Revolution showed that increased productivity and material wealth were ---- by means of technological innovation and economic restructuring.

A) voluntary
B) achievable
C) offensive
D) miserable
E) artificial

3. The safety protocols of high-speed rail systems, which are becoming more common worldwide, must be ---- examined to prevent any potential disasters.

A) briefly
B) thoroughly
C) roughly
D) improperly
E) mistakenly

4. The city of Petra, famous for its rock-cut architecture and water distribution system, had to be ---- as trade routes changed and the city's importance declined.

A) analysed
B) scheduled
C) targeted
D) consulted
E) abandoned

5. In the realm of politics, inexperience may ---- a candidate since voters often prefer those with a proven record of public service, policymaking, and leadership.

A) throw away
B) centre upon
C) watch over
D) count against
E) stand for

6. *Ayurveda*, which ---- in India over 3,000 years ago, ---- on maintaining health and wellness through herbal remedies and personalised lifestyle practices.

A) originates / has focused
B) has originated / is focusing
C) originated / focuses
D) had originated / focused
E) was originating / had focused

7. Sustainable travel, which aims ---- the environmental impact of tourism, ---- measures that reduce carbon emissions and preserve natural resources.
- A) to minimise / should incorporate
B) to be minimising / would have incorporated
C) minimising / has to incorporate
D) to have minimised / must be incorporating
E) minimise / might incorporate
8. Interactive dining events, ---- activities like live performances or group challenges, can enhance the experience by ---- dynamic and memorable interactions among guests.
- A) to feature / create
B) to be featuring / having created
C) featuring / creating
D) having featured / to have created
E) featured / to create
9. In the digital age, data privacy requires comprehensive procedures ---- cyberthreats and safeguarding personal information ---- unauthorised access.
- A) on / through
B) into / during
C) along / with
D) against / from
E) for / to
10. *Hanami*, the centuries-old Japanese tradition of celebrating cherry blossoms, involves social gatherings ---- friends and family ---- the *sakura* trees in spring.
- A) from / under
B) among / above
C) off / around
D) for / along
E) with / beneath
11. The Renaissance was a period of artistic rebirth in Europe; ----, the Harlem Renaissance inspired a cultural awakening in African-American arts.
- A) even so
B) in that event
C) in short
D) to illustrate
E) similarly
12. ---- the caste system has been legally abolished in India, its social effects still influence many aspects of life in some rural areas.
- A) Although
B) Only if
C) Given that
D) Until
E) In order that

13. Not ---- historian knows the details of ancient Athens' political system, but it is accepted by ---- of them that it was one of the earliest examples of democracy.

- A) each / neither
- B) either / all
- C) another / none
- D) every / most
- E) one / some

14. Mental stimulation, such as studying a specific subject or learning new skills, is ---- beneficial for cognitive health ---- physical exercise is for overall fitness.

- A) so / that
- B) whether / or
- C) as / as
- D) hardly / when
- E) either / or

15. All species of penguins typically live in the Southern Hemisphere, ---- the Galápagos penguin, which is found in the tropical waters near the equator.

- A) as opposed to
- B) except for
- C) on account of
- D) similar to
- E) as regards

16. - 20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

A new smart shoe technology has been developed for runners, offering real-time performance tracking and feedback. This footwear (16) ---- sensors within the bottom of the shoes, which monitor key metrics like stride length, pace, and ground contact time. A mobile app receives these data points (17) ---- Bluetooth, allowing runners to evaluate and alter their performance. This technology benefits athletes who strive to improve their abilities consistently and effectively. The shoe's cushioning adjusts to various terrains, making it suitable for both road and trail running. (18) ---- tracking metrics, the app also provides personalised coaching tips to motivate users. Some may find the shoe's price high; (19) ---- the benefits, such as injury prevention and enhanced training efficiency, justify the investment. Overall, this smart shoe is a game changer for those (20) ---- to taking their running to the next level.

16. A) separates
B) integrates
C) undertakes
D) precedes
E) implements

17. A) about
B) towards
C) via
D) above
E) for

18. A) In spite of
B) Due to
C) Instead of
D) In addition to
E) In terms of

19. A) otherwise
B) if so
C) meanwhile
D) hence
E) nonetheless

20. A) committed
B) having committed
C) committing
D) to have committed
E) to have been committed

21. - 28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. ----, whereas automated machines are now able to produce fabrics at a much faster rate.

- A) The quality of handmade textiles is valued for its attention to detail and craftsmanship
- B) The demand for textiles may exceed supply, thereby leading to shortages in the market
- C) Manufacturers invested in advanced technology, like robotic sewing machines
- D) Traditional textiles were woven by hand with great care over a longer period of time
- E) The textile industry experienced significant increases in efficiency and productivity

22. Whether due to performance expectations or the need to create a positive first impression, ----.

- A) working together should make every team member feel motivated
- B) some people consider job interviews as stressful and challenging experiences
- C) arranging CVs accordingly is the best way to solve the problem
- D) keeping all concerns to yourself might not always lead to desirable outcomes
- E) communication is the key to maintaining professional relationships

23. While science fiction often explores speculative technological advancements and their impacts on society, ----.

- A) the scenarios are never beyond current science and technology
- B) fantasy fiction creates entirely imaginary worlds with their own rules and systems
- C) the stories are always based on myths and folk legends
- D) it usually involves mythological creatures, such as dragons and unicorns
- E) Arthur C. Clarke's *2001: A Space Odyssey* is a classic example of it

24. ----; likewise, Rome's rich history and architecture make it a top destination for travellers worldwide.

- A) Some European cities, such as Rome and London face challenges with overcrowding and pollution
- B) Tourists may find New York expensive due to the high entrance fees to popular attractions
- C) Those who are looking to avoid the crowds often opt for alternative locations
- D) Paris is renowned for landmarks like the Eiffel Tower and the Louvre, drawing millions of tourists annually
- E) Modern cities attract tourists with their skyscrapers and entertainment opportunities

25. ----, the Minoans spread their culture and technology throughout the Mediterranean region.

- A) Even though they were the most skilled sailors and traders of their time
- B) Since theirs was not a vast empire like other neighbouring civilisations
- C) When they engaged in extensive trade with different ancient peoples
- D) As their civilisation eventually declined due to both invasion and internal unrest
- E) If they had controlled key trade routes and developed strong diplomatic relationships

26. Managing anxiety can be more effective through relaxation techniques and regular exercise, ----.

- A) even though dedicating time to learning a foreign language can also contribute to personal growth
- B) as setting aside time for a new hobby might provide additional relaxation and inner peace
- C) but avoiding difficult conversations altogether can lead to unnecessary stress
- D) whereas prioritising quality sleep with a comfortable mattress is equally essential
- E) provided that these methods are practised consistently and adjusted to fit individual preferences and needs

27. Baby sea turtles instinctively head towards the ocean, using the moonlight as their guide ----.

- A) as soon as they hatch from their eggs on the beach to reach the safety of the water
- B) by the time they embark on a long journey that can span thousands of miles
- C) because all seven species of sea turtles are now endangered due to pollution
- D) now that they have existed for over 100 million years, surviving the age of dinosaurs
- E) since they contribute greatly to the health of marine ecosystems

28. Playing board games is a popular pastime for families, especially during rainy weekends, ----.

- A) because it can sometimes result in rivalry between players, which can add excitement to the game
- B) since it provides a fun and interactive way for everyone to spend quality time together
- C) although children learn important lessons like taking turns and following directions
- D) until some may struggle to find time to play together due to busy timetables
- E) while children develop their concentration skills, which are essential for doing well in school

29. - 31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Virtual reality (VR) greatly influences human perception and creates experiences that can rival or even surpass real-world interactions. VR engages multiple senses, such as sight, sound, and touch, to provide a convincing illusion of presence in a digital environment. The brain processes these stimuli as though they were real, leading to a strong emotional and cognitive engagement with the virtual world. This can be particularly advantageous in VR training simulations, where the perceived realism of the experience improves users' ability to learn and react. However, this manipulation of perception also increases concerns about blurred boundaries between the virtual and real world. As users spend more time in these immersive environments, concerns may arise about the potential effects on cognition, such as difficulty in distinguishing virtual experiences from real memories or even shifts in behaviour and mental health. Despite these concerns, the potential of VR for reshaping our understanding of reality is evident and profound.

29. It can be understood from the passage that human perception is ----.

- A) highly susceptible to manipulation by immersive technologies like VR
- B) unaffected by the extended use of VR, with no concerns about cognition or mental health
- C) enhanced by VR, making it easier to distinguish between virtual and real experiences
- D) limited to VR's entertainment purposes without improving learning or behaviour
- E) remarkably influenced by visual stimuli in VR, with little to no impact from other senses

30. According to the passage, which of the following is true about virtual reality?

- A) The brain struggles to process VR stimuli, leading to a low level of emotional engagement.
- B) Emotional responses are rarely triggered by VR, so its effect on cognition and behaviour remains insignificant.
- C) VR experiences rarely engage the senses deeply, which makes them less impactful than real-world interactions.
- D) Concerns about VR affecting behaviour and mental health are unnecessary, as its influence on users is minimal.
- E) The immersive nature of VR can make virtual experiences feel as real as physical ones.

31. What is the primary purpose of the author?

- A) To promote VR as the ultimate tool for replacing real-world interactions entirely
- B) To provide an overview of VR technology without addressing its psychological issues
- C) To explore the impact of VR on human perception and discuss its benefits and risks
- D) To claim that VR is superior to real-life experiences in almost every aspect
- E) To discuss the technical aspects of VR hardware and software development

32. - 34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Social media has revolutionised how we take in news and information. On one hand, it gives a voice to the voiceless and democratises the flow of information. On the other hand, it overwhelms us with content from countless sources—some trustworthy and others not. As social media and citizen journalism rise, getting accurate information has become more challenging. These platforms allow anyone to share news and opinions, but this also means that misinformation and disinformation can spread quickly. Unlike traditional journalism, which involves fact-checking and editorial oversight, citizen journalism lacks these safeguards. As a result, biased or incomplete stories may mislead the public. Moreover, sensationalist or clickbait headlines on social media often draw attention to less credible sources, making it harder for people to distinguish between true and false information. Consequently, media literacy has become increasingly important, enabling individuals to critically evaluate the information they encounter and make informed decisions.

32. According to the passage, the major challenge posed by social media and citizen journalism is ----.

- A) completely replacing traditional journalism
- B) reducing trust in traditional media by raising concerns about accuracy
- C) increasing the volume of news and information available online
- D) making it difficult to differentiate between true and false information
- E) minimising the need for any fact-checking

33. What is the difference between traditional journalism and citizen journalism?

- A) Traditional journalism spreads information faster than citizen journalism.
- B) Citizen journalism is more trustworthy than traditional journalism.
- C) In traditional journalism, content is reviewed by editors, unlike citizen journalism.
- D) Citizen journalism is primarily concerned with sensationalist headlines.
- E) Citizen journalism has fact-checking, setting it apart from the traditional one.

34. Why is media literacy considered important according to the passage?

- A) It allows people to avoid all forms of social media content.
- B) It helps people make critical judgements about the information they receive.
- C) It encourages the spread of information through clickbait headlines.
- D) It makes traditional media and journalism obsolete.
- E) It reduces the number of credible sources available online.

35. - 37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

In recent years, the popularity of e-books and audiobooks has grown significantly, offering readers new ways to enjoy their favourite content. E-books offer the convenience of carrying an entire library on one device, along with features like adjustable font sizes, built-in dictionaries, keyword searches, and the ability to highlight important sections. They are ideal for keen readers who enjoy reading while travelling. Audiobooks, on the other hand, allow people to listen to books while multitasking—such as commuting, exercising, or doing household chores. For individuals with visual impairments, reading difficulties, or busy lifestyles, audiobooks serve as a valuable alternative to traditional reading. However, while both e-books and audiobooks offer flexibility, they also raise questions about the future of physical books. Despite the accessibility of digital formats, many readers still prefer the sensory experience of holding a printed book, turning its pages, and feeling its weight. Ultimately, the choice between digital and physical books remains a personal one, reflecting each reader's unique preferences and needs.

35. According to the passage, e-books ----.

- A) offer the experience of turning pages like physical books
- B) are a great option for those who love reading on the go
- C) provide an escape from multitasking activities
- D) are more preferred than audiobooks by readers
- E) require special devices for access to content

36. It is stated in the passage that audiobooks support people who ----.

- A) need to adjust font size to improve readability
- B) remain attached to the sensory experience of holding a printed book
- C) enjoy listening to books while engaging in other activities
- D) look for ways to improve their reading speed
- E) are interested in using built-in dictionaries

37. It can be understood from the passage that the future of physical books ----.

- A) will remain unaffected in spite of digital advancements
- B) is less promising for individuals with visual impairments
- C) looks secure, given that digital books still have limitations
- D) is uncertain as digital formats like e-books and audiobooks gain popularity
- E) is under threat due to changing reader preferences

38. - 40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

In 2022, traditional Ahlat stonework was added to the List of Intangible Cultural Heritage in Need of Urgent Safeguarding. It is a craft that involves the extraction, shaping, and decoration of volcanic stones mined from the foothills of Mount Nemrut in Türkiye. Craftspeople, known as stone masters, use hand-held tools to shape these stones through techniques such as scraping, engraving, and carving to produce beautiful designs. These designs often incorporate organic, geometric, and calligraphic patterns that reflect the rich artistic traditions of the area. In addition to being used in the construction of buildings like houses, mosques, and bridges, Ahlat stonework is also used in the creation of artefacts such as tombstones and fountains. Despite its cultural importance, Ahlat stonework faces challenges due to demographic changes and the adoption of modern construction methods, which threaten its survival. Efforts are being made to preserve this unique craft by encouraging the youth to learn and continue the practice, ensuring it is passed down through generations and remains a part of the community's identity.

38. It is clearly stated in the passage that Ahlat stonework ----.

- A) includes designs that contain plants, animals, shapes, or decorative handwriting
- B) has been modernised through the use of carving tools
- C) involves the utilisation of automated machinery to extract volcanic stones
- D) is preserved by restricting its practice to local artisans
- E) focuses mainly on the method of scraping rather than carving or engraving

39. It is pointed out in the passage that Ahlat stonework is significant because it ----.

- A) has recently come to be seen as a traditional art form
- B) is exclusively used in the construction of religious buildings
- C) represents the artistic heritage and cultural identity of the region
- D) has been a major economic driver for the local community
- E) is produced using advanced machinery that can shape the stones

40. According to the passage, Ahlat stonework is primarily endangered by ----.

- A) the decline in traditional artistic skills among stone masters
- B) changes in population dynamics and contemporary building techniques
- C) an increase in the popularity of different building materials
- D) the scarcity of volcanic stones that are only mined from Mount Nemrut
- E) a lack of interest from the international art community

41. - 43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

For over a century, the Voynich Manuscript has challenged every expert who has attempted to unlock its secrets, and its origins remain as puzzling as its content. Carbon dating suggests it was created in the early 15th century, yet its author and intended audience are utterly unknown. The obscure script, filled with repeating patterns and intricate curves, appears deliberate and meaningful, but no known language matches its structure. The manuscript's colourful illustrations—featuring imaginary plants, herbs, and celestial diagrams—add further mystery rather than clarity. Because none of the symbols or drawings can be fully explained, every new theory only creates more questions. Some scholars argue that it represents a lost scientific language used to record medical or herbal knowledge, while others believe that it may have been produced as a hoax intended to impress wealthy collectors. Today, it is securely housed in the library of Yale University, continuing to attract worldwide attention as a symbol of human curiosity and one of the greatest mysteries of historical writing.

41. According to the passage, scholars disagree about the manuscript's purpose because ----.

- A) there is limited access to the document kept in Yale University's library
- B) its pages were written in several languages by different scribes
- C) most of the scientific data about it has recently been lost
- D) the text and illustrations allow different interpretations that cannot be proved
- E) it is actually older than previously believed, according to new carbon tests

42. Which of the following is true about the Voynich Manuscript?

- A) The script used multiple extinct languages, which makes decoding the manuscript considerably harder.
- B) Collectors are highly interested in the manuscript because its mysterious nature makes it a prized item.
- C) Modern techniques have failed to determine the manuscript's date of origin.
- D) The manuscript is preserved at a major institution and remains carefully protected.
- E) The illustrations make the manuscript more understandable for modern audiences.

43. What is the passage mainly about?

- A) The questions and discussions as to the Voynich Manuscript
- B) The influence of the Voynich Manuscript on modern cryptography
- C) The scientific tests that proved the Voynich Manuscript's origin
- D) The medical and herbal knowledge in the Voynich Manuscript
- E) The language and illustrations found in the Voynich Manuscript

44. - 48. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

44. Nurse:

– **Good morning, sir! How are you feeling today? Is there anything I can do before you're discharged?**

Patient:

– ----

Nurse:

– **Keep your incision clean and dry, change the dressing daily. Don't forget to take your medications as prescribed.**

Patient:

– **Understood. I'll keep an eye on everything and follow the instructions carefully. Thanks for being so helpful; I really appreciate it.**

- A) I'm feeling worse than yesterday. How often should I be checking my blood sugar levels?
- B) Much better. When do I need to get a follow-up appointment after the surgery?
- C) Never felt better! Can you guide me on how to remove my stitches at home?
- D) Like myself again. Could you tell me how often I should replace the bandages?
- E) I'm a bit sore, but I think it's manageable. What should I do when I get home?

45. Henry:

– **Did you know that deep-sea octopuses can change their skin texture to mimic the appearance of objects around them?**

Fiona:

– **Yes, I have read they also have specialised cells that allow them to adjust their colour and pattern, helping them blend into their surroundings.**

Henry:

– ----

Fiona:

– **Exactly! It's amazing how they survive in such extreme conditions, isn't it? Nature is truly impressive.**

- A) Actually, their ability to change colour is more about finding food than hiding from predators.
- B) It's wild how they can change colour to reflect their mood, but not just to blend in.
- C) Wow! That's quite a camouflage. This way, they can confuse predators and make a quick escape.
- D) The funny thing is, they can only mimic rocks and seaweed, not other sea creatures.
- E) Are you sure? I heard they switch up their look based on what they ate, not just what's around them.

46. Lucia:

- I'm thinking of starting a new hobby, but I have no idea what to choose. Do you have any suggestions?

Rose:

- Oh, there are so many options! It really depends on what you're into and what fits your lifestyle. What are you leaning towards?

Lucia:

– ----

Rose:

- That's awesome! Both are super creative and really therapeutic; plus, you get to make beautiful things yourself.

- A) I enjoy being outdoors and staying active, so maybe hiking or rock climbing could be fun.
- B) Since I work full-time, I was thinking of hobbies that I can do in the evenings or on weekends.
- C) I've been considering something artistic and hands-on, like knitting or pottery.
- D) Finding an inexpensive hobby is important to me because I am on a limited budget.
- E) I don't like committing to one thing for too long, so I'd prefer hobbies I can pick up whenever I feel like it.

47. Student:

- I've been hearing a lot about phishing attacks lately. What exactly are they?

Teacher:

- Phishing is when cybercriminals try to trick you into revealing sensitive information such as passwords, credit card numbers, or personal data by pretending to be someone trustworthy.

Student:

– ----

Teacher:

- Excellent question. Look for suspicious e-mail addresses, urgent requests, and poor grammar.

- A) How can we identify potential phishing attempts in our e-mails or messages?
- B) Why do cybercriminals use phishing attacks as a method of stealing information?
- C) Is it safe to click on links or download attachments from unknown sources?
- D) Should I share my passwords with friends to help protect against phishing?
- E) Can you recommend some good antivirus software to help prevent phishing attacks?

48. Anna:

- Did you know that maintaining close friendships can significantly improve your overall happiness?

Leo:

- Yeah, spending time with friends triggers the release of oxytocin, which enhances our mood and well-being. Also, studies show that people with close friends tend to live longer.

Anna:

– ----

Leo:

- Definitely! It's incredible how just a simple chat with a friend can turn a day around.

- A) So true! Having good friends around can be just as important as staying physically healthy.
B) It's surprising how friendships have little impact on our happiness levels.
C) That's why some people prefer socialising over solitude; it makes them happier.
D) Are you sure? I think happiness often comes more from personal accomplishments than friendships.
E) It's strange how friendships are often seen as more important in childhood than adulthood.

49. - 53. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

49. With vibrant illustrations and captivating stories, graphic novels create a medium that entertains and engages readers of all ages.
- A) Just because they include dynamic visuals and compelling stories, graphic novels offer a medium that entertains all readers without age restriction.
B) Graphic novels, with their vivid illustrations and intriguing narratives, provide an entertaining and engaging medium for readers of any age group.
C) Graphic novels use colourful visuals and interesting stories to engage and entertain readers; however, it does not mean that they are only suitable for children.
D) Since they offer a format that appeals to both young and adult audiences, graphic novels captivate and amuse with their striking visuals and compelling narratives.
E) Regardless of their catchy images and compelling stories, graphic novels manage to captivate readers, offering a format that appeals to a diverse audience.

50. Known as the ‘Venice of the North’, Amsterdam offers picturesque canals, historical architecture, and a thriving cultural scene.

- A) Despite being referred to as the ‘Venice of the North’, Amsterdam lacks the scenic canals or cultural activities that are characteristics of Venice.
- B) In addition to its dynamic cultural scene, Amsterdam’s picturesque canals and historical architecture contribute to its reputation as the ‘Venice of the North’.
- C) Described as the ‘Venice of the North’, Amsterdam is known for its ancient buildings and picturesque canals but not for its flourishing cultural scene.
- D) Amsterdam, referred to as the ‘Venice of the North’, is home to charming canals, ancient buildings, and a lively cultural atmosphere.
- E) Amsterdam is called the ‘Venice of the North’ by culture-savvy people because of its historical canal system that runs throughout the city, offering picturesque views.

51. The Mongol Empire was the largest land empire in history, but it broke apart because of cultural changes and power struggles among heirs.

- A) Although the Mongol Empire was the largest land empire in history, it fell apart due to the changes and power struggles among heirs.
- B) Since the Mongol Empire was the largest land empire in history, it remained intact despite all cultural changes and disputes among heirs.
- C) Despite the cultural changes and power struggles among heirs, the Mongol Empire, the largest land empire, kept expanding its territory further.
- D) The Mongol Empire was one of the largest empires, but it fractured because it underwent minor cultural changes and the heirs had power struggles.
- E) The size of the Mongol Empire was the largest in history, leading to its unity and stability despite cultural changes and power struggles.

52. Thanks to its role in reducing stress and anxiety, regular physical exercise has become a vital component of mental health treatment plans in recent years.

- A) The role of regular physical exercise in lowering stress and anxiety has made it a key element in mental health treatment plans.
- B) Regular physical activity has become an important part of mental health treatment lately, due to its effectiveness in lowering stress and anxiety levels.
- C) Regular physical exercise is considered a crucial part of mental health treatment plans now, mainly because it has been proven to alleviate stress and anxiety.
- D) In recent years, the importance of regular physical exercise in mental health treatment plans has grown, thanks to its ability to reduce stress and anxiety entirely.
- E) It was not until recent years that physical exercise was acknowledged for its role in reducing stress and anxiety, becoming essential for mental health treatment.

53. The global decline in bee populations is alarming, as bees play a crucial role in pollinating many of the crops humans rely on for food.

- A) Since bees are essential for pollinating most of the crops on which people depend for sustenance, the global decrease in bee numbers is worrisome.
- B) The rapid decline of bees worldwide is concerning, though they have minimal impact on the pollination of food crops, which people rely on most.
- C) The fall in bee population worldwide is actually alarming because bees contribute largely to the pollination of some food crops people need for survival.
- D) The decrease in bee populations globally can be regarded as a major issue, for it affects the pollination of essential crops for human beings’ survival.
- E) Given that bees are crucial for pollination and people rely on crops for food all around the world, the decline in bee populations is a serious global issue.

54. - 58. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

54. You have recently bought a state-of-the-art drone for bird's-eye view photography. When you take your first flight, you notice the camera is not working perfectly. You contact customer service to request a replacement and politely say: ----

- A) The drone I've just bought seems to have a problem with the camera. Could you arrange for a new one to be sent?
- B) My drone's camera isn't functioning as it should. Can I return this and get my money back?
- C) Can I talk to someone who can give me some tips on how to get the most out of my drone?
- D) If I don't get a replacement immediately, I may need to forward the problem to a higher authority or file a complaint.
- E) It's disappointing that my drone has a camera issue, but I hope customer service can help fix the problem remotely.

55. Your friends have invited you to join them for a weekend hiking trip; however, you have already committed to helping your elderly neighbour with her garden, which she has been eagerly looking forward to. You decline their offer tactfully, so you say: ----

- A) I'd rather garden with my neighbour than go hiking. It doesn't sound interesting to me.
- B) I'm afraid I'll have to miss the hike. I've agreed to have tea with my neighbour in her garden.
- C) Hiking sounds fun, but can I bring my neighbour so we can spend some time outdoors together?
- D) Thank you so much, but I promised my neighbour that I would help with her garden this weekend.
- E) I'm going to be a little busy gardening with my neighbour, but I'll be there soon.

56. Your friend has been scrolling through social media, constantly seeing pictures of people who are travelling or living exciting lives. He begins to feel like his life is boring. To remind him that things are not always as perfect as they appear online, you say: ----

- A) I can't believe you obsess over everything you see on the Internet; it's not healthy to compare your life to others.
- B) Why don't you share more photos of your life to make it look as exciting as theirs? It might help you feel better about yourself.
- C) Remember, the more likes and comments you get on your posts, the more validation you'll receive.
- D) You should try to imitate their lifestyles exactly, such as travelling to similar places or trying the same experiences.
- E) Not everything that glitters is gold. Don't forget that social media often shows only the highlights, not the full picture.

57. Your friend has recently started reading a highly anticipated novel and is excited to discuss it with you. You are planning to read the book, so you do not want her to reveal the important plot details that could spoil the book for you. To gently remind her of that, you say: ----

- A) Why don't you let me read it myself instead of narrating the whole thing to me?
- B) Share all the parts you've read so far; I'm sure it'll enhance my reading experience.
- C) You can't seriously think I want to know what happens before I even read it, can you?
- D) Do me a favour and give away every twist and turn so that you can ruin my experience!
- E) I'm looking forward to hearing your thoughts, but let's avoid the plot details for now.

58. On a cultural exchange programme in South Korea, your host offers to take you to a local dance performance, which is a significant cultural event but not quite appealing to you. To suggest an alternative activity without hurting your host's feelings, you say: ----

- A) Traditional dance? Not my type. I'd rather explore local cuisine.
- B) I heard there's a better event happening elsewhere. Shall we check it out this evening?
- C) Your local dances must be nice, but I'd rather stay in and have some rest today. I don't feel well.
- D) No, thanks. I'm not interested in watching that. It seems boring and a waste of time.
- E) That sounds quite interesting, but what about exploring the local market instead?

59. - 63. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

59. The Colosseum is a monumental symbol of ancient Rome's architectural ingenuity. The structure was completed in 80 CE under Emperor Titus and could hold up to 50,000 spectators. ---- Its innovative design also included a *velarium*, which shaded the audience from the sun. Despite suffering from damage over the centuries, the Colosseum remains one of the most enduring and familiar symbols of Rome's architectural legacy.

- A) It was the largest amphitheatre of its time, with an advanced system of vaults and arches supporting its scale.
- B) The amphitheatre's capacity was reduced over time due to structural changes.
- C) It hosted a variety of public spectacles, including scenes from famous historical battles.
- D) The seats were divided by social class, with the most prestigious ones located closest to the arena.
- E) Different groups inhabited the structure after the fall of the Roman Empire, turning it into a small village.

60. Irritable bowel syndrome (IBS) is a digestive disorder affecting the large intestine, which causes abdominal pain and changes in bowel habits. ---- This discomfort and unpredictability of IBS have an impact on individuals' quality of life, causing anxiety about when and where symptoms might occur. Managing IBS involves dietary changes, stress management, and medications to help control the symptoms and improve overall well-being.

- A) Many people with IBS tend to avoid physical activity because of the belief that it will worsen their symptoms.
- B) People with IBS might experience episodes of diarrhoea, constipation, or both, making daily activities uncomfortable and stressful.
- C) IBS is typically treated by the gastroenterology department, which specialises in digestive system disorders.
- D) People with IBS often incorporate a high-fibre diet, though it may not be suitable for everyone.
- E) Experts do not recommend high-fat foods and excessive caffeine intake to individuals with IBS.

61. Illegal wildlife trade poses a serious threat to endangered species. Poaching for ivory, fur, and other animal products has driven many species close to extinction. This black market thrives due to high demand and weak law enforcement. ---- Additionally, raising awareness about the impact of wildlife trade on ecosystems and endangered species is essential in reducing demand and protecting vulnerable animals.

- A) Many invasive species have been intentionally introduced into ecosystems by wildlife traders or collectors.
- B) Conservation groups are working to combat this issue by strengthening legal frameworks and increasing penalties for poachers.
- C) In spite of efforts to stop wildlife trafficking, the market for elephant tusks, rhino horns, shark fins, etc. keeps growing.
- D) China is primarily regarded as one of the world's largest markets for illegally trafficked wildlife products.
- E) The Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora regulates the global wildlife trade.

62. Sandcastle building techniques have evolved dramatically over the years, with enthusiasts developing innovative methods to create more complex and durable structures. One key aspect of advanced sandcastle construction is understanding the properties of sand and how it behaves when mixed with water. ---- This knowledge allows builders to create more stable and intricate designs that can withstand the elements for longer periods.

- A) The ideal sand-to-water ratio is crucial, as it affects the sand's ability to hold its shape and support weight.
- B) Some enthusiasts travel to different beaches around the world to experience working with various types of sand.
- C) Many builders prefer to work early in the morning or late in the evening to avoid the intense midday sun.
- D) The tools required for sandcastle building are minimal, usually consisting of buckets, shovels, and shaping instruments.
- E) Competitions often have strict rules regarding the use of non-sand materials in construction.

63. The Taj Mahal in Agra, India, is universally acknowledged as an iconic symbol of love and one of the most beautiful buildings in the world. It was built by Emperor Shah Jahan in memory of his wife, Mumtaz Mahal, and took over 20 years to complete, involving thousands of skilled artisans. ---- Today, the Taj Mahal is a UNESCO World Heritage site and attracts millions of visitors from around the globe.

- A) Its magnificent white marble dome is one of the most famous architectural features in the world.
- B) The structures built during that period combine elements of Persian, Islamic, and Indian architecture.
- C) India is home to several other monuments from the same era, such as the Red Fort and Humayun's Tomb.
- D) The city of Jaipur, which is also famous for its palaces, is a popular tourist attraction that reflects India's royal history.
- E) Agra Fort, another significant site in Agra, was the main residence of the emperors during that period.

64. - 69. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

64. The Sapir-Whorf hypothesis states that the structure of a language influences its speakers' cognitive processes, thought patterns, and worldviews.

- A) Sapir-Whorf hipotezi; o dili konuşanların bilişsel süreçlerinin, düşünce kalıplarının ve dünya görüşlerinin bir dilin yapısından bağımsız geliştiğini iddia eder.
- B) Sapir-Whorf hipotezi; bir dilin yapısının o dili konuşanların bilişsel süreçlerini, düşünce kalıplarını ve dünya görüşlerini etkilediğini ileri sürer.
- C) Sapir-Whorf, bir dilin yapısının o dili konuşanların bilişsel süreçlerini, düşünce kalıplarını ve dünya görüşlerini etkilediğini belirten bir hipotezdir.
- D) Sapir-Whorf hipotezi; o dili konuşanların bilişsel süreçlerinin, düşünce kalıplarının ve dünya görüşlerinin bir dilin yapısını etkilediğini öne sürer.
- E) Sapir-Whorf hipotezi, bir dilin yapısının o dili konuşanların bilişsel süreçlerini etkilediğini ancak düşünce kalıplarını ve dünya görüşlerini etkilemediğini savunur.

65. The technique of chiaroscuro, popularised during the Renaissance, uses strong contrasts between light and dark to create a sense of volume in painting.

- A) Chiaroscuro tekniği, Rönesans döneminde popülerleşmiş olup resimde hacim hissi yaratmak için ışık ve karanlık arasındaki güçlü kontrastlardan yararlanır.
- B) Resimde hacim duygusu yaratmak için ışık ve karanlık arasındaki güçlü kontrastları kullanan chiaroscuro tekniği, Rönesans döneminde popülerleşmiştir.
- C) Rönesans döneminde popülerleşen chiaroscuro tekniği, resimde hacim duygusu yaratmak için ışık ve karanlık arasındaki güçlü kontrastları kullanır.
- D) Rönesans döneminde yaygınlaşan chiaroscuro tekniği, resimdeki hacim hissini kullanmak için ışık ve karanlık arasında güçlü kontrastlar oluşturmaktadır.
- E) Chiaroscuro, Rönesans döneminde yaygınlaşan ve resimde hacim duygusu yaratmak için ışık ve karanlık arasındaki güçlü kontrastların kullanıldığı bir tekniktir.

66. The ancient city of Sigiriya in Sri Lanka, with its palace ruins atop a massive rock formation, is described as the Eighth Wonder of the World.

- A) Sri Lanka'daki antik Sigiriya kenti, devasa bir kaya oluşumunun tepesinde bulunan saray kalıntıları sebebiyle Dünyanın Sekizinci Harikası olarak tanıtılmaktadır.
- B) Antik Sigiriya kenti, Sri Lanka'da bulunan devasa bir kaya oluşumunun tepesindeki saray kalıntılarıyla ünlüdür ve genellikle Dünyanın Sekizinci Harikası olarak adlandırılır.
- C) Sri Lanka'daki antik Sigiriya kenti, devasa bir kaya oluşumunun tepesindeki saray kalıntılarıyla Dünyanın Sekizinci Harikası olarak tanımlanmaktadır.
- D) Sri Lanka'da bulunan antik Sigiriya kentine ait saray kalıntıları, Dünyanın Sekizinci Harikası olarak tanımlanmakta olup devasa bir kaya oluşumunun tepesinde bulunmaktadır.
- E) Dünyanın Sekizinci Harikası olarak tanımlanan Sri Lanka'daki antik Sigiriya kenti, büyük bir kaya oluşumunun zirvesinde yer alan saray kalıntılarıyla bilinmektedir.

67. A study carried out in Spain has shown that taking short naps during the day boosts mental performance more than drinking caffeine.

- A) İspanya'da yapılan bir araştırma, gün içinde kısa şekerlemeler yapmanın zihinsel performansı kafein içmekten daha fazla artırdığını göstermiştir.
- B) Zihinsel performansı artırmak için gün içinde yapılan kısa şekerlemelerin kafein içmekten daha etkili olduğunu İspanya'da yapılan bir araştırma göstermiştir.
- C) Gün içinde kısa şekerlemeler yapmanın zihinsel performansı kafein içmekten daha fazla artırdığı İspanya'da yapılan bir araştırmayla ortaya konmuştur.
- D) İspanya'da yapılan bir araştırmada, kafein almak yerine gün içinde kısa şekerlemeler yapmanın zihinsel performansı artırmada daha etkili olduğu görülmüştür.
- E) Zihinsel performansı artırmada kafein içmenin gün içinde yapılan kısa şekerlemelerden daha etkili olduğu İspanya'da yapılan bir araştırma ile gösterilmiştir.

68. In the past century, human activities like urbanisation, deforestation, and pollution have resulted in significant loss of biodiversity and destruction of natural habitats.

- A) Önemli ölçüde biyolojik çeşitlilik kaybının ve doğal yaşam alanlarının tahribatının nedeni; kentleşme, ormansızlaşma ve kirlilik gibi insan faaliyetlerinin son yüzyıldaki artışıdır.
- B) Biyolojik çeşitlilik kaybına ve doğal yaşam alanlarının tahrip olmasına; ormansızlaşma, kentleşme ve kirlilik gibi insan faaliyetlerinin son yüzyıldaki artışı neden olmuştur.
- C) Geçtiğimiz yüzyılda önemli ölçüde biyolojik çeşitlilik kaybına ve doğal yaşam alanlarının tahrip olmasına neden olan kentleşme, ormansızlaşma ve kirlilik gibi insan faaliyetleridir.
- D) Kentleşme, ormansızlaşma ve kirlilik gibi insan faaliyetleri, son yüzyılda biyolojik çeşitlilik kaybına ve doğal yaşam alanlarının önemli ölçüde tahrip olmasına neden olmuştur.
- E) Geçtiğimiz yüzyılda, kentleşme, ormansızlaşma ve kirlilik gibi insan faaliyetleri, önemli ölçüde biyolojik çeşitlilik kaybına ve doğal yaşam alanlarının tahrip olmasına neden olmuştur.

69. For decades, fantasy novels have been a popular genre in literature with the ability to transport readers to magical worlds filled with mythical creatures and epic adventures.

- A) Efsanevi yaratıklar ve destansı maceralarla dolu büyülü dünyalara götürdükleri için fantastik romanlar, uzun yıllardır edebiyatın en popüler türlerinden biri olmuştur.
- B) Fantastik romanlar, okurları efsanevi yaratıklar ve destansı maceralarla dolu büyülü dünyalara götürme becerisiyle onlarca yıldır edebiyatta popüler bir tür olmuştur.
- C) Fantastik kurgu, okurları efsanevi yaratıklar ve destansı maceralarla dolu büyülü dünyalara götüren ve uzun zamandır edebiyatın en sevilen yazın türlerinden olmuştur.
- D) Fantastik kitaplar, uzun yıllardır edebiyatta önemli bir yere sahip çünkü okurları efsanevi yaratıklar ve destansı maceralarla dolu büyülü dünyalara taşıyabiliyorlar.
- E) Okurları efsanevi yaratıklar ve maceralarla dolu büyülü dünyalara götürme yeteneği, fantastik romanları uzun yıllardır edebiyatın temel taşlarından biri hâline getirmiştir.

70. - 75. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

70. Tüylü bir toppla oynanan badminton, hızlı refleksler ve çeviklik gerektirirken daha ağır bir topun kullanıldığı tenis, güç ve dayanıklılığı vurgular.

- A) While badminton, which demands quick reflexes and agility, uses a feather ball, tennis, which emphasises strength and endurance, uses a heavier ball.
- B) Tennis and badminton are sports requiring quick reflexes, agility, strength, and endurance, but badminton is played with a feather ball, while tennis uses a heavy ball.
- C) While badminton, played with a feathered ball, requires swift reflexes and agility, tennis, in which a heavier ball is used, emphasises strength and endurance.
- D) Badminton and tennis require strength, endurance, quick reflexes, and agility, but the former uses a feathered ball and the latter a heavy ball.
- E) Badminton, played with a feather-like ball, requires quick reflexes and agility, while tennis, played with a heavy ball, emphasises strength and endurance.

71. Biyomekanik, protez ve spor ekipmanlarının tasarımını geliştirmek için eklem ve kas fonksiyonu gibi biyolojik yapıların mekanik özelliklerini inceler.

- A) Biomechanics enhances the design of prosthetics and sports equipment by observing the mechanical properties of biological structures, such as joint and muscle function.
- B) Biomechanics is the field that studies biological systems' mechanical properties, such as joints and muscle function, and improves prosthetics and sports equipment.
- C) A biomechanical test of biological structures' mechanical properties, like joint and muscle function, is necessary to improve the design of prosthetics and sports equipment.
- D) Biomechanics examines the mechanical properties of biological structures, such as joint and muscle function, to improve the design of prosthetics and sports equipment.
- E) Improving the design of prosthetics and sports equipment is critical for biomechanics, which tests the mechanical properties of structures like joint and muscle function.

72. Siesta, sıcaktan korunmak ve günün geri kalanı için yeniden enerji toplamak amacıyla, öğle saatlerinde sıcaklığın çok yüksek olduğu ülkelerde ortaya çıkmıştır.

- A) Countries with high temperatures, particularly at noon, use siesta to protect themselves from the heat and re-energise for the day ahead.
- B) The siesta has emerged in countries where the temperature is very high during the midday hours to protect from the heat and recharge for the rest of the day.
- C) The main purpose of the siesta is to shelter from the heat and recharge for the rest of the day in countries where the midday temperature is very high.
- D) The siesta, which emerged in countries with high temperatures in the afternoon in order to avoid the heat, is a way to recharge for the rest of the day.
- E) The siesta originated in some countries where the temperature at noon is very high in order to cool off and re-energise for the rest of the day.

73. Rönesans sanatı, en çok perspektifin ustaca kullanımıyla bilinmesine rağmen, dinî temaların sanat yoluyla yeniden yorumlanmasına da öncülük etmiştir.

- A) Renaissance art is known for its revolutionary use of perspective, but it also played a special role in transforming the way religious themes were depicted in art.
- B) Although Renaissance art is mostly known for its masterful use of perspective, it also led the way in the reinterpretation of religious themes through art.
- C) Renaissance artists were famous for their focus on religious themes, though they were not particularly known for their use of perspective in their works.
- D) Religious themes dominated Renaissance art, which is also well-known for its complex depiction of human figures rather than its use of perspective.
- E) While Renaissance art made remarkable advances in the depiction of perspective, it did not heavily focus on religious themes in its creations.

74. Japon kültüründe, selamlaşma sırasında baş eğme, kişinin karşısındakine saygı duyduğunu gösterir ve bu hareketin açısı da saygı derecesine bağlıdır.

- A) Showing respect by bowing is important in Japanese culture, though the angle of the bow depends on the level of one's respect for the other person.
- B) The bow during greetings in Japanese culture is a sign of politeness, yet the angle of the bow shows people's deep respect for each other.
- C) In Japanese culture, people usually bow during greetings out of politeness, but the angle of the bow is related to the degree of respect.
- D) Japanese show their respect by bowing during greetings, but the angle of the bow changes according to the other person's behaviour.
- E) In Japanese culture, bowing during greetings shows one's respect for the other person, and the angle of the bow depends on the level of respect.

75. Roma İmparatorluğu'nun genişlemesi, dönemin askerî gücüne dayanıyordu fakat imparatorluğun çöküşünde ekonomik zayıflık belirleyici faktördü.

- A) While the expansion of the Roman Empire relied heavily on its military power, the economic instability at the time was a decisive factor in the empire's downfall.
- B) Economic weakness played a crucial role in the downfall of the Roman Empire, despite its expansion being largely based on military power.
- C) The expansion of the Roman Empire was based on its military power at the time; however, economic weakness was the decisive factor in the empire's downfall.
- D) Although the Roman Empire expanded thanks to its military strength, the empire's collapse was largely driven by economic instability.
- E) Military strength enabled the Roman Empire to expand; still, economic weakness was a major component leading to its eventual collapse.

76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) Septicaemic plague is a severe type of plague that arises when harmful bacteria spread extensively throughout the bloodstream. (II) It can either develop from untreated bubonic plague, which affects the lymph nodes, or occur independently. (III) Its symptoms include high fever, rapid heartbeat, and a considerable decline in blood pressure, which can lead to septic shock and possible organ failure. (IV) This life-threatening condition requires immediate medical treatment with appropriate antibiotics. (V) Like other forms of plague, it is studied to improve modern treatment approaches.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) The Dallol volcano in north-eastern Ethiopia is well known for its otherworldly landscape of colourful hot springs and geysers. (II) It is located in the Danakil Depression, which is one of the hottest and lowest places on Earth. (III) The area's unique geology is the result of the interaction of groundwater with magma chambers beneath the surface. (IV) Dallol's vibrant colours are caused by various mineral deposits, including iron, sulphur, potassium, and salt. (V) The extreme conditions at Dallol make it an ideal location for studying potential life on other planets.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) Despite the fact that e-sports open up many opportunities, it also presents challenges, particularly regarding mental health. (II) Due to long periods of sedentary behaviour and unhealthy diets, e-sports players may be at risk of developing serious medical conditions such as obesity. (III) The pressure to perform at a high level can result in a variety of psychological problems, including stress and burnout. (IV) It is important for players to find a balance between gaming and mental well-being. (V) Many organisations are now taking this into account and providing support systems to help players maintain their mental well-being.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) The Anthropocene Epoch is a proposed geological period that highlights the significant influence humans have had on Earth. (II) This epoch is characterised by dramatic changes in the Earth's climate, largely due to human activities like burning fossil fuels and deforestation. (III) However, it has not yet been officially categorised in the geological timeline by most scientists. (IV) It is also characterised by a substantial loss of biodiversity since species go extinct at an accelerated rate. (V) By studying this epoch, scientists hope to better understand the long-term effects of human actions on Earth.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) Social norms are unwritten rules that govern behaviour within a society, guiding how individuals are expected to act in various situations. (II) These norms shape our interactions, from simple daily routines to complex social rituals, and help maintain social order by defining acceptable and unacceptable behaviours. (III) They vary across cultures and contexts, meaning that what is considered normal in one society might be viewed differently in another. (IV) Some people who follow these rules may still face criticism or rejection. (V) Through adherence to these norms, individuals contribute to the stability and predictability of social life.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



ORTAÖĞRETİM
GENEL MÜDÜRLÜĞÜ



YKS DENEMELERİ

YDT

İNGİLİZCE

6. DENEME



ADI VE SOYADI

OKUL ADI

ADAYIN İMZASI

ADAYIN DİKKATİNE!

1. Bu sınavda YKS soru dağılımları dikkate alınmıştır.
2. Deneme tam kapsam olup YKS konularının tamamını kapsamaktadır.
3. Bu sınav 80 soru içermektedir.

OGM
MATERYAL

Bu testlerin her hakkı saklıdır. Hangi amaçla olursa olsun, testlerin tamamının veya bir kısmının Milli Eğitim Bakanlığının yazılı izni olmadan kopya edilmesi, fotoğrafının çekilmesi, herhangi bir yolla çoğaltılması, yayımlanması ya da kullanılması yasaktır. Bu yasağa uymayanlar gerekli cezai sorumluluğu ve testlerin hazırlanmasındaki mali külfeti peşinen kabullenmiş sayılır.

AÇIKLAMA

1. Bu kitapçıkta **80 soru** bulunmaktadır.
2. Bu sınav için verilen cevaplama süresi **120 dakikadır (2 saat)**.
3. **Bu sınav puanlanırken doğru cevaplarınızın sayısından yanlış cevaplarınızın sayısının dörtte biri çıkarılacak ve kalan sayı bu test ile ilgili ham puanınız olacaktır.**
4. Kitapçığın sayfalarındaki boş yerleri müsvedde için kullanabilirsiniz.
5. Cevaplamaya istediğiniz sorudan başlayabilirsiniz. Bir soru ile ilgili cevabınızı, cevap kâğıdında o soru için ayrılmış olan yere işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.
6. Bu kitapçıkta yer alan her sorunun sadece bir doğru cevabı vardır. Cevap kâğıdında bir soru için birden çok cevap yeri işaretlenmişse o soru yanlış cevaplanmış sayılacaktır. İşaretlediğiniz bir cevabı değiştirmek istediğinizde silme işlemini çok iyi yapmanız gerektiğini unutmayınız.

1. - 15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. As even slight variations in sound or intonation may cause misunderstandings or altered meanings, the ---- required in French pronunciation can be challenging.

A) assumption
B) perspective
C) limitation
D) precision
E) competition

2. The Louvre in Paris, conveniently ---- by multiple metro lines, holds an extensive range of art spanning centuries, including the iconic *Mona Lisa*.

A) sincere
B) reachable
C) impressive
D) steady
E) obvious

3. The 1969 moon landing was ---- successful, with the Apollo 11 astronauts setting foot on the lunar surface and conducting groundbreaking experiments.

A) intentionally
B) remarkably
C) cautiously
D) willingly
E) partially

4. Blushing is the result of the activation of the sympathetic nervous system, which causes the small blood vessels in the face to ---- and increase blood flow.

A) surrender
B) combine
C) expand
D) evaluate
E) identify

5. Trees absorb carbon dioxide from the atmosphere and ---- oxygen, regulating the Earth's climate and supporting the respiratory needs of all living organisms.

A) take up
B) cut down
C) carry out
D) put away
E) give off

6. Before Usain Bolt ---- the gold medal in the 200-metre race at the 2008 Beijing Olympics, he ---- the world record, becoming the fastest man in the world.

A) was awarded / had broken
B) is awarded / has broken
C) had been awarded / broke
D) will be awarded / breaks
E) has been awarded / will break

7. The development of the electric light bulb ---- impossible without the experiments ---- by earlier inventors who laid the foundation for this technology.
- A) used to be / having been conducted
B) could have been / to conduct
C) must have been / conducting
D) should have been / being conducted
E) would have been / conducted
8. ---- children to explore their environment is crucial for cognitive development, as it helps them ---- cause-and-effect relationships and build their critical thinking skills.
- A) To encourage / understanding
B) Encouraged / understood
C) To be encouraged / to understand
D) Encouraging / understand
E) Being encouraged / being understood
9. ---- the end of the Renaissance, artists began to experiment with new themes and techniques ---- the influence of emerging scientific discoveries.
- A) At / for
B) Along / with
C) Beyond / from
D) Towards / under
E) Before / in
10. ---- the discovery of the Americas, European nations embarked on extensive exploration and colonisation ---- the globe to increase their wealth and power.
- A) Following / inside
B) With / in
C) After / around
D) Onto / to
E) As / within
11. In the Middle Ages, knowledge was only shared via handwritten manuscripts in monasteries, ---- the advent of the printing press made books available to the masses.
- A) as
B) so
C) or
D) but
E) provided
12. ---- you balance calorie intake with regular physical activity and avoid consuming excessive processed foods, you can maintain a healthy weight.
- A) As long as
B) Unless
C) Although
D) Before
E) Until

13. ---- top-rated escape rooms challenge enthusiasts, with ---- providing the satisfaction of solving complex puzzles and uncovering hidden mysteries.

- A) Several / much
- B) Many / each
- C) Some / either
- D) A few / neither
- E) Other / all

14. The atmosphere is ---- thin at higher altitudes ---- breathing becomes difficult, requiring climbers to use supplemental oxygen on their journey to the summit.

- A) either / or
- B) as / as
- C) such / that
- D) the more / the more
- E) so / that

15. ---- improvements in battery technology, electric vehicles have gained popularity as a sustainable alternative to traditional gasoline-powered cars.

- A) On behalf of
- B) In spite of
- C) As a result of
- D) Similar to
- E) Rather than

16. - 20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Analysis paralysis is a mental state where individuals become so overwhelmed by the multitude of options available that they are unable to make a decision. This often (16)---- the fear of making a wrong choice, especially in an era of information overload. The constant flow of data can make it extremely challenging (17)---- the pros and cons effectively, leading to delays and some missed opportunities. In order to overcome this, individuals can employ strategies (18)---- setting deadlines, breaking down complex decisions into smaller steps, and trusting their intuition to a certain extent. While careful consideration is essential, it is equally important to avoid getting stuck (19)---- a cycle of indecision and overthinking. (20)----, thorough analysis should not come at the cost of action and progress.

- 16. A) figures out
B) results from
C) slows down
D) brings about
E) clings to
- 17. A) to have been weighed
B) to be weighing
C) to have weighed
D) to be weighed
E) to weigh
- 18. A) but for
B) as opposed to
C) due to
D) with the aim of
E) such as
- 19. A) on
B) at
C) to
D) in
E) by
- 20. A) In other words
B) To illustrate
C) Further
D) Otherwise
E) Even so

21. - 28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. **As ocean acidification intensifies owing to rising carbon dioxide levels in the atmosphere, ----.**

- A) marine ecosystems have been facing serious challenges from pollution and habitat destruction
- B) many coral species will have been able to build and maintain their reefs
- C) coastal communities that rely on healthy oceans for resources and livelihoods start to thrive
- D) marine biologists observe significant changes in coral reef ecosystems worldwide
- E) disruptions in the food chain may never lead to a decline in marine biodiversity

22. **----; nevertheless, its popularity often means long queues and crowded tours, especially during peak travel seasons.**

- A) Times Square in New York City is a bustling centre of lights, advertisements, and crowds
- B) The Alhambra in Granada, Spain, is usually overshadowed by other European landmarks
- C) The Eiffel Tower in Paris draws millions of tourists each year with its iconic design and stunning views
- D) The pyramids of Giza, located in the Egyptian desert, remain a mystery to this day
- E) Santorini remains largely unknown to international tourists and is rarely featured in travel guides

23. **Even though the Turkish War of Independence was a life-and-death struggle full of fierce battles and immense hardships, ----.**

- A) the spirit of unity and nationalism that emerged during the war barely inspired other nations
- B) the Treaty of Sèvres aimed to demolish the Ottoman Empire by proposing the formation of new nation-states
- C) it took many years for the Ottoman Empire to fully control some neighbouring countries as an imperial power
- D) the fall of the Ottoman Empire in 1922 marked the end of one of the world's longest-running empires
- E) Mustafa Kemal Atatürk successfully led the nation through this period to establish the Republic of Türkiye

24. **In addition to teaching proper brushing techniques, ----.**

- A) children can avoid tooth decay and gum disease while preserving dental health for life
- B) parents should encourage their children to incorporate daily flossing into their routine to maintain good oral hygiene
- C) some parents may assume that no further supervision is needed once children learn the basics of oral hygiene
- D) many children have seen improvements in cavity prevention and have experienced fewer cavities
- E) dentists emphasise that many parents underestimate the importance of regular checkups for their children's oral health

25. The novel, as a literary form, allows for deep character development and complex narratives, ----.

- A) but authors can craft complicated plots and believable characters through vivid descriptions and realistic dialogues
- B) even if it is often considered a more engaging reading experience than other forms of literature
- C) given that short stories typically focus on a single event or theme, offering a more concise and concentrated reading experience
- D) yet it requires a significant time investment from readers due to its length and intricate storytelling
- E) whereas it provides authors with the space and freedom to detail the inner thoughts and motivations of their characters

26. Outdoor adventure parks provide exciting activities like zip-lining and rock climbing; ----.

- A) nevertheless, mastering the method and analysing ocean conditions are essential for safety
- B) however, not many participants take advantage of them because of the intense focus on such extreme activities
- C) similarly, guests occasionally forget that there are less tiring options available
- D) therefore, people sometimes have safety concerns about equipment maintenance in fear of possible accidents
- E) in contrast, they are popular spots where people can enjoy both physical challenges and nature

27. It was once presumed that nuclear energy would be the dominant power source of the future; ----.

- A) however, some countries, such as France and Japan, depend heavily on nuclear power to meet their energy needs
- B) on the other hand, nuclear reactors were a cleaner alternative in terms of greenhouse gas emissions
- C) or else, advances in nuclear technology aim to make nuclear power more flexible and safer
- D) as a consequence, the management of radioactive waste is hazardous and it requires secure storage
- E) instead, renewable energy technologies like solar and wind have taken the lead in the global energy transition

28. Social media platforms enable people to remain in touch regardless of geographical separation; ----.

- A) moreover, potential conflicts of interest or privacy concerns may arise
- B) for instance, misunderstandings can occur due to the lack of face-to-face communication
- C) however, they allow individuals to share their thoughts and connect with others who have similar interests
- D) hence, friendships and connections could be sustained and strengthened
- E) as a result, they may contribute to feelings of isolation and disconnect from social connections in real life

29. - 31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Prose and verse are two different ways of writing, each offering their own styles and experiences to readers. Prose is the more common form used in everyday writing, such as in novels, articles, and short stories. It does not follow a specific structure, which means sentences flow naturally without a set rhythm or rhyme. The main goal is to express ideas or tell stories clearly and directly, with a focus on making the message easy to understand. On the other hand, verse is a more structured form and is often seen in poetry, songs, or plays. It follows patterns like rhyme, rhythm, and meter, creating a more **harmonious** and artistic flow. Verse pays greater attention to the sound and beauty of language, often evoking deeper emotions. While prose is straightforward and focused on clarity, verse is a creative and expressive medium to capture feelings, ideas, or themes. Each serves its purpose, with prose being easier to read and verse offering a richer, more imaginative experience.

29. It can be understood from the passage that prose

----.

- A) can be used to convey facts, describe actions, or explain ideas in a simple and accessible way
- B) might limit authors' creativity, as it follows precise rules regarding sound patterns
- C) is preferred when the goal is to evoke strong emotional responses rather than deliver clear messages
- D) is best suited for works meant to challenge readers with hidden meanings and themes
- E) often presents abstract concepts and complex imagery using rhyme and rhythm

30. The underlined word 'harmonious' in the passage is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) polite
- B) steady
- C) pleasant
- D) basic
- E) intense

31. According to the passage, which of the following is true about prose and verse?

- A) Prose is a more flexible form of writing, while verse is structured to make the language more powerful.
- B) Both prose and verse focus on emotional expression, but unlike poetry, prose uses rhythm to achieve that.
- C) Verse is easier to read and understand than prose due to its simplicity and directness.
- D) Prose and verse have no clear distinctions in how they are written or understood by readers.
- E) Prose and verse are often interchangeable, depending on the writer's choice of style and tone.

32. - 34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Tourists in any metropolitan city usually explore iconic sites, diverse culinary options, and the city's most celebrated events. Their experience is often guided by a list of must-see attractions and popular activities, offering a snapshot of the city. This provides a superficial but exciting glimpse into the city's dynamic atmosphere, free from the constraints of routine responsibilities. However, living in such a city involves accepting its multifaceted reality. Locals may have to face the practical challenges of daily life, including the high living costs, commuting, and the pressure to balance work and private life at a tight pace. They get used to living with a deep understanding of the city, developing insights into both its celebrated features and its more mundane realities. That is, locals appreciate the city's complexities, from the underlying social and economic issues to the less visible aspects of urban living. While tourists experience the city's charm through an idealised window, residents confront and adapt to its full range of experiences, making for a richer and often more demanding relationship with their environment.

32. It is clear from the passage that tourists ----.

- A) endure the city's everyday struggles, like commuting and the cost of living
- B) view the city in a way that is more romanticised than realistic
- C) experience the city just like the people who live there do
- D) deal with the city's deeper societal and financial issues
- E) understand the lesser-known facts about living in a big city

33. Which could be understood from the passage?

- A) Residing in a metropolitan city is much fancier than visiting it as a tourist.
- B) The accommodation and transportation costs influence tourists' travel experiences.
- C) Tourists and locals have the same level of adjustment to the city's daily routines and challenges.
- D) Tourists see the surface of the city's atmosphere, while locals also experience its complexities.
- E) Residents enjoy the city in a more carefree and leisurely way than tourists do.

34. What is the primary purpose of the author?

- A) To argue that visitors typically have a demanding relationship with the city
- B) To suggest that tourists are more familiar with the city's economic and social issues than locals
- C) To highlight how tourists and residents have similar challenges in city life
- D) To emphasise that locals are more involved in daily routines rather than living the city
- E) To compare the experiences of tourists and the comprehensive reality faced by locals briefly

35. - 37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The Great Fire of London began on September 2, 1666, in a bakery on Pudding Lane. The fire quickly spread, fuelled by strong winds and the highly flammable timber buildings that characterised the city at the time. Within three days, it consumed over 13,000 homes and numerous public buildings, including the iconic St. Paul's Cathedral. Miraculously, the death toll was low, with fewer than ten recorded fatalities, but it left most of the mediaeval city to ruins. The fire's aftermath saw the city in chaos, with an estimated 70,000 to 80,000 homeless people. Because London was a major commercial hub, the economic impact was also severe. The disaster, however, led to a profound shift in urban planning and construction practices. Under the leadership of architect Sir Christopher Wren, fire-resistant materials were used in the reconstruction of the city, and streets were designed wider in accordance with new building regulations. Overall, despite all the catastrophic effects, it became a catalyst for change, influencing the city's architectural development and safety measures in a way that would have a lasting impact on urban planning both in London and around the world.

35. According to the passage, which of the following is true about the Great Fire of London?

- A) It led to the construction of St. Paul's Cathedral using fire-resistant materials.
- B) It spread rapidly due to the flammable nature of the city's buildings.
- C) The fire caused the deaths of thousands of London residents.
- D) The fire exclusively affected the public buildings and poorer districts of London.
- E) It was started by architect Sir Christopher Wren on purpose.

36. Which of the following conclusions could be drawn from the passage?

- A) The city's residents were unable to rebuild their homes for several decades after the fire.
- B) London's reconstruction after the fire focused solely on replacing destroyed homes.
- C) The fire highlighted the need for better urban planning and fire safety measures.
- D) There was no visible change in the economic activities after the disaster.
- E) St. Paul's Cathedral was the only public building affected by the fire.

37. What is the primary purpose of the author?

- A) To discuss the economic challenges faced by London after the Great Fire
- B) To provide a detailed account of the number of homes and public buildings destroyed by the fire
- C) To describe the role of Sir Christopher Wren in the city's reconstruction efforts
- D) To point out the lasting impact of the Great Fire of London on urban planning and architecture
- E) To explain the origins of the Great Fire of London and its spread through the city

38. - 40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The human brain is divided into two hemispheres, each responsible for different functions. The left side generally dominates logical reasoning, language processing, and analytical tasks, while the right excels in creativity, spatial awareness, and pattern recognition. These hemispheres communicate through a structure called the *corpus callosum*, allowing the sharing of information between both sides. Interestingly, although one hemisphere may be dominant during certain tasks, it does not mean the other hemisphere is totally inactive. Instead, the hemispheres frequently work together to perform complex behaviours. For instance, understanding a conversation may involve both the logical processing of words by the left hemisphere and the interpretation of emotional tone by the right. This division of labour allows the brain to function efficiently and handle multiple tasks simultaneously. Thus, this harmonious collaboration enables the brain to integrate diverse cognitive processes, ensuring a balanced and adaptive approach to navigating the complexities of everyday life.

38. Which of the following can be understood from the passage?

- A) The left hemisphere is primarily responsible for emotional regulation.
- B) The division of responsibilities between the hemispheres leads to slower brain function.
- C) Complex tasks often require input from both hemispheres working together.
- D) Each hemisphere operates independently without influencing the other.
- E) The right hemisphere is inactive during logical activities.

39. It is pointed out in the passage that the *corpus callosum* ----.

- A) is a part of the brain that dominates logical reasoning tasks
- B) restrains the brain's ability to process spatial awareness
- C) only functions when the right hemisphere is active
- D) is in charge of controlling all creative tasks in the brain
- E) connects the hemispheres and enables them to exchange information

40. The main purpose of this passage is to ----.

- A) describe how the left hemisphere controls the brain entirely
- B) explain the importance of creativity in brain function
- C) highlight the differences between the two hemispheres and their collaboration
- D) show how logical reasoning is superior to emotional intelligence
- E) discuss the challenges faced by individuals with an underdeveloped *corpus callosum*

41. - 43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Upcycling is the process of transforming unwanted objects or waste materials into new, higher-quality items, often with enhanced functionality or aesthetic value. Unlike recycling, which typically breaks down materials for reuse, upcycling aims to give them a second life without degrading their composition. This practice has gained popularity due to its environmental benefits, as it reduces the demand for new raw materials and minimises waste. Common examples of upcycling include turning old furniture into stylish home decor or repurposing used fabrics into fashionable clothing. As sustainability becomes more central to consumer choices, upcycling has emerged not only as a creative hobby but also as an essential component of the broader movement towards eco-friendly living. Though it may require some skill and imagination, proponents argue that anyone can upcycle by rethinking the potential of everyday items. Through upcycling, individuals can become innovative and resourceful while reducing their environmental footprint.

41. Which of the following is true according to the passage?

- A) Recycling is a much more environmentally friendly option when compared to upcycling.
- B) Discarded items can be turned into products of higher value or utility thanks to upcycling.
- C) New raw materials are still required in large quantities, even when upcycling is practised.
- D) Recycling and upcycling both aim to enhance the quality of materials during the process.
- E) Environmental concerns have little to no impact on the popularity of the upcycling movement.

42. It can be inferred from the passage that ----.

- A) the fashion industry strongly opposes the use of repurposed fabrics in clothing
- B) consumers are gradually losing interest in eco-friendly lifestyle choices
- C) creative thinking can help individuals find new uses for commonplace objects
- D) upcycling techniques are too complex for the average person to master
- E) only those who are highly imaginative are likely to succeed in the practice of upcycling

43. Which of the following can be said about the author of the passage?

- A) He rejects the idea that creativity is especially important in many upcycling projects.
- B) He supports the claim that upcycling can reduce environmental harm by lowering waste.
- C) He seems to be of the opinion that professional skills are needed for upcycling to be effective.
- D) He clearly states that recycling is less effective than upcycling in numerous cases.
- E) He disagrees with the view that upcycling is useful for artistic and crafty purposes.

44. - 48. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

44. Jacob:

– I've been thinking about signing up for a ceramic workshop downtown. I want to make some pottery from scratch.

Terry:

– ----

Jacob:

– Not as much as you'd think. I did one a while ago, and they guided me through every step.

Terry:

– I might give it a shot, then. I like the idea of making something with my hands. And who knows, maybe I'll make a few unique bowls or mugs!

- A) I'd love to join you, but isn't working with clay really technical and complicated?
- B) Really? I always thought it would just be rolling some clay around and shaping it.
- C) Don't you think it's frustrating when it doesn't come out how you pictured?
- D) You know what? That actually sounds fun. Do you mind if I come with you?
- E) Awesome! Did any of your pieces ever come out the way you imagined they would?

45. Interviewer:

– What inspired you to develop a system for renewable energy storage on such a large scale?

Engineer:

– Sustainable technologies have always fascinated me. With the rising demand for clean energy, we have seen a need for improved storage solutions to stabilise supply.

Interviewer:

– ----

Engineer:

– Our key issue is to ensure the system is both cost-effective and reliable enough to handle varying energy inputs.

- A) What benefits do you think this system offers over traditional energy storage?
- B) How do you plan to deal with the damage that big storage facilities do to the environment?
- C) What are the major problems you face in making this technology viable on a global scale?
- D) Can this storage solution be easily integrated into existing energy grids?
- E) Why do you think renewable energy storage has become such a critical issue today?

46. Son:

- I'm scared to drive again after failing my driving test. I don't think I'll ever get it right.

Father:

- It's okay to feel scared, but one failure doesn't mean you won't succeed. Everyone has setbacks at first.

Son:

– ----

Father:

- I know it's hard, but try to focus on your progress instead of comparing yourself to others. You're doing your best, and that's what matters most.

- A) But, it's so embarrassing. All my friends already have their licences, and I'm still stuck here.
- B) I tend to mess up under pressure. It feels like everyone else is waiting for me to fail.
- C) I just don't get why I can't seem to get it right. Maybe I lack hand-eye coordination or something.
- D) This is the problem. I focus too much on my mistakes instead of what I'm actually good at.
- E) I wish you'd been there during the test. Your encouragement always makes me feel more confident.

47. Interviewer:

– ----

Dance Instructor:

- Ballet requires a strong foundation in technique, flexibility, and artistic expression.

Interviewer:

- I see. Is it necessary to start training at a very young age to become a professional ballet dancer?

Dance Instructor:

- While early training can be really beneficial, determination and passion are the most important factors.

- A) How has ballet evolved over the centuries since its origin?
- B) How many hours a day do professional ballet dancers practise?
- C) Are there different styles of ballet performed around the world?
- D) What kind of music is typically used in ballet performances?
- E) What are the key elements needed to excel in ballet dancing?

48. Pam:

- I've been feeling really stressed out lately with work and life in general. I just don't know how to relax any more.

Joey:

- It sounds like you need a break. You know what they say; sometimes you just need to hit the road and clear your mind.

Pam:

– ----

Joey:

- **Exactly! A change of scenery can do wonders for your mental health. Travelling gives you the chance to recharge and come back feeling refreshed.**

- A) I don't think a trip would help me relax; I just have too much on my mind.
B) I always prioritise my own good when it comes to relations at work.
C) I'm not really a fan of long road trips; they tend to make me even more tired.
D) I've been thinking the same thing. Maybe a road trip is exactly what I need.
E) I've tried going on short trips before, but they didn't seem to help much.

49. - 53. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

49. The Anglo-Zanzibar War in 1896 is the shortest recorded war in history, lasting between 38 and 45 minutes with the British achieving a swift victory.

- A) Before the Anglo-Zanzibar War of 1896, in which the British quickly secured a win, no war lasted shorter than 38 to 45 minutes, making this war the shortest conflict of all time.
B) The 1896 Anglo-Zanzibar War is recognised as the shortest known battle in history, with the British securing a rapid triumph within 38 to 45 minutes.
C) The Anglo-Zanzibar War of 1896 is known as the shortest war, lasting 38 to 45 minutes, but its brevity should not overshadow the British's impact on this rapid success.
D) After the British won the Anglo-Zanzibar War rather quickly in 38 to 45 minutes, it was recorded as one of the shortest wars in the world in 1896.
E) Until the Anglo-Zanzibar War of 1896, which the British won quickly after 38 to 45 minutes of fighting, no war had ever been recorded as being so brief.

50. People who spend most of their time indoors or reside in regions with reduced sunlight exposure are more likely to suffer from vitamin D deficiency.

- A) You are more likely to be deficient in vitamin D in the event you spend most of your time inside or live in areas with little exposure to sunlight.
- B) The likelihood of vitamin D deficiency is higher among people who reside in low-sunlight areas than among those who spend time indoors.
- C) Vitamin D deficiency is more common among individuals who stay indoors the majority of their time or live in areas with restricted sunlight exposure.
- D) Even if you do not spend most of your time indoors or live in areas where you do not get enough sunlight, you are probably going to have vitamin D deficiency.
- E) Vitamin D deficiency is possible for individuals who spend most of their days indoors and do not have a chance to get enough sun exposure.

51. Crafting hobbies like knitting or painting encourage creativity and offer a sense of accomplishment upon completing a project.

- A) Through crafting hobbies such as knitting or painting, creativity is promoted, and a sense of fulfilment is experienced when a project is finished.
- B) When people finish a knitting or painting project, they often feel a sense of achievement, which makes crafting an excellent creative outlet.
- C) Crafting hobbies such as knitting or painting focus on providing a sense of success rather than allowing people to express their creativity.
- D) By engaging in crafting hobbies like knitting or painting, people can enhance their creativity and feel rewarded while completing their work.
- E) Knitting, painting, and other crafting hobbies are ideal for promoting creativity and giving a sense of satisfaction after finishing a project.

52. Composting organic waste not only reduces the volume of garbage sent to landfills but also produces nutrient-rich soil for gardening and agriculture.

- A) Composting organic waste decreases the amount of garbage that goes to landfills and results in soil rich in nutrients, which is beneficial for gardening.
- B) While composting organic particles produces high-quality soil for gardening and agricultural purposes, it barely affects the volume of waste in landfills.
- C) By composting organic waste, the volume of garbage in landfills is reduced, though it has little impact on the quality of soil used in gardening and agriculture.
- D) Composting is a method for managing organic materials efficiently while producing nutrient-rich soil for agricultural purposes and reducing landfill waste.
- E) In addition to creating soil high in nutrients for gardening and farming use, composting organic materials also decreases the amount of waste in landfills.

53. Heat refers to the transfer of energy between systems, whereas temperature is a measure of the average kinetic energy of particles within a system.

- A) While heat is the process of energy transfer between systems, temperature measures how much kinetic energy is present in a system.
- B) Heat involves the flow of energy from one object to another, but temperature represents the amount of kinetic energy in an object.
- C) Although heat refers to energy transfer, temperature indicates the average level of kinetic energy in particles.
- D) Heat transfers energy between systems, while temperature quantifies the kinetic energy of particles in a particular system.
- E) In contrast to temperature, which reflects motion within particles, heat refers to the total energy contained in a system.

54. - 58. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

54. Your family has moved to a new city, and your son began at a new school this week. When he comes home one day, he seems upset. He says he struggles to make friends and feels left out during lunch. You want to show him that you understand and support him, so you say: ----

- A) I know starting at a new school is hard, and it can take time to make new friends. I'm here for you every step of the way.
- B) Don't you think it would be helpful to talk to your teacher or the school counsellor about how you're feeling?
- C) When I was your age, I totally felt shy and a bit unsure about chatting with people. But I joined the school choir and made some amazing friends.
- D) It's okay to feel unsure about a new place at first. Give it some time, and you can find things you enjoy about our new city.
- E) I think it can be better to have some quiet time during lunch. It may help you feel refreshed for the rest of the day.

55. You and your friend are on your way to a book club meeting. As you are walking, your friend says she was too busy to read the book, asking you to give her the plot details. Having invested considerable time in reading and preparing for the discussion, you feel frustrated and say: ----

- A) I'm sure you'll be able to keep up with the conversation without reading it anyway.
- B) You didn't miss much; the book wasn't that interesting anyway.
- C) I didn't have time to read much either, so let's just go with the flow together.
- D) I can't believe you didn't even try to read it when I've spent hours.
- E) It's no big deal; I can quickly give you the main points before the meeting.

56. Your colleague tells you that he will attend the Carnival of Venice with his family this year. He also mentions it will be their first time going abroad, and they feel a little anxious rather than excited about it. To reassure him about the trip, you say: ----

- A) If you're anxious, maybe you should consider cancelling the trip altogether.
- B) It sounds like you are under a lot of stress, but once you arrive there, your worries will fade away.
- C) You should probably avoid crowded places like Venice if you're feeling nervous.
- D) Maybe you should skip the carnival and do something more relaxing and fun for your first international trip.
- E) You'll probably feel more anxious once you get there; Venice can be overwhelming.

57. You and your friend are discussing your future career plans. She tells you that she wants to become a tour guide at historical landmarks around the world. You know the importance of history knowledge for such a job and warn her kindly. So, you say: ----

- A) I don't think being a tour guide requires that much historical knowledge. I'm sure you'll do fine.
- B) Are you sure that's the best choice for you? I don't think you enjoy travelling that much.
- C) Great, but you'll need to be really good at history to explain the stories behind the landmarks.
- D) You must be kidding. Why would you want to do something that requires studying so much history?
- E) Have you thought about a different career path? Being a tour guide might not be your strong suit.

58. You are a doctor in a small town where everyone knows each other, and a patient requests you to prescribe antibiotics when you do not think it is essential. You want to provide the best care while communicating effectively, so you say: ----

- A) I understand you're feeling unwell, but antibiotics won't help with your symptoms.
- B) If you think it won't make you feel better, I'm happy to discuss other treatment options.
- C) Sure, I'll write you that prescription. It's always better to be safe than sorry, right?
- D) I don't know. Perhaps you'd like to get a second opinion from another family doctor.
- E) Absolutely not. Don't you know about antibiotic resistance and its dangers?

59. - 63. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

59. *Escherichia coli*, commonly known as E. coli, is a kind of bacterium found in the intestines of humans and other warm-blooded animals. This bacterium helps with the digestion of food and the synthesis of essential vitamins, contributing to the health of its host. ---- That is why, while E. coli is integral to human health, its dual nature emphasises the importance of understanding and managing both its positive and negative impacts on their environments.

- A) E. coli is a model organism in microbiology and genetics due to its well-understood genetic structure and ease of cultivation.
- B) Proper cooking, good hygiene practices, and avoiding unpasteurised products are key measures to prevent E. coli infection.
- C) Despite its beneficial role, certain types of E. coli can be harmful, causing foodborne illnesses when they contaminate food or water.
- D) In severe cases, E. coli infection can lead to conditions like abdominal cramps, vomiting, diarrhoea, or even kidney failure.
- E) Although it thrives in warm environments, such as the digestive system, E. coli can also grow at body temperature in laboratories.

60. Stuffed animals, or plushies, are popular toys made from various materials, including fabric, stuffing, and plastic or wooden details. ---- A pattern is then created based on the design, which is used to cut the fabric pieces that will be used to make the toy. These are sewn together, either by hand or with a machine. After assembling the toy, stuffing is added to make it fluffy. Finally, plastic or wooden features like eyes and noses are attached. This process turns simple materials into charming, huggable companions.

- A) Teddy Bears are cherished plush toys that come in different shapes and sizes, known for their fluffy, cute designs.
- B) These toys are designed for easy grip by children and are soft enough to be held.
- C) Quality control checks ensure each toy meets safety standards before packaging.
- D) Many people collect them as a hobby or for sentimental reasons, making them a beloved staple in the toy industry.
- E) Their creation starts with designing the toy, often with sketches or digital renderings.

61. Molecular gastronomy is a subdiscipline of food science that explores the physical and chemical transformations of ingredients during cooking. ---- This approach has led to innovative culinary techniques and a better understanding of the science behind flavour, texture, and presentation. Moreover, molecular gastronomy has challenged traditional cooking methods and inspired chefs to think outside the box when creating new dishes.

- A) The term 'molecular gastronomy' was coined by physicist Nicholas Kurti and chemist Hervé This in the late 20th century.
- B) Chefs and scientists collaborate to deconstruct traditional dishes and create new culinary experiences using scientific principles.
- C) Molecular gastronomy has been criticised for prioritising innovation over taste and for being inaccessible to home cooks.
- D) Techniques like spherification, emulsification, and *sous-vide* cooking are examples of molecular gastronomy in action.
- E) The field has aided the development of new food additives, stabilisers, and flavour enhancers used in the food industry.

62. Dreams have fascinated humans for centuries, often serving as a gateway to understanding the complexities of the mind. Some researchers believe that dreams help process emotions, store memories, and solve problems. Others argue that they may serve as a reflection of unresolved internal conflicts or anxieties. ---- This makes the study of dreams an important part of psychological research, even though much about their purpose remains a mystery.

- A) Many people forget their dreams shortly after waking, which makes studying them difficult for scientists.
- B) The subconscious mind plays a significant role in creating dreams, linking them to past experiences and emotions.
- C) There is no consensus on whether dreams can be used to diagnose psychological conditions.
- D) Researchers have not yet agreed on a single theory about why we dream or how dreams impact our lives.
- E) Most of the dreams that occur during the rapid eye movement stage of sleep can be recalled.

63. Greek mythology has had a huge impact on Western literature and art. It provides a rich source of characters, themes, and stories that continue to inspire creators today. Figures such as Zeus, Hera, and Hercules are central to many classical works and have been referenced in many modern adaptations. ---- The enduring appeal of Greek mythology highlights its significance in shaping cultural narratives and artistic expression across different periods.

- A) The complex stories and characters of Greek mythology have influenced countless works of art and literature throughout history.
- B) Beyond art and literature, it has influenced various fields, including mathematics and science, with symbolic representations.
- C) Many modern films and books focus on the lives of contemporary people rather than the ancient myths.
- D) It is included in educational curricula as a way to teach students about ancient civilisations and their beliefs.
- E) Greek mythology is most famous for its depictions of creatures such as dragons, centaurs, and minotaurs.

64. - 69. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

64. The Ancient City of Nessebar, known for its ruins and mediaeval architecture, is a historical treasure showcasing Bulgaria's rich cultural heritage.

- A) Kalıntıları ve Orta Çağ mimarisiyle bilinen Nesebar Antik Kenti, Bulgaristan'ın zengin kültürel mirasını sergileyen tarihî bir hazinedir.
- B) Bulgaristan'ın tarihî mirasının paha biçilmez bir parçası olan Nesebar Antik Kenti, Orta Çağ mimarisine ve kalıntılarına ev sahipliği yapmaktadır.
- C) Nesebar Antik Kenti, kalıntıları ve Orta Çağ mimarisi ile tarihî bir hazine sayılır ve Bulgaristan'ın zengin kültürel mirasını gösterir.
- D) Tarihî bir hazine olan Nesebar Antik Kenti'nin kalıntıları ve Orta Çağ mimarisi ile bilinmesi, Bulgaristan'ın kültürel zenginliğinin kanıtıdır.
- E) Bulgaristan'ın zengin kültürel mirasını gözler önüne seren Nesebar Antik Kenti, kalıntıları ve Orta Çağ mimarisi ile bilinen tarihî bir hazinedir.

65. Ethiopia stands out in history as one of the few African nations that successfully resisted colonialism, maintaining its sovereignty despite various attempts.

- A) Etiyopya'nın tarihte öne çıkan özelliklerinden biri de farklı atılımlara rağmen sömürgeciliğe karşı başarıyla egemenliğini koruyan birkaç Afrika ülkesinden biri olmasıdır.
- B) Sömürgeciliğe karşı direnip egemenliğini kazanmış birkaç Afrika ülkesinden biri olan Etiyopya, tarih boyunca çeşitli saldırılara maruz kalmıştır.
- C) Etiyopya, sömürgeciliğe başarıyla direnerek farklı teşebbüslere rağmen egemenliğini kaybetmeyen birkaç Afrika ülkesinden biri olmasıyla tarihte öne çıkmaktadır.
- D) Tarihte öne çıkan Etiyopya, farklı denemelere rağmen egemenliğini korumayı başarmış ve sömürgeciliğe karşı direnen birkaç Afrika ülkesinden biri olmuştur.
- E) Etiyopya, çeşitli girişimlere rağmen egemenliğini koruyarak sömürgeciliğe başarıyla direnen birkaç Afrika ülkesinden biri olarak tarihte öne çıkmaktadır.

66. Rewatching shows may reduce stress and increase emotional security because being familiar with content provides a predictable and comforting experience.

- A) Programları tekrar izlemek, içeriğe aşina olunduğunda insanların tahmin edilebilir ve rahatlatıcı bir deneyim yaşamasını sağlayarak güven duygusu aşıldığı için stresi azaltabilir.
- B) Programları yeniden izleyerek içeriğe aşina olmak, rahatlatıcı ve öngörülebilir bir deneyim sunmaktır, bu da stresi hafifletip duygusal güvenliği artıracaktır.
- C) Tanıdık programları tekrar izleyerek güven verici ve öngörülebilir bir deneyim yaşayanlar, stres seviyelerinin azaldığını ve duygusal güvenlik hissinin arttığını belirtmektedir.
- D) İçeriğe aşina olmak, tahmin edilebilir ve rahatlatıcı bir deneyim sağladığı için programları tekrar izlemek stresi azaltıp duygusal güvenliği artırabilir.
- E) Tanıdık programlarla tekrar tekrar meşgul olmak, rahatlatıcı ve öngörülebilir bir ortam yarattığından stresin azalmasına ve duygusal güvenlik hissinin artmasına neden olur.

67. It is claimed that the scent of certain trees, such as cypress and pine, can naturally lower blood pressure and heart rate when inhaled during a forest walk.

- A) Orman yürüyüşü sırasında, selvi ve çam gibi kimi ağaçların kokusunun solunmasının, kan basıncı ve kalp atış hızını doğal olarak düşürdüğü iddia edilmiştir.
- B) Selvi ve çam gibi bazı ağaçların kokusunun, orman yürüyüşü sırasında solunduğunda kan basıncını ve kalp atış hızını doğal bir şekilde düşürebildiği iddia edilmektedir.
- C) İddialara göre, orman yürüyüşleri yaparken kokladığımız selvi ve çam gibi birtakım ağaçların kokusu, kan basıncını ve kalp atış hızını doğal yollarla düşürmektedir.
- D) Selvi ve çam gibi bazı ağaç türlerinin kokusunun, orman yürüyüşü yapan kişilerde doğal bir biçimde kan basıncı ve kalp atış hızını düşürdüğü öne sürülmektedir.
- E) Doğal yollarla kan basıncı ve kalp atış hızını düşürebilen selvi ve çam gibi bazı ağaçların, orman yürüyüşü sırasında bile etkili olduğu iddia edilmektedir.

68. Researchers found that communities living near bodies of water experience greater life satisfaction and reduced anxiety levels compared to the others.

- A) Araştırmalar, su kenarında yaşayan insanların diğer insanlara oranla daha fazla yaşam doyumu ve daha az kaygı hissettiğini ortaya koymuştur.
- B) Araştırmacılar, su kütlelerine yakın yaşayan toplumların, diğerlerine kıyasla daha fazla yaşam doyumu hissettiğini ve daha az kaygı seviyesine sahip olduğunu öne sürüyor.
- C) Araştırmalara göre, daha fazla yaşam doyumu ve daha az kaygı düzeyi yaşayan topluluklar, doğal su kaynaklarına yakın yaşamaktadır.
- D) Araştırmacılar, diğerlerine kıyasla daha fazla yaşam doyumu yaşamayan ve düşük kaygı düzeyine sahip olmanın yolunun su kenarında yaşamaktan geçtiğini buldu.
- E) Araştırmacılar, su kütlelerinin yakınında yaşayan toplulukların, diğerlerine kıyasla daha fazla yaşam doyumu ve daha düşük kaygı düzeyleri deneyimlediğini buldu.

69. Technology has evolved rapidly over the past few decades, but the digital divide is a pressing issue, as not everyone has equal access to the benefits of technology.

- A) Teknoloji son birkaç on yılda oldukça gelişti fakat herkesin teknolojik imkânlara erişimi yeterli olmadığından dijital uçurum sorunu, önemli bir sorun olmaya devam etmektedir.
- B) Teknolojinin son birkaç on yılda gösterdiği hızlı gelişimle birlikte, hemen herkes onun imkânlarına erişmiş olsa da dijital uçurum sorunu hâlâ mevcuttur.
- C) Son on yılda teknolojinin hızla gelişmesiyle ortaya çıkan dijital uçurum sorunu, herkesin teknolojik imkânlarla eşit erişimi olmamasından kaynaklanmaktadır.
- D) Teknoloji son birkaç on yılda hızla gelişti ancak dijital uçurum, herkesin teknolojinin olanaklarına eşit erişime sahip olmadığı için acil bir sorundur.
- E) Son on yılda gerçekleşen hızlı teknolojik gelişim sonucu ortaya çıkan dijital uçurum, herkesin teknoloji erişiminin eşit olmaması sebebiyle acil bir sorundur.

70. - 75. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

70. **Haiku**, geleneksel olarak beş-yedi-beş hece ölçüsüyle yazılan ve genellikle doğa temalı olan, Japon edebiyatındaki en kısa şiir türlerinden biridir.
- A) *Haiku*, traditionally written in a five-seven-five syllabic metre and usually nature-themed, is one of the shortest forms of poetry in Japanese literature.
 - B) One of the shortest forms of Japanese poetry, *haiku* is traditionally written in a five-seven-five syllabic metre and often has nature-themed content.
 - C) *Haiku*, one of the shortest poetic forms in Japanese literature, is traditionally written in a five-seven-five syllabic metre and usually focuses on nature themes.
 - D) Typically written in a five-seven-five syllabic metre and traditionally nature-themed, *haiku* is one of the shortest forms of poetry in Japanese literature.
 - E) *Haiku*, as one of the shortest forms in Japanese poetry, is traditionally composed with a five-seven-five syllabic metre and generally focuses on nature themes.

71. Adli dilbilim alanındaki gelişmeler, suçluların konuşma ve yazma stillerinin analizi yoluyla, karmaşık davaların çözümüne önemli katkılar sağlamaktadır.

- A) The analysis of the speaking and writing styles of offenders by means of forensic linguistics has already made substantial contributions to the resolution of complex cases.
- B) Complex cases are being solved with the help of advances in the field of forensic linguistics, which analyses offenders' speech and writing styles.
- C) Advancements in the field of forensic linguistics make significant contributions to solving complex cases through the analysis of the speaking and writing styles of criminals.
- D) Developments in forensic linguistics make important contributions while resolving complex cases by analysing criminals' speech and writing styles.
- E) The field of forensic linguistics has become so advanced that it can provide crucial insights into complex cases by examining the speech and writing patterns of offenders.

72. Kapsül oteller, minimal yaşam alanı sunan ve genellikle kısa süreli konaklamalar için tasarlanmış, Uzak Doğu'da ortaya çıkan yenilikçi bir konaklama türüdür.

- A) The innovative type of accommodation known as capsule hotels originated in the Far East, offering minimal living space and typically designed for short-term stays.
- B) An innovative type of accommodation called capsule hotels, which originated in the Far East, offers minimal living space and is typically designed for short-term stays.
- C) Capsule hotels, offering minimal living space and typically designed for short-term stays, are an innovative type of accommodation that originated in the Far East.
- D) Capsule hotels are an innovative type of accommodation that originated in the Far East, offering minimal living space and thus typically designed for short-term stays.
- E) Typically offering minimal living space and designed for short-term stays, capsule hotels are an innovative type of accommodation that originated in the Far East.

73. Misketlerin en az 4.500 yıldır var olduğu bilinmektedir ve dünya çapında birçok farklı medeniyetin onlarla oynayabilen kendine özgü oyunları vardır.

- A) Dating back to at least 4,500 years, marbles have been used in games by children across various civilisations around the world.
- B) Marbles are known to have existed for at least 4,500 years, and many different civilisations around the world have their own games that can be played with them.
- C) The use of marbles in games can be traced back to at least 4,500 years ago, with various civilisations developing their own ways to play with them.
- D) It is believed that marbles have been around for at least 4,500 years, and different cultures around the world have their own games that can be played with them.
- E) For at least 4,500 years, marbles have been featured in games across numerous civilisations worldwide, each with distinct ways of playing.

74. Yeni bir koku sürmeden önce herhangi bir alerjik reaksiyon, cilt hassasiyeti veya tahriş olup olmadığını kontrol etmek amacıyla bir yama testi yapmak aşırı alerjik kimseler için çok önemlidir.

- A) Since some fragrances may lead to allergic reactions, skin sensitivities, or irritation, it is very important for extremely allergic people to do a patch test prior to wearing them.
- B) It is highly recommended for extremely allergic people to conduct a patch test to check for any allergic reactions, skin sensitivities, or irritation before you start using a new fragrance.
- C) Some fragrances can cause allergic reactions, skin sensitivities, or irritation, so it is advisable for extremely allergic people to conduct a patch test before applying them.
- D) A patch test should be done for extremely allergic people to check for any potential allergic reactions, skin sensitivities, or irritation prior to wearing a new fragrance.
- E) Before wearing a new fragrance, it is very significant for extremely allergic people to conduct a patch test to check for any allergic reactions, skin sensitivities, or irritation.

75. Büyük Set Resifi, o kadar hassastır ki su sıcaklığındaki küçük değişiklikler bile yaygın mercan ağarmasına ve tüm deniz yaşamını etkileyen hasara yol açabilir.

- A) The Great Barrier Reef is so delicate that even slight changes in water temperature can lead to widespread coral bleaching and damage that affects the entire marine life.
- B) The reason why even slight changes in water temperature may lead to coral bleaching and harm marine life is that the Great Barrier Reef is highly delicate.
- C) Slight changes in water temperature could lead to widespread coral bleaching and severe damage to all marine life, which shows how delicate the Great Barrier Reef is.
- D) Because the Great Barrier Reef is so delicate, any changes in water temperature might lead to widespread coral bleaching and damage affecting all marine life.
- E) It is known that the Great Barrier Reef is very delicate; thus, even small changes in water temperature might have damaging effects on the coral ecosystem and marine life.

76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) Scuba diving, a recreational activity that allows individuals to explore underwater environments, requires the use of specialised equipment. (II) The primary components of scuba gear include a mask, wetsuit, and regulator, which make it possible for divers to see clearly, move freely, and breathe underwater. (III) Another essential item is a self-contained underwater breathing apparatus, or scuba, that supplies compressed air. (IV) Each piece has a vital function in ensuring a safe and enjoyable diving experience. (V) Before diving, individuals must undergo training to learn basic skills such as underwater navigation and emergency procedures.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) The Leidenfrost effect is a physical phenomenon that occurs when a liquid comes into contact with a surface significantly hotter than its boiling point. (II) This forms a barrier-like vapour layer that prevents the liquid from immediately boiling. (III) The Leidenfrost effect can be observed in everyday situations, such as when water droplets dance on a hot skillet. (IV) The phenomenon, which sparks the imagination of numerous authors, is also mentioned in a variety of science fiction novels. (V) Scientists are exploring its applications in cooling systems and self-propelled devices.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) Academic stress is common among students due to heavy assignments, exams, and the pressure to succeed. (II) While mild academic pressure is beneficial, excessive stress may harm both mental and physical health. (III) To manage this stress, students can develop effective time management skills, such as creating a study schedule and dividing larger tasks into smaller steps. (IV) Furthermore, seeking support from teachers, friends, or family members can provide motivation and guidance. (V) Taking regular breaks and engaging in activities like physical exercise or hobbies can also help them to relax and recharge, lowering their overall stress levels.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) Book-to-film adaptations often face challenges in condensing complex plots and character development into a short timeframe. (II) This could mean that key details that fans value are lost. (III) On the other hand, book-to-series adaptations offer more time to delve into subplots and character arcs, making them feel more faithful to the original material. (IV) Adapting a book into a film or series requires not just a good script but also the right actors to bring the story to life. (V) That is to say, the format chosen can greatly influence the success of an adaptation in capturing the essence of the book.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) Cultural norms greatly influence gift-giving practices around the world. (II) Gifts can shape social dynamics by establishing or reinforcing hierarchies and connections within a community. (III) In Japan, for example, wrapping gifts meticulously is a sign of respect, whereas in Western cultures, the focus is more on the gift's thoughtfulness rather than its presentation. (IV) In some Middle Eastern countries, it is customary to refuse a gift multiple times before accepting it to show modesty. (V) Conversely, in many Latin American cultures, gifts are often accepted and opened immediately in front of the giver to express gratitude.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



ORTAÖĞRETİM
GENEL MÜDÜRLÜĞÜ



YKS DENEMELERİ

YDT

İNGİLİZCE

7. DENEME



ADI VE SOYADI

OKUL ADI

ADAYIN İMZASI

ADAYIN DİKKATİNE!

1. Bu sınavda YKS soru dağılımları dikkate alınmıştır.
2. Deneme tam kapsam olup YKS konularının tamamını kapsamaktadır.
3. Bu sınav 80 soru içermektedir.

OGM
MATERYAL

Bu testlerin her hakkı saklıdır. Hangi amaçla olursa olsun, testlerin tamamının veya bir kısmının Milli Eğitim Bakanlığının yazılı izni olmadan kopya edilmesi, fotoğrafının çekilmesi, herhangi bir yolla çoğaltılması, yayımlanması ya da kullanılması yasaktır. Bu yasağa uymayanlar gerekli cezai sorumluluğu ve testlerin hazırlanmasındaki mali külfeti peşinen kabullenmiş sayılır.

AÇIKLAMA

1. Bu kitapçıkta **80 soru** bulunmaktadır.
2. Bu sınav için verilen cevaplama süresi **120 dakikadır (2 saat)**.
3. **Bu sınav puanlanırken doğru cevaplarınızın sayısından yanlış cevaplarınızın sayısının dörtte biri çıkarılacak ve kalan sayı bu test ile ilgili ham puanınız olacaktır.**
4. Kitapçığın sayfalarındaki boş yerleri müsvedde için kullanabilirsiniz.
5. Cevaplamaya istediğiniz sorudan başlayabilirsiniz. Bir soru ile ilgili cevabınızı, cevap kâğıdında o soru için ayrılmış olan yere işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.
6. Bu kitapçıkta yer alan her sorunun sadece bir doğru cevabı vardır. Cevap kâğıdında bir soru için birden çok cevap yeri işaretlenmişse o soru yanlış cevaplanmış sayılacaktır. İşaretlediğiniz bir cevabı değiştirmek istediğinizde silme işlemini çok iyi yapmanız gerektiğini unutmayınız.

1. - 15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Depending on the specific activity and the participant's level of experience, the ---- of injuries that occur in extreme sports can vary considerably.
 - A) handicap
 - B) violation
 - C) unavailability
 - D) severity
 - E) speculation
2. Posting personal information online without privacy settings may be risky and expose users to ---- situations like identity theft or cyberbullying.
 - A) hypothetical
 - B) brief
 - C) troublesome
 - D) futile
 - E) favourable
3. The Minoan civilisation is ---- from the island of Crete, but its origins and connections to other early cultures are still a topic of debate among scholars.
 - A) beneficially
 - B) gratefully
 - C) narrowly
 - D) identically
 - E) supposedly

4. Overtourism can ---- the quality of travel experiences by overcrowding popular destinations, leading to long lines and a shortage of accommodation.
 - A) remove
 - B) impair
 - C) assess
 - D) display
 - E) determine
5. A new piece of laboratory equipment must be ---- so that researchers can become familiar with its capabilities and drawbacks before doing experiments.
 - A) tried out
 - B) switched off
 - C) drawn up
 - D) disposed of
 - E) slowed down
6. Lately, scientists ---- that certain dietary patterns ---- a protective effect against chronic conditions such as heart disease and diabetes.
 - A) have discovered / can produce
 - B) have been discovering / would produce
 - C) discovered / might produce
 - D) are discovering / used to produce
 - E) discover / may produce

7. By devising means of transport ---- physical limitations, humanity ---- its reach across the globe and beyond, creating new opportunities for trade and exploration.
- A) having overcome / was expanding
B) overcoming / expanded
C) to have overcome / would expand
D) to overcome / has expanded
E) to be overcoming / has been expanding
8. A clay tablet ---- near the ancient city of Uruk in Mesopotamia dates to around 3200 BCE, when the Sumerians ---- developments in maths and astronomy.
- A) to be found / had been pioneering
B) being found / have pioneered
C) having been found / had pioneered
D) to have been found / pioneered
E) found / were pioneering
9. ---- entering a heritage museum, visitors are greeted by a collection of artefacts and artwork ---- various periods, geographical regions, and cultures.
- A) Upon / from
B) With / over
C) Without / of
D) After / into
E) During / at
10. Equity in education means bridging the gap ---- different socio-economic backgrounds and reducing the impact of economic hardship ---- student achievement.
- A) through / for
B) from / with
C) between / on
D) among / in
E) within / to
11. Nutrient deficiencies can weaken plants over time; ----, they struggle to grow properly and remain healthy, becoming more vulnerable to diseases.
- A) however
B) as a result
C) instead
D) likewise
E) for instance
12. In sculpting, detailed carving and precise adjustments are crucial ---- accuracy ensures the creation of a high-quality and well-crafted final piece.
- A) unless
B) once
C) although
D) until
E) since

13. ---- interested in an unusual beauty treatment should try a fish spa, which offers gentle peeling and a relaxing experience that ---- find enjoyable.

- A) Anyone / many
- B) Each / most
- C) Several / both
- D) Somebody / few
- E) All / others

14. Individuals with high emotional intelligence ---- recognise their own emotions ---- empathise with others, thereby enhancing their interpersonal relationships.

- A) whether / or
- B) so / that
- C) neither / nor
- D) not only / but also
- E) just as / so

15. Poets often prefer metaphorical language and symbolism in their work ---- using straightforward language to convey their emotions and ideas more profoundly.

- A) for fear of
- B) in terms of
- C) instead of
- D) except for
- E) due to

16. - 20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

In Morocco, tea is much more than just a drink; it holds a deeply rooted cultural significance and is an essential part of hospitality. Customarily (16)---- using green tea, fresh mint, and sugar, it is served to guests as a symbol of warmth and welcome. The preparation process is a ritual itself, as the host brews the tea (17)---- care, adding the right amount of mint and sugar, and pours it from above to create a frothy layer on top of the glass. This act is not merely functional but symbolic, (18)---- it reflects respect and generosity. The custom is believed to (19)---- centuries and is still widely practised in rural and urban areas alike, often during elaborate tea ceremonies that can last hours. (20)---- being a refreshment, teatime also serves as a medium for socialising and fostering relationships, embodying both tradition and the value placed on human connection.

- 16. A) prepared
- B) having prepared
- C) to be prepared
- D) preparing
- E) to have prepared

- 17. A) along
- B) under
- C) outside
- D) in
- E) with

- 18. A) yet
- B) even if
- C) as
- D) while
- E) provided

- 19. A) come from
- B) carry on
- C) back down
- D) account for
- E) go back

- 20. A) Thanks to
- B) Besides
- C) Different from
- D) Despite
- E) As regards

21. - 28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. As a consequence of the development of agriculture in the Neolithic period, which spanned several millennia, ----.

- A) animal and plant domestication would not have been possible
- B) cave paintings emerged as the primary form of artistic and symbolic expression in many regions
- C) hunter-gatherer societies became more prevalent across different continents
- D) sea-based food sources remained an indispensable part of the diets of numerous ancient peoples
- E) human populations began to settle in permanent locations

22. Rather than depending solely on supplements, which may not provide the nutrients needed for optimal health, ----.

- A) whole grains, such as quinoa and brown rice, offer B vitamins, which are essential for energy metabolism
- B) vitamins convert food into energy and support the body's ability to function efficiently throughout the day
- C) obtaining vitamins from a balanced diet rich in fruits and vegetables is often considered more effective
- D) vitamin deficiencies may result in symptoms such as anaemia, bone pain, and delayed wound healing
- E) bodily functions, including energy metabolism and immune response, are supported by vitamins

23. Since factory farming has become one of the main contributors to environmental destruction, ----.

- A) traditional farming practices are still used in small, rural communities around the world
- B) it is necessary to increase awareness about its ecological footprint and the demand for sustainably sourced products
- C) people have started advocating for better living conditions for animals at family farms
- D) some species of farm animals are being genetically modified for faster growth, leading to concerns about animal welfare
- E) it is the primary choice of most governments to reduce greenhouse gas emissions

24. Even though basketball may not be played the same way as when Naismith created it, ----.

- A) it is a game played by two teams of five people each on a rectangular court
- B) he just wondered how he could invent a game that would keep his students active during the winter months
- C) its original structure would not have influenced modern styles of play
- D) the basic principles and strategies have remained essentially unchanged
- E) it was introduced to the Olympic programme as a demonstration event at the 1904 Games in St. Louis

25. Nuclear fusion is regarded as a practical and promising solution to the world's energy crisis ----.

- A) because it could provide abundant, clean energy with minimal radioactive waste
- B) since there are still significant technological and economic challenges that need to be overcome
- C) if the cost of building and maintaining fusion reactors has been prohibitively high
- D) unless public understanding of fusion technology improves, leading to widespread support
- E) though it can be successfully developed and harnessed on a large scale

26. ----, it is essential for individuals to have access to support systems and resources that provide timely intervention and care.

- A) On the condition that patients adhere to prescribed medication and attend regular check-ups
- B) Due to its effectiveness in treating anxiety disorders by helping individuals develop coping strategies
- C) Thanks to advancements in psychological research and the development of evidence-based therapies
- D) In the event of a health issue, including symptoms associated with severe mental disorders
- E) In addition to providing insights into human behaviour and the underlying mechanisms that drive our thought processes

27. ----, the distribution of literature became more widespread, allowing ideas to reach a much larger audience.

- A) Although the high cost of printing made it nearly impossible for citizens to acquire books and kept them out of reach
- B) When regional dialects prevented books printed in one part of Europe from being understood in other areas
- C) Once the printing press was invented and books could be mass-produced in the 15th century
- D) Unless printing houses received approval from the government for publishing controversial works
- E) Because literacy rates were still very low across much of Europe and many relied on oral traditions

28. The advancement of high-speed rail technology has revolutionised travel; ----.

- A) that is, it has drastically reduced travel times between major cities and made transportation more efficient
- B) hence, there are still challenges to overcome, such as infrastructure costs and regulatory hurdles
- C) however, it has contributed to lowering greenhouse gas emissions by depending on electricity
- D) instead, delays and maintenance issues can still impact the overall reliability of these systems
- E) moreover, these trains are capable of reaching speeds of over 300 kilometres per hour

29. - 31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The earliest recorded use of perfume can be traced to the Egyptians around 3000 BCE, who created aromatic oils from flowers, herbs, and resins to enhance their scent for various purposes, such as mummification processes and religious ceremonies. Later, the art of perfumery spread to the Greeks and Romans, who refined it for masking unpleasant odours and adornment. Although the use of perfume declined during the early Middle Ages, interest in scents revived in the 12th century through increased trade and contact with Eastern cultures, which introduced new techniques and ingredients. The 16th century marked a significant turning point as perfume became a symbol of status and luxury among European nobility. In the 19th century, the development of modern chemistry allowed for the synthesis of new fragrance compounds, revolutionising the industry and creating many iconic scents. Today, the perfume industry blends traditional techniques with innovative technologies to create fragrances for diverse tastes and preferences.

29. According to the passage, the use of perfume ----.

- A) was primarily for medicinal purposes rather than for enhancing personal scent
- B) evolved over time and, at some point, became a sign of sophistication among the European aristocracy
- C) is nowadays exclusively focused on organic ingredients, completely disregarding synthetic alternatives
- D) remained static throughout history, showing no noticeable changes or developments
- E) was embraced by the Egyptians but not by the Greeks and Romans, who preferred natural scents instead

30. It can be understood from the passage that modern chemistry ----.

- A) is irrelevant to the industry, as most scents are from natural sources
- B) has resulted in a decline in the quality of perfumes produced today
- C) has made traditional perfume-making methods obsolete and unnecessary
- D) led to a revived interest in traditional perfume-making techniques
- E) has played a critical role in developing new synthetic ingredients for perfumes

31. According to the passage, which of the following is true?

- A) Fragrances were first synthesised prior to the advancements in chemistry of the 19th century.
- B) Perfume was primarily associated with the working class in the 16th century.
- C) The ancient Egyptians are thought to be the first to use scented oils in different rituals and practices.
- D) The current perfume industry relies solely on artificial ingredients.
- E) Traditional methods of production are no longer practised by the perfume industry.

32. - 34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Ocean acidification is a major environmental crisis caused by the absorption of excessive carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions into the world's oceans. When CO₂ dissolves in seawater, it reacts to form carbonic acid, gradually lowering the pH level and making the water more acidic. This increasing acidity poses a major threat to marine life, especially to species depending on calcium carbonate to build and maintain their shells or skeletons, such as corals, molluscs, and certain types of plankton. As the acidification process continues, their ability to grow and sustain their protective shells weakens, leading to a breakdown in the structure of coral reefs and other marine ecosystems. Coral reefs, for example, are often referred to as the rainforests of the sea and provide critical habitats for a wide variety of marine life. With coral bleaching and potential mass die-offs on the horizon, entire food chains and marine biodiversity are at risk. To prevent the damaging effects of ocean acidification, it is vital to focus on reducing global carbon emissions and implementing marine protection policies immediately to safeguard these ecosystems.

32. According to the passage, which species are most directly affected by ocean acidification?

- A) Large predatory fish that rely on smaller prey
- B) Marine mammals like dolphins, which are sensitive to water chemistry changes
- C) Deep-sea organisms that thrive in extreme, high-pressure environments
- D) Animals which travel long distances across the ocean, such as sea turtles
- E) Species that require calcium carbonate for their shells or skeletons

33. Which could be inferred from the passage about ocean acidification?

- A) Increasing fish farming in regions affected by acidification is crucial to supporting food chains.
- B) It is necessary to reduce global carbon emissions to limit the amount of CO₂ absorbed by the oceans.
- C) It led to the appearance of genetically modified species that are resistant to acidic conditions.
- D) People must combat it by raising awareness about coral reef conservation through environmental campaigns.
- E) The first step is to enhance seawater salinity levels to neutralise the effects of CO₂ absorption.

34. What is the primary consequence of ocean acidification for marine ecosystems, as highlighted in the passage?

- A) A dramatic decline in the biodiversity of deep-sea habitats
- B) A shift in reproductive patterns of marine species due to changing pH levels
- C) The disruption of food chains and loss of biodiversity, particularly affecting coral reefs
- D) The widespread growth of harmful algae blooms that threaten marine life
- E) An unexpected rise in coral populations due to their adaptation to acidic conditions

35. - 37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Depression is a complex disorder that affects millions worldwide and is caused by both biological and environmental factors. From a biological standpoint, genetic predisposition and neurotransmitter imbalances, especially serotonin, dopamine, and norepinephrine, are important. According to studies, structural and functional abnormalities in the hippocampus, prefrontal cortex, and amygdala can affect mood regulation. Likewise, environmental factors like persistent stress, trauma, and major life changes can cause or worsen it. New research also links inflammation and the gut-brain axis to the disease. Despite its complexity, depression can be treated effectively. One of the most common therapies, cognitive-behavioural therapy, targets negative thought patterns, while antidepressants treat brain chemical abnormalities. Additionally, evidence suggests that regular exercise, proper nutrition, and sleep management can complement medical treatment and reduce symptoms. All in all, early detection and a holistic approach that combines medical, psychological, and lifestyle treatments are the keys to achieving long-term well-being.

35. According to the passage, which of the following is a biological factor contributing to depression?

- A) Over-reliance on medications or pharmacological treatments
- B) Decreased involvement in social relationships and loneliness
- C) A persistent stressor, such as financial hardship or unemployment
- D) Dysfunction of serotonin, dopamine, and norepinephrine systems
- E) Adopting regular exercise routines without therapy

36. Which of the following is implied as an effective strategy for managing depression?

- A) Choosing short-term solutions rather than comprehensive management
- B) Engaging in cognitive-behavioural therapy to correct negative thinking
- C) Ignoring the gut-brain connection in depressive symptoms
- D) Eliminating lifestyle changes and focusing only on antidepressants
- E) Relying on medication without the support of therapeutic intervention

37. The primary purpose of the author is to ---.

- A) advocate for a holistic, science-backed approach to understanding and treating depression
- B) discuss the role of genetic factors in depression
- C) explore the relationship between exercise and mood disorders
- D) provide an in-depth analysis of neuroimaging techniques in diagnosing depression
- E) argue that environmental factors outweigh biological influences in depression

38. - 40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Having the right sports equipment is crucial for anyone engaging in physical activities. Appropriate gear not only enhances athletic performance but also plays a central role in ensuring safety. For instance, wearing protective gear like helmets or knee pads can substantially reduce the risk of physical harm in contact sports such as football or skating. Suitable shoes, designed for specific activities, maintain balance and prevent accidents by providing better traction. Moreover, the right equipment contributes to the overall enjoyment of the sport, as athletes can focus on their performance without discomfort or possible injuries. Investing in high-quality gear tailored to the sport can also boost an athlete's confidence, resulting in improved performance. Coaches and sports organisations also emphasise the need for appropriate equipment to create a safe environment for both beginners and experienced athletes. In this way, athletes can fully immerse themselves in their chosen activities while minimising the risk of injury and maximising their potential for success.

38. Which of the following is true according to the passage?

- A) Appropriate sports equipment is only needed for contact sports.
- B) Good-quality gear can contribute to an athlete's self-assurance.
- C) Coaches suggest that physical training is more important than equipment.
- D) Athletes often prioritise comfort over safety when selecting their gear.
- E) Specialised footwear is mainly a concern for professional athletes.

39. One can understand from the passage that ----.

- A) equipment selection for sports is largely influenced by personal preferences
- B) wearing the right equipment eliminates the risk of injury entirely in contact sports
- C) sports organisations focus more on competition results than on developing athlete skills
- D) athletes are often distracted by discomfort if their gear is not proper
- E) only beginner athletes need specialised equipment to perform well

40. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?

- A) How Proper Sports Gear Improves Safety and Performance
- B) Choosing the Appropriate Gear for Contact Sports
- C) Why Performance Training Matters for Athletes
- D) The Role of Sports Equipment for Beginners
- E) Managing and Preventing Injuries in Sports

41. - 43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

A research team at Queen Mary University of London has made an exciting discovery about how starfish manage to survive predatory attacks by casting off their limbs to escape—a process known as *autotomy*. This ability is triggered by a neurohormone that is comparable to a human hormone called *cholecystokinin*. When starfish are under stress, such as facing a predator, this hormone causes a muscle at the base of their arm to contract, leading to the limb detaching and, in turn, self-preservation. What makes starfish truly remarkable is their capability to regenerate these lost limbs over time. Understanding the precise mechanisms behind this process could have considerable implications for regenerative medicine, possibly helping scientists develop new treatments for limb injuries in humans. By studying how starfish perform this self-amputation and regrowth, researchers hope to advance our understanding of tissue regeneration, which could bring about some innovative therapies for amputees.

41. According to the passage, the process of *autotomy* in starfish is initiated by a ----.

- A) reaction to even the slightest changes in their surroundings
- B) muscle contraction that has nothing to do with hormones
- C) unique genetic mutation that occurs when they feel stressed
- D) natural reflex that appears without any particular trigger
- E) specific neurohormone that acts like one found in humans

42. It can be understood from the passage that starfish limb regeneration ----.

- A) is a recent discovery in the field of marine biology
- B) involves a number of complex biological processes
- C) can only take place in a stress-free environment
- D) happens faster when *cholecystokinin* levels increase
- E) is a physiological defence mechanism against predators

43. What is the primary focus of the research conducted by Queen Mary University of London?

- A) To understand how starfish communicate with each other under stress
- B) To study the effects of environmental stressors like predatory attacks on starfish
- C) To examine the mechanisms of limb detachment and regrowth in starfish
- D) To investigate the neurohormones in starfish and their interaction with one another
- E) To find ways that can aid in the development of new treatments for humans

44. - 48. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

44. James:

- I've been thinking about applying for a new role in the marketing department, but I'm not sure if I'm the right fit for it.

Daniel:

- You should definitely give it a shot! Even if you don't meet every requirement, your experience could stand out, and employers often value potential.

James:

– ----

Daniel:

- That's true, but your enthusiasm and fresh perspective could really make a difference. You never know what they're looking for.

- A) Well, I feel optimistic about it since I have a better understanding of the company's culture.
- B) Better late than never, right? I'm relieved to finally have taken this step.
- C) I'm disappointed about the rejection of my application, but I'm eager to improve.
- D) Honestly, I don't think this job application will lead to anything meaningful.
- E) Still, I'm nervous about the competition. There are likely people with stronger CVs.

45. Ethan:

- Hey, did you get to check out the literary fair in town? I heard there were some inspiring sessions and great speakers.

Claire:

- I went on Saturday. I listened to several authors discuss their books and how stories can shape our perspectives and open our minds to new ideas.

Ethan:

– ----

Claire:

- Absolutely! I spoke with a writer about her creative process. She explained how real-life events inspire her and how they influence her characters in stories. It was enlightening.

- A) Did the festival include any workshops on writing techniques?
- B) Were there any best-selling authors presenting their work?
- C) Do you think such events inspire people to read more or explore different genres?
- D) Were the sessions mostly about contemporary literature and its influence?
- E) Did you have the opportunity to attend any panel discussions with the writers?

46. Benjamin:

- **Did you know people once thought tomatoes were poisonous? Can you believe that?**

Charlotte:

– ----

Benjamin:

- **Indeed. It took a considerable amount of time for Europeans to accept them as safe to eat after they were brought from the Americas.**

Charlotte:

- **Now, they're a staple ingredient that can be found in almost every cuisine around the world!**

- A) I also wonder what other misconceptions people had about food in the past.
- B) Really? Why did they think tomatoes were too dangerous to eat?
- C) I think they were right. Tomatoes are too acidic for some people to eat.
- D) What did they do first when they learnt tomatoes were poisonous?
- E) Yeah, it's strange how something so common today was once feared.

47. Sightseer:

– ----

Guide:

- **Actually, that's a common myth. It's not visible from out there to the naked eye. However, it is still an impressive sight from a high altitude.**

Sightseer:

- **Are there any sections of the wall that are open to visitors?**

Guide:

- **Yes, you can still visit many parts, some of the most popular ones being Badaling and Jinshanling. They have been restored and are accessible to tourists.**

- A) What if I told you that the Great Wall was built to keep out Mongol invaders?
- B) I've heard the Great Wall of China can be seen from space. Is that true?
- C) Can you tell me about the different architectural styles used in the Great Wall?
- D) Do you know how long it took to construct the entire Great Wall of China?
- E) There aren't any special events held at the Great Wall throughout the year, are there?

48. Patient:

- I brush my teeth twice a day, but I still get cavities.
How is that possible?

Dentist:

- There are over 700 species of bacteria in your mouth, and some of them are harmful. If you're not cleaning between your teeth or keeping your mouth hydrated, they can thrive.

Patient:

– ----

Dentist:

- **Exactly. Besides, you can also use an antibacterial mouthwash to help reduce the harmful bacteria that brushing might miss.**

- A) Is it even possible to control all those bacteria just by brushing?
B) They say poor oral hygiene can lead to heart disease. Is that right?
C) Can the bacteria from gum infections cause inflammation in our arteries?
D) Should I be flossing to keep the bacteria under control?
E) I didn't realise my gums were so bad until they started bleeding every time I brushed.

49. - 53. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

49. Unlike air-drying, which can cause flavour and texture loss from heat exposure, ice-drying retains the quality and nutrients of perishables via freezing and vacuum pressure.
- A) Air-drying, which may result in the loss of quality due to extreme heat, differs from ice-drying in terms of preserving the flavour and texture of foods via freezing and vacuuming.
B) By freezing and vacuum pressure, ice-drying preserves the quality and nutritional value of perishables in contrast to air-drying, which can lose flavour and texture due to heat exposure.
C) Even though air-drying and ice-drying serve the same purpose, air-drying is likely to cause texture loss from heat exposure, whereas ice-drying uses freezing to preserve the taste and nutrients.
D) Since air-drying causes flavour and texture loss due to heat exposure, ice-drying offers an alternative by preserving these qualities through freezing and vacuum pressure.
E) Ice-drying uses freezing and vacuuming to maintain perishables' quality and texture, while air-drying effectively concentrates flavours and nutrients through extreme heat exposure.

50. A study revealed that individuals in plant-filled rooms felt more comfortable, at ease, and connected to nature compared to those in rooms without plants.

- A) According to the findings of a recent study, those who have plants in their rooms report feeling more satisfied, at ease, and connected to the natural world.
- B) People have a tendency to experience higher levels of comfort and tranquillity when they are in spaces that are full of plants in comparison to other people.
- C) People who are in rooms with plants experience a greater sense of comfort, ease, and connection to nature than those in rooms devoid of plants, according to one study.
- D) Numerous studies have shown that being in a room with plants will make you feel more at ease, peaceful, and connected to nature than being in a room without plants.
- E) Research suggests that plants can create a more inviting and comfortable atmosphere, fostering a sense of connection to the natural world for individuals in a room.

51. Making e-textiles washable and robust enough to resist daily use without harming electronic components is one of the key challenges.

- A) One of the main challenges for e-textiles is making them washable and durable enough to withstand everyday wear without harming the electronic components.
- B) Due to their electronic components, e-textiles cannot be washed without risking damage or compromising their durability for everyday use.
- C) In order to maintain the durability and performance of your e-textiles, it is recommended to avoid daily washing.
- D) The biggest challenge with e-textiles is developing the right electronic components to ensure they are robust enough for everyday wear.
- E) The ability to create e-textiles that are washable and robust enough for daily use while still protecting electronic components is a key focus for researchers.

52. Simple changes like adding ramps or providing information in Braille can make a big difference in improving accessibility for individuals with disabilities.

- A) Small alterations, including the installation of ramps or offering materials in Braille, are essential for improving how individuals with disabilities access spaces.
- B) Offering information in Braille and installing ramps are key changes that help improve the accessibility of public spaces for disabled individuals.
- C) The addition of ramps or providing instructions in Braille may seem hard, but it has a notable impact on increasing access for individuals with disabilities.
- D) Accessibility for disabled people can be greatly enhanced through slight modifications, such as using Braille to inform them or installing ramps.
- E) Without minor changes like adding ramps and providing Braille materials, it will be difficult to achieve better accessibility for disabled people.

53. Understanding a novel's themes requires paying attention not just to the story itself but also to the historical and social context in which it was written.

- A) The best way to appreciate a novel's themes is to focus on its narrative alongside the historical and social context in which it was written.
- B) The story of a novel alone does not reveal its full meaning and themes; historical and social influences of the period must also be analysed.
- C) To comprehend the themes of a novel, one must take into account the social and historical environment of the time it was created along with its story.
- D) It is impossible to fully grasp a novel's themes and main ideas without considering both the narrative and the time period it reflects.
- E) The themes of a novel can only be fully understood when the reader considers either the plot of the story or the historical and social background.

54. - 58. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

54. You and a friend are planning to go abroad this summer. You have agreed to divide the tasks for planning, but now you have noticed that your friend is not keeping up with her responsibilities. Frustrated, you want to criticise her for recklessness, so you say: ----

- A) It's OK. I can take care of booking the accommodation and transportation if you're still busy with other things.
- B) I know you have a lot going on right now, but it's best when we both contribute equally to planning this trip.
- C) Next time, why don't you just plan the whole trip yourself since you seem to be so good at it?
- D) Travelling abroad has been a lot harder than I expected. I wish I had got more support at the start.
- E) I can't believe you've ignored everything we agreed on; now I'm stuck handling all the tasks by myself.

55. Your friend is focusing on ancient Rome for his history project. As the instructions clearly state the need to include multiple civilisations, you worry that he will not earn enough points to pass the class. To remind him of the instructions without being too direct, you say: ----

- A) It's strange you've only chosen ancient Rome. Don't you think other civilisations are worth studying?
- B) Why are you ignoring other civilisations? The instructions clearly say multiple cultures.
- C) You're going to fail the class if you don't include different civilisations in the project.
- D) Are you even trying to follow the guidelines? You need different civilisations as well.
- E) Ancient Rome is a great topic! But maybe including other cultures could help you follow the guidelines better.

56. You have persistent back pain, and your doctor recommends regular physiotherapy sessions. A colleague suggests trying a luxury spa treatment instead, but you know it is not a proven medical solution and do not trust such alternatives. So you decline kindly: ----

- A) Thanks for the suggestion, but I'll stick to physiotherapy for now since it's what my doctor recommended.
- B) Do you really think a spa treatment will fix my back pain? I need real medical treatment, not a day of pampering.
- C) Oh, sure, because a luxury spa is exactly what my doctor prescribes for chronic pain. I'll get right on that.
- D) I thought you'd understand that I'm dealing with something important here. I need actual therapy, not just relaxation.
- E) I'm committed to following my doctor's advice. I can't afford to waste money on something that won't really help.

57. Your son asks if he can grow a vegetable garden in the backyard. While you think it is a great idea, you know the soil quality is not good and previous attempts at gardening have failed, so you suggest a different approach: ----

- A) How about hydroponic gardening? You know, it doesn't need soil and is easier to manage.
- B) We can't raise anything without proper soil conditions, except for carrots, which grow well in poor soil.
- C) I'd totally support your garden idea if we had better soil conditions. How about adopting a pet?
- D) I appreciate your enthusiasm, but without the right soil, I'm afraid your garden wouldn't thrive.
- E) No, honey. There's no point in planting vegetables in a garden where the soil quality is so poor.

58. You are on a camping trip with friends, but one of them forgot to bring a sleeping bag, a crucial piece of equipment for a comfortable night in the chilly forest. He feels really bad about it, and you want to offer some help without making him feel any worse. So you say: ----

- A) We all make mistakes sometimes. I believe this will be a good lesson in preparedness for future trips.
- B) It's not a big deal. I have some extra gear we can use to keep you warm and cosy.
- C) You really need to be more responsible next time. This is unacceptable.
- D) Maybe you're not suited for camping if you can't remember basic stuff.
- E) I guess you'll have to sleep outside with the wild animals tonight! Hope you're ready for an adventure!

59. - 63. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

59. String theory suggests that the basic particles of the universe are not point-like objects but tiny, vibrating strings. ---- Consequently, all particles are viewed as different forms of these strings. The theory attempts to unify the forces of nature, including gravity, by proposing extra spatial dimensions beyond the familiar three—up to ten or eleven. However, despite its mathematical appeal, string theory remains unproven, with no experimental evidence to confirm its predictions.
- A) Gabriele Veneziano first proposed it in the late 1960s while attempting to explain the strong nuclear force theory.
 - B) Research seeks to formulate a comprehensive model that can accurately describe all known physical phenomena.
 - C) This approach offers a possible way to explain phenomena at both subatomic and cosmic scales.
 - D) The way each string vibrates indicates the type as well as the characteristics of the particles it represents.
 - E) Physicists are investigating how string theory can potentially provide insights into dark matter and dark energy.

60. Laparoscopic surgery is a surgical technique that involves making small cuts in the abdomen to access the internal organs. Unlike traditional open surgery, it utilises special tools and a camera to perform the procedure with greater precision. ---- This often results in less pain, a shorter hospital stay, reduced scarring, and faster healing compared to traditional methods.

- A) Advanced training and expertise are required to perform laparoscopic surgery efficiently.
- B) Patients who undergo laparoscopic surgery typically end up with fewer complications than those who have open surgery.
- C) Surgeons must carefully monitor carbon dioxide levels during laparoscopic surgery to ensure patient safety.
- D) To ensure the suitability of laparoscopic surgery for a particular condition, a proficient surgeon should be consulted.
- E) Advancements in technology have expanded the range of surgical procedures that can be performed with laparoscopy.

61. *Gamelan*, the traditional ensemble music of Java and Bali in Indonesia, is characterised by its use of percussive instruments, primarily metallophones and gongs. Unlike Western music, which is based on harmony, *gamelan* music emphasises rhythm and melody. ---- Its cyclical nature reflects the Javanese and Balinese philosophical concept of time as circular rather than linear.

- A) This type of music is typically played to accompany dance, puppet shows, or a variety of rituals.
- B) The music is structured around a central melody called the *balungan*, which repeats and varies throughout the piece.
- C) There are many different types of *gamelan*, each with its own distinct instrumentation and playing style.
- D) The instruments in such an ensemble are considered to be a single entity, often given a collective name.
- E) In Balinese *gamelan*, two ensembles often play the same piece slightly out of sync, creating a shimmering effect.

62. The Vasa Museum in Stockholm, Sweden, houses the world's only preserved 17th-century ship that is intact. The *Vasa*, a massive warship that sank on its first voyage in 1628, was salvaged in 1961 after spending 333 years underwater. The museum, built around the restored ship, offers visitors a rare glimpse into 17th-century naval history and shipbuilding techniques. ---- The Vasa Museum has become one of Scandinavia's most visited attractions, drawing over a million visitors annually.

- A) The ship's sinking was largely attributed to its top-heavy design and insufficient stabilisers.
- B) Over 95% of the ship's wood is original, preserved by the cold, slightly salty waters of Stockholm harbour.
- C) The *Vasa*'s ornate carvings and sculptures make it one of the most decorated warships of its time.
- D) It features interactive exhibits that detail the ship's construction, sinking, and laborious restoration process.
- E) Archaeologists have recovered over 40,000 artefacts from the wreck, providing details about life in 17th-century Sweden.

63. In the eighth century CE, the Abbasid Caliphate established the House of Wisdom in Baghdad, which became a centre for the translation and preservation of ancient texts. Scholars from various cultures gathered to translate works from Greek, Persian, and Indian traditions into Arabic. ---- These efforts not only preserved ancient knowledge but also fostered significant advancements in fields like mathematics, astronomy, and medicine.

- A) Most of the work was kept secret, preventing its influence from spreading beyond Baghdad.
- B) The scholars primarily focused on translating religious texts from various traditions.
- C) It served as a beacon of intellectual exchange during a period when much of Europe was in the Dark Ages.
- D) The library of the House of Wisdom was destroyed during the Mongol invasion of 1258 CE.
- E) Its main function was military strategy and training, which helped the Abbasid Caliphate expand its territory.

64. - 69. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

64. Tennis elbow describes discomfort on the outer side of the elbow, caused by overuse of the forearm muscles through repetitive wrist and arm movements.
- A) Tekrarlanan bilek ve kol hareketleri sırasında ön kol kaslarının aşırı kullanılmasıyla ortaya çıkan dirseğin dış kısmındaki ağrının adı, tenisçi dirseğidir.
- B) Tenisçi dirseği, tekrarlanan bilek ve kol hareketleri yoluyla ön kol kaslarının aşırı kullanımından kaynaklanan, dirseğin dış tarafındaki rahatsızlığı tanımlar.
- C) Aynı kol ve bilek hareketlerini tekrar tekrar yaptığınızda ön kol kaslarınızı aşırı yorarsınız ve bunun sonucunda da dirseğinizin dış tarafını etkileyen tenisçi dirseği durumu yaşayabilirsiniz.
- D) Tenisçi dirseği, tekrarlanan bilek ve kol hareketlerine ek olarak ön kol kaslarının aşırı kullanımı sonucunda dirseğin dış tarafındaki ağrıyı tanımlar.
- E) Tenisçi dirseği, dirseğin dış tarafını etkileyen ağrılı bir durumdur ve ön kol kaslarının aşırı kullanımı, özellikle teniste olduğu gibi tekrarlayan hareketlerden kaynaklanır.

65. The Iberian lynx has improved from the 'Endangered' category to the 'Vulnerable' category on the Red List of species at risk following the results of conservation efforts.
- A) İber vaşağı, başarılı koruma girişimlerinin bir sonucu olarak artık Kırmızı Liste'de 'Tehlike Altında' sınıfından 'Hassas' sınıfına alınmıştır.
- B) Koruma çalışmalarının bir sonucu olarak risk altındaki türlerden biri olan İber vaşağı, Kırmızı Liste'de 'Tehlike Altında' sınıfından 'Hassas' sınıfına yükseldi.
- C) Kırmızı Liste'de risk altındaki türlerden biri olan İber vaşağının 'Tehlike Altında' sınıfından 'Hassas' sınıfına yükselmesi, başarılı koruma çalışmaları sayesinde.
- D) İber vaşağı, koruma çalışmalarının sonuç vermesi üzerine risk altındaki türlerin yer aldığı Kırmızı Liste'de 'Tehlike Altında' sınıfından 'Hassas' sınıfına yükseldi.
- E) Nesli tükenme tehlikesiyle karşı karşıya olan türlerin yer aldığı Kırmızı Liste'de, İber vaşağı, 'Tehlike Altında' sınıfından 'Hassas' sınıfına taşındı.

66. A limited budget does not mean sacrificing quality; it simply requires making smarter choices and finding cost-effective options.

- A) Kısıtlı bir bütçe, yalnızca daha iyi kararlar alınmasını ve uygun maliyetli seçenekler bulmayı gerektirir; kaliteden ödün vermek anlamına gelmez.
- B) Kısıtlı bir bütçe nedeniyle kalitenin feda edilmesine gerek yoktur; bunun yerine, daha bilinçli kararlar vermek ve uygun maliyetli seçenekler bulmak gereklidir.
- C) Bütçenizin kısıtlı olması, kaliteden ödün vermeniz anlamına gelmez; sadece daha mantıklı seçimler yapmanızı ve uygun maliyetli seçeneklere yönelmenizi gerektirir.
- D) Seçimleriniz daha akıllıca olursa ve uygun maliyetli seçenekler de bulabilerseniz kısıtlı bütçenize rağmen kaliteden ödün vermek zorunda kalmazsınız.
- E) Kısıtlı bir bütçe, kaliteden ödün vermek anlamına gelmez; sadece daha akıllıca seçimler yapmayı ve uygun maliyetli seçenekler bulmayı gerektirir.

67. The concept of 'social loafing' in psychology refers to the tendency of individuals to exert less effort when working in a group compared to working alone.

- A) Psikolojideki 'sosyal kaytarma' kavramı, bireylerin grup içinde çalışırken yalnız çalışmaya kıyasla daha az çaba gösterme eğilimini ifade eder.
- B) 'Sosyal kaytarma', insanların grup hâlinde çalışırken tek başına çalışmaya göre daha az çaba sarf etme eğilimini tanımlayan psikolojik bir kavramdır.
- C) Psikolojideki 'sosyal kaytarma', insanların grup hâlinde çalışırken yalnız çalışmaya göre daha az çaba harcama eğilimini tanımlayan bir kavramdır.
- D) 'Sosyal kaytarma' terimi, psikolojide bireylerin grup içinde çalışırken tek başına çalışmaya kıyasla daha az çaba gösterme eğilimini ifade eder.
- E) Psikolojide 'sosyal kaytarma' kavramı, kişilerin grup çalışmasında bireysel çalışmaya göre daha az efor sarf etme eğilimini açıklar.

68. The literary technique of 'unreliable narrator' challenges readers to question the credibility of the story's narrator and interpret events from multiple perspectives.

- A) Okuyucuları hikâyenin anlatıcısının güvenilirliğini sorgulamaya ve olayları farklı açılardan yorumlamaya zorlayan edebî teknik, 'tekinsiz anlatıcı' olarak adlandırılır.
- B) Okuyucuların, hikâyenin anlatıcısının güvenilirliğini sorgulamasını ve olayları farklı açılardan yorumlamasını gerektiren edebî tekniğe 'tekinsiz anlatıcı' denir.
- C) 'Tekinsiz anlatıcı' edebî tekniği, okurların hikâyenin anlatıcısının güvenilirliğini sorgulamasını ve olayları çeşitli perspektiflerden yorumlamasını sağlamaktadır.
- D) 'Tekinsiz anlatıcı', okurlara hikâyenin anlatıcısının güvenilirliğini sorgulama ve olayları çoklu bakış açılarından yorumlamaya teşvik eden bir edebî tekniktir.
- E) 'Tekinsiz anlatıcı' edebî tekniği, okuyucuları hikâyenin anlatıcısının güvenilirliğini sorgulamaya ve olayları çoklu bakış açılarından yorumlamaya zorlar.

69. The discovery of exoplanets orbiting distant stars has significantly increased the possibility of finding Earth-like planets that could potentially harbour life.

- A) Potansiyel olarak yaşama ev sahipliği yapabilecek Dünya benzeri gezegenler bulma olasılığını önemli ölçüde artıran, uzak yıldızların yörüngesinde dönen ötegezegenlerin keşfidir.
- B) Uzak yıldızların yörüngesinde dönen ötegezegenlerin keşfi, potansiyel olarak yaşama ev sahipliği yapabilecek Dünya benzeri gezegenler bulma olasılığını önemli ölçüde arttırmıştır.
- C) Ötegezegenler olarak bilinen ve uzak yıldızların yörüngesinde dönen gezegenlerin keşfi, potansiyel olarak yaşama ev sahipliği yapabilecek Dünya benzeri gezegenler bulma olasılığını önemli ölçüde arttırmıştır.
- D) Uzak yıldızların yörüngesinde dönen ötegezegenlerin keşfedilmesi, potansiyel olarak yaşama ev sahipliği yapabilecek Dünya benzeri gezegenlerin bulunma ihtimalini önemli ölçüde arttırmıştır.
- E) Uzak yıldızların yörüngesinde dönen ve ötegezegenler olarak adlandırılan gezegenlerin keşfi, yaşama ev sahipliği yapabilecek Dünya benzeri gezegenleri bulma olasılığını önemli ölçüde arttırmıştır.

70. - 75. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

70. Song Hanedanlığı'nın Gutenberg'in icadından birkaç yüzyıl öncesine dayanan hareketli tipte baskı teknolojisi, Çin'deki eğitim ve bürokrasiyi şekillendirdi.

- A) Long before Gutenberg's press, the Song Dynasty developed movable-type printing technology, which had a profound impact on education and bureaucracy in China.
- B) Centuries before Gutenberg's invention, the Song Dynasty's movable-type printing technology revolutionised the systems of education and bureaucracy in China.
- C) Preceding Gutenberg's printing press by several centuries, the Song Dynasty's movable-type printing technology transformed China's education and bureaucracy.
- D) The Song Dynasty's movable-type printing technology, which predated Gutenberg's invention by several centuries, shaped education and bureaucracy in China.
- E) Centuries before Gutenberg's innovation, the Song Dynasty used movable-type printing technology, and it played a key role in forming China's educational and bureaucratic systems.

71. Genellikle 'deniz göçebeleri' olarak anılan yerli Bajau halkı, yüzyıllardır var olan yaşam tarzını koruyarak hâlâ suyun üzerinde yüzen evlerde yaşıyor.

- A) Often known as the 'sea nomads', the Bajau still inhabit houses that float above the water, upholding a traditional way of life passed down through several generations.
- B) The sea nomadic Bajau community continue to live in their distinctive floating homes and try to preserve a way of life that stretches back hundreds of years.
- C) Living in homes that rest on the water, the Bajau, or 'sea nomads', have succeeded in preserving their centuries-old way of life.
- D) The indigenous Bajau people, often referred to as 'sea nomads', still live in floating houses over the water, preserving a way of life that has existed for centuries.
- E) Floating houses are still the homes of the Bajau, known as the 'sea nomads', who also have preserved their ancient way of living for centuries.

72. Asya mutfağında yaygın olarak kullanılan kıymetli bir baharat olan zerdeçal, kalp hastalığı riskini azaltmaya ve artrit semptomlarını hafifletmeye yardımcı olur.

- A) Turmeric, a valuable spice commonly used in Asian cuisine, helps reduce the risk of heart disease and alleviate symptoms of arthritis.
- B) Turmeric, a spice especially popular in Asian cuisine, has been linked to a reduced risk of heart disease and the relief of arthritis symptoms.
- C) Turmeric, a key ingredient in many popular Asian dishes, may offer medicinal advantages like reducing heart disease risk and relieving arthritis symptoms.
- D) Turmeric, a precious spice widely used in Asian cuisine, could lower the risk of heart disease and ease arthritis symptoms.
- E) The golden spice turmeric, a staple in Asian recipes, is known to help reduce the risk of heart disease and alleviate arthritis pain.

73. Arılar, çeşitli bitkileri tozlaştırarak biyolojik çeşitliliğin desteklenmesinde hayati bir rol oynar, böylece sağlıklı ekosistemleri ve birçok tür için gerekli gıda kaynaklarını sürdürürler.

- A) By pollinating different plants, bees play an essential role in maintaining biodiversity while also sustaining healthy ecosystems and the food sources necessary for many species.
- B) Bees have a supportive role in biodiversity, as they pollinate many plant species, maintaining healthy ecosystems and nutrients that are needed for a variety of species.
- C) Bees play a vital role in supporting biodiversity by pollinating various plants; thus, they sustain healthy ecosystems and food sources essential for many species.
- D) Because bees play a role in maintaining biodiversity by pollinating a wide range of plants, they remain key components of healthy ecosystems and foods for many species.
- E) Bees play a decisive role in preserving biodiversity by pollinating a variety of plants, which helps sustain healthy ecosystems and the food supplies required for numerous species.

74. Yoğun bitki örtüsü ve yabancı arazi, patikaları ve yer işaretlerini kolayca gizleyebildiği için doğa yürüyüşü büyük ölçüde gelişmiş yön bulma becerileri gerektirir.

- A) The reason why improved navigation skills are important in hiking is that dense vegetation and unfamiliar terrain can easily obscure trails and landmarks.
- B) Hiking requires greatly improved navigation skills because dense vegetation and unfamiliar terrain can easily obscure trails and landmarks.
- C) Dense vegetation and unfamiliar terrain easily obscure paths and landmarks, and therefore, the important factor for hiking is advanced orientation skills.
- D) Hikers should have a good sense of navigation since dense vegetation and unfamiliar terrain conceal footpaths and landmarks.
- E) Improved navigation skills are of great importance while hiking, as paths and landmarks can easily be overlooked due to dense vegetation and unfamiliar terrain.

75. Bilgisayar sistemlerinin temeli olan ikili kod, verileri en temel düzeyde verimli bir şekilde temsil etmek ve işlemek için 0'lar ve 1'lerden oluşan dizileri kullanır.

- A) Computer systems are based on binary code, which efficiently represents and processes data at a basic level using sequences of 0s and 1s.
- B) Binary code, the foundation of computer systems, uses sequences consisting of 0s and 1s to represent and process data efficiently at the most basic level.
- C) Binary code, which efficiently represents and processes data at the most basic level, uses sequences of 0s and 1s and forms the basis of computer systems.
- D) The fundamental building block of computer systems is binary code, using sequences of 0s and 1s to efficiently represent and handle data at an elementary level.
- E) Binary code, which is the foundation of computer systems, efficiently represents and processes data at the most basic level by using arrays of 0s and 1s.

76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) Eye Movement Desensitisation and Reprocessing (EMDR) is a therapeutic approach useful for treating post-traumatic stress disorder. (II) During EMDR sessions, patients focus on distressing memories while simultaneously tracking a therapist's hand movements. (III) This technique allows them to recall those experiences while reducing their emotional intensity. (IV) EMDR engages with the prefrontal cortex and the amygdala, both crucial for processing emotions. (V) After a number of sessions, they can reframe their thoughts and feelings about the trauma, promoting healing and recovery.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) *Butoh* is an avant-garde form of dance theatre that originated in post-World-War-II Japan. (II) It was founded by Tatsumi Hijikata and Kazuo Ohno as a reaction against traditional Japanese dance forms and Western influences. (III) *Butoh* performances often feature grotesque imagery, slow, hypnotic movements, and haunting music that creates a surreal and eerie atmosphere. (IV) The word *Butoh* literally translates as 'dance of darkness' in Japanese. (V) Practitioners often cover their bodies in white powder and perform in minimalist or unusual costumes.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) Couchsurfing is a form of cultural exchange and budget travel where travellers stay in the homes of local hosts for free. (II) It enables visitors to experience authentic local culture and form connections with people around the world. (III) Some critics argue that it can potentially lead to the displacement of current inhabitants of popular tourist spots. (IV) The concept gained popularity with the launch of a website in 2004, which facilitates these exchanges. (V) Couchsurfing hosts often provide insider knowledge about their city, helping travellers discover hidden gems off the beaten path.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) Though hieroglyphics are Egyptian, the word is Greek: 'hieroglyph' means 'holy', and 'glyphics' means 'writings'; hence, it means 'holy writings'. (II) People who were not royals also used hieroglyphics in their personal monuments and tombs. (III) This term highlights the importance Egyptians placed on their hieroglyphics, which some researchers suggest might predate Sumerian cuneiform, making them possibly the oldest writing system. (IV) Ancient Egyptians employed them to document their history, religion, and literature. (V) For centuries, their meaning remained a mystery until the discovery of the Rosetta Stone in 1799 revealed their meaning.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) Sleep is crucial for health since the body repairs tissues, regenerates cells, and strengthens the immune system during rest. (II) Chronic sleep deprivation, on the other hand, can weaken immune responses, making it harder to recover from illness or injury. (III) Studies have also shown that adequate sleep helps regulate stress hormones like cortisol, which plays a role in healing. (IV) Cortisol is produced by the adrenal glands and manages the body's response to inflammation. (V) That is why prioritising a consistent sleep schedule and avoiding screen time before bed can enhance the body's ability to recover.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



ORTAÖĞRETİM
GENEL MÜDÜRLÜĞÜ



YKS DENEMELERİ

YDT

İNGİLİZCE

8. DENEME



ADI VE SOYADI

OKUL ADI

ADAYIN İMZASI

ADAYIN DİKKATİNE!

1. Bu sınavda YKS soru dağılımları dikkate alınmıştır.
2. Deneme tam kapsam olup YKS konularının tamamını kapsamaktadır.
3. Bu sınav 80 soru içermektedir.

OGM
MATERYAL

Bu testlerin her hakkı saklıdır. Hangi amaçla olursa olsun, testlerin tamamının veya bir kısmının Milli Eğitim Bakanlığının yazılı izni olmadan kopya edilmesi, fotoğrafının çekilmesi, herhangi bir yolla çoğaltılması, yayımlanması ya da kullanılması yasaktır. Bu yasağa uymayanlar gerekli cezai sorumluluğu ve testlerin hazırlanmasındaki mali külfeti peşinen kabullenmiş sayılır.

AÇIKLAMA

1. Bu kitapçıkta **80 soru** bulunmaktadır.
2. Bu sınav için verilen cevaplama süresi **120 dakikadır (2 saat)**.
3. **Bu sınav puanlanırken doğru cevaplarınızın sayısından yanlış cevaplarınızın sayısının dörtte biri çıkarılacak ve kalan sayı bu test ile ilgili ham puanınız olacaktır.**
4. Kitapçığın sayfalarındaki boş yerleri müsvedde için kullanabilirsiniz.
5. Cevaplamaya istediğiniz sorudan başlayabilirsiniz. Bir soru ile ilgili cevabınızı, cevap kâğıdında o soru için ayrılmış olan yere işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.
6. Bu kitapçıkta yer alan her sorunun sadece bir doğru cevabı vardır. Cevap kâğıdında bir soru için birden çok cevap yeri işaretlenmişse o soru yanlış cevaplanmış sayılacaktır. İşaretlediğiniz bir cevabı değiştirmek istediğinizde silme işlemini çok iyi yapmanız gerektiğini unutmayınız.

1. - 15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Air quality ---- from vehicle emissions and industrial pollutants has severe consequences for both human health and the environment.

A) conformity
B) degradation
C) aspiration
D) coincidence
E) dimension

2. Learning a musical instrument is not only enjoyable but also enhances ---- functions such as memory, attention, and problem-solving skills.

A) reluctant
B) legitimate
C) mandatory
D) suspicious
E) cognitive

3. The Arctic fox ---- changes its fur colour with the seasons, camouflaging itself in snow during winter and blending into rocks in summer.

A) respectively
B) instinctively
C) deliberately
D) randomly
E) awkwardly

4. The widespread sharing of personal lives on social platforms has started to ---- societal standards of privacy, leading to the erosion of certain feelings like shame and modesty.

A) reassure
B) deceive
C) evade
D) diminish
E) imitate

5. Unexpected scientific discoveries may ---- by chance, yet they usually require a curious and analytical mind to recognise their significance.

A) come about
B) grow apart
C) break down
D) fade away
E) stand out

6. Many individuals ---- vitamin products daily to support their health; however, the effectiveness of these products ---- among experts.

A) have taken / is being debated
B) will take / has been debated
C) took / had been debated
D) take / is debated
E) are taking / will have been debated

7. The first woman ---- the summit of Mount Everest in 1975 was Junko Tabei, whose achievement ---- the way for other female climbers to follow in her footsteps.

- A) to be reaching / would pave
- B) to reach / paved
- C) having reached / has paved
- D) reaching / paves
- E) to have reached / had paved

8. ---- the Taj Mahal, ---- with marble inlays and detailed carvings, provides a breathtaking experience that showcases the architectural brilliance of the Mughal Empire.

- A) To visit / being adorned
- B) Visited / to adorn
- C) To be visited / adorning
- D) Being visited / to be adorned
- E) Visiting / adorned

9. ---- years of overfishing, stricter regulations have been implemented ---- international waters to protect endangered marine species.

- A) Over / at
- B) Beyond / with
- C) Following / within
- D) Through / by
- E) Under / in

10. ---- the traditional beach holidays, Bali offers a variety of adventure activities, such as hiking ---- rugged mountain trails and zip lining through lush tropical forests.

- A) Beyond / along
- B) About / onto
- C) During / over
- D) Through / within
- E) For / across

11. Ancient civilisations often developed along major rivers; ----, Mesopotamian societies arose between the Tigris and Euphrates, using the rivers for irrigation.

- A) therefore
- B) even so
- C) otherwise
- D) in short
- E) for example

12. You should have a backup of all your important files, documents, and data stored in an external drive or cloud service ---- your computer's hardware fails.

- A) so that
- B) much as
- C) in case
- D) even as
- E) after

13. ---- can precisely predict when or if artificial intelligence will surpass human intelligence, so ---- belief to the contrary is speculative at best.

- A) Everybody / no
- B) One / neither
- C) Anybody / each
- D) No one / any
- E) Someone / either

14. Sustainable tourism practices ---- fully protect natural resources ---- guarantee economic prosperity, but they do help encourage responsible travel.

- A) both / and
- B) whether / or
- C) either / or
- D) neither / nor
- E) so / that

15. In student councils, representatives are elected to act ---- their peers, and they are expected to bring forward their concerns and ideas to school administration.

- A) in pursuit of
- B) along with
- C) on behalf of
- D) rather than
- E) in contrast to

16. - 20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Septoplasty is a surgical procedure performed to correct a deviated nasal septum, which can cause breathing difficulties. During the procedure, surgeons reposition or remove parts of the cartilage, a flexible connective tissue found in various parts of the body, and bone (16)---- improving airflow through the nose. It is typically done (17)---- general anaesthesia, and the recovery period lasts a few weeks. While the operation (18)---- addresses breathing issues, it may also offer cosmetic benefits if the correction affects the external look of the nose. The success rate of septoplasty is often high, with most patients experiencing remarkably improved nasal breathing. (19)----, as with any surgery, there are potential risks like infection, bleeding, and, rarely, a recurrence of the deviation. That is why regular follow-up is essential (20)---- proper healing without any health problems.

- 16. A) for the purpose of
- B) apart from
- C) as a result of
- D) except for
- E) in spite of
- 17. A) from
- B) on
- C) through
- D) under
- E) within
- 18. A) slightly
- B) surprisingly
- C) sceptically
- D) briefly
- E) fundamentally
- 19. A) That is
- B) Thus
- C) Furthermore
- D) Instead
- E) However
- 20. A) ensure
- B) to ensure
- C) having ensured
- D) to be ensuring
- E) ensuring

21. - 28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. **As well as producing oxygen and absorbing various air pollutants in urban and rural areas, ----.**

- A) plants depend on pollinators to transfer pollen between flowers for reproduction
- B) forests are prone to wildfires, especially in hot and dry weather conditions
- C) trees help prevent soil erosion and maintain the water cycle in forest ecosystems
- D) vegetation can provide habitat for pests and diseases that may harm crops
- E) vines and moss hinder the growth of other plants by competing for sunlight and water

22. **----, for this technique allows them to produce high-quality scenes more quickly in a controlled studio setting.**

- A) Film-makers use virtual production to combine live action with digital environments without on-location shooting
- B) Advanced film-making practices include deep-focus cinematography and motion-controlled robotics
- C) A 360-degree camera can capture fully immersive videos that are ideal for virtual reality content
- D) Cross-cutting is an editing technique used to alternate between two or more simultaneous scenes to create tension
- E) Directors shape a film's vision by guiding actors and making key decisions on creative elements

23. **Unlike vehicles with traditional combustion engines relying on the burning of fossil fuels, ----.**

- A) emissions from traditional engines are reduced simply by limiting vehicle usage in urban areas
- B) electric vehicles use batteries to lower emissions while minimising environmental impact
- C) hydrogen fuel cell vehicles produce water, though the technology is not yet widespread
- D) internal combustion engines are more efficient despite contributing to global carbon emissions
- E) fuel efficiency standards push automakers towards creating more eco-friendly alternatives

24. **----; nonetheless, they should be used with caution, particularly for individuals with respiratory conditions like asthma.**

- A) Essential oils are highly concentrated extracts from various plants
- B) Eucalyptus trees, native to Australia, are now cultivated globally for their medicinal benefits
- C) Aromatherapy has been practiced for centuries in various cultures to enhance relaxation and reduce stress
- D) Essential oils such as eucalyptus are popular for treating cold symptoms through aromatherapy
- E) Certain aromatic oils can trigger allergic reactions in sensitive individuals

25. Traditional operas are characterised by grand orchestras and elaborate staging; ----.

- A) even so, both have the ability to captivate audiences with dramatic elements
- B) on the other hand, minimalist ones feature intimate performances with fewer instruments
- C) notwithstanding, contemporary performances tend to be overlooked
- D) similarly, some conventional forms still have simpler instrumentation and smaller casts
- E) thus, modern approaches often require larger venues and more extensive staging

26. ----, the Antarctic Peninsula continues to attract travellers seeking to explore one of the planet's last remaining unspoiled regions.

- A) Due to its status as a polar research centre where teams conduct scientific investigations
- B) Thanks to cooperation among the countries that participate in the Antarctic Treaty System
- C) Even with the many expeditions and territorial claims made during the early 19th century
- D) Without the resilience of various species and the adaptations necessary for survival
- E) Despite its remote location and the challenges posed by its harsh weather conditions

27. The Phoenicians established extensive trade networks across the Mediterranean ----.

- A) in order that they could acquire valuable resources like metals and textiles to sustain their economy
- B) unless they could spread their alphabetic writing system, which influenced many later cultures
- C) although their trade dominance eventually drew competition and hostility from rival powers
- D) because their homeland in modern-day Lebanon has limited agricultural and natural resources
- E) lest their city-states remained politically independent and never united under a single empire

28. ----, Denmark heavily invested in green public transport and sustainable city planning to raise residents' quality of life.

- A) If it had proactively addressed environmental and urban challenges early
- B) Although it recognised the long-term benefits of sustainability for both the economy and public health
- C) As though its leaders had foreseen growing urban population pressures
- D) Since the initial cost of ecologic projects was high and aroused concerns among some policymakers
- E) Despite the fact that it has a strong commitment to environmental objectives

29. - 31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Trees have a unique way of communicating with each other. This happens through a special underground network, which forms when tree roots connect with a kind of fungi. These fungi create a link between trees, allowing them to share nutrients and send important messages to each other. For example, if one tree is attacked by pests, it can release chemical signals through this network to warn nearby trees. In response, those trees can protect themselves by strengthening their physical structures or producing chemicals that insects dislike. Trees can also use this network to signal changes in the environment, such as droughts or diseases, helping the whole forest adapt and survive. This silent communication helps trees work together and support one another. It also highlights why forests are important—not just for individual trees but for biodiversity and ecological health.

29. According to the passage, the special underground network ----.

- A) protects every tree from external threats like fungi
- B) allows older trees to communicate with younger ones
- C) is responsible for water distribution within forests
- D) coordinates signal and resource exchange among trees
- E) increases tree growth through nutrient consumption

30. It can be inferred from the passage that ----.

- A) food exchange among trees happens rarely under ideal conditions
- B) the communication improves trees' ability to deal with environmental stress
- C) chemical signals released by trees only affect the trees that are directly attacked
- D) the fungi in the underground network break down organic matter in the soil
- E) trees use their leaves and branches to communicate with each other

31. What is the passage mainly about?

- A) The adaptation of different species to environmental threats
- B) The underground interactions and connections between trees
- C) The benefits of tree diversity in different ecosystems
- D) The life cycle of fungi found on the roots of trees
- E) The effects of pest attacks and diseases on tree health

32. - 34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

In today's competitive job market, young people are searching for ways to distinguish themselves from the crowd. While academic achievements are critical, a well-chosen hobby can serve as a testament to one's personal development, skill set, and character. Thus, employers increasingly value candidates with leisure pursuits, as these activities highlight qualities that make someone a more well-rounded employee. For example, joining a debate club can go a long way towards proving your ability to express complex ideas clearly and persuasively. Similarly, playing a musical instrument or participating in team sports shows that you are not only dedicated but that you also understand the importance of practice and perseverance. Volunteering is another excellent avenue to explore, as it reflects empathy and willingness to embrace new challenges while contributing to the well-being of others. All in all, hobbies are more than mere diversions; they are extensions of your personality that show your strengths and values. The hobbies you choose can be a reflection of who you are and what you bring to the table as a potential employee.

32. According to the passage, a well-chosen hobby ----.

- A) should only indicate one's academic interests and achievements
- B) is less important than academic achievements in a job application
- C) typically does not influence an employer's perception of a candidate
- D) can reflect one's personal development, interests, and range of skills
- E) is primarily for entertainment and has no bearing on professional skills

33. What can be inferred from the passage about the role of hobbies in job applications?

- A) Hobbies should always align with the specific job a candidate is applying for.
- B) Candidates with hobbies are often perceived as less serious about their careers.
- C) Hobbies are viewed as representations of an individual's personality.
- D) Specific hobbies such as joining a debate club are prioritised in job applications.
- E) Hobbies and other activities demonstrate a candidate's ability to manage time effectively.

34. What is the primary purpose of the author?

- A) To argue that only academic achievements matter in the job market
- B) To suggest that hobbies are essential for developing a professional network
- C) To emphasise the necessity of volunteering in all career paths
- D) To recommend specific hobbies that are best suited for young job seekers
- E) To highlight how hobbies reflect personal strengths and enhance employability

35. - 37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Renewable energy technologies, such as solar and wind power, have been praised as groundbreaking solutions for reducing dependence on fossil fuels. These innovations, driven by scientific advancements, have indeed made energy production cleaner and more sustainable. However, a closer examination reveals several challenges that cannot be overlooked. One major issue is energy storage: renewable sources are often intermittent, and current battery technologies struggle to store large amounts of energy for extended periods. Additionally, the high initial costs of installing renewable energy infrastructure make it inaccessible for many developing countries, slowing global adoption. Moreover, while renewable energy reduces carbon emissions, the production of solar panels and wind turbines still relies on materials that can harm the environment and are difficult to recycle. Although the long-term benefits of renewable energy are evident, these obstacles suggest that further scientific and technological innovations are needed before it can fully take the place of conventional energy sources.

35. Which of the following can be understood from the passage regarding the future of renewable energy?

- A) It will soon eliminate the need for conventional energy sources.
- B) Continuous advancements are required for it to completely replace fossil fuels.
- C) The cost of renewable energy will drastically decrease in the near future.
- D) The production process for solar panels has become entirely eco-friendly.
- E) It is expected to dominate the global market without obstacles.

36. According to the passage, most developing countries ----.

- A) make frequent investments in conventional energy sources
- B) have successfully implemented renewable energy technologies
- C) produce solar panels and wind turbines locally
- D) are leading the way in scientific advancements
- E) face challenges in accessing renewable energy infrastructure

37. What is the author's attitude towards renewable energy technologies?

- A) Subjective
- B) Urgent
- C) Apologetic
- D) Critical
- E) Persuasive

38. - 40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Osouji is a Japanese tradition that takes place at the end of each year, typically in December. The term means 'big cleaning', and it involves thoroughly cleaning homes, schools, and workplaces to start the new year with a fresh environment. People take time to declutter, dust, and organise, ensuring that their surroundings are **immaculate** and refreshed. It is a communal activity, with families often working together to clean their homes. In offices, employees take part in cleaning duties, which fosters teamwork and unity. The goal is not only to create a physically clean environment but also to symbolise clearing away the stresses and problems of the previous year. A clean space is believed to encourage a more positive outlook and a sense of renewal for the year ahead. By New Year's Day, homes and workspaces are tidy, representing readiness for new beginnings. *Osouji* reflects the deep cultural value the Japanese place on cleanliness and organisation, offering a way to mentally and physically prepare for a new beginning.

38. According to the passage, *osouji* ----.

- A) involves gathering family and friends to celebrate the new year
- B) requires special rituals and ceremonies to be performed during cleaning
- C) is the most important cultural practice in Japan that people observe during the year
- D) focuses primarily on physical cleaning but also represents emotional renewal
- E) is mainly practised in communal areas rather than living spaces

39. The underlined word 'immaculate' in the passage is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) ordinary
- B) abundant
- C) spotless
- D) modern
- E) crucial

40. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?

- A) *Osouji*: Ushering in the New Year with a Clean Slate
- B) The Origins of Traditional Cleaning Practices in Japan
- C) Decluttering Tips for Japanese Homes
- D) Cultural Significance of New Year's Festivities in Japan
- E) The Role of Teamwork in Japanese Culture: A Focus on *Osouji*

41. - 43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Enheduanna, widely regarded as the world's first-known female poet, undoubtedly left her mark on early literary tradition. Writing in ancient Sumer around 2300 BCE, she is renowned for her sacred hymns and reflective poems delving into profound spiritual and personal themes. Her poetry stands out for its formal complexity and emotive language, employing poetic devices such as repetition and parallelism, both of which were revolutionary for their time. What sets Enheduanna apart is that her works are among the earliest examples of an individual explicitly claiming authorship—a rare practice at a time when much early literature was anonymous or attributed to collective traditions. Her role as a high priestess gave her a unique and powerful platform, allowing her to blend religious devotion with personal experience. This combination made her not only an individual who performed religious ceremonies but also a pioneering figure in the development of personal narrative in literature. In doing so, she blazed a trail for future writers to explore the self and the divine, leaving her fingerprints in the literary fabric.

41. It is understood from the passage that ----.

- A) Enheduanna's works are distinguished by their intricate structure and passionate tone
- B) ancient Sumerian literature is characterised by a lack of formal sophistication and poetic innovation
- C) early writings from Sumer were mainly personal narratives authored by poets
- D) stylistic elements like repetition were widespread and not considered novel during Enheduanna's era
- E) the themes of Enheduanna's poems are predominantly secular rather than spiritual

42. Which of the following is true about Enheduanna?

- A) Her work is known for its depth and repetitive structure, reflecting the typical style of her time.
- B) She was one of the many female writers whose contributions were only recognised later in history.
- C) Her position as a high priestess limited much of her ability to discuss identity-focused themes in her writing.
- D) She is credited with using groundbreaking literary techniques and establishing personal authorship in her work.
- E) Her writings concentrated mainly on ceremonial events, not religious and sacred topics.

43. What is the passage mainly about?

- A) Enheduanna's role in inspiring later writers to deal with personal and spiritual themes
- B) The limited influence of Enheduanna's works on subsequent writers
- C) The continuation of anonymous authorship in both ancient and contemporary literature
- D) The separation of personal narrative from religious devotion in literature
- E) Enheduanna's poetry that exclusively focuses on divine authority

44. - 48. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

44. Kevin:

- **Have you noticed how many people flock to places on popular social media? It's like everyone wants to visit the same crowded spots.**

Mary:

- **I know! It's crazy how people will pay extra just to say they've been there, even if it's packed with tourists.**

Kevin:

– ----

Mary:

- **It's definitely much more fulfilling to discover hidden gems and connect with locals than just follow the tourist flow.**

- A) Unfortunately, social media tends to create these unrealistic expectations about popular tourist spots.
- B) Exactly! I'd rather find somewhere less known, where we can appreciate the culture without the crowds.
- C) Indeed, I'd rather visit the most well-known locations than waste my time on isolated ones.
- D) Absolutely! Let's make the reservations in advance to guarantee we get a table with a view of those places.
- E) Why not? It's one of the most popular places in the city! I'd love to check it out.

45. Matthew:

- **I think the ancient Persian palaces are absolutely beautiful. It's truly a matter of curiosity how they built such grand structures.**

Rachel:

– ----

Matthew:

- **What do you mean by that?**

Rachel:

- **Persian architecture was influenced by earlier civilisations like Mesopotamia, and the Persians took those ideas and added their own artistic and engineering innovations.**

- A) Some historians say that the intricate designs and use of advanced engineering techniques were ahead of their time.
- B) Persian architects made use of intricate tile work and ornate carvings to create them.
- C) Well, you should also appreciate the contributions of other cultures to these incredible buildings.
- D) I don't see anything special about them. They look like any other old building.
- E) Mesopotamian influence was minimal, and the Persians borrowed more from the Egyptians than anyone else.

46. Albert:

- I've been struggling with insomnia lately, and it's started to affect my daily life and productivity. Do you have any suggestions?

Claire:

– ----

Albert:

- I had no idea that they could have such an impact on sleep. Perhaps I should reconsider my habit of scrolling through social media prior to sleeping.

Claire:

- That's definitely worth trying. Getting adequate, quality sleep is crucial for our overall health and well-being.

- A) Have you thought about drinking chamomile tea? It's been a game-changer for me.
- B) Listening to calming music or white noise helps me relax and fall asleep more easily.
- C) A consistent bedtime routine and avoiding screens before bed can help you.
- D) I can't offer much advice since I fall asleep as soon as my head hits the pillow.
- E) It may be linked to caffeine consumption. Try cutting out all caffeinated beverages.

47. Ava:

- Have you heard about the urban beekeeping trend? I think it's fascinating how people are bringing bees back into cities.

Liam:

- Yes, it's amazing! They play such a vital role in pollination; this trend can help support their populations. Maybe I can start a small beehive on my balcony.

Ava:

– ----

Liam:

- You're right! I guess I should do some research before diving in.

- A) It sounds like a lot of work. Actually, I don't want to deal with the bees myself.
- B) That's a unique approach! I love it, and I'd love to help you build it.
- C) You might as well just buy honey from the store instead. It's much more practical.
- D) I think it's better to let professionals handle bees; it seems a little risky.
- E) You could just plant flowers and forget about beekeeping altogether.

48. Athlete:

- I've been practising my sport for hours every day, but I feel like I'm hitting a wall. No improvements.

Coach:

- Maybe you're overtraining. A little leisure time can help your body recover, and you'll perform better when you're rested.

Athlete:

– ----

Coach:

- **Absolutely. Overworking yourself leads to burnout. You need balance to achieve long-term success.**

- A) I'm afraid I won't get back to it if I stop now. I don't want to lose momentum.
- B) I don't know if resting will make me better, though. Won't I lose my focus?
- C) I can't imagine stopping now. I have so much to improve!
- D) But won't that make me lose my competitive edge? I can't waste my time.
- E) I guess I've been pushing myself too hard recently. I should take some rest.

49. - 53. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

49. Halley's Comet, visible from Earth roughly every 76 years, provides scientific insights into the nature of comets and the early solar system with its periodic return.

- A) Halley's Comet is visible from Earth every 76 years or so and offers an understanding of the characteristics of comets and the early solar system through its periodic appearances.
- B) Despite Halley's Comet's 76-year absence, its recurrent return allows researchers to observe and gain insights into the nature of comets and the early solar system.
- C) Once every 76 years, the celestial body known as Halley's Comet returns to Earth, and scientists regularly analyse the nature of comets and the early solar system.
- D) Scientists may be able to learn more about the composition of comets and the formation of the early solar system by periodically observing it from Earth nearly every 76 years.
- E) Allowing periodic scientific insights into the origins of comets and the early formation of the solar system, Halley's comet returns to Earth around every 76 years.

50. Parenting involves nurturing a child's emotional and intellectual growth while establishing a supportive environment that balances discipline and encouragement.

- A) Building a nurturing environment that finds a balance between encouragement and discipline, which is part of being a parent, affects a child's emotional and intellectual development.
- B) Parents should nurture the intellectual and emotional growth of their children without creating a supportive environment with a healthy balance between discipline and encouragement.
- C) Creating a safe space with discipline and encouragement is key to good parenting, along with guiding your child to find a balance between emotional and intellectual development.
- D) The role of a parent includes fostering their child's emotional and intellectual development as well as creating an encouraging atmosphere that strikes a balance between discipline and encouragement.
- E) Fostering a child's emotional and intellectual development with a combination of establishing discipline and encouragement is what it means to be a parent.

51. No sooner had the Romantic poets gained widespread admiration in the 19th century than realist writers challenged their idealised portrayals of life and nature.

- A) Upon gaining widespread admiration in the 19th century, the Romantic poets disagreed with the realist depictions of life and nature.
- B) The Romantic poets, renowned for their idealised portrayals of life and nature, gained more popularity than realist authors during the 19th century.
- C) As soon as the Romantic poets achieved significant acclaim in the 19th century, realist authors contested their idealised representations of life and nature.
- D) It was in the 19th century when the Romantic poets and realist writers collaborated to portray life and nature similarly.
- E) Before the realist writers questioned their work, the Romantic poets had already gained acclaim for their portrayals of life and nature in the 19th century.

52. From bungee jumping to scuba diving, adventure tourism gives people a chance to push their limits and experience thrilling activities in breathtaking locations.

- A) People who engage in adventure tourism can enjoy activities like bungee jumping and scuba diving, which allow them to explore their personal boundaries in remarkable locations.
- B) Adventure tourism offers people the chance to test their limits through exciting activities like bungee jumping or scuba diving, in the most ordinary places.
- C) Adventure tourism offers individuals an opportunity to challenge themselves and engage in exciting activities, ranging from bungee jumping to scuba diving, in stunning places.
- D) Adventure tourism allows people to explore thrilling experiences in all kinds of sports, from bungee jumping to scuba diving, while also enjoying extraordinary scenery.
- E) With adventure tourism, individuals have the chance not only to take part in exciting experiences like scuba diving and bungee jumping but also to visit unique, picturesque sites.

53. The Minoan civilisation is renowned for its intricate palaces, which not only served as royal residences but also as economic, administrative, and religious centres.

- A) Famous for its elaborate palaces, the royal families of the Minoan civilisation used their homes as centres of administration, worship, and trade.
- B) The Minoan civilisation is well-known for its sophisticated palaces, which functioned both as royal residences and as hubs for religious, administrative, and economic activities.
- C) Known for their elaborate architecture, the Minoan palaces were critical for overseeing religious, economic, and administrative functions besides housing the royal family.
- D) Minoan palaces were famous for being multi-functional, operating as centres for economic, religious, and political activities as well as being the homes of royalty.
- E) The Minoans' famous palace complexes were not limited to royal residences but also functioned as vital centres for administration, worship, and trade.

54. - 58. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

54. You have noticed that your teenage son spends most of his free time indoors playing video games, which is causing him to miss out on fresh air and physical activity. You want to encourage him to enjoy the outdoors more, so you say: ----

- A) I'm tired of repeating myself; you should be spending less time playing video games and more time outside.
- B) Why not invite a friend and go for a bike ride or a walk in the park this afternoon?
- C) Just make sure you take enough breaks from gaming so you don't feel too worn out.
- D) Maybe you're not interested in outdoor activities, as you don't have enough challenging games to play.
- E) You can keep playing as much as you want, but don't complain later about feeling restless or tired.

55. Your friend started composting in her backyard. She proudly shows you her progress. However, the compost pile is a bit smelly and has not fully decomposed yet. To acknowledge her efforts while gently addressing the issue, you say: ----

- A) Wow, I admire your dedication to reducing waste and nurturing your garden!
- B) Composting makes a considerable difference to the environment, and I'm glad to see your efforts; it's a great initiative!
- C) It is unbearable. I don't think I can spend another second here with that smell!
- D) You've done an impressive job so far! A bit more time and turning the pile more often can improve the smell and speed things up.
- E) You should definitely encourage more people to try composting; it seems like a fun way to connect over gardening!

56. You have been planning a camping trip for months with a group of friends. Unexpectedly, another friend invites you to an amusement park on the same weekend. You want to decline the invitation without sounding dismissive. So you say: ----

- A) Honestly, I don't enjoy amusement parks as much as outdoor adventures, so I'll stick with my original plan.
- B) The camping trip is set, so the amusement park will have to wait until I'm less busy.
- C) I really appreciate the invitation, but I don't think the amusement park will be as fun as the camping trip.
- D) It's a nice idea, but I can't cancel the trip now. It's just far more important to me.
- E) That sounds fun, but I'm committed to my camping trip with friends. Let's plan a day at the amusement park soon!

57. You are holding a fundraising event to keep working on a 3D printing project to create low-cost prosthetics for children in developing countries. A potential donor questions the long-term sustainability of the project. In response, you say: ----

- A) We have launched partnerships with local organisations to ensure the project continues after the initial phase.
- B) I don't understand why you're worried. The project is amazing, and we'll figure things out later.
- C) Our project's future depends on how much we raise today, so we'll see how it goes.
- D) We are currently focusing on raising enough funds. Long-term sustainability isn't a top priority right now.
- E) Why would you even ask that? Obviously, we'll deal with any challenges that come up.

58. You are a social media manager, and a customer has left a harsh review on your company's page, complaining about a product malfunction. It is drawing attention and may harm your business's reputation. To address this situation professionally, you respond publicly by saying: ----

- A) Your complaint is completely ill-founded. Our products are fully tested before being released.
- B) Thanks for your positive feedback; we will continue to strive for excellence in all aspects of our work.
- C) You could have just returned the product instead of complaining online.
- D) It's probably nothing important. Did you read the manual before using the product?
- E) We sincerely apologise for your experience. Please contact us directly so we can resolve this issue.

59. - 63. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

59. In the past, artists used traditional methods to replicate an original painting. One common technique was drawing a scaled grid for precise portions. It required traditional materials and natural pigments to mirror the original's texture. ---- They also allow accurate colour matching so that artists can create faithful replicas with greater ease. While the primary goal of replicating a painting remains the same, advances in technology have improved the available techniques and resources.

- A) Moreover, the process of replicating a painting aims to capture the essence of the original artwork.
- B) The methods require a combination of skill and knowledge about the materials used in the artwork.
- C) Oil painting is another technique that involves using similar brushwork and layering techniques.
- D) On the other hand, modern artists have access to digital tools that streamline reproduction.
- E) For instance, Van Gogh's paintings are frequently replicated with the help of these techniques.

60. Music holds a central place in African life, woven into both everyday activities and special occasions alike. From a mother gently singing to her baby to vibrant village celebrations with colourful attire, music pervades all aspects of culture. ---- For instance, a farmer might sing while tending to crops, believing the song aids growth. In remote areas, hunters or herders use flutes to send musical signals across long distances.

- A) The musical instruments of Africa vary widely, ranging from ornate drums to basic rattles crafted from scraps.
- B) It also serves practical purposes such as uplifting spirits during long hours of labour as well as facilitating communication.
- C) African music is not only a form of entertainment but also a way to preserve cultural traditions and tell stories of the past.
- D) It creates unity and belonging, bringing people together and enhancing social bonds.
- E) Traditional African sounds combined with contemporary influences have created new music that captivates audiences globally.

61. The Kingdom of Kush was an ancient empire located in present-day Sudan, renowned for its wealth, power, and advanced civilisation. It was a major exporter of gold, ivory, and other valuable goods, attracting merchants from across the ancient world. Kush thrived largely due to its strategic location along the Nile River, which facilitated trade and supported prosperous agricultural systems. ----

- A) Aside from artisans, farmers were crucial to the Kush civilisation, cultivating key crops like wheat and cotton for garment production.
- B) Indeed, the conquest by Aksum ended Kushite dominance in the region and shifted the power dynamics in ancient Africa.
- C) This shows us that even a powerful civilisation like Kush can eventually fall to a stronger opponent.
- D) Also, such a reliance on the Nile made it weak against environmental changes that could threaten their economic well-being.
- E) With its vast resources and strong leadership, Kush was able to expand its influence throughout the region.

62. Pica, an eating disorder that affects both children and adults, is characterised by a persistent consumption of nonnutritive substances. Common pica cravings include dirt, clay, paper, and ice, though the specific substances vary widely among individuals. While the exact cause of pica is unknown, it is often associated with inadequate dietary intake or even certain mental health conditions. ----
- A) Its treatment typically involves addressing underlying nutritional deficiencies and behavioural therapy.
 - B) Pica during pregnancy is relatively common and may be related to iron deficiency anaemia.
 - C) The disorder takes its name from the Latin word for magpie, a bird known for eating almost anything.
 - D) In his 1638 work *De Pica*, M. H. Boezo distinguished pica from malacia, an excessive desire for ordinary food.
 - E) In some cultures, the consumption of certain non-food items, such as clay, is considered normal and even beneficial.

63. Wing Tsun is a martial art that focuses on self-defence and practicality instead of aggressive fighting. It started in southern China and uses efficient, direct movements to help people defend themselves with little effort. ---- This combination of calmness and precision is what makes Wing Tsun both effective and useful in real situations.
- A) It is mainly about mastering some weapons, which are essential to becoming an advanced practitioner.
 - B) The main goal of training is to build physical strength and muscle mass for powerful strikes.
 - C) It emphasises simultaneous attack and defence, which helps practitioners remain calm and focused.
 - D) It primarily teaches students to attack first to gain an advantage in any confrontation.
 - E) Practitioners often spend years mastering complex techniques to perform intricate demonstrations.

64. - 69. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

64. The restoration of wetlands not only improves biodiversity but also provides natural flood control, reducing the impacts of climate change in coastal regions.

- A) Sulak alanlar restore edilerek hem biyolojik çeşitliliğe katkı sağlar hem de taşkınlar kontrol altına alınarak iklim değişikliğinin kıyı bölgelerdeki etkisi azaltılır.
- B) Sulak alanların restorasyonu yalnızca biyolojik çeşitliliği arttırmakla kalmaz aynı zamanda doğal taşkın kontrolü sağlar, ki bu da iklim değişikliğinin kıyı bölgelerdeki etkilerini azaltır.
- C) Sulak alan restorasyonu, kıyı bölgelerde iklim değişikliğinin etkisini azaltmak amacıyla yapılır ve doğal taşkın kontrolü sağlayarak biyolojik çeşitliliği korumaya yardımcı olur.
- D) Sulak alanların restorasyonu sadece biyolojik çeşitliliği arttırmaz aynı zamanda doğal taşkın kontrolü de sağlar ve bu da iklim değişikliğinin kıyı bölgelerdeki etkilerini azaltır.
- E) Kıyı bölgelerde iklim değişikliğinin etkilerini azaltmak için yapılan sulak alanların restorasyonu, doğal taşkınları önlemekle kalmaz; biyolojik çeşitliliği de korur.

65. Given the accelerating rate of technological innovations, students are confronted with the task of preparing for a future dominated by automation and artificial intelligence.

- A) Hızlanan teknolojik gelişmeler nedeniyle, öğrenciler yapay zekânın ve otomasyonun hâkim olduğu bir geleceğe hazırlanma göreviyle karşı karşıyadır.
- B) Hızla artan teknolojik yeniliklerin bir sonucu olarak, öğrencilerin otomasyon ve yapay zekânın hüküm sürdüğü bir geleceğe hazırlıklı olması gerekmektedir.
- C) Teknolojik yeniliklerin artan hızı göz önüne alındığında, öğrenciler otomasyon ve yapay zekâ tarafından hâkim olunan bir geleceğe hazırlanma göreviyle karşı karşıyadır.
- D) Katlanarak artan teknolojik gelişim hızı düşünüldüğünde, yapay zekâ ve otomasyonun hüküm süreceği bir geleceğe hazırlanmak, öğrencileri tedirgin etmektedir.
- E) Öğrencilerin, otomasyon ve yapay zekâ tarafından hâkim olunan bir geleceğe hazırlanma gibi bir görevle karşı karşıya olmasının nedeni, teknolojik yeniliklerin hızla artmasıdır.

66. Cancel culture may serve social justice, yet it can also turn into digital lynching, where individuals are targeted and vilified based on misinformation or past mistakes.

- A) İptal kültürü, sosyal adalete hizmet edebilir, ancak aynı zamanda bireylerin yanlış bilgi veya geçmiş hatalar nedeniyle hedef alındığı ve karalandığı bir dijital linç de dönüşebilir.
- B) İptal kültürü, sosyal adalete hizmet etmesine rağmen eksik bilgi ve geçmiş hatalardan dolayı bireylerin hedef alındığı ve karalandığı dijital bir linç de yol açabilir.
- C) Sosyal adalete de hizmet eden iptal kültürü, sıklıkla bireylerin geçmiş hatalarından veya eksik bilgiden dolayı hedef alınıp karalandığı bir linç kampanyasıyla sonuçlanır.
- D) İptal kültürü, başlangıçta sosyal adalete hizmet ederken zamanla eksik bilgiye sahip insanların, geçmişte hata yapan bireyleri hedef aldığı ve karalandığı dijital bir linç dönüşebilir.
- E) İptal kültürüyle bireyler, sosyal adaleti sağlamak isterler fakat eksik bilgi sebebiyle çoğunlukla geçmişte hata yapan bireyleri karadıkları bir dijital linç başlatırlar.

67. Often referred to as the 'Rose City' due to its pink rock formations, Petra is attracting visitors with its rich history and breathtaking rock-cut architecture.

- A) Zengin tarihi ve nefes kesici kaya oyma mimarisiyle ziyaretçilerin ilgisini çeken Petra, pembe kaya oluşumları nedeniyle 'Gül Şehri' olarak anılmaktadır.
- B) Petra ya da sık kullanılan ismiyle 'Gül Şehri', pembe renkli kayaç oluşumlarının tarihi ve nefes kesen kaya oyma mimarisiyle ziyaretçileri kendine çekiyor.
- C) Pembe kaya oluşumları nedeniyle genellikle 'Gül Şehri' olarak anılan Petra, zengin tarihi ve nefes kesici kaya oyma mimarisiyle ziyaretçilerin ilgisini çekiyor.
- D) Petra, zengin tarihi ve olağanüstü kaya oyma mimarisi ile ilgi çekmesinin yanı sıra pembe kaya oluşumları nedeniyle 'Gül Şehri' olarak anılmaktadır.
- E) Pembe kaya oluşumlarından dolayı genellikle 'Gül Şehri' olarak anılan Petra, ziyaretçilerin ilgisini çeken zengin bir tarihe ve göz kamaştırıcı kaya mimarisine sahiptir.

68. Set in the Victorian era, *Bleak House* by Charles Dickens is a literary work that critiques the shortcomings of the legal system and illustrates their adverse effects on individuals' lives.

- A) Hukuk sisteminin eksikliklerini eleştiren Charles Dickens'ın *Kasvetli Ev* isimli edebî eseri, Viktorya döneminde geçer ve bireylerin yaşamları üzerindeki olumsuz etkileri gösterir.
- B) Viktorya döneminde geçen ve Charles Dickens tarafından yazılan *Kasvetli Ev*, bireylerin yaşamlarına olumsuz etkileri olan hukuk sisteminin eksikliklerini eleştirir.
- C) Viktorya döneminde geçen Charles Dickens'ın *Kasvetli Ev*'i, hukuk sisteminin eksikliklerini eleştiren ve bireylerin yaşamları üzerindeki olumsuz etkilerini gösteren bir edebî eserdir.
- D) Charles Dickens'ın yazdığı *Kasvetli Ev*, Viktorya döneminde geçen bir edebî eserdir ve hukuk sisteminin bireyler üzerindeki olumsuz etkilerini göstererek sistemi eleştirir.
- E) Bireylerin yaşamları üzerindeki olumsuz etkilerini gösteren *Kasvetli Ev*, Charles Dickens'ın Viktorya dönemindeki hukuk sisteminin eksikliklerini eleştirdiği bir edebî eserdir.

69. Roman Emperor Augustus established a period of relative peace and stability known as *Pax Romana*, which lasted for over two centuries and greatly influenced Western civilisations.

- A) Augustus, neredeyse iki yüzyıl süren ve Batı medeniyetlerini büyük ölçüde etkileyen göreceli barış ve istikrar dönemini yani *Pax Romana*'yı kuran Roma İmparatoru'dur.
- B) Roma İmparatoru Augustus, iki yüzyıldan fazla süren ve Batı medeniyetlerini büyük ölçüde etkileyen *Pax Romana* olarak bilinen göreceli bir barış ve istikrar dönemi kurdu.
- C) Roma İmparatoru Augustus, iki yüzyıldan uzun süren ve Batı medeniyetlerini önemli ölçüde etkileyip göreceli bir barış ve istikrar dönemi getiren *Pax Romana*'nın kurucusudur.
- D) İki yüzyıldan fazla süren ve *Pax Romana* olarak bilinen dönemin kurucusu imparator Augustus, Batı medeniyetlerini etkilemiş ayrıca göreceli bir barış ve istikrar dönemi kurmuştur.
- E) Augustus, Roma İmparatorluğu döneminde iki yüzyıl süren ve Batı medeniyetlerini büyük ölçüde etkileyen göreceli bir barış ve istikrar dönemi olan *Pax Romana*'yı kurmuştur.

70. - 75. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

70. Gözlerini kısmak veya kaşlarını çatmak gibi tekrarlayan yüz ifadeleri kullanan kişilerin göz çevrelerinde ya da alınlarında kalıcı kırışıklıkların oluşması daha olasıdır.
- A) Individuals who use repetitive facial expressions, like squinting or frowning, are more likely to develop permanent wrinkles around their eyes or forehead.
- B) If you frequently use repetitive facial expressions such as squinting or frowning, you are more likely to develop permanent wrinkles around your eyes and on your forehead.
- C) Individuals who habitually squint or frown may be more likely to develop deep lines and permanent wrinkles around their eyes and forehead over time.
- D) Repeated facial expressions, such as squinting or frowning, can contribute to the formation of permanent wrinkles in the eye and forehead area.
- E) Those who have facial expressions like squinting or frowning are at a higher risk of developing lasting wrinkles around their eyes or on their foreheads.

71. Ekoturizm, çevreyi korumayı ve yerel toplulukları desteklemeyi amaçlayan sürdürülebilir bir turizm biçimi olsa da yanlış yönetilmesi hâlinde ekosistem üzerinde olumsuz etkileri olabilir.
- A) Ecotourism, which is a sustainable form of tourism, can negatively affect the ecosystem if not properly managed, although it aims to protect the environment and support local communities.
- B) Though ecotourism is a sustainable form of tourism that aims to protect the environment and support local communities, it might have negative impacts on the ecosystem if mismanaged.
- C) While ecotourism, a sustainable form of tourism, aims to protect the environment and support local communities, mismanagement can lead to negative impacts for the ecosystem.
- D) Ecotourism is a sustainable form of tourism that aims to protect the environment and support local communities; however, if not properly managed, it can sometimes have negative impacts on ecosystems.
- E) Ecotourism is a sustainable form of tourism since it protects the environment and supports local communities, yet it may have negative impacts on the ecosystem if not properly managed.

72. Sağlıklı kilonun korunması, dayanıklılık, güç ve esnekliğin artırılmasındaki rolünün yanı sıra, düzenli fiziksel aktivitenin kronik hastalıklara yakalanma riskini azalttığı açıkça bilinmektedir.

- A) Regular physical activity not only maintains a healthy weight and increases endurance, strength, and flexibility but it also reduces the risk of developing chronic diseases.
- B) It is widely recognised that regular physical activity supports a healthy weight and boosts endurance, strength, and flexibility while also reducing the likelihood of chronic disease.
- C) Regular physical activity plays a decisive role in maintaining a healthy weight and increasing endurance, strength, and flexibility, as it reduces the risk of chronic diseases.
- D) Regular physical activity is clearly proven to reduce the likelihood of developing chronic diseases beyond its advantages for healthy weight, strength, flexibility, and endurance.
- E) Besides its role in maintaining a healthy weight, increasing endurance, strength, and flexibility, regular physical activity is clearly known to reduce the risk of developing chronic diseases.

73. Kaligrafi, harflerin ve kelimelerin zarif bir şekilde elle yazılması sanatıdır ve birçok kültürde önemli bir görsel sanat türü olarak kabul edilir.

- A) Calligraphy is the art of writing letters and words by hand in an elegant way and is regarded as an important form of visual art in many cultures.
- B) The art of elegantly writing letters and words by hand, called calligraphy, is considered an important form of visual art in many cultures.
- C) Calligraphy, which is the art of elegantly writing letters and words by hand, is regarded as an important form of visual art in many cultures.
- D) The art of calligraphy, which involves elegantly writing letters and words by hand, is considered an important form of visual art in many cultures.
- E) Regarded as an important form of visual art in many cultures, calligraphy is the art of writing letters and words by hand in an elegant way.

74. Hiper döngü, manyetik kaldırma teknolojisini kullanarak yolcuları veya yükleri vakumlu tüpler içinde yüksek hızlarda taşımayı amaçlayan yenilikçi bir ulaşım sistemi konseptidir.

- A) Hyperloop, using magnetic levitation technology, is an innovative transportation system concept that aims to carry passengers or cargoes at high speeds in vacuum tubes.
- B) Hyperloop is an innovative transportation system concept that aims to carry passengers or cargoes at high speeds in vacuum tubes, using magnetic levitation technology.
- C) The innovative transportation system concept of hyperloop aims to carry passengers and cargoes at high speeds in vacuum tubes, using magnetic levitation technology.
- D) Hyperloop is an innovative transportation system concept aiming to carry passengers or cargoes at high speeds by using magnetic levitation technology in vacuum tubes.
- E) An innovative transportation system concept called hyperloop aims to carry passengers or cargoes at high speeds using magnetic levitation technology in vacuum tubes.

75. Nöroestetik alanındaki yeni bulgular, sanat eserlerinin beynimizde yarattığı tepkilerin kültürel geçmişimiz ve kişisel deneyimlerimizle yakından ilişkili olduğunu ortaya koymaktadır.

- A) Recent neuroaesthetic findings suggest that our brain's art responses are closely tied to our cultural background and individual life experiences we create.
- B) Recent findings in the field of neuroaesthetics reveal that the responses that works of art create in our brains are closely related to our cultural background and personal experiences.
- C) The field of neuroaesthetics has recently uncovered that our reactions to art created in the brain are deeply influenced by our cultural background and individual experiences.
- D) New research in the field of neuroaesthetics shows that the way our brains react to works of art is intimately connected to our cultural background and individual experiences.
- E) New discoveries in the field of neuroaesthetics demonstrate the strong link between our brains' created art responses and our cultural background as well as personal experiences.

76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) The largest passenger plane in the world is a marvel of modern engineering, much like a flying city in the sky. (II) The aircraft measures approximately 73 metres in length, and the wingspan exceeds 79 metres, almost as wide as a football pitch. (III) This immense size allows it to accommodate more than 500 passengers across various seating options. (IV) Inside, the spacious double-deck cabin includes modern amenities such as advanced entertainment systems and onboard Wi-Fi at every seat. (V) After all, passenger safety is a top priority, with multiple redundant systems ensuring reliable operation.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) Toxic fungi, commonly referred to as poisonous mushrooms, pose grave health risks for individuals. (II) Identifying the toxic varieties can be challenging, as many harmful mushrooms closely resemble edible ones. (III) It can take several hours for symptoms of mushroom poisoning to display after consumption. (IV) However, once eaten, poisonous mushrooms can cause severe health issues, including liver damage and gastrointestinal distress. (V) Given these dangers, it is essential to raise awareness about local mushroom varieties and adopt proper identification techniques.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) Injections are a common medical procedure used to deliver medication or vaccines directly into the body. (II) They are often used when a quick response is needed, or when the medication cannot be taken by mouth. (III) Injections can be given in different parts of the body, such as the arm and thigh, depending on the type of medication and the patient's condition. (IV) Some people feel anxious about injections because of the needle, so healthcare workers may try to calm the patients. (V) Proper technique is also important to ensure the injection is effective and to minimise discomfort and the risk of infection.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) The Anglo-Zanzibar War, which took place on August 27, 1896, holds the record as the shortest war in history, with a duration of only 40 minutes. (II) The conflict erupted when Sultan Khalid bin Barghash seized power without getting approval from the British. (III) Despite its short duration, around 500 Zanzibari defenders and civilians lost their lives in the battle. (IV) Britain quickly responded by attacking the Sultan's palace, resulting in heavy damage and a swift surrender. (V) The war ended with a British victory, and a new Sultan, chosen by Britain, was installed in Zanzibar.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) Beethoven's *Symphony No. 9*, also known as the *Choral Symphony*, is one of the most significant works in the Western Classical Music canon. (II) It marks a dramatic departure from traditional form, as it integrates vocal soloists and a choir. (III) The symphony comprises four movements, with the final movement featuring a choral setting of Friedrich Schiller's poem *Ode to Joy*. (IV) Known especially for this part, it has become an anthem for unity and brotherhood across cultures. (V) Beethoven composed many of his masterpieces during his later years, when he was already profoundly deaf.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



ORTAÖĞRETİM
GENEL MÜDÜRLÜĞÜ



YKS DENEMELERİ

YDT

İNGİLİZCE

9. DENEME



ADI VE SOYADI

OKUL ADI

ADAYIN İMZASI

ADAYIN DİKKATİNE!

1. Bu sınavda YKS soru dağılımları dikkate alınmıştır.
2. Deneme tam kapsam olup YKS konularının tamamını kapsamaktadır.
3. Bu sınav 80 soru içermektedir.

OGM
MATERYAL

Bu testlerin her hakkı saklıdır. Hangi amaçla olursa olsun, testlerin tamamının veya bir kısmının Milli Eğitim Bakanlığının yazılı izni olmadan kopya edilmesi, fotoğrafının çekilmesi, herhangi bir yolla çoğaltılması, yayımlanması ya da kullanılması yasaktır. Bu yasağa uymayanlar gerekli cezai sorumluluğu ve testlerin hazırlanmasındaki mali külfeti peşinen kabullenmiş sayılır.

AÇIKLAMA

1. Bu kitapçıkta **80 soru** bulunmaktadır.
2. Bu sınav için verilen cevaplama süresi **120 dakikadır (2 saat)**.
3. **Bu sınav puanlanırken doğru cevaplarınızın sayısından yanlış cevaplarınızın sayısının dörtte biri çıkarılacak ve kalan sayı bu test ile ilgili ham puanınız olacaktır.**
4. Kitapçığın sayfalarındaki boş yerleri müsvedde için kullanabilirsiniz.
5. Cevaplamaya istediğiniz sorudan başlayabilirsiniz. Bir soru ile ilgili cevabınızı, cevap kâğıdında o soru için ayrılmış olan yere işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.
6. Bu kitapçıkta yer alan her sorunun sadece bir doğru cevabı vardır. Cevap kâğıdında bir soru için birden çok cevap yeri işaretlenmişse o soru yanlış cevaplanmış sayılacaktır. İşaretlediğiniz bir cevabı değiştirmek istediğinizde silme işlemini çok iyi yapmanız gerektiğini unutmayınız.

1. - 15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. The accelerated ---- of glaciers and ice caps in polar regions and mountainous areas is a clear indicator of global warming, with far-reaching consequences for rising sea levels, freshwater availability, and ecosystem stability.
 - A) promptness
 - B) redundancy
 - C) deterioration
 - D) punctuality
 - E) abandonment
2. The ---- record-keeping of ancient civilisations, from the Sumerians with their cuneiform script to the Egyptians with their hieroglyphs, is the reason why we have been able to learn so much about their daily lives, beliefs, and customs.
 - A) cognitive
 - B) meticulous
 - C) inherent
 - D) permissive
 - E) tolerant
3. Many existing building designs and construction methods are ---- inefficient in terms of energy consumption and eco impact, which highlights the need for green building technologies and urban planning.
 - A) appropriately
 - B) notoriously
 - C) successively
 - D) reluctantly
 - E) deceitfully
4. Interactive storytelling formats, such as choose-your-own-adventure narratives, seek to ---- reliance on passive consumption, empowering audiences to actively participate in the flow of the story.
 - A) eliminate
 - B) sacrifice
 - C) manifest
 - D) interrupt
 - E) constitute
5. The increasing popularity of online multiplayer games among young adults ---- the rise in demand for high-speed Internet connections, advanced gaming consoles, and virtual reality technology.
 - A) leaves out
 - B) hands over
 - C) takes after
 - D) accounts for
 - E) interferes with
6. Before the advent of medications that ---- inflammation and airway obstruction directly, people with respiratory conditions ---- with herbal infusions, steam inhalation, and breathing exercises.
 - A) must address / had been treated
 - B) can address / have been treated
 - C) might address / will be treated
 - D) ought to address / are treated
 - E) could address / were treated

7. The Ephesus Experience Museum ---- a prominent attraction that uses technology and immersive exhibits ---- both tourists and locals with a journey through the history of the ancient city.
- A) becomes / captivate
B) had become / captivating
C) became / having captivated
D) has become / to captivate
E) is becoming / to have captivated
8. The earlier adoption of electric vehicles ---- a substantial reduction in carbon emissions and better air quality while ---- innovations in sustainable transport technologies and infrastructure.
- A) would have facilitated / encouraging
B) should have facilitated / to encourage
C) used to facilitate / encouraged
D) will have facilitated / encourage
E) may facilitate / having encouraged
9. A *ghazal* is a traditional Middle Eastern poem, typically crafted ---- a series of rhyming couplets, expressing a deep connection to love or mysticism ---- vivid imagery and intricate wordplay.
- A) into / about
B) along / in
C) of / after
D) onto / for
E) with / through
10. Archaeologists gather samples ---- various excavation sites, subsequently evaluating them ---- evidence to enhance our understanding of ancient human activities and the cultural development of past civilisations.
- A) by / to
B) off / across
C) from / as
D) at / against
E) on / under
11. Postmodern literature often blurs the line between fiction and reality; ----, readers may find it difficult to distinguish between what is real and what is a product of the author's imagination.
- A) nonetheless
B) likewise
C) consequently
D) otherwise
E) in comparison
12. While metals like aluminium and magnesium are not as strong as steel, they are extensively used in the automotive industry ---- they reduce the overall weight of vehicles, improving fuel efficiency.
- A) inasmuch as
B) though
C) as soon as
D) as if
E) lest

13. ---- who participates in team sports benefits not only from improved social skills but also from increased self-confidence, and their ability to effectively communicate and collaborate with ---- is vastly enhanced.

- A) Nobody / each
- B) Somebody / several
- C) Anybody / other
- D) Anyone / others
- E) Everyone / both

14. ---- skipping meals irregularly ---- eating large portions late at night are harmful to health, as these habits lead to greater fat storage and a higher risk of metabolic disorders over time.

- A) Either / or
- B) Both / and
- C) Whether / or
- D) Such / that
- E) Neither / nor

15. Tourists often avoid visiting certain remote areas of the Amazon rainforest during the rainy season ---- getting caught in flash floods or encountering dangerous wildlife.

- A) as opposed to
- B) in pursuit of
- C) in case of
- D) similar to
- E) for fear of

16. - 20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Both Japan and China have rich tea cultures, each with its own distinct traditions and rituals surrounding the preparation and consumption of tea. While tea traditions in both countries can be traced back to India, their ceremonies (16)---- in unique ways. In Japan, the tea ceremony, known as *chado*, is a highly formalised ritual that emphasises simplicity, harmony, and respect. (17)---- this ceremony, the host prepares *matcha*, a powdered green tea, and serves it to guests in a serene and minimalist setting. Every movement—from the way the tea is whisked to the manner in which the guests receive their cups—is carefully choreographed. (18)----, China's tea ceremony, called *gongfu cha*, focuses more on the aroma, taste, and quality of the tea leaves, such as *oolong* or green tea. The Chinese ceremony is less (19)----, allowing for conversation and the opportunity to connect with others. (20)---- these differences, both tea ceremonies share the common goal of fostering a sense of connection and mindfulness through the appreciation of tea.

- 16. A) had evolved
B) will evolve
C) have evolved
D) evolved
E) will have evolved
- 17. A) Off
B) During
C) Onto
D) With
E) By
- 18. A) For instance
B) Furthermore
C) Accordingly
D) Likewise
E) In contrast
- 19. A) flexible
B) rigid
C) inferior
D) faint
E) arbitrary
- 20. A) For all
B) Because of
C) As well as
D) Similar to
E) Instead of

21. - 28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. **Though the Gobi Desert is known for its extreme temperatures and harsh conditions, ----.**

- A) its heat can reach up to 50°C during the day and drop to below freezing at night
- B) sandstorms there can reach speeds of up to 60 miles per hour, making it difficult for travellers to navigate
- C) many travellers carry special equipment to deal with low visibility and extreme heat
- D) it is home to a diverse range of plant and animal species that have adapted to survive in this challenging environment
- E) many parts of the desert remain unexplored due to the difficulty of accessing remote areas

22. **----; as a result, the community implemented sustainable practices to ensure their herds adapted to these conditions.**

- A) Nomads moved across regions, settling temporarily where resources were most abundant
- B) The Sámi reindeer herders encountered severe weather conditions with restricted access to grazing land
- C) People greatly benefitted from the use of horses for transportation, farming, and warfare
- D) The San are hunter-gatherers of Southern Africa, and their skills have allowed them to survive over millennia
- E) The Kazakh nomads of Mongolia trained golden eagles to hunt small animals, preserving a centuries-old tradition

23. **As Edgar Allan Poe's stories often explore dark themes and look into the more troubling sides of the human mind, ----.**

- A) they are mostly enjoyed by readers of all ages for their funny and cheerful nature
- B) his poetry, such as *The Raven*, is also well-known for its haunting themes and creative use of words
- C) they have inspired many writers in the horror and mystery genres and still influence modern writers today
- D) his works, which focus on adventure, are often compared to fairy tales with their cheerful and playful tone
- E) his life was full of personal struggles, which led him to write about feelings of sadness

24. **---- only if laboratory studies reveal the molecular mechanisms behind disease resistance.**

- A) Scientists will be able to develop more effective treatments that improve healthcare around the world
- B) Applying the findings in real-world settings might still require years of further research and testing
- C) Many people still wait for a future where healthcare is more personalised and easier to access
- D) Researchers will find it harder to solve major health problems without clear discoveries
- E) A strong foundation is needed to create treatments that focus on root causes instead of symptoms

25. ----, outdoor hobbies such as birdwatching and hiking have gained popularity as people seek to reconnect with nature.

- A) Given that the natural world offers countless opportunities for recreation, stress relief, and inspiration
- B) Though outdoor equipment has become more affordable and accessible to a broader range of people
- C) Unless effective ways to decrease urban congestion and air pollution are found and implemented
- D) Whether engaging in creative activities provides a deep sense of relaxation and personal fulfilment
- E) As long as significant improvements in outdoor infrastructure are made to enhance safety for all individuals

26. Individuals can lower their risk of chronic diseases by consuming whole foods and limiting unhealthy sugars and fats, ----.

- A) whereas they should be aware of the impact these nutrients have on mental health
- B) for a family history of diabetes or heart disease may find that no amount of healthy eating can fully negate their risk
- C) yet many people incorporate these foods into their diets despite their potential contributions to these chronic diseases
- D) providing that they consistently adopt these healthy eating habits and make mindful choices in their daily diets
- E) so staying hydrated by drinking plenty of water throughout the day aids in health

27. ----, it attracts visitors from around the world, turning Edinburgh from a quiet Scottish town into a vibrant hub of global cultural exchange.

- A) Even if the festival includes a variety of performances, ranging from theatre and comedy to music and dance
- B) Despite the fact that the Fringe festival has a significant role in shaping the careers of many famous artists
- C) As long as the city maintains its reputation for hosting a wide variety of performances and art forms
- D) Even though the event has since grown into one of the largest arts festivals in the world with the help of art communities
- E) Now that the Edinburgh Festival Fringe, created to celebrate European cultural life in 1947, has gained international fame

28. Many individuals continue to appreciate the simplicity and tranquillity that rural life provides ----.

- A) in spite of the close-knit communities and slower pace, which foster a sense of connection and relaxation
- B) regardless of the growing allure of urban living with its job opportunities, modern amenities, and vibrant social scenes
- C) because access to advanced healthcare and education facilities presents serious challenges in these areas
- D) although living in a rural area means having more space and privacy, allowing for larger homes and open landscapes
- E) though housing there is often more affordable than in urban centres, making it attractive to those looking to live within their means

29. - 31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The Olmec civilisation, which thrived from approximately 1200 to 400 BCE in present-day Mexico, is considered one of Mesoamerica's earliest and most influential cultures. They established foundational practices in art, urban planning, and religious rituals that would shape the course of the region. The Olmecs are perhaps most famous for their colossal stone heads, expertly carved and believed to **depict** prominent leaders or figures, showcasing an advanced level of artistic skill and symbolic thought. Their major centres, like San Lorenzo and La Venta, featured intricate layouts, monumental architecture, and some of the earliest drainage systems, all exemplifying their engineering skills and organised social structure. Yet, around 400 BCE, the Olmec civilisation entered a period of decline, likely due to a combination of environmental changes, resource scarcity, and possible internal conflict, which led to the desertion of their once-flourishing cities. Despite their disappearance, the Olmecs' innovations in art, architecture, and symbolism left a profound impact on later Mesoamerican societies. The remnants of their civilisation continue to captivate archaeologists and historians, as the Olmecs' achievements remain emblematic of the creativity and strength that marked Mesoamerica's ancient cultures.

29. It can be understood from the passage that Mesoamerica ----.

- A) experienced little cultural change until the arrival of other civilisations around 400 BCE
- B) disregarded engineering and urban planning completely due to a lack of resources and internal conflict
- C) defied the cultural, religious, and environmental advancements initiated by the Olmec civilisation
- D) witnessed the emergence of one of the most sophisticated urban centres and monumental architecture
- E) remained slightly isolated from other regions' trade routes and neighbouring cultures

30. The underlined verb 'depict' is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) propose
- B) summarise
- C) illustrate
- D) pronounce
- E) disclose

31. The passage is mainly about ----.

- A) the ways how the Olmecs' engineering and artistic innovations were surpassed by later Mesoamerican civilisations
- B) why archaeologists and historians continue to conduct research about the Olmec civilisation
- C) how the Olmecs neglected their cities due to a lack of interest in sustaining urban settlements
- D) the artistic achievements of the Olmecs' and their evident influence on religious rituals
- E) the Olmecs' contributions to Mesoamerican culture, underlining practices like art and urban planning

32. - 34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The study of ancient climate change has become increasingly sophisticated in recent years, shedding light on past human adaptations and potential future scenarios. One particularly powerful tool in this field is the analysis of ice cores extracted from polar ice sheets and high-altitude glaciers. These cores contain trapped air bubbles and impurities that offer a detailed record of atmospheric conditions stretching back hundreds of thousands of years. By examining the ratios of different oxygen isotopes in the ice, scientists can reconstruct past temperatures with an impressive degree of precision. Similarly, the presence of dust, volcanic ash, and other fine particles in the ice layers supplies information about past atmospheric circulation patterns and major geological events. This climatic data has been crucial in understanding how past societies responded to environmental changes. For instance, ice core data has helped explain the collapse of the Norse settlements in Greenland during the Little Ice Age and presented context for the rise and fall of many other civilisations in history. As concerns about modern climate change grow, these ancient records provide a valuable historical perspective on the resilience and vulnerability of human societies in the face of environmental shifts.

32. What can be said about the method used in studying ancient climates?

- A) The study of ice cores consistently provides inaccurate information about temperature changes.
- B) Ice cores are the only reliable source for reconstructing past climate conditions.
- C) Ice core data is primarily used to predict future climate patterns and major geological events.
- D) The extraction of ice cores is a simple process that can be done anywhere on Earth.
- E) Scientists can analyse both the chemical composition and physical characteristics of ice layers.

33. Which could be understood from the passage?

- A) Ice core data has been instrumental in explaining specific historical events, such as the end of Norse settlements in Greenland during a particular climatic period.
- B) The analysis of ice cores has provided more reliable information about past climate conditions than any other method of climate research.
- C) The study of ancient climate records has revealed that environmental changes were the primary cause of all dramatic societal shifts throughout history.
- D) The precision of temperature reconstruction from ice cores has made it possible to predict future climate patterns with a high degree of accuracy.
- E) The presence of volcanic ash in ice cores is mainly used to determine the frequency of massive volcanic eruptions rather than to understand atmospheric circulation patterns.

34. Which of the following questions is mainly answered by the passage?

- A) What specific chemical processes are involved in analysing oxygen isotopes and fine particles in ice layers?
- B) What are the potential future scenarios of climate change based on ice core data?
- C) How does the study of ice cores contribute to our understanding of ancient climates and human adaptations?
- D) How do scientists extract ice cores from polar ice sheets and high-altitude glaciers?
- E) Which civilisation's collapse was most significantly influenced by climate change?

35. - 37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The gene editing technology has caused a significant debate about the ethical problems of changing human genes. Some people believe that this technology can provide a remarkable opportunity to prevent and treat genetic diseases, potentially eliminating inherited conditions that have caused human suffering for generations. These supporters point to early tests that looked successful and highlight how this technology could significantly improve health and extend human lifespans. However, others worry about the safety and unexpected outcomes of altering the human genome, especially in germline editing, where the changes pass on to future generations. They also add that gene editing might lead to greater social inequality because only wealthy people could afford 'designer babies' with selected traits. In addition, some fear that using gene editing on other organisms could have harmful effects on the environment. Because of these concerns, the global scientific community has called for a temporary ban on human germline editing until society can reach a wider agreement. Although gene editing shows enormous promise for medical progress, carefully considering its long-term effects and creating regulations are essential for ensuring that it is used responsibly.

35. What can be inferred from the passage about the current state of gene editing technology?

- A) Its potential benefits are universally accepted by the scientific community.
- B) Its principal focus is on enhancing cosmetic traits in individuals.
- C) It is still under review, with continuing controversy over its widespread use.
- D) It has been proved to be completely safe for human application.
- E) It has already been widely implemented in human medical treatments.

36. According to the passage, which of the following represents a potential impact of gene editing technology?

- A) Immediate restoration of damaged ecosystems through targeted genetic modifications
- B) Prevention of all age-related diseases through genetic intervention
- C) Establishment of a global consensus on the ethical dimension of genetic alterations
- D) Creation of a divide between genetically modified and unmodified populations
- E) Extension of human lifespan far beyond currently recognised limits

37. With which of the following would the author most likely agree?

- A) Gene editing technology might eradicate some genetic disorders and improve human life expectancy.
- B) The ethical concerns surrounding gene editing are mostly baseless and exaggerated.
- C) There is little need for regulatory measures to oversee the development of gene editing technology.
- D) Social equality will not be impacted by advancements in gene editing technology.
- E) The international scientific community should proceed with human germline editing without waiting for societal agreement.

38. - 40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Modernism is an influential literary and artistic movement that emerged in the late 19th and early 20th centuries. It is characterised by a break from traditional forms and a quest for new modes of expression that reflect the complexities of modern life. It arose in response to the rapid changes brought about by industrialisation and urbanisation, leading writers to explore themes of alienation, disillusionment, and the fragmented nature of reality. Central to modernist literature is the use of innovative narrative techniques, such as stream-of-consciousness, unreliable narrators, and non-linear timelines, all of which aim to reflect the fluidity of thought and perception. Notable figures in modernist literature include Virginia Woolf, whose novels like *To the Lighthouse* delve deeply into the inner lives of characters, revealing their psychological depth and emotional struggles. Similarly, F. Scott Fitzgerald critiques societal decay in his renowned work, *The Great Gatsby*, while James Joyce's *Ulysses* revolutionised narrative structure with its groundbreaking use of stream-of-consciousness, setting a new standard for literary expression. Together, these modernist writers have profoundly influenced literature by pushing creative boundaries and inviting readers to engage with the complexities of human experience in an increasingly chaotic world, ultimately reshaping the landscape of 20th-century writing.

38. Which of the following statements about modernist literature is true according to the passage?

- A) The use of innovative techniques is a direct response to the chaotic state of the modern world.
- B) Modernist writers sought to reinforce traditional narrative structures in their works.
- C) The emergence of modernism coincided with a decrease in psychological depth in character portrayal.
- D) Modernism focuses on the external world rather than inner thoughts and experiences.
- E) Modernist authors like James Joyce lacked significant impact on the literary landscape of the 20th century.

39. Which of the following can be concluded from the passage about modernist writers?

- A) The innovative techniques they used in their works made it easier to assess readers' understanding.
- B) If they created a literary work with descriptive language, it was considered modern.
- C) It is challenging to distinguish between traditional and modernist writers as both reflect complex human experiences.
- D) They can be seen as modernist creators if their works lead to substantial cultural shifts.
- E) They transformed literature by employing new techniques that reflected the complexities of human experience.

40. The author's primary purpose is to ----.

- A) clarify how modernist writers evolved their narrative techniques to reflect contemporary life
- B) highlight the contributions of influential authors who reshaped literary forms and themes
- C) emphasise the importance of innovative narrative structures in assessing modernist literature
- D) introduce the key characteristics that define modernist literature and its notable figures
- E) provide information about the societal changes that influenced the modernist movement

41. - 43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Mental development is a continuous process that shapes how people understand the world, make decisions, and relate to others. From infancy to old age, the brain is influenced by experiences, habits, and environmental factors. A key aspect of this development is mental flexibility—the ability to adjust one's perspective when faced with new situations or challenges. This skill supports problem-solving, creativity, and learning across all areas of life. Certain activities, such as reading, learning new languages, or playing strategic games, help strengthen neural connections over time. These experiences push individuals to think in different ways and form new patterns of understanding. In addition to mind-sharpening exercises, physical well-being plays an important role in brain health. Getting enough sleep, eating nutritious foods, and having positive social interactions all contribute to sharper focus and emotional balance. Studies have shown that people who remain intellectually active are more likely to preserve their cognitive abilities as they grow older. Developing strong mental habits early in life builds confidence and curiosity, which can lead to success in school, work, and personal life. Encouraging a healthy, flexible mind is one of the most valuable steps towards lifelong growth and well-being.

41. What can be inferred from the passage about mental development?

- A) It mostly stops once a person reaches adulthood.
- B) It is shaped by both lifestyle habits and mental activities.
- C) It improves only through formal classroom education.
- D) It requires people to avoid distractions and limit creativity.
- E) It depends on following strict routines and memorisation.

42. According to the passage, people with mental flexibility ----.

- A) often experience difficulty adjusting when daily routines or situations change unexpectedly
- B) usually rely on others to guide them through unfamiliar challenges or decisions
- C) tend to avoid mentally demanding tasks in order to stay within their comfort zones
- D) believe that managing emotions is more important than developing learning strategies
- E) are able to change their way of thinking when they encounter new ideas or situations

43. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?

- A) Mental Development Across the Lifespan
- B) Improving Memory Through Repetition
- C) The Importance of Sleep in Brain Health
- D) The Physical Benefits of Mental Activity
- E) How People Learn to Communicate

44. - 48. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

44. Ethan:

- **Have you heard about advances in personalised medicine based on genetic testing? It's called pharmacogenomics, and it helps doctors tailor treatments to each person's biological traits.**

Nicole:

- **I have! It could make a huge difference, especially for people who don't respond well to standard treatments. It might be helpful for conditions in which medications often have variable effects.**

Ethan:

– ----

Nicole:

- **Absolutely, it appears that it'll permanently transform the established treatment approach.**
- A) It's amazing how far medicine has come, but do you ever wonder about the ethical side?
- B) Still, even if doctors understand genetics, they cannot predict how patients react to certain treatments.
- C) Exactly, and it means fewer side effects for patients. It's promising for pain management.
- D) Well, aren't there still limitations, like needing more genetic data to refine treatments?
- E) It's revolutionary, but I wonder if most people can afford the costly treatments.

45. Customer:

- **I'm really excited to plan my next culinary trip. I'd love to learn more about local cuisines.**

Travel Agent:

- **That sounds fantastic! There are so many amazing destinations to choose from. Are there any cuisines you're particularly interested in?**

Customer:

– ----

Travel Agent:

- **In that case, I recommend regions like Oaxaca, where you can learn to make traditional recipes like mole sauces with fresh ingredients.**

Customer:

- **Great! I can't wait to dive into the culinary scene there and enjoy everything it has to offer.**
- A) I'm more interested in South American beverages than their food.
- B) I'd rather take a class on how to prepare international dishes.
- C) I'm mostly looking for a taste of the ancient ruins in Mexico.
- D) I'm really interested in learning about the history of Mexican food.
- E) I've always wanted to try Mexican flavours, maybe even try a workshop.

46. Amber:

- Have you ever thought about volunteering at a nursing home? It's an experience that really leaves an impact.

Daisy:

- I've considered it, but I'm afraid I don't have the time.

Amber:

- It doesn't have to be a big commitment. You could even just visit once a month. It's a meaningful way to connect with others.

Daisy:

– ----

Amber:

- Yeah, there's a really nice one downtown. It always looks for volunteers. You could call and ask about its programme.

- A) I don't know. Nowadays, I feel overwhelmed with my schoolwork and preparing for exams.
- B) Don't you think volunteering at a nursing home might also be emotionally challenging?
- C) Should I always feel obligated to give back, even when I'm not sure I can participate fully?
- D) OK. Would you like to join me, then? It might be more enjoyable if we do it together.
- E) Maybe I should look into it. Do you know any nursing homes in the area?

47. Documentarian:

- We've seen a sharp decline in elephant populations over the last few decades. What do you think are the main reasons for this?

Park Ranger:

- Poaching for ivory has been the biggest threat. Habitat loss due to human expansion is also a major factor. Elephants have lost large areas of their territory to urban development.

Documentarian:

– ----

Park Ranger:

- We're working on several fronts. We've increased anti-poaching patrols and are using new technologies like drones for surveillance. We're also trying to reduce human-elephant conflict by creating safe corridors for elephant movement.

- A) How effective have international bans on the ivory trade been in protecting elephants?
- B) What measures are being taken to protect the remaining elephant populations?
- C) Are there any new methods being used to track elephant populations accurately?
- D) How does climate change impact elephant habitats and migration patterns?
- E) What strategies are being employed to reduce human-elephant conflict in agricultural areas?

48. Frank:

– I stumbled on a podcast about the Roanoke Colony. Have you ever heard about them?

Sue:

– Yeah! You're talking about the lost colony. As far as I know, it was one of the first English settlements in North America. It is said that they vanished without a trace in the 1580s, and historians still aren't sure what happened to them. If I'm not mistaken, they only found 'CROATOAN' carved into a tree. It's so creepy.

Frank:

– ----

Sue:

– Yeah. Since there wasn't any other sign of struggle, they might have joined a tribe there to survive.

- A) Did the English ever send anyone back to search for them?
- B) So, is it possible they all just migrated to Croatoan Island?
- C) What was the settlers' relationship with the Croatoan tribe like?
- D) Did they leave behind any personal belongings or supplies?
- E) Were they ever able to confirm this theory through archaeology?

49. - 53. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

49. William Wordsworth, whose approach redefined the boundaries of poetry, combined themes of nature and human emotion in his works, challenging traditional norms.

- A) Notably, William Wordsworth's redefinition of poetry's boundaries emerged from his unique ability to blend nature and human emotion, thereby reshaping traditional poetic standards.
- B) Through his writings, William Wordsworth expanded the rules of poetry, merging elements of nature with profound human emotions for challenging traditional norms.
- C) Challenging the norms of his time, William Wordsworth used an approach that mixed nature and human sentiment, thus redefining what poetry could include.
- D) William Wordsworth's approach reshaped the poetic boundaries by blending themes of nature and human emotion in his pieces and challenged traditional rules of poetry.
- E) It was through his verse that William Wordsworth redefined the art of poetry, skilfully combining natural imagery and emotional expression to challenge the poetic norms of his era.

50. Only when scientists are able to successfully implant bioengineered tissues into the human body will the benefits of regenerative medicine become apparent.

- A) Scientists are currently exploring ways to implant bioengineered tissues, but their use in regenerative medicine is still limited to humans.
- B) Implanting artificial tissues without complications in the human body is important, but regenerative medicine already provides clear benefits in many cases.
- C) Although regenerative medicine has made great progress, scientists still struggle to develop tissues that the human body can fully accept.
- D) The advantages of regenerative medicine will not be realised until researchers can successfully introduce bioengineered tissues into the human body.
- E) Even if scientists manage to implant bioengineered tissues, the long-term impact of regenerative medicine on humans may still remain unclear.

51. Bookbinding, the craft of assembling printed sheets and covers into durable and aesthetically pleasing volumes, has experienced renewed interest among artisans and literature enthusiasts.

- A) Craftspeople and literature lovers have shown revived interest in bookbinding, the craft of joining printed pages and covers to produce durable and attractive volumes.
- B) The art of creating long-lasting and eye-catching books by assembling printed sheets and covers has experienced a revival among craftspeople and book enthusiasts.
- C) A new wave of interest in bookbinding, the process of joining printed pages to form robust and attractive volumes, has been observed among handicraft collectors.
- D) The art of bookbinding, combining printed sheets and covers to create strong and visually appealing books, has become more common among artists and reading fans.
- E) Bookbinding, a handicraft that involves assembling various materials into solid and decorative books, has gained new fans among art lovers and literature enthusiasts.

52. Recent studies show that spending time in nature significantly enhances mental well-being, helping to reduce stress and anxiety while promoting an overall sense of peace and clarity.

- A) By spending time outdoors, individuals are able to manage stress and anxiety levels more effectively, and studies show that it contributes to an enhanced sense of mental clarity and peace.
- B) According to recent studies, being in natural settings substantially boosts mental well-being and alleviates both stress and anxiety, encouraging a peaceful, clear state of mind.
- C) Research evidence suggests that those who dedicate more time to nature report decreased stress and anxiety, which is critical for sustaining mental clarity and a sense of peace.
- D) Spending time outdoors has been proved by recent studies to be advantageous for mental health by not only reducing stress and anxiety but also establishing a lasting sense of calm and mental clarity.
- E) Since spending time in nature is shown to help reduce stress and anxiety considerably by recent studies, people who do so are likely to experience a clearer mind and an overall sense of peace.

53. The Colosseum in Rome symbolises the grandeur of the Roman Empire and served as a venue for gladiatorial games, where both entertainment and political propaganda were intertwined.

- A) The Colosseum in Rome represents the Roman Empire's magnificence and was a stage for gladiator battles where entertainment was closely connected to political messaging.
- B) Serving as both an emblem of the Roman Empire's grandeur and a stage for entertainment, the Colosseum in Rome intricately blended gladiatorial battles with political propaganda.
- C) The Colosseum in Rome was proof of the magnificence of the Roman Empire, as it functioned as a site for gladiatorial contests besides blending political motives with public entertainment.
- D) The Colosseum is a powerful symbol of the Roman Empire, doubling as an arena for gladiator battles and a platform where political propaganda and entertainment merged.
- E) As a testament to the Roman Empire's grandeur, the Colosseum in Rome showcased gladiatorial events that served not only to entertain but also to reinforce political authority.

54. - 58. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

54. You have taken the university entrance exam, and now it is time to decide on your field of study. However, you and your family have different opinions on what you should pursue. You understand that their concerns arise from wanting you to have a stable future, but you are passionate about following your own path. So, trying not to offend them, you say: ----

- A) I really think it's best to trust the experts. My counsellors can help me figure out the right path for me.
- B) Don't worry too much; I'll think through all the options and make a choice that reflects both your values and my interests.
- C) I appreciate your perspective, but you need to recognise that many of those views are now a bit outdated.
- D) You are so set in your ways about what I should study, and I just wish you could see things from my point of view.
- E) I value your guidance and concerns, but I believe pursuing my interests will lead to the best outcome for me.

55. Your friend is planning to go on an ecotourism trip with a tour group to Costa Rica to explore the diverse wildlife. However, you know that if they are not careful, they could unintentionally contribute to the destruction of these fragile ecosystems. Because of these concerns, you want to warn your friend to be mindful of their impact on the environment during the trip. So you say: ----

- A) Make sure to fully enjoy the trip in Costa Rica, and don't forget to bring back some souvenirs.
- B) Remember to follow all local guidelines and regulations and avoid leaving any trace of your presence in these delicate habitats.
- C) It's great that you're going, but please remember to stick to the paths and follow the tour guide's instructions to avoid getting lost.
- D) Capture lots of photos of Costa Rica's stunning wildlife, even if it means getting a little closer.
- E) I'm sure the tour will take care of everything, so you don't need to be overly worried or stress too much about your impact.

56. Your sister is fascinated by palaeontology and has been reading about fossils for months. She tells you about an upcoming conference where experts will discuss the latest findings and showcase rare fossils. She invites you to the event enthusiastically. Feeling excited to support her, you accept eagerly: ----

- A) That sounds intriguing, but I'm really not that into fossils; maybe you should ask fellow researchers to join you.
- B) Honestly, I can't be bothered with that; the idea of spending a day discussing fossils sounds dreadfully dull to me.
- C) Absolutely, that sounds like an incredible opportunity to explore all the fascinating discoveries together. Count me in!
- D) I'm thrilled to see you're so passionate and appreciate you wanting me, but I'll sit this one out. Why don't we do something afterwards?
- E) Fossils? I fail to grasp their value; they are merely antiquated stones, nothing exciting. I prefer a more contemporary subject.

57. One of your friends suggests going to a contemporary art gallery. Although she is excited about seeing abstract works, you find modern art a little bit difficult to interpret and worry that you will feel out of place. In an attempt to solve your problem while keeping her enthusiasm high, you say: ----

- A) I'm actually more into classical art; do you know if there are any realistic paintings in the gallery?
- B) How about going to a café after? That way, we can discuss the exhibits in more detail over coffee.
- C) I'd prefer exploring the gallery on my own. Abstract art resonates better when I can interpret it quietly.
- D) I'll join, but fair warning, I might have some pretty strange interpretations of the artwork.
- E) I'd love to go, but why don't we take a guided tour so we can understand the pieces better?

58. You have a company that is about to launch a new line of smart home devices that can be controlled remotely. However, during the testing phase, you notice that the devices are susceptible to cyberattacks. You think it is important to address this security risk before the launch. So you say: ----

- A) Given the increasing demand for smart home technology, it's important to prioritise the launch. You can always release security updates later if needed.
- B) Even though security is important, we cannot let it delay the launch any further. We should focus on minimising risks without compromising the timeline for release.
- C) If the devices are nearly ready for launch, we might want to consider addressing the security concerns in a future update with enhanced encryption protocols.
- D) Should you choose to work with a reputable cybersecurity firm to strengthen your defences against cyberattacks, it is a wise investment to ensure the safety of your customers.
- E) Since the devices are vulnerable to hacking, we need to delay the launch until the security issues are effectively resolved. User safety must always come first.

59. - 63. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

59. High-intensity interval training (HIIT) has become popular for its effectiveness in burning calories quickly. This workout method alternates short bursts of intense activity with lower-intensity exercise or rest periods. It can be adapted to various fitness levels, allowing for different exercises like sprinting, cycling, or bodyweight moves. ---- Another noteworthy benefit is the potential for increased fat loss, as HIIT has been shown to effectively target visceral fat. Ultimately, HIIT exemplifies a modern approach to achieving fitness goals efficiently.

- A) Nevertheless, HIIT keeps people motivated, reducing the likelihood of workout monotony.
- B) On the other hand, beginners rarely keep up with its pace without prior conditioning.
- C) The nature of HIIT workouts can lead to excessive fatigue, causing motivation loss.
- D) HIIT requires less time than traditional cardio, providing accessibility for busy schedules.
- E) However, despite the quick results, it may increase the risk of injury due to its high intensity.

60. Spices are natural substances derived from plants that not only enhance flavour but also support various aspects of health and well-being. ---- Likewise, ginger is widely known for its ability to ease digestive issues, such as nausea, and to reduce muscle soreness after physical activity. These spices can be incorporated easily into daily meals, providing a simple way to support well-being through diet. Over time, regular use of such spices can contribute to a holistic approach to maintaining health, vitality, and even long-term disease prevention.

- A) Many spices, like turmeric, contain antioxidant compounds that may help support joint health and brain functions.
- B) Cinnamon is commonly praised for its benefits, yet it can also pose risks when consumed in large amounts.
- C) Excessive use of spices in the diet can lead to stomach irritation or heartburn while disrupting the balance of flavours.
- D) In contrast to popular belief, curry spice is not a single ingredient but a blend of spices, often including cumin and cinnamon.
- E) Researchers have studied their role in supporting metabolic health, potentially improving several bodily functions.

61. ---- For example, four of these routes cross international borders, seamlessly connecting Türkiye with various regions across Europe and Asia, showcasing the nation's role as a bridge between continents. Each route is unique, catering to a range of interests: some feature breathtaking natural landscapes, others highlight historic roads and ancient ruins, while a few immerse trekkers in the rugged wilderness or vibrant village life. For those seeking a more structured adventure, guided tours are available along many of these scenic paths.

- A) With more than 19,475 registered archaeological sites, Türkiye ranks among the world's most historically abundant nations.
- B) The Cultural Routes Society in Türkiye manages 20 long-distance trekking routes, offering diverse experiences for avid hikers and explorers.
- C) Türkiye, rich in history and culture, is a treasure chest filled with archaeological sites, ancient ruins, and intangible cultural heritage.
- D) The Troy Culture Route is now officially recognised as an important cultural route in Türkiye by the Culture Routes Society.
- E) Since 2012, Türkiye's Culture Routes Society has been a member of the European Institute of Cultural Routes and the World Trails Network.

62. The hidden curriculum is a silent educator, shaping students beyond textbooks. It involves the unspoken rules, values, and behaviours embedded in school culture. ---- These implicit lessons often extend outside the walls of the school, profoundly affecting the manner in which students handle relationships, careers, and society as a whole. By recognising the power of the hidden curriculum, educators can find the opportunity to intentionally create a school environment that promotes positive values and fosters holistic growth in students.

- A) Teachers often organise additional activities, hoping to give students a broader view of learning beyond academic subjects.
- B) In many classrooms, the teacher's attitude and expectations influence how students behave, interact, and approach daily school tasks.
- C) While exams measure academic ability, they do not always reflect how well students understand fairness, teamwork, or responsibility.
- D) Through various aspects of their educational experience, students unconsciously absorb lessons about competition, cooperation, and authority.
- E) Students often learn how to behave in social settings by observing how their classmates and teachers treat one another every day.

63. Narwhals, known as the 'unicorns of the sea', are famous for their long, spiralled tusks. These tusks contain millions of nerve endings and allow narwhals to detect even the slightest changes in their environment, such as shifts in water temperature and pressure. However, climate change and increasing ocean noise have begun to disrupt their natural habitats in the Arctic, threatening their survival. ---- This highlights the pressing need to safeguard these waters from industrial expansion and other threats to maintain the delicate balance of the ecosystem.

- A) Narwhals migrate to warmer waters in search of food, especially during the colder winter months.
- B) In many cases, narwhals are known to use their sensitive tusks for hunting prey in the Arctic seas.
- C) Narwhals face significant natural threats from Arctic predators such as polar bears and orcas.
- D) Preserving Arctic waters is crucial to ensuring that narwhals can continue thriving in their natural habitat.
- E) Although narwhals can live without their tusks, they rely heavily on them for navigation during migration.

64. - 69. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

64. **Sleeper trains, a means of transportation providing passengers with the opportunity to sleep comfortably while travelling long distances, are very popular because of the convenience they offer.**

- A) Yolculara rahatça uyuma imkânı sağlayan bir ulaşım aracı olan yataklı trenler, sunduğu bu kolaylık nedeniyle uzak mesafelere seyahat ederken oldukça popülerdir.
- B) Yataklı trenler, yolculara rahatça uyuma imkânı sağlayan bir ulaşım aracı olarak uzak mesafelere seyahat ederken sundukları kolaylık sayesinde oldukça popülerdir.
- C) Uzak mesafelere seyahat ederken yolculara rahatça uyuma imkânı sağlayan bir ulaşım aracı olan yataklı trenler, sundukları kolaylık nedeniyle oldukça popülerdir.
- D) Yataklı trenler, uzak mesafelere seyahat ederken yolculara rahatça uyuma imkânı sağlamaktadır ve sunduğu bu kolaylıktan dolayı oldukça popüler bir ulaşım aracıdır.
- E) Uzak mesafelere seyahat ederken yolculara rahat bir uyku çekme imkânı sağlayan yataklı trenler, sundukları kolaylık sebebiyle oldukça popüler bir ulaşım aracıdır.

65. **The Hanseatic League, which dominated Baltic maritime trade for three centuries, was a commercial and defensive confederation of merchant guilds and market towns in Central and Northern Europe.**

- A) Hansa Birliği, üç yüzyıl boyunca Baltık deniz ticaretini egemenliği altında tutmuş olan Orta ve Kuzey Avrupa'daki tüccar loncaları ile pazar kentlerinin oluşturduğu bir ticaret ve savunma konfederasyonuydu.
- B) Orta ve Kuzey Avrupa'daki tüccar loncalarının ve pazar kentlerinin ticaret ve savunma konfederasyonu olan Hansa Birliği, üç yüzyıl boyunca Baltık deniz ticaretine egemen olmuştu.
- C) Hansa Birliği, üç yüzyıl boyunca Baltık deniz ticaretine hâkim olmuştu ve Orta ve Kuzey Avrupa'daki tüccar loncaları ile pazar kentlerinin oluşturduğu bir ticaret ve savunma konfederasyonuydu.
- D) Orta ve Kuzey Avrupa'daki tüccar loncalarının yanı sıra pazar kentlerinin de ticaret ve savunma konfederasyonu olan Hansa Birliği, üç yüzyıl boyunca Baltık deniz ticaretine egemen olmuştu.
- E) Üç yüzyıl boyunca Baltık deniz ticaretine egemen olan Hansa Birliği, Orta ve Kuzey Avrupa'daki tüccar loncalarının ve pazar kentlerinin ticaret ve savunma konfederasyonuydu.

66. The tardigrade, a microscopic animal also known as the water bear, possesses a unique protein protecting its DNA from radiation damage and can withstand extreme temperatures.

- A) Mikroskopik bir hayvan olan ve su ayısı olarak da bilinen tardigrad, DNA'sını radyasyondan koruyan özel bir proteine sahiptir ve aşırı sıcaklıklara dayanır.
- B) Su ayısı olarak da bilinen mikroskopik bir hayvan olan tardigrad, DNA'sını radyasyon hasarından koruyan benzersiz bir proteine sahiptir ve aşırı sıcaklıklara dayanabilir.
- C) Tardigrad veya su ayısı adıyla bilinen mikroskopik canlı, radyasyon hasarına karşı DNA'sını koruyan benzersiz bir proteine sahiptir ve aşırı sıcaklıklarda yaşayabilir.
- D) Tardigrad, su ayısı olarak da bilinen mikroskopik bir hayvandır ve DNA'sını radyasyon hasarından koruyan özel bir proteine sahiptir, ayrıca aşırı sıcaklıklara dayanabilir.
- E) Su ayısı veya tardigrad olarak bilinen mikroskopik hayvan, DNA'sını radyasyon hasarından koruyan eşsiz bir protein içerir ve aşırı sıcaklıklara karşı dirençlidir.

67. Despite the fact that backgammon boards differ in design across regions, the basic principles of the game have remained consistent since its origins over 5,000 years ago in ancient Mesopotamia.

- A) Tavla tahtaları tasarım açısından bölgeler arasında farklılık gösterse de oyunun temel ilkeleri, 5.000 yıl önce antik Mezopotamya'daki kökenlerinden bu yana değişmeden kalmıştır.
- B) Oyunun kökenlerinin 5.000 yıl öncesine dayanması ve farklı bölgelerde oynanmaya başlanması, tavla tahtalarının tasarımlarında değişikliklere yol açsa da oyunun temel ilkeleri değişmeden kalmıştır.
- C) Her ne kadar tavla tahtalarının tasarımı bölgeden bölgeye farklılık gösterse de oyunun temel kuralları, 5.000 yıl önce Mezopotamya'daki kökenlerinden beri değişmeden kalmıştır.
- D) 5.000 yıl önce antik Mezopotamya'da ortaya çıkan tavlânın temel ilkeleri, değişmeden kalsa da oyunun tahtalarının tasarımı bölgeden bölgeye farklılık göstermektedir.
- E) Antik Mezopotamya'da 5.000 yıl önce ortaya çıkan tavlânın temel kuralları, değişmeden kalmıştır ancak tahtaların tasarımı bölgelere göre farklılık göstermektedir.

68. Ailments of the musculoskeletal system, which encompasses bones and muscles, can result from repetitive strain, poor diet, or the natural wear and tear that comes with ageing.

- A) Kas-iskelet sistemi rahatsızlıkları; kemik ile kasları etkileyen tekrarlayan zorlanmalar, kötü beslenme ya da yaşlanmayla gelen aşınma ve yıpranmadan kaynaklanabilir.
- B) Kemik ile kasları içeren kas-iskelet sistemi rahatsızlıklarının kaynağı; tekrarlayan zorlanmalar, kötü beslenme ya da yaşlanmayla birlikte gelen doğal aşınma ve yıpranmadır.
- C) Kas-iskelet sistemi rahatsızlıkları, kemik ile kasları içerir ve tekrarlayan zorlamalar, yetersiz beslenme veya yaşlanmayla gelen doğal aşınma ve yıpranmadan kaynaklanabilir.
- D) Kemik ile kasları kapsayan kas-iskelet sistemi rahatsızlıkları; tekrarlayan zorlanmalar, kötü beslenme ya da yaşlanmayla birlikte gelen doğal aşınma ve yıpranmadan kaynaklanabilir.
- E) Tekrarlayan zorlanmalar, kötü beslenme veya yaşlanmayla birlikte gelen doğal aşınma ve yıpranmanın sonucunda, kemik ile kasları kapsayan kas-iskelet sistemi rahatsızlıkları ortaya çıkabilir.

69. The Lycian Way, which stretches over 500 kilometres, presents hikers with breathtaking coastal views, ancient ruins, and an immersive experience of Türkiye's rich historical and cultural heritage.

- A) Likya Yolu, 500 kilometreden fazla olan uzunluğu ile yürüyüşçülere antik kalıntılar, nefes kesici kıyı manzaraları ve Türkiye'nin zengin kültürel mirasına dair muhteşem bir deneyim sunmaktadır.
- B) Yürüyüşçülere nefes kesici kıyı manzaraları, antik kalıntılar ve Türkiye'nin zengin tarihi ve kültürel mirasına dair sürükleyici bir deneyim sunan Likya Yolu, yaklaşık 500 kilometre uzunluğundadır.
- C) 500 kilometreden fazla uzanan Likya Yolu, yürüyüşçülere nefes kesici kıyı manzaraları, antik kalıntılar ve Türkiye'nin zengin tarihi ve kültürel mirasına dair sürükleyici bir deneyim sunmaktadır.
- D) 500 kilometrenin üzerinde uzanan Likya Yolu, yürüyüşçülere antik kalıntılar arasında nefes kesici kıyı manzaraları ve Türkiye'nin zengin tarihi ve kültürel mirasına dair sürükleyici bir deneyim sunmaktadır.
- E) Yaklaşık 500 kilometre uzunluğundaki Likya Yolu, Türkiye'nin zengin tarihi ve kültürel mirasını keşfetmek isteyen yürüyüşçülere nefes kesici kıyı manzaraları ve antik kalıntılarla sürükleyici bir deneyim sunmaktadır.

70. - 75. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

70. Güney Kore yan yemek çeşidi olan *banchan*, misafirperverliği simgelerken sofraları zenginleştirir, ki bu da paylaşım yoluyla insanlar arasındaki sosyal bağların güçlenmesini teşvik eder.

- A) *Banchan*, a variety of South Korean side dishes, enriches meals while symbolising hospitality, fostering the reinforcement of social bonds among people through sharing.
- B) The assortment of side dishes known as *banchan* enhances tables in South Korea, representing hospitality and promoting connections between people through communal sharing.
- C) In South Korean cuisine, *banchan*—a selection of side dishes—fosters connection to meals while epitomising the culture of hospitality and nurturing people's social bonds through sharing.
- D) As a part of South Korean meals, *banchan* offers an array of side dishes that enrich tables, embodying the values of hospitality and fostering a sense of social bond via shared experiences.
- E) *Banchan*, with diverse side dishes, enhances South Korean meals, signifying hospitality while cultivating social connections through the joy of the sharing environment.

71. Mantarların ekolojik etkisini ve tıbbi potansiyelini inceleyen mikoloji, bu organizmaların biyolojik çeşitliliğin korunması ve insan sağlığının desteklenmesindeki rolüne ışık tutmaktadır.

- A) By exploring the ecological effects and therapeutic roles of fungi, mycology illuminates how these organisms contribute to biodiversity and enhance human well-being.
- B) Through the examination of fungi's ecological influence and their medicinal applications, mycology reveals the critical role these organisms play in fostering biodiversity and bolstering human health.
- C) Mycology analyses the environmental impact and medicinal properties of fungi while highlighting the importance of these organisms in preserving biodiversity and enhancing human health.
- D) Examining the ecological impact and medicinal potential of fungi, mycology sheds light on the role of these organisms in maintaining biodiversity and supporting human health.
- E) Mycology investigates the ecological impact and medicinal possibilities of fungi, revealing their enlightening contributions to sustaining biodiversity and promoting health in humans.

72. Arşimet Vidası, suyun yokuş yukarı hareketini sağlayarak antik mühendislikte devrim yarattı ve basitliği nedeniyle bugün hâlâ sulama ve bazı hidroelektrik sistemleri gibi çeşitli modern uygulamalarda kullanılmaktadır.

- A) The Archimedes' Screw, which allows the uphill movement of water, was a milestone in ancient engineering and is used today with its simple structure in areas such as irrigation and various hydroelectric systems.
- B) The Archimedes' Screw revolutionised ancient engineering by enabling the uphill movement of water and is still in use today in various modern applications, such as irrigation and certain hydroelectric systems, due to its simplicity.
- C) The Archimedes' Screw, with its function of transporting water uphill, has left its mark on ancient engineering and, due to its simplicity, has found an effective place in irrigation and some hydroelectric projects today.
- D) The Archimedes' Screw, which moves water upwards, revolutionised ancient engineering and is still used today in modern applications such as irrigation and certain hydroelectric systems thanks to its simple structure.
- E) The Archimedes' Screw had a critical impact on ancient engineering with the reverse movement of water and is still used today in different modern applications such as irrigation and several hydroelectric systems with its simple structure.

73. Kuş kanatlarında gözlemlenen karmaşık örüntüler, enerji verimliliğini artıran ve gürültü kirliliğini en aza indiren rüzgâr türbini kanatlarının yaratılmasının önünü açmıştır.

- A) The elaborate structures in bird wings have inspired the innovation of efficient wind turbine blades that boost energy absorption and lower noise pollution levels.
- B) The detailed patterns in bird wings have been used in the creation of wind turbine blades that increase energy efficiency and minimise noise pollution.
- C) Seeing the sophisticated patterns in avian wings, engineers designed more effective wind turbine blades, which enhance energy efficiency and decrease noise pollution.
- D) The intricate forms of bird wings have facilitated the creation of wind turbine blades that optimise energy efficiency and mitigate noise pollution.
- E) The intricate patterns observed on bird wings have paved the way for the creation of wind turbine blades that increase energy efficiency and minimise noise pollution.

74. 20. yüzyılın ortalarında ortaya çıkan Pop Art akımı, tüketim kültürü ve kitle iletişim araçlarını sanatın merkezine taşımış ancak özgünlük ve derinlik bakımından eleştirilere maruz kalmıştır.

- A) By integrating mass communication into art, the Pop Art movement, which developed in the middle of the 20th century, challenged consumer culture despite all the critiques regarding its originality and depth.
- B) Pop Art, which originated as a movement during the 20th century, embraced consumer culture and mass media as fine art because it faced critiques for its superficiality and lack of originality.
- C) The Pop Art movement, which emerged in the middle of the 20th century, brought consumer culture and mass media to the centre of art but was subjected to criticism in terms of originality and depth.
- D) Due to bringing consumer culture and mass media to the centre of art, the Pop Art movement of the 20th century was harshly criticised for lacking aesthetic value and originality.
- E) As a mid-20th-century art movement, Pop Art revolutionised art with elements of consumerism and mass media; however, it drew criticism for being superficial and lacking depth.

75. 1960 Roma Olimpiyatları'nda boksta altın madalya kazanan ve daha sonra Muhammed Ali olarak anılacak olan Cassius Clay, spor dünyasının en ikonik figürlerinden ve sivil hakların önde gelen savunucularından biri hâline gelecekti.

- A) After he had won a gold medal in boxing at the 1960 Rome Olympics, Cassius Clay, later known as Muhammad Ali, launched a legendary career as the most iconic figure in sports and challenged social injustices.
- B) The 1960 Rome Olympics saw Cassius Clay, later known as Muhammad Ali, win a gold medal in boxing, a victory that initiated his career and anticipated his activism against social injustices.
- C) Cassius Clay, who won a gold medal in boxing at the 1960 Rome Olympics and would later be known as Muhammad Ali, would become one of the most iconic figures in the sports world and a leading advocate for civil rights.
- D) Before Cassius Clay, later known as Muhammad Ali, embarked on a path that combined athletic excellence with a fierce commitment to activism, he won a gold medal in boxing at the 1960 Rome Olympics.
- E) Cassius Clay, who later named himself Muhammad Ali, won a gold medal in boxing at the 1960 Rome Olympics, marking the start of a career that would include being one of the most iconic sportspeople and activists for human rights.

76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) Skin elasticity, which allows the skin to stretch, is a vital feature for maintaining a healthy appearance and is closely linked to proteins like collagen and elastin within the dermis. (II) Collagen provides firmness and integrity, and elastin grants resilience; both are essential for a youthful appearance. (III) However, as we age, the natural production of collagen and elastin decreases, leading to reduced elasticity and visible signs of ageing, such as sagging and wrinkles. (IV) Moreover, environmental factors, including UV radiation, add to the breakdown of these proteins, accelerating the skin's structural decline. (V) While no solution can completely prevent the ageing process, some practices offer strategies to retain skin's elasticity.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) Slow tourism emphasises a mindful approach to travel, encouraging visitors to immerse themselves deeply in a destination's culture, history, and natural environment. (II) One of the most important aspects of responsible tourism is the promotion of cultural preservation and respect for local customs and traditions. (III) Unlike traditional tourism, which often focuses on fast-paced sightseeing, it values quality over quantity, promoting a richer, more personal connection to each place. (IV) This travel philosophy advocates staying longer in one location, supporting local businesses, and reducing environmental impact. (V) Slow tourism fosters a more sustainable and rewarding way to explore the world by prioritising meaningful experiences over quick photo opportunities.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) The World Food Programme (WFP) is the leading humanitarian organisation dedicated to combating hunger worldwide. (II) Established in 1961, it provides food assistance to millions of people affected by conflicts, disasters, and poverty in over 120 countries. (III) In 2020, the WFP won the Nobel Peace Prize for its efforts to offer food aid in conflict areas and to prevent food from being used as a weapon of war or conflict. (IV) The WFP not only delivers emergency food supplies but also works to improve food security and nutrition through sustainable development projects. (V) By partnering with governments and other organisations, it strives to create long-term solutions to hunger and malnutrition, making a considerable impact on the lives of vulnerable populations across the globe.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) The Baobab tree, also known as the 'Tree of Life', is a distinctive species native to Madagascar and some other parts of Africa. (II) It can store thousands of litres of water within its thick, expansive trunk, which enables it to survive in arid climates and sustain local wildlife during droughts. (III) Towering over the savannah, the baobab is known to live for thousands of years, creating a canopy that offers nutritional resources to a variety of animals. (IV) There are some baobab trees in botanical gardens around the world, where they attract tourists and enthusiasts who are fascinated by their unique shape and strength. (V) This towering tree holds a revered place in many African cultural beliefs, with some communities viewing it as sacred and home to spirits, a perception that adds to its cultural and ecological significance.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) The rough, lined edges on coins, called ridges, were first added to stop fake coins and to prevent people from shaving off bits of valuable metals. (II) Later, this practice became a serious crime all around the world, and some countries started making ridged edges standard, especially on high-value coins. (III) At that time, coins were usually made from precious metals like silver or gold, and some people would shave off small amounts from their edges to save and sell the metal for profit, which in turn reduced the coins' actual value. (IV) By adding ridges, coin makers made it clear if any material had been taken off, aiming to discourage people from tampering with coins. (V) Today, even though most coins are no longer made of precious metals, ridged edges are still used to help people with vision impairments tell coins apart by touch.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



ORTAÖĞRETİM
GENEL MÜDÜRLÜĞÜ



YKS DENEMELERİ

YDT

İNGİLİZCE

10. DENEME



ADI VE SOYADI

OKUL ADI

ADAYIN İMZASI

ADAYIN DİKKATİNE!

1. Bu sınavda YKS soru dağılımları dikkate alınmıştır.
2. Deneme tam kapsam olup YKS konularının tamamını kapsamaktadır.
3. Bu sınav 80 soru içermektedir.

OGM
MATERYAL

Bu testlerin her hakkı saklıdır. Hangi amaçla olursa olsun, testlerin tamamının veya bir kısmının Milli Eğitim Bakanlığının yazılı izni olmadan kopya edilmesi, fotoğrafının çekilmesi, herhangi bir yolla çoğaltılması, yayımlanması ya da kullanılması yasaktır. Bu yasağa uymayanlar gerekli cezai sorumluluğu ve testlerin hazırlanmasındaki mali külfeti peşinen kabullenmiş sayılır.

AÇIKLAMA

1. Bu kitapçıkta **80 soru** bulunmaktadır.
2. Bu sınav için verilen cevaplama süresi **120 dakikadır (2 saat)**.
3. **Bu sınav puanlanırken doğru cevaplarınızın sayısından yanlış cevaplarınızın sayısının dörtte biri çıkarılacak ve kalan sayı bu test ile ilgili ham puanınız olacaktır.**
4. Kitapçığın sayfalarındaki boş yerleri müsvedde için kullanabilirsiniz.
5. Cevaplamaya istediğiniz sorudan başlayabilirsiniz. Bir soru ile ilgili cevabınızı, cevap kâğıdında o soru için ayrılmış olan yere işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.
6. Bu kitapçıkta yer alan her sorunun sadece bir doğru cevabı vardır. Cevap kâğıdında bir soru için birden çok cevap yeri işaretlenmişse o soru yanlış cevaplanmış sayılacaktır. İşaretlediğiniz bir cevabı değiştirmek istediğinizde silme işlemini çok iyi yapmanız gerektiğini unutmayınız.

1. - 15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Japanese comics and animated films are so popular among youngsters worldwide that they have played a role in changing the youth culture and people's ---- of Japan.

A) prejudice
B) perception
C) influence
D) discrimination
E) intelligence

2. Musical instruments and singing are a ---- part of the African way of life, from the mother singing a lullaby to her newborn baby to elaborate village festivals full of colour and costumes.

A) fundamental
B) compelling
C) naturalistic
D) confidential
E) complicating

3. Upon returning from abroad, it is of the utmost importance to consult a medical professional ---- if symptoms such as headache, weakness, weariness, stomachache, and muscle pain are noted.

A) reluctantly
B) intentionally
C) permanently
D) promptly
E) desperately

4. Regular physical activity can ---- overall stress and anxiety by releasing endorphins and improving sleep and self-image.

A) maintain
B) accelerate
C) notice
D) relieve
E) initiate

5. While a lack of protein and carbohydrates can ---- grave problems in growth and development, a deficiency in some specific minerals and vitamins can cause certain illnesses.

A) call off
B) go over
C) lead to
D) run into
E) clear up

6. According to a new study, the size of cat brains ---- dramatically since they ---- by humans 10,000 years ago.

A) decreased / have been domesticated
B) had decreased / would be domesticated
C) is decreasing / are domesticated
D) decreases / will be domesticated
E) has decreased / were domesticated

7. If more organic farms ---- worldwide in the last decade, with government support and financial resources, the agricultural community ---- from better and more sustainable farming practices by now.
- A) have been set up / could benefit
B) had been set up / would have benefited
C) were set up / might have benefited
D) would be set up / should have benefited
E) should have been set up / may benefit
8. According to studies, people ---- the weekend holiday in a fun way are happier, more ready, and more satisfied when they return to work on Monday, so holidays do not always need ---- to recharge us.
- A) having spent / to extend
B) to spend / extending
C) being spent / to be extending
D) spending / to be extended
E) spend / being extended
9. Children in some of the African countries are ---- extremely high risk from the impacts of the climate crisis, but the Children's Climate Risk Index revealed that these countries are not among those responsible ---- creating the problem.
- A) on / for
B) in / to
C) among / of
D) of / in
E) at / for
10. In the prime ---- their careers, many successful athletes have a great influence ---- a significant part of society with sponsorship agreements and charity campaigns.
- A) along / in
B) to / about
C) with / at
D) during / for
E) of / on
11. Repeatedly losing and regaining weight, known as the yo-yo diet, can be dangerous, ---- it may increase the risk of heart disease.
- A) so
B) while
C) as
D) if
E) but
12. If the chicken is not to be cooked right after it is bought, it should be stored in the refrigerator or the freezer; ----, the bacteria will reproduce very quickly and may even cause poisoning.
- A) therefore
B) furthermore
C) for example
D) nevertheless
E) otherwise

13. There is ---- research on bilingualism, as it influences the cognitive and social development of ---- children who grow up in an environment where at least two languages are spoken.

- A) most / none
- B) any / all
- C) a lot of / many
- D) no / few
- E) some / other

14. Scientific research has proved that the feeling of loneliness ---- causes chronic stress ---- leads to disorders of the immune system.

- A) as / as
- B) both / as well
- C) neither / nor
- D) whether / or
- E) not only / but also

15. ---- traditional musical and therapy training, music therapists are also trained to determine what types of practices will be most beneficial for each particular patient.

- A) In the event of
- B) Rather than
- C) As opposed to
- D) In addition to
- E) In spite of

16. - 20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Memory is extraordinarily excellent at both positive and negative emotional experiences. (16)---- this ability, memory is crucial for our well-being. We remember potentially dangerous situations so that we (17)---- them in the future. Previous studies have shown that one of the main causes of this phenomenon is the amygdala, a region of the brain that is involved in the processing of emotions. Emotional experiences (18)---- the amygdala, which makes it simpler for the cerebrum's numerous regions to store information. (19)----, the cerebellum sends signals to various regions of the brain, including the amygdala and hippocampus. The latter is crucial for memory storage, apart from the ability to transfer short-term memories (20)---- long-term memory as well as navigation capacity.

- 16. A) Similar to
B) In spite of
C) Rather than
D) Due to
E) In case of
- 17. A) must avoid
B) should avoid
C) had better avoid
D) can avoid
E) are supposed to avoid
- 18. A) perceive
B) stimulate
C) abandon
D) maintain
E) deplete
- 19. A) To sum up
B) Otherwise
C) Moreover
D) On one hand
E) Nevertheless
- 20. A) of
B) for
C) to
D) by
E) on

21. - 28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. **Despite the widespread presence of microplastics, or plastic particles smaller than 5 millimetres in size, ----.**

- A) plastic pollution in the oceans is one of the world's environmental problems
- B) microplastics cause the death of millions of aquatic creatures every year
- C) insufficient research has been done on the effects that they have on living creatures
- D) they enter the human body with the nutrition of plastics through the sea creatures
- E) free circulation of microplastics in nature continues undisturbed for hundreds of years

22. **In the Total Physical Response (TPR) method, since the teacher encourages students to make physical responses, ----.**

- A) teachers of English use written exams in both the classroom and online
- B) it is difficult for pupils to give instructions without using imperatives
- C) motivating them to take notes, which they find challenging, is an effective strategy
- D) giving a vocabulary list helps them learn the words and phrases easily
- E) pupils are expected to perform activities via movement to follow directions

23. **While acquiring a language, especially speaking skills, if learners are not constantly exposed to the language with persistence, ----.**

- A) they can improve their brain by working on both parts of it actively while learning a new language
- B) it is necessary to take into account the numerous benefits of knowing different languages for children
- C) families should support their children while learning with books or cartoons in that language
- D) multilingual families may have the best chance for children to learn more than one language
- E) they may not be able to achieve it thoroughly, no matter how much they want to speak fluently

24. **Some genetic analyses of modern dogs show that they originated in East Asia, ----.**

- A) although researchers have attempted everything from examining ancient dog bones to decoding modern dog DNA to determine the answer
- B) because wolves living as far apart as Alaska and Europe shared recent ancestors, indicating that the animals were nomadic
- C) as they include DNA extracted from a well-preserved, 32,000-year-old wolf head unearthed in Alaska, North America
- D) while the ancient wolf genomes provide a comprehensive look at which genes expanded within the species across about 30,000 generations
- E) whereas other genetic and archaeological evidence indicates that they came from Siberia, the Middle East, and Western Europe

25. ----, but a recent study has proved that this assumption is not valid anymore.

- A) Baby leatherback sea turtles always have trouble distinguishing the direction of the sea, causing them to halt and crawl in circles
- B) A new drone navigation technology minimises the processing power required to avoid obstacles, even in complex situations such as dense woods
- C) Archaeologists have revealed that a large number of ancient Romans died when the cities of Pompeii and Herculaneum were buried by ash from a volcanic eruption
- D) It was presumed that the structure of stars in other galaxies is similar to that of billions of stars in our own galaxy
- E) Winter resorts provide guests with various methods to experience mountain settings by introducing mountain bike trails, hiking paths, or observation platforms

26. Even though 20,000 Hz is usually considered the upper limit of hearing, ----.

- A) sounds with frequencies above the range of human hearing are called ultrasound
- B) human beings are capable of distinguishing between around 1,400-odd pitch ranges
- C) the actual limit varies from person to person and decreases with age
- D) in most cases, high and low tones are heard as sounds in the middle range
- E) the hearing curve reaches a point of balance as the volume of the signal gets louder

27. ----, whereas its south pole has warmed dramatically.

- A) Neptune remains one of the coldest planets in our solar system due to its distance from the Sun
- B) Neptune is an ice giant that orbits the Sun at a distance of 2.78 million kilometres
- C) Neptune's south pole is brighter in thermal-infrared light, indicating a warmer temperature
- D) The seasons on Neptune last 40 years, making them the longest on any planet
- E) Neptune appears blue in visible light due to methane in the planet's upper atmosphere

28. Inasmuch as panic attacks can happen anywhere and anytime, ----.

- A) it is in our nature to fear unpleasant or life-threatening situations
- B) the duration of a panic attack is rarely longer than half an hour
- C) the cause of the problem has not yet been discovered by experts
- D) they can be pretty dangerous, especially if the person is alone
- E) a sufferer may feel as though they are on the verge of passing out

29. - 31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

There are around 5,000 different species of ladybirds worldwide. They are also called lady beetles and ladybird beetles. Ladybirds appear in various colours and designs, and they are considered lucky in many cultures. The majority of ladybirds have oval, dome-shaped bodies and six short legs. They may have spots, stripes, or no markings at all, depending on their species. Ladybirds with seven spots are red or orange in colour, with three spots on each side and one in the centre. They are popular because they are attractive, elegant, and harmless to humans. Farmers, on the other hand, appreciate them because they eat aphids and other plant-eating pests. In its lifespan, a ladybird may consume up to four thousand insects. Ladybirds thrive in various environments, including meadows, woodlands, cities, suburbs, and beside rivers. Seven-spotted ladybirds are native to Europe, but they were introduced to North America in the mid-nineteenth century to manage aphids. When threatened, the bugs produce an oily, foul-tasting substance from their leg joints. They may even pretend to be dead. Ladybirds are mostly targeted by birds, although they are also hunted by frogs, wasps, spiders, and dragonflies.

29. Which of the following is true about ladybirds, according to the passage?

- A) Ladybirds are considered lucky in many cultures, as they are harmless to humans.
- B) Ladybirds, which eat aphids and other plants, are not liked by farmers.
- C) Seven-spotted ladybirds, which can be red or orange, live only in Europe.
- D) Threatened ladybirds can protect themselves by pretending to be dead.
- E) Ladybirds prey on spiders, dragonflies, and bees.

30. It is understood from the passage that ladybirds ----.

- A) are regarded as harmful to humans due to their ability to produce a foul-tasting substance
- B) typically have a lifespan of up to four years and consume a variety of insects during that time
- C) play a significant role in agriculture by eating aphids and other plant-eating pests, which is valuable for farmers
- D) are primarily found in North America and were introduced to Europe in the mid-nineteenth century
- E) have long, slender bodies and are commonly found in tropical rainforests, where they prey on small insects

31. What is the passage mainly about?

- A) Reproduction of ladybirds
- B) Physical appearance of ladybirds
- C) Nutrition style of ladybirds
- D) Habitats of ladybirds
- E) Common features of ladybirds

32. - 34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Antibiotics, which revolutionised medicine in the twentieth century, are used to treat or prevent bacterial infections and sometimes protozoan infections affecting many different types of organisms, including plants, animals, and marine life. Since ancient times, they have been used by numerous ancient civilisations, including Egypt, China, Greece, and Rome, as a topical application of mouldy bread for its therapeutic benefits. Although John Parkinson was the first to document the use of mould to cure infections explicitly, it was Alexander Fleming who, in 1928, developed modern penicillin, whose widespread usage throughout the war was immensely important. As a precaution, antibiotics may be administered to people at risk, such as those with a **compromised** immune system. However, the effectiveness and availability of antibiotics have led to their redundant overuse, and thus, certain bacteria have evolved resistance. The World Health Organisation has identified antimicrobial resistance as a serious global threat that is no longer a thing of the future but is happening in every region of the globe today. And this danger has the potential to affect everybody, regardless of their age or country.

32. The underlined word 'compromised' in the passage is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) weak
- B) efficient
- C) unique
- D) diverse
- E) fertile

33. We can understand from the passage that antibiotic resistance is caused by ----.

- A) the capacity of antibiotics to influence everyone negatively, regardless of status or place
- B) the unnecessary and excessive use of antibiotics that are easily accessible to everyone
- C) the overuse of antibiotics for patients with impaired immune systems
- D) the invention of modern penicillin, which proved to be incredibly useful during the war
- E) its use by numerous ancient civilisations, including Egypt, China, Greece, and Rome

34. Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the passage?

- A) A brief history of antibiotics
- B) Scope of antibiotics' use
- C) Inventor of today's antibiotics
- D) Risk of antibiotics' overuse
- E) Manufacture of antibiotics

35. - 37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Viking ships were built by the Scandinavians during the Viking Age (790–1100 AD) and used both within Scandinavia and beyond as the main means of transport for trade and warfare. The expansion of the Vikings would not have been possible without them. One of the most iconic images associated with the Vikings is that of the dragon-headed longships. The red and white striped sails gave them a deadly speed. This enabled the fearsome warriors to swiftly reach their plundering targets. Moreover, Viking ships came in various shapes and sizes, including big-bellied cargo ships and lightning-fast longships that facilitated raiding and gave the Vikings an advantage over their contemporaries. Yet, they are far from always having the intricately carved dragon heads that are so ingrained in the popular imagination. Annoyingly, the archaeological record paints a rather patchy picture, as wood is not stubborn enough to well stand the test of time. Our knowledge of early Viking Age ships comes almost exclusively from a handful of ship graves, even though sunken ships do somewhat turn up later in the Viking Age to expand our knowledge.

35. The underlined word 'them' in the passage refers to ----.

- A) the Vikings
- B) the dragon-headed longships
- C) the warriors
- D) the red and white striped sails
- E) the Scandinavians

36. Which of the following statement is true about Viking ships according to the passage?

- A) The common feature of all of them, large or small, is that they have carved dragon heads.
- B) They were so lightweight that they could be used for a lot of things.
- C) The Scandinavians used them only within their own region for trade and warfare.
- D) Wooden ship remains from the early Viking Age are rare because wood does not preserve well over time.
- E) The Vikings built big-bellied cargo ships mostly for warfare.

37. What can be inferred from the passage about early Viking Age ships?

- A) As they were made of wood, only a few ship burials have survived, so we have limited knowledge of them.
- B) To scare off the enemies, they were adorned with a carving of a monstrous creature, such as a dragon.
- C) They had a sail in the centre of the boat, which was often depicted in red and white stripes.
- D) In the beginning, the Vikings used these ships only as their primary means of transportation.
- E) They did not yet play a central role in Scandinavian culture at the start of the Viking Age.

38. - 40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Born in 1881, Pablo Ruiz Picasso was a Spanish painter, sculptor, printmaker, ceramicist, and theatre designer who lived in France most of his adult life. He is regarded as one of the most significant artists of the twentieth century, having co-founded the Cubist movement, created 'built sculpture', co-developed 'collage', and helped develop a broad range of techniques. In his early years, he had exceptional creative skills in painting in a realistic style. His technique evolved over the first decade of the twentieth century as he experimented with various theories, methods, and concepts. After 1906, Picasso was inspired by the work of the slightly older artist Henri Matisse to try out more radical techniques. It started a competition between the two artists, who were later seen as the founders of modern art by many critics. Much of Picasso's work from the late 1910s and early 1920s was in a neoclassical style, while his work from the mid-1920s often incorporated surrealist elements. Picasso acquired international acclaim and vast prosperity for his creative exploits throughout his long life and became one of the most well-known characters in twentieth-century art.

38. According to the passage, which of the following is true about Henri Matisse?

- A) He was less experienced than Pablo Ruiz Picasso in painting when they met.
- B) He was the only artist seen as the founder of modern art.
- C) In his works, he was very conservative about the classical methods he used.
- D) There was no rivalry between him and Pablo Ruiz Picasso throughout their lives.
- E) He inspired Pablo Ruiz Picasso to use different techniques in his art.

39. We can understand from the passage that ----.

- A) Picasso's unprecedented success in the fine arts brought him great wealth and world fame in the 1900s
- B) when Henri Matisse and Pablo Picasso met for the first time, they were both in their early twenties
- C) although Picasso was born in Spain in the 18th century, he spent most of his life in France
- D) the style he had before the mid-1920s was no different from the one he had afterwards
- E) Picasso was the only artist to develop cubism and thus invent 'built sculpture' and 'collage'

40. It is pointed out in the passage that Pablo Ruiz Picasso ----.

- A) was not influenced by anyone in his works throughout his life
- B) was regarded as the only pioneer of contemporary art
- C) did not use a single method that remained the same over the years
- D) would not have lived in wealth if he had been well-known
- E) earned his living by only painting and sculpting throughout his life

41. - 43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The objective of the UNESCO Memory of the World Programme is to protect the documents and information that constitute humanity's historical, cultural, and social memory and are in danger of disappearing due to various natural disasters or social reasons, especially wars. It also aims to share these precious cultural assets, as common values of humanity, in the digital environment as one of the measures of this protection. *The Memory of the World Register*, the programme's most visible face, was created in 1995, and the first record was made in 1997. One of the duties of the UNESCO Turkish National Commission is to identify and recommend the heritages of Türkiye that are considered necessary to be recorded in *The Memory of the World Register* to ensure the achievement of the globally determined purpose at the national level. Until today, with the suggestion of Türkiye, documents such as *The Manuscripts Collection of Ibn-i Sina*, *Evlîya Çelebi Travel Book*, *Kültepe Tablets*, *Divanü Lügati't-Türk*, and *Piri Reis's Map* were recorded in *The Memory of the World Register*.

41. It is stated in the passage that the UNESCO Memory of the World Programme aims mainly to ----.

- A) preserve the documents and information that represent humanity's historical, cultural, and social memory and are at risk of extinction
- B) set standards for the implementation of the protection programme regarding humanity's historical, cultural, and social memory
- C) spread the priceless cultural treasures as universal human values in the digital environment
- D) integrate *The Memory of the World Register* into arts, history, language, and literature classes
- E) increase awareness worldwide of the existence and significance of documentary heritage

42. It is clear in the passage that documents and information about the common cultural values of humanity ----.

- A) must be kept in the digital environment for the access of authorised historians and researchers
- B) are in jeopardy of being lost owing to a variety of natural disasters or social reasons, including wars
- C) should be permanently accessible to all people without hindrance or charge whenever they want
- D) are copied as in the original in order to preserve their originality and cultural value
- E) are selected in accordance with the cultural, historical, and social objectives stated in the programme

43. It is implied in the passage that the cultural documents of the countries ----.

- A) could be anything to ensure the achievement of the determined purpose at the global level
- B) have been shared employing contemporary technology to reproduce original documentary heritage on other media
- C) have been recorded in *The Memory of the World Register* for more than two decades with the proposal of national committees
- D) should be in good condition in order to be recorded in *The Memory of the World Register*
- E) are not only preserved by the programme but also by the sponsors to spread their value

44. - 48. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

44. Ernest:

– Do you like mind games?

Rudy:

– ----

Ernest:

– Incredible! I've tried a lot, too, but with no success, unfortunately!

Rudy:

– It is considered one of the most complex mind games in the world. Have you heard that 43 quintillion different configurations can be made by rotating it?

- A) Well, in fact, I enjoy playing outdoor games, as they develop you both physically and mentally.
- B) Absolutely! Do you know how many different ways there are to rotate one side of the Rubik's cube 90 degrees?
- C) I prefer playing chess, as it develops the ability to produce solutions and think multi-dimensionally.
- D) Speak honestly, I don't, as it takes a lot of practice to get the desired result in the shortest amount of time.
- E) Yes, especially the Rubik's cube. I've managed to make each face the same colour many times before.

45. Amy:

– Do you have any idea why we don't ever forget an experience that scares us?

Jeff:

– I don't have a scientific explanation for this, but I think it must be related to the emotions that affect us deeply, right?

Amy:

– ----

Jeff:

– Just like the deep traces that other emotions such as happiness or sadness leave in our memory.

- A) Actually, it's not really about that. The part of the brain triggered by fear is different from other emotional areas such as joy and sorrow; therefore, it responds differently.
- B) Frankly speaking, I don't know the reason either, but what you say doesn't make much sense to me since we go through so many other emotional ups and downs, not only fear.
- C) This is totally ridiculous! I don't understand at all what emotions have to do with our topic, so maybe you should do some research and read a few articles on this subject.
- D) Absolutely! Sudden emotional changes caused by fear activate certain points in your brain, triggering the formation of new memories that won't be erased in a short time.
- E) I'm not so sure about it, but I guess we will learn about it soon since various experimental studies on this subject are being conducted in many universities all around the world.

46. Journalist:

- **Black holes appeal to everyone, from toddlers to professional astronomers. Why do you think they are so important?**

Professor:

- **Although they are considered mysterious, they provide important information about the formation of our galaxy and universe.**

Journalist:

– ----

Professor:

- **Because black holes emit a large number of X-rays, they can be viewed by huge telescopes that detect them.**

- A) Is it true that telescopes have captured an image of the supermassive black hole in the Milky Way galaxy?
- B) These huge systems can't be seen with the naked eye. So the question is, how can they be observed?
- C) We know that black holes can be of various sizes. But is it possible that they can be found anywhere in space?
- D) How can we predict so much about a black hole's origin by looking at its size?
- E) Telescopes utilised in space exploration have advanced a lot. How does the resolution of telescopes affect image quality?

47. Jason:

- **What's your view about why people are not prone to recycling things?**

Neil:

– ----

Jason:

- **It's a reasonable answer, but surely there must be a number of other variables at play.**

Neil:

- **Of course, there are, but awareness is the most important one.**

- A) In my opinion, people can classify their waste into categories for recycling.
- B) Coloured recycling bins are located in the streets in order to draw attention.
- C) I think it is due to the lack of consciousness-raising programmes for the public.
- D) Because they want to prevent the depletion of resources and reduce the amount of waste.
- E) Paper recycling, in particular, prevents millions of trees from being cut down.

48. Alan:

— ----

Steve:

– **Me too. It looks like it has just come out of a hurricane. It's frustrating that they still throw the trash on the ground although there are so many trash cans around.**

Alan:

– **Look! They haven't cared too much about the notices around to keep the environment clean.**

Steve:

– **In this regard, more warning broadcasts should be made in the media, and every means should be used for education.**

- A) Thanks to the newly made landscaping arrangements, I feel as if I was walking in a meadow. I hope people take care to protect and keep it clean.
- B) People's indifference is driving me crazy. They must be punished for their irresponsible behaviour.
- C) In my opinion, most people aren't doing enough to reduce the amount of energy they use.
- D) See the people leave the park dirty after a picnic! I can't believe how they are so insensitive to the environment.
- E) I believe parks are the lungs of the cities, purifying the air and giving fresh strength to people.

49. - 53. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

49. **As threats to air travel continue to grow, airport security is constantly challenged in its ability to retain a safe and secure environment for a trip.**

- A) As there are numerous threats to air travel, airport security has to work harder and harder to keep a trip safe and secure.
- B) No matter how big the challenges to provide a safe environment for a flight are, offering this for a flight should not be a problem for airliners.
- C) Airport security is continuously challenged in its capacity to provide a safe and secure environment for a flight due to the ever-increasing number of dangers to air travel.
- D) In order to maintain a safe and secure environment for a flight as risks to air travel develop, airport security has to face certain difficulties.
- E) Despite continual obstacles, airport security does not have a tough time providing a safe and secure atmosphere for a trip.

50. Studies have shown that microwaving is even better than other cooking techniques at preserving nutrients and preventing the formation of harmful compounds.

- A) According to studies, when compared to other cooking methods, microwaving is even better at nutrient preservation and avoiding the development of hazardous chemicals.
- B) Research on microwaving has shown that it is just as good at preserving nutrients and preventing harmful substances as conventional cooking methods.
- C) Microwaving is very good at preventing the formation of harmful compounds and nutrient loss during cooking, but research has shown that other cooking methods are preferred.
- D) Microwaving, according to studies, is the only reliable method for retaining nutrients and reducing the production of hazardous chemicals compared to conventional cooking methods.
- E) The claim that microwaving is better than other cooking techniques at preserving nutrients and preventing harmful substances is unfounded.

51. Aside from gravity, electromagnetic, strong, and weak nuclear forces are just as important in keeping the universe in order as they keep atoms together.

- A) As electromagnetic, strong, and weak nuclear forces keep atoms together, gravity keeps the universe in order, so they all are critical.
- B) Apart from gravity, electromagnetic, strong, and weak nuclear forces play an important role as they maintain the universe in order.
- C) Electromagnetic, strong, and weak nuclear forces, in addition to gravity, play a significant role in maintaining the universe in order, exactly as they do in holding atoms together.
- D) To keep the universe in order, electromagnetic, strong, and weak nuclear forces and gravity work together by maintaining atoms.
- E) Except for gravity, electromagnetic, strong, and weak nuclear forces keep atoms together and play an important role in keeping the universe in order.

52. In the media environment of the 21st century, where we are exposed to a growing number of messages, the risk of being susceptible to false information makes our lives harder.

- A) Our lives are made more difficult in the media environment of the 21st century due to the fact that we are constantly exposed to an increasing volume of messages.
- B) In the 21st-century media environment, where we are bombarded with an increasing number of messages, the risk of being sensitive to misleading information makes our lives more difficult.
- C) As we are faced with an increasing number of messages in the 21st-century media environment, the risk of being exposed to misleading information complicates our lives.
- D) In the 21st century, when we are getting more and more messages from the media, the chance that we will be misled by false information in such environments may cause problems in our lives.
- E) False information is easier to spread in the 21st-century media environment by making our lives more difficult, as we are bombarded with an increasing number of suspicious messages.

53. Curiosity about the world and a wide range of interests both improve an individual's mental activity and make their social life more interesting.

- A) An individual's curiosity about the world and the diversity of their interests both increase the quality of their mental activity and enrich their social life.
- B) Having several interests and a sense of wonder about the world improves mental activity and social life.
- C) An individual's mental activity and their social life are affected by their curiosity level, making things more interesting.
- D) People who have better mental activity and a more interesting social life are curious about the world and have a lot of different interests.
- E) Individuals with higher levels of mental activity and a more interesting social life are more inquisitive about the world and have a diverse range of interests.

54. - 58. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

54. The company for which you have been working for 18 years thinks that you should be the head of the new factory to be opened abroad. No matter how good the conditions are, you do not want to disrupt your life and leave home. Tell the company's management that you reject this offer: ----

- A) Thank you very much for your offer, but I regret to inform you that I will be unable to accept it due to personal circumstances.
- B) I consider myself extremely fortunate to have had the opportunity to work with you for such an extended period. This offer came at a great time.
- C) I have always wanted to work abroad; thank you very much for your offer.
- D) This is an offer I can never refuse; I am gladly ready to work in the factory abroad.
- E) The conditions are perfect, but my expectations were higher. If you improve the conditions a little more, I can accept this offer.

55. A very close friend of yours was not hired for the last two jobs he applied for even though his CV is perfect. This situation causes him to lose his self-confidence and become extremely sad. To help him regain his self-confidence, you say to him: ----

- A) If the economic crisis continues, the companies will stop hiring employees, so it will be very difficult for you to find a job.
- B) You must enhance your CV by taking different courses; otherwise, you will have a difficult time finding work.
- C) The salaries offered are very important when looking for a job; it's a waste of time to accept a job that doesn't pay well.
- D) I can't tell you how many of your job applications have been rejected; you should put an end to it now.
- E) Someone with your qualifications will find a much better job. It's not the end of the world; keep going.

56. One of your friends has invited you to the theatre that you want to go to recently. However, you have to pick up your father from the airport at the time of the play. So you decline the offer politely: ----

- A) Thanks, but it's impossible for me to be there at that time. I've got to pick my father up from the airport.
- B) I really appreciate your offer, but going to the theatre isn't my cup of tea. Thanks anyway.
- C) Are you kidding me? Never miss that chance! I'll see you there after I get my father.
- D) I wish you would have asked me before getting the tickets. I have got things to do on that day.
- E) I'm not available on that day. My father and I are going to hang out and see a play. Next time!

57. You come across an old friend crying on a bench in the park. When you ask her what has happened, she tells you that her dog is lost. She says that she has looked everywhere, but she could not find him. You feel sad for her and suggest: ----

- A) Very good news! You were not keen on animals when you were a child.
- B) Are you sure that he is missing? Someone may have stolen him.
- C) I'm very sorry to hear that. Let's go and look for him together.
- D) I'm not surprised to hear that because he is a very naughty dog.
- E) Dogs are not clever enough to remember where they live.

58. Your sister has just bought an oversized coat as she thinks it is a popular item of clothing this winter, but you think it does not look good on her. When she asks you for your opinion, you want to respond without offending her. So you say: ----

- A) I suggest you follow some fashion accounts so that you can get a sense of what is fashionable.
- B) Next time, you don't go shopping without me because this coat is a complete disaster.
- C) You always choose strange clothes, and I can't understand why you want to buy this one.
- D) It's not my favourite style, but if you feel good in it, that's what really matters.
- E) Take money or your credit card with you; let's go do some shopping. There is a 25 per cent discount on coats.

59. - 63. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

59. Brain fog is a combination of symptoms such as forgetfulness, lack of clarity of mind, confusion, and difficulty in focusing. The most important cause of brain fog is oxidative stress. It occurs when an excess of free radicals breaks down your cells, proteins, and DNA, and there are insufficient antioxidants to remove these harmful substances. Emotional or physical stress, infections, exposure to toxins, mental trauma, and relationship problems increase your oxidative stress level. ---- Your memory is blurred, your brain cells are damaged, and your immune system is weakened.

- A) When functioning properly, free radicals can help fight off pathogens, which lead to infections.
- B) Whatever the cause, the brain, the organ that is most susceptible to oxidative stress, is extremely affected.
- C) Your body is largely composed of proteins, lipids, and DNA; thus, any damage can eventually result in a wide range of illnesses.
- D) Normal bodily functions such as exercise and inflammation produce free radicals, which are part of the body's system for maintaining health.
- E) The main thing you can do to reduce it is to increase your levels of antioxidants and decrease your formation of free radicals.

60. The Fourth Industrial Revolution, which affects incentives, laws, and economic norms, alters how we interact with each other as well as our understanding of ourselves as human beings. A further effect of this digital age in which new technologies are invented and implemented is altering human identities, communities, and political systems. ---- That is, when something new comes our way, we have a chance to shape it and make it meaningful for ourselves and also for everyone.

- A) However, all the previous industrial revolutions have resulted in both beneficial and detrimental effects for various stakeholder groups.
- B) From this point of view, it is not possible for us to predict which set of circumstances is most likely to be beneficial from this ongoing change.
- C) As a result of using these technologies, we have new opportunities for self-realisation and new ways to make a beneficial impact on the world.
- D) It is generally believed that this age will result in a collapsing of the barriers between the biological, digital, social, and physical domains.
- E) Some examples of these technologies are assistants that are activated by voice, facial recognition software, and digital sensors used in healthcare.

61. Many scientific studies have been carried out on colours since they play an important role in our daily lives. Studies have found that our breathing and blood pressure can change depending on the colours. ---- This shows that the power of the colours is different from each other. Considering this fact, interior designers give special importance to the colour element in their interior lighting arrangements.

- A) Besides, colour psychology has become a popular topic in marketing, design, and other fields.
- B) Colourology is still used today as a holistic or alternative treatment.
- C) Colour has a stronger sensory appeal and leaves a longer-lasting effect on the mind.
- D) "Colours, like features, follow the changes of the emotions." Pablo Picasso once remarked.
- E) For instance, blue is often described as peaceful and calm; green is associated with refreshment and peace.

62. Kutnu fabric weaving is a handicraft that has been practised in Anatolia for a long time and was once a significant source of livelihood in the region and still continues to be. It used to charm the people who wanted to dress attractively in Anatolia. Kutnu fabrics, woven since the Anatolian Seljuks, were also sewn as dresses for the Ottoman sultans. ---- It is, therefore, a sanitary fabric type as it does not contain any synthetic material. Because of its original features to the region, it was registered as a geographical product in 2015.
- A) The fabric, which had great importance in the past, is still used as a garment in some regions, although not as much as before.
- B) Despite the difficult and detailed processes in the production phase, unfortunately, it is no longer in demand, equivalent to its effort.
- C) Silk is dipped in various dyes many times to obtain unique colours and patterns which provide the fabric's speciality.
- D) The raw materials of kutnu fabrics, which express splendour, elegance, and aesthetics, are silk and cotton yarn.
- E) Decreased interest in local clothes in Anatolia, where the tradition is on the verge of disappearing, also reduces the number of kutnu weavers.

63. Tropical forests are divided into two types: production forests and protection forests. ---- These forests can be natural or planted. They appear substantially in the mild and frosty regions of North America, Europe, and Russia. Protection forests, on the other hand, are considered to be valuable not for harvested wood, but as shelters for animal and plant habitats.
- A) Protected areas make up nearly three hundred fifty million hectares of forest.
- B) Production forests are designated for production particularly harvested for wood.
- C) The study indicated that the plans are being followed by only 4 per cent.
- D) However, most oppose to making such a distinction between these forests.
- E) Forty-nine nations are members of the organisation.

64. - 69. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

64. In neuroscience, it is known that there are areas of the brain that deal specifically with language and even specialised regions that correspond to different parts of language processing, such as grammar or syntax.

- A) Beynin özellikle dille ilgilenen bölgelerinin yanı sıra, dil bilgisi veya söz dizimi gibi dil işlemenin farklı bölümlerine karşılık gelen özelleşmiş bölgelerinin olduğu sinir biliminde belirtilmektedir.
- B) Sinir biliminde, beynin özellikle dille ilgilenen bölgeleri ve hatta dil bilgisi veya söz dizimi gibi dil işlemenin farklı bölümlerine karşılık gelen özelleşmiş bölgelerinin olduğu bilinmektedir.
- C) Dil işlemenin farklı bölümlerine karşılık gelen dil bilgisi veya söz dizimi gibi özelleşmiş bölgelerin beynin özellikle dil edinimi ile ilgili bölgeleri olduğu sinir biliminde bilinmektedir.
- D) Sinir biliminde, dil işlemenin farklı bölümlerine karşılık gelen dil bilgisi veya söz dizimi gibi özelleşmiş bölgelerin beynin özellikle dille ilgilenen bölgeleri olduğu bilinmektedir.
- E) Bilindiği üzere sinir biliminde dili işlemek için kullanılan parçalardan dil bilgisi ve söz dizimi, beynin özellikle dille ilgilenen bölgelerinin farklı bölümlerine karşılık gelmektedir.

65. Aye-aye, with bulging eyes, big teeth, and long fingers, is a type of lemur that can be found exclusively in the jungles of Madagascar.

- A) Şişkin gözleri, büyük dişleri ve uzun parmakları olan aye-aye; Madagaskar ormanlarında yaşayan bir lemur türüdür.
- B) Aye-aye; şişkin gözleri, büyük dişleri ve uzun parmakları ile yalnızca Madagaskar ormanlarında bulunabilen bir lemur türüdür.
- C) Aye-aye; Madagaskar ormanlarında yaşayan, gözleri şişkin, dişleri büyük, parmakları uzun bir lemur türüdür.
- D) Bir lemur türü olan ve Madagaskar ormanlarında bulunan aye-ayenin şişkin gözleri, büyük dişleri ve uzun parmakları vardır.
- E) Madagaskar ormanlarında yaşayan ve bir lemur türü olan aye-aye; şişkin gözlere, büyük dişlere ve uzun parmaklara sahiptir.

66. A hiccup reflex is the sudden and involuntary contraction of the diaphragm muscle, which is located between the thoracic and abdominal cavities and separates them.

- A) Göğüs ve karın boşlukları arasında bulunan ve onları ayıran diyafram kası, hıçkırık refleksiyle aniden ve kontrolsüz bir şekilde kasılır.
- B) Diyafram kası göğüs ve karın boşlukları arasında bulunur ve ani ve istemsiz kasılması hıçkırık refleksini meydana getirir.
- C) Göğüs ve karın boşlukları arasında bulunan ve onları ayıran diyafram kasının ani ve istemsiz kasılması hıçkırık refleksini meydana getirir.
- D) Hıçkırık refleksi, göğüs ve karın boşlukları arasında bulunan ve onları ayıran diyafram kasının ani ve istemsiz kasılması sonucu oluşur.
- E) Hıçkırık refleksi, göğüs ve karın boşlukları arasında bulunan ve onları ayıran diyafram kasının ani ve istemsiz kasılmasıdır.

67. The world's largest known breeding fish colony is located 500 metres below the ice covering Antarctica's Weddell Sea, and it is approximately the size of Orlando.

- A) Dünyanın bilinen en büyük üreyen balık kolonisi, Antarktika'nın Weddell Denizi'ni kaplayan buzun 500 metre altında bulunur ve yaklaşık olarak Orlando büyüklüğündedir.
- B) Antarktika'nın Weddell Denizi, Orlando kadar büyük olmakla birlikte 500 metrelik bir buz katmanının altındadır ve dünyanın bilinen en büyük üreyen balık kolonisine ev sahipliği yapar.
- C) Yaklaşık olarak Orlando kadar büyük olan Antarktika'nın Weddell Denizi en büyük balık kolonisine ev sahipliği yapsa da buz kütleinin 500 metre altında yer almaktadır.
- D) Antarktika'nın Weddell Denizi'nde yaklaşık 500 metrelik bir buzulun altında dünyanın bilinen en büyük üreyen balık kolonisi bulunmaktadır ve bu koloninin kapladığı alan Orlando büyüklüğündedir.
- E) Dünyanın bilinen en büyük üreyen balık kolonisi, Orlando'daki Weddell Denizi'ni kaplayan buzun 500 metre altında bulunur ve yaklaşık olarak Antarktika büyüklüğündedir.

68. Cold-blooded animals lack an internal physiological mechanism to regulate their body temperature and instead rely on the temperature of their surroundings.

- A) Soğukkanlı hayvanların vücut sıcaklıklarını düzenlemek için içsel bir fizyolojik mekanizmaları olmadığı için çevrelerinin sıcaklığına bağlıdır.
- B) Vücut sıcaklıklarını düzenlemek için içsel bir fizyolojik mekanizmadan yoksun olan soğukkanlı hayvanların vücut ısısı çevrelerinin sıcaklığına bağlıdır.
- C) Soğukkanlı hayvanlar çevrelerindeki sıcaklığa bağlıdır çünkü vücut sıcaklıklarını düzenlemek için içsel bir fizyolojik mekanizmaları yoktur.
- D) Soğukkanlı hayvanların vücut sıcaklıklarını düzenlemek için içsel bir fizyolojik mekanizmaları olmasa da bu açığı çevrelerinin sıcaklığı ile kapatırlar.
- E) Soğukkanlı hayvanlar, vücut sıcaklıklarını düzenlemek için içsel bir fizyolojik mekanizmadan yoksundur ve bunun yerine çevrelerinin sıcaklığına bağlıdır.

69. The absence of scientific research funding and limited media attention are possible reasons for the lack of decisive progress on human-induced climate change.

- A) İnsan kaynaklı iklim değişikliği konusunda istikrarlı bir gelişme olmamasının muhtemel nedenleri arasında bilimsel araştırma fonlarının olmaması ve medyanın sınırlı ilgisi gösterilebilir.
- B) Bilimsel araştırma fonları ve medyadaki ilgi yetersiz olduğu için insan kaynaklı iklim değişikliği konusunda kararlı bir ilerleme kaydedilememiştir.
- C) Bilimsel araştırma fonlarının ve medyanın ilgisinin eksikliği, insan kaynaklı iklim değişikliği konusunda ilerleme olmasındaki muhtemel engellerdir.
- D) İnsan kaynaklı iklim değişikliğinin olası sebepleri, istikrarlı bir gelişme sağlanması için gereken bilimsel araştırma fonlarının eksikliği ve medyanın ilgisizliğidir.
- E) Bilimsel araştırma fonlarının olmaması ve medyanın sınırlı ilgisi, insan kaynaklı iklim değişikliği konusunda kararlı bir ilerleme olmayışının olası nedenleridir.

70. - 75. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

70. Modern insanın en büyük problemlerinden biri olan zaman yönetimi; insanların iş, eğitim veya kişisel hayatlarında yapacaklarını yetiştirmekte zorlanmasına yol açabiliyor.

- A) The inability of people to manage their time well can cause them to have problems in their business, educational, or personal lives.
- B) Time management is the problem that arises from not finishing what people do in their business, educational, or personal lives.
- C) The most critical problem of modern time management is that people have difficulties completing what they do in their business, educational, or personal lives.
- D) Time management, which is one of the biggest problems of contemporary people, can cause individuals to struggle in managing what they will do in their business, educational, or personal lives.
- E) The time management problem of people causes them not to be able to complete what they do in their modern business, educational, or personal lives.

71. 'Sibirya'nın Mavi Gözü' olarak da adlandırılan Baykal Gölü, 1642 metre derinliği ve 25 milyon yıllık yaşı nedeniyle dünyanın en derin ve en eski gölü olarak kabul ediliyor.

- A) As it is 1642 metres deep and has been there for 25 million years, Lake Baikal, also known as 'The Blue Eye of Siberia', is considered to be the deepest and oldest lake in the world.
- B) Known as 'The Blue Eye of Siberia' the world's deepest and oldest lake, Lake Baikal measures 1642 metres deep and has existed for 25 million years.
- C) Lake Baikal, commonly known as 'The Blue Eye of Siberia', was considered the deepest and oldest lake in the world, with a depth of 1642 metres and an age of 25 million years.
- D) Lake Baikal, also named 'The Blue Eye of Siberia', is regarded to be the deepest and oldest lake in the world due to its depth of 1642 metres and age of 25 million years.
- E) 'The Blue Eye of Siberia', better known as Lake Baikal, is thought to be the deepest and oldest lake in the world because it is 1642 metres deep and has been there for 25 million years.

72. İç Anadolu'da yer alan Kapadokya, nefes kesen panoramik manzarasıyla sıcak hava balonu gezilerinin en popüler destinasyonlarından biridir.

- A) Located in Central Anatolia, Cappadocia is one of the most popular destinations for hot air balloon rides, as it offers breathtaking panoramic views.
- B) Cappadocia, located in Central Anatolia, is one of the most popular destinations for hot air balloon rides, with breathtaking panoramic views.
- C) One of the most popular destinations for hot air balloon rides, Cappadocia, located in Central Anatolia, has breathtaking panoramic views.
- D) With its breathtaking panoramic views created by hot air balloons, Cappadocia, located in Central Anatolia, is one of the most popular destinations.
- E) Cappadocia, located in Central Anatolia, has always been the most popular destination for hot air balloon rides, and the panoramic views there are breathtaking.

73. Avustralya'nın endemik bir türü olan kızıl kanguru, yaşayan en büyük keseli hayvandır ve güçlü bacak kasları sayesinde tek sıçramada altı metrelik mesafeyi katedebilir.

- A) An endemic species of Australia, the red kangaroo, which is the largest living marsupial, can cover a distance of six metres in one leap due to its strong leg muscles.
- B) The red kangaroo, an endemic species of Australia, is the largest living marsupial and can cover a distance of six metres in one leap due to its strong leg muscles.
- C) As the largest living marsupial and an endemic species of Australia, the red kangaroo is capable of leaping six metres in a single jump due to its strong leg muscles.
- D) In one leap, the red kangaroo, which is unique to Australia, can cover a distance of six metres thanks to strong legs that make it possible for the animal to move quickly.
- E) The red kangaroo, the largest living marsupial, is an endemic species of Australia and is able to leap a distance of six metres due to its strong leg muscles.

74. 2000 yıllık bir Mısır evcil hayvan mezarlığında yeni keşfedilen kalıntıların yakın tarihli bir analizi, insanların tüylü dostlarına uzun zamandır baktıklarını gösteriyor.

- A) The newly discovered remains in a 2,000-year-old Egyptian pet cemetery have been analysed, and they reveal that people have long taken care of their furry pals.
- B) The analysis of recently uncovered remains in a 2,000-year-old Egyptian pet cemetery indicates that humanity has long taken care of their furry pals.
- C) A recent analysis of newly discovered remains in the grave of a 2,000-year-old pet in Egypt proves that people have long taken care of their furry pals.
- D) A recent analysis of newly discovered remains in a 2,000-year-old Egyptian pet cemetery indicates that people have long taken care of their furry pals.
- E) Recent remains unearthed in a 2,000-year-old Egyptian pet cemetery show that people have been caring for their pets for a long time.

75. Çocuklar ebeveynlerini taklit etmeyi sevdikleri için kitap okumayı kendi günlük rutinimize dâhil etmek, onların kitaplara ve okumaya olan ilgisini desteklemek için harika bir davranış modelidir.

- A) To encourage our children's love of books and reading, we should incorporate reading into our everyday routines as a behavioural model.
- B) Because kids prefer to imitate their parents, adding reading into our daily routine is a terrific way to encourage their passion for books and reading.
- C) As kids love to do what their parents do, reading every day is a great way to show them how to read and get them interested in books and reading.
- D) Since children love to imitate their parents, incorporating reading into our daily routine is a great behavioural model to support their interest in books and reading.
- E) Children enjoy imitating their parents, so making reading part of our daily routine is a good way to encourage our children to take an interest in books and to read.

76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) A new study has announced that nearly 15,000 years ago, traces of heat damage were found on the stones carved with artistic designs. (II) According to scientists, this means that a fire was lit very close to the rocks during the drawing, and its light was used. (III) In the research, simulations were made against the possibility of accidental formation of the traces, and according to the general results, the probability of being drawn by the fire was very strong. (IV) The tracks are thought to have been made using stone tools by the Magdalene people, an early hunter-gatherer culture dating back from 23,000 to 14,000. (V) The Magdalene period is seen as a booming period for prehistoric art, from cave art to the decoration of tools and weapons to the carving of stones and bones.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) Lagoons are shallow lakes connected to large bodies of water, such as the sea or ocean, or formed by breaking off from them. (II) As a crossing point between saltwater and freshwater bodies, lagoons are crucial ecosystems for the environment. (III) Conservation of wetlands such as lagoons and their plant and animal communities must be achieved through a combination of forward-thinking national policies and coordinated international action. (IV) They also have a vital role in providing food, shelter, and protection, particularly for young fish, birds, and other living things. (V) For this reason, many lagoons have been taken under protection by the RAMSAR Wetlands Protection Agreement.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) Biodiesel, a fuel made by esterifying fatty acids from vegetable oil, has some real advantages over conventional diesel fuel. (II) Fuels and lubricants made from vegetable oil will have a growing market as petroleum supplies diminish and environmental laws become more stringent. (III) It produces fewer pollutants such as particulates, carbon monoxide, and complex organic molecules, and because vegetable oils do not contain sulphur, there is no noxious sulphur dioxide in exhaust gases. (IV) In addition, biodiesel can run in existing engines with little modification. (V) Last but by no means least, biodiesel breaks down much faster than fuels made from petroleum, so spills do less damage to the environment.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) Although a limited number of languages, including Japanese, German, and French, dominate world science today, English is the most widely used language in the field. (II) It is possible that the linguistic insufficiency of English throughout the early modern period was to blame for the delay in the writing of scientific works in the English language. (III) This is not just because of the importance of English-speaking countries like the United States in scientific research; it is because non-English speaking scientists must write their research articles in English in order to be read by a global audience. (IV) Interestingly, this dominance is a relatively modern phenomenon, as prior to the 17th century, Latin served as the universal tongue that allowed European scholars to communicate across borders. (V) Since then, English has effectively stepped into that role, evolving from a regional language into an indispensable global standard that transcends national boundaries.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) The Gobi Desert, located in the north and northwest of China, is panoramically composed of rocks, stones, and sand but cannot offer favourable conditions for agricultural producers. (II) China has decided to turn the desert, which has an area of two million square kilometres, into the centre of renewable energy. (III) In the desert, which is covered with sand and pebbles in some places, the vegetation consists of thorny bushes and small grasses. (IV) The authorities started the project by establishing a solar field with a capacity of approximately 100 GW in the desert. (V) Even this generation capacity is sufficient to meet the electricity needs of, for example, all of Mexico.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



ORTAÖĞRETİM
GENEL MÜDÜRLÜĞÜ



YKS DENEMELERİ

YDT

İNGİLİZCE

11. DENEME



ADI VE SOYADI

OKUL ADI

ADAYIN İMZASI

ADAYIN DİKKATİNE!

1. Bu sınavda YDT soru dağılımları dikkate alınmıştır.
2. Deneme tam kapsam olup YDT konularının tamamını kapsamaktadır.
3. Bu sınav 80 soru içermektedir.

OGM
MATERYAL

Bu testlerin her hakkı saklıdır. Hangi amaçla olursa olsun, testlerin tamamının veya bir kısmının Millî Eğitim Bakanlığının yazılı izni olmadan kopya edilmesi, fotoğrafının çekilmesi, herhangi bir yolla çoğaltılması, yayımlanması ya da kullanılması yasaktır. Bu yasağa uymayanlar gerekli cezai sorumluluğu ve testlerin hazırlanmasındaki mali külfeti peşinen kabullenmiş sayılır.

AÇIKLAMA

1. Bu kitapçıkta **80 soru** bulunmaktadır.
2. Bu sınav için verilen cevaplama süresi **120 dakikadır (2 saat)**.
3. **Bu sınav puanlanırken doğru cevaplarınızın sayısından yanlış cevaplarınızın sayısının dörtte biri çıkarılacak ve kalan sayı bu test ile ilgili ham puanınız olacaktır.**
4. Kitapçığın sayfalarındaki boş yerleri müsvedde için kullanabilirsiniz.
5. Cevaplamaya istediğiniz sorudan başlayabilirsiniz. Bir soru ile ilgili cevabınızı, cevap kâğıdında o soru için ayrılmış olan yere işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.
6. Bu kitapçıkta yer alan her sorunun sadece bir doğru cevabı vardır. Cevap kâğıdında bir soru için birden çok cevap yeri işaretlenmişse o soru yanlış cevaplanmış sayılacaktır. İşaretlediğiniz bir cevabı değiştirmek istediğinizde silme işlemini çok iyi yapmanız gerektiğini unutmayınız.

1. - 15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. **Effective ---- of digital platforms is essential to stop the spread of false information in modern societies.**

A) speculation
B) treatment
C) distribution
D) regulation
E) reinforcement

2. **Many historical events that appear ---- in time actually have direct connections to current global conflicts.**

A) futile
B) distant
C) rapid
D) partial
E) implicit

3. **Some birds have been observed to mimic the cries of other species ---- to distract predators from their nests.**

A) intentionally
B) mutually
C) slightly
D) roughly
E) sincerely

4. **Research shows that coral reefs ---- fast when they are exposed to stressors such as pollution and overfishing.**

A) decline
B) fluctuate
C) persist
D) disperse
E) reside

5. **Tourists can usually ---- simple conversations with local people even without speaking the same language.**

A) give up
B) bring about
C) keep off
D) turn down
E) carry on

6. **Several endangered species ---- extinct by now if conservation programmes ---- in time.**

A) had gone / were not launched
B) would go / have not been launched
C) could have gone / had not been launched
D) will go / are not being launched
E) might have gone / will not be launched

7. People ---- how to cope with failure in a healthy and constructive way instead of ---- perfection at all costs.

- A) must learn / to chase
- B) should learn / chasing
- C) would learn / chase
- D) can learn / to be chasing
- E) could learn / having chased

8. Tesla coils are electrical devices ---- by Nikola Tesla ---- high-voltage, low-current electricity.

- A) designing / generating
- B) designed / to generate
- C) to design / to have generated
- D) being designed / generate
- E) design / to be generating

9. Scientists have detected microplastics ---- the deepest parts of the ocean and even ---- the bloodstream of humans.

- A) under / upon
- B) at / with
- C) from / between
- D) above / through
- E) in / within

10. The violin, like the piano, is capable ---- expressing complex emotions and is preferred especially ---- its wide range of pitch.

- A) in / about
- B) with / to
- C) on / at
- D) of / for
- E) from / by

11. Self-driving cars reduce human error; ----, they raise ethical questions about decision-making in emergencies.

- A) moreover
- B) similarly
- C) otherwise
- D) however
- E) therefore

12. Comprehensive knowledge of human anatomy must be mastered ---- surgical procedures can be performed.

- A) unless
- B) since
- C) before
- D) once
- E) in case

13. Not ---- pollutants originate from human activity, but ---- are closely linked to industrial processes and urbanisation.

- A) any / several
- B) many / both
- C) a lot of / none
- D) some / few
- E) all / most

14. Designing walkable city centres ---- decreases traffic congestion ---- promotes healthier, more active lifestyles.

- A) neither / nor
- B) as / as
- C) whether / or
- D) so / that
- E) both / and

15. Languages can be categorised ---- their grammatical structures, phonetics, vocabularies, and writing systems.

- A) in terms of
- B) instead of
- C) apart from
- D) in spite of
- E) similar to

16. - 20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Hot air balloons rely on basic principles of physics rather than engines or wings. They consist of three main components: the envelope, the basket, and a burner system that uses propane (16)---- the air. As the heated air becomes less dense than the cooler air outside, the balloon rises. (17)---- its lack of an engine or steering mechanism, the balloon can remain stable under suitable weather conditions. (18)---- pilots cannot steer directly, they can control their movement by adjusting altitude to catch different wind currents. Even so, horizontal navigation still remains (19)----. As a result, careful route planning and weather observation are fundamental (20)---- a safe and successful flight.

- 16. A) having heated
B) to heat
C) to have heated
D) heat
E) to be heating
- 17. A) In case of
B) Except for
C) Thanks to
D) Despite
E) As well as
- 18. A) Although
B) In case
C) Until
D) When
E) As long as
- 19. A) permanent
B) appropriate
C) restricted
D) precise
E) practical
- 20. A) by
B) in
C) for
D) of
E) with

21. - 28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. Although audiobooks allow people to enjoy stories while multitasking, ----.

- A) critics say subscription plans prioritise popular titles over new or lesser-known works
- B) streaming services make it easy to access narrated content
- C) the audiobook market continues to grow year by year
- D) some argue they make it harder to fully engage with the narrative
- E) audio quality has improved thanks to better technology

22. When swimmers practise in cold water, ----.

- A) they burn more calories to maintain body heat
- B) warm clothes can also protect them from harsh weather
- C) their shoes are made of water-resistant materials
- D) they gradually improve their resistance to high temperatures
- E) all turns must be done only with the right arm

23. Even though the ancient Egyptians are mostly known for their pyramids, ----.

- A) Egyptian society was organised around a ruler known as the pharaoh
- B) they developed along the Nile River, which provided water and fertile soil
- C) the construction of them showed remarkable planning and labour organisation
- D) skilled workers carved statues and painted tomb walls with scenes from daily life
- E) their contributions to mathematics and medicine were also significant

24. Since group work develops higher-order thinking skills in students, ----.

- A) instructors mainly give tasks meant for individual effort alone
- B) many schools add team-based exercises to their regular classes
- C) learners remember less information during shared activities
- D) teacher-centred lessons remain the usual approach worldwide
- E) competition increases noticeably among high-performing pupils

25. ----, some rare plant species may totally disappear from their natural habitats.

- A) As soon as scientists document environmental changes
- B) When volunteers clean up the walking trails
- C) Unless human activities causing habitat loss are reduced
- D) Though pollution continues to affect soil quality
- E) If local communities support environmental laws

26. Many airlines now charge extra for checked baggage, ----.

- A) although train stations require early ticket validation
- B) as passengers arrive at the airport at least two hours in advance
- C) while the number of gate agents has recently increased
- D) so passengers try to pack more into their carry-ons
- E) but window seats tend to be more comfortable

27. ----, their popularity is steadily increasing worldwide.

- A) As advances in battery technology have extended the range of electric vehicles
- B) Even if some electric cars can be charged at home using a standard power outlet
- C) Although electric vehicles operate efficiently using stored energy from rechargeable batteries
- D) Before engineers develop larger battery packs for electric vehicles
- E) Unless a higher-capacity battery allows a car to travel farther on a single charge

28. Relaxation techniques can considerably lower stress levels, ----.

- A) even if they promote calmness in both mind and body
- B) but busy schedules often prevent people from practising them
- C) as individuals should use them for better health
- D) though they reduce tension and improve mental clarity quickly
- E) so they are easy to learn with minimal effort

29. - 31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Traditional book lovers long believed that books needed physical pages to be truly meaningful. In recent years, however, e-readers and apps have transformed the reading and publishing experience. Some online platforms enable writers to share serialised stories directly with readers, **bypassing** publishers. This approach has turned unknowns into stars: Andy Weir's *The Martian*, for example, first appeared as free blog posts. As digital reading gains popularity, more people are discovering new authors and stories outside the traditional publishing world. Furthermore, digital formats enhance the reading experience with instant access, global reach, and personalised features that suit different preferences. Libraries lend e-books instantly, audiobooks allow readers to enjoy books anywhere, and adjustable text sizes support those with visual impairments, for instance. While paper books keep their charm, digital formats offer convenience and accessibility that appeal to a broader audience.

29. The underlined word 'bypassing' is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) following
- B) skipping
- C) criticising
- D) delaying
- E) supporting

30. It is stated in the passage that *The Martian* ----.

- A) became successful after gaining popularity on a free online platform
- B) was the first popular novel to be read through mobile apps
- C) was originally published by a well-known author as an e-book series
- D) was written with the help of digital platforms that created online stories
- E) was discovered by traditional publishers before gaining online popularity

31. Which of the following can be concluded from the passage about printed and digital books?

- A) Digital books are better than printed books in every way.
- B) Libraries now prioritise digital lending over physical collections.
- C) Each format offers unique benefits valued by different readers.
- D) Printed books are no longer preferred over digital ones by people with visual problems.
- E) Nowadays, printed books are considered less practical than their digital counterparts.

32. - 34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Before television, families used to gather around radios for nightly dramas—the ‘theatre of the mind’. Shows like *The Shadow* or *War of the Worlds* created vivid worlds through sound alone. By using coconut shells to mimic horse hooves or crumpled paper for crackling fire, sound artists cleverly built immersive scenes. Meanwhile, actors’ voices conveyed tension, romance, or comedy directly into homes, which transformed living rooms into front-row seats. For half an hour each night, entire neighbourhoods would pause to journey to these imaginary realms together. This shared experience became especially vital during the 1930s and 1940s, offering an escape from economic hardship and war news. That very phenomenon—people everywhere imagining the same story together—shows the power of simple storytelling. Unlike the passive screen viewing of today, radio made every listener a co-creator through active imagination.

32. The author uses the phrase ‘theatre of the mind’ to emphasise the ----.

- A) shared routine of families who gathered to hear programmes at the same hour each evening
- B) importance of sound effects that allowed actors to build each drama’s world
- C) central role of the listener’s imagination in picturing scenes described through sound
- D) limitation of tools that led sound artists to create effects for dramatic storytelling
- E) technical complexity of producing live radio stories back in the day

33. According to the passage, radio dramas became particularly significant during the 1930s–40s because they ----.

- A) offered critical updates about the ongoing war
- B) provided emotional relief from real-world struggles
- C) helped families save money on public events
- D) were the only affordable entertainment available
- E) allowed sound artists to improve their creative skills

34. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?

- A) Sound Effects in Radio Dramas
- B) A Short History of Voice Acting
- C) How Radios Spread Daily News
- D) Families Listening to the Radio
- E) The Power of Radio Stories

35. - 37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Several bridge accidents throughout history have exposed critical flaws in the design and construction of bridges. One of the most well-known examples is the Tacoma Narrows Bridge, which collapsed in 1940—after strong winds caused it to twist violently. This failure revealed that engineers had not fully considered the impact of wind on long, flexible structures, leading to improved testing methods during the planning phase. Another example is the Millennium Bridge in London, which began to sway unexpectedly when large crowds crossed it shortly after its opening in 2000. Although it did not collapse, it had to be temporarily closed and modified to enhance its stability. These incidents provided engineers with valuable insights into how natural forces and human activity affect bridge performance. Today, bridge design involves more detailed planning, advanced testing, and continuous monitoring to minimise the risk of structural failure.

35. It is pointed out in the passage that bridges ----.

- A) do not need regular maintenance after the construction is completed
- B) are mostly unsafe regardless of modern architectural methods
- C) have sometimes failed in the past due to various reasons
- D) were strengthened only after serious accidents occurred
- E) can be dangerous only when there are too many people on them

36. According to the passage, the Tacoma Narrows and Millennium Bridges illustrate that ----.

- A) poor construction materials are the main cause of most bridge failures
- B) human movement and natural forces significantly affect bridge stability
- C) engineers should avoid building bridges over water to prevent damage
- D) bridges built before the 21st century are more likely to fail
- E) pedestrians have little to no impact on the durability of bridges

37. What can be inferred about the evolution of bridge design from the passage?

- A) The use of modern materials has made bridges safer over time.
- B) New engineering insights and government policies have modernised bridges.
- C) Changes in bridge design are mostly about making them look more appealing.
- D) Past failures have helped improve how engineers plan and test bridges today.
- E) Design flaws in bridges have delayed the advances in engineering practices.

38. - 40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The Panopticon is a prison design proposed in the 18th century by the English philosopher Jeremy Bentham. Its architecture features a central watchtower surrounded by cells arranged in a circle, allowing one guard to observe all prisoners. The prisoners do not know whether they are being watched at any given moment. This uncertainty causes prisoners to restrain themselves, resulting in a powerful form of internalised control. French thinker Michel Foucault later adopted the Panopticon as a metaphor for modern society, where surveillance no longer relies on physical presence but operates through social norms, institutions, and technology. In today's world, people are constantly monitored through cameras, apps, and online platforms, often changing their behaviour under the impression that they are being observed. This has led scholars to describe modern society as a 'digital panopticon' where control is subtle but deeply rooted in everyday life.

38. What causes the prisoners in the Panopticon to change their behaviour?

- A) Their lack of communication with other people
- B) Their awareness that they can escape observation at certain times
- C) The clear presence of multiple guards surrounding the prison
- D) The inflexible daily routines enforced by institutional rules
- E) The fear that they could be watched at anytime

39. It can be inferred from the passage that modern surveillance ----.

- A) is more visible and aggressive than in the past
- B) allows citizens to control public spaces freely
- C) functions through indirect and invisible means
- D) protects people from psychological manipulation
- E) removes the need for law and social norms

40. Which of the following best summarises the main idea of the passage?

- A) The main purpose of the Panopticon was to reduce the number of guards.
- B) Surveillance has shifted to a more internalised mechanism in modern life.
- C) Many thinkers believed that punishment should be public and visible.
- D) Modern surveillance has no psychological impact on individuals.
- E) Bentham's prison design influenced modern prison architecture around the world.

41. - 43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Every year, vast amounts of plastic waste pollute the world's oceans, threatening marine life and ecosystems. To combat this growing problem, engineers have developed ocean-cleaning robots. These autonomous machines use sensors and mechanical arms to detect and clear away plastic debris floating in the water. Since many of them run on solar power, their operation is environmentally friendly and sustainable. These robots mainly work near coastal areas, especially around ports and rivers with plastic build-up. Field tests have shown that they can collect several tonnes of waste in a short time. Although they cannot completely solve the issue of ocean plastic alone, these robots represent an important advancement in the fight against marine pollution. Experts suggest that combining this technology with efforts to reduce plastic production will help protect oceans for future generations.

41. According to the passage, ocean-cleaning robots ----.

- A) are especially effective in areas where plastic waste collects
- B) rely completely on solar energy for their power needs
- C) have not yet been tested in real-life environments
- D) remove plastic from the deep ocean floor in a time-consuming manner
- E) may sometimes not differentiate between plastic and marine organisms

42. It can be understood from the passage that ----.

- A) the success of ocean-cleaning robots depends only on technological improvements
- B) a single solution is not enough to fully eliminate marine plastic waste
- C) using eco-friendly machines is not a priority in environmental projects
- D) plastic pollution in oceans has decreased due to robot use
- E) the use of such robots will likely be limited to research projects only

43. What is the main purpose of the author?

- A) To compare different types of ocean-cleaning robots
- B) To criticise engineers for not doing enough to protect marine life
- C) To highlight the financial costs of ocean-cleaning technologies
- D) To describe the dangers of plastic for marine species in detail
- E) To explain how ocean-cleaning robots contribute to solving marine pollution

44. - 48. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

44. Visitor:

- I really enjoyed the archaeological exhibits. They were so detailed and well presented.

Museum Guide:

– ----

Visitor:

- Yes, I found the section on ancient trade routes especially interesting.

Museum Guide:

- That's one of our most popular displays, especially with history enthusiasts.

- A) Have you seen anything like this before?
- B) Are you planning to see the upstairs galleries?
- C) Did any particular part stand out for you?
- D) Would you like me to recommend another section?
- E) Was the museum entrance hard to locate?

45. Jenny:

- Do you know how autonomous vehicles detect the road and other vehicles?

Max:

- They use a combination of cameras, radar systems, and lasers to create a detailed map of their surroundings in real time.

Jenny:

– ----

Max:

- They're improving, but they still need lots of testing to be completely safe.

- A) Are they reliable enough to handle unexpected situations?
- B) Do they really travel long distances without using much energy?
- C) Are they monitored remotely while operating on the roads?
- D) Can they really move without an additional power source?
- E) Do they have systems for communicating with other vehicles?

46. Murat:

- I was surprised to learn that Beethoven continued composing music even after he lost his hearing.

Freya:

– ----

Murat:

- Yes, it's incredible how he managed to create such masterpieces without being able to hear.

Freya:

- His dedication is truly inspiring for all artists.

- A) Do you often listen to classical music?
B) I prefer Schubert's compositions to Beethoven's.
C) Does his music still appeal to people today?
D) I didn't know he composed so many symphonies.
E) It's amazing that it didn't affect his artistic ability.

47. John:

- I heard drinking coffee can cause dehydration. Is that true?

Martin:

- Yes, coffee is a mild diuretic, but moderate consumption doesn't affect most people. So, don't worry if you're only having a few cups a day, and remember to stay hydrated throughout the day.

John:

– ----

Martin:

- Good idea. Don't forget: balance is the key.

- A) Maybe I can drink extra water for every cup of coffee.
B) Drinking coffee increases urine output considerably.
C) What amount of coffee is considered moderate?
D) Should I completely avoid drinking coffee, then?
E) I think tea is better than coffee for a smoother skin.

48. Annie:

- We're going to that open-air night cinema by the lake this Saturday. You should definitely come!

Jill:

– ----

Annie:

- Oh, come on! It'll be a fun break from all the schoolwork.

Jill:

- I really wish I could, but I have a huge assignment due on Monday.

- A) What film are they showing this time?
B) I'd love to, but I've already made plans to study all weekend.
C) Sure, I've been meaning to go there for a long time.
D) I wish I could. Work has been very busy lately, so I can't take a break.
E) Do we need to bring our own chairs, or are they provided?

49. - 53. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

49. Bronze was a metal alloy that revolutionised toolmaking but remained too expensive for most farmers.

- A) Bronze became popular among farmers, even though it failed to improve toolmaking.
B) While bronze led to much better tools, it was not a material most farmers could afford.
C) Bronze was a useful metal that helped farmers by providing cheap and durable tools.
D) Although bronze was widely used, it did not bring major changes to farming tools.
E) Bronze was a metal that changed toolmaking but was rarely used by farmers.

50. Among books borrowed from public libraries, mystery novels top the list, with science fiction coming second.

- A) Mystery novels are borrowed very often, but science fiction books are borrowed more.
- B) Recent trends show science fiction becoming the second most borrowed genre after mysteries.
- C) Science fiction and mystery novels are equally popular according to public library lending statistics.
- D) In comparison to science fiction borrowed from public libraries, mystery novels rank second.
- E) The frequency of borrowing science fiction books from public libraries is second only to mystery novels.

51. Although mastodons and mammoths belonged to the elephant family, there were clear distinctions, such as in body shape.

- A) It may seem that mastodons and mammoths, members of the elephant family, looked alike, but their body structures differed.
- B) Mastodons and mammoths both belonged to the elephant family; however, their physical appearances were not identical.
- C) Mastodons and mammoths were both members of the elephant family, but they had obvious differences, like their physical structure.
- D) Even though they had clear differences, especially in their body shapes, mastodons and mammoths were related to elephants.
- E) Mastodons and mammoths were classified in the elephant family, yet their body structures were evidently not the same.

52. The Blue Mosque is not just a place of worship but a masterpiece of Ottoman architecture and a major tourist attraction.

- A) The Blue Mosque is a well-known tourist attraction, but it is actually a religious site and a remarkable example of Ottoman architecture.
- B) Once used for worship by the Ottomans, the Blue Mosque is now a famous historical monument frequently visited by tourists.
- C) The Blue Mosque is mostly popular among locals for its religious services; however, it also appeals to tourists for its architectural beauty.
- D) Far more than a religious site, the Blue Mosque is both a stunning symbol of Ottoman architecture and a popular tourist spot.
- E) The Blue Mosque mainly serves as a religious centre, but its architectural design is admired worldwide and attracts many tourists.

53. While some inventions are simple in design, they can have a significant impact on how people live and work.

- A) Simply designed inventions can greatly improve working conditions as well as everyday life.
- B) Some inventions seem to have a basic structure, but they can strongly influence the way people live and do their jobs.
- C) Unless an invention has a simple design, it cannot have any important effect on daily routines.
- D) Simplicity in design often prevents inventions from influencing the way people live or work.
- E) As some inventions are basic, they are not thought to affect people's day-to-day routines or professional lives.

54. - 58. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

54. You have visited your doctor for chronic fatigue. The doctor believes that it is stress-related, but you suspect an underlying condition. You disagree with the diagnosis and politely say: ----

- A) Your clinic's old equipment explains why tests haven't found the real issue.
- B) You keep ignoring my symptoms, so I'll find a doctor who actually listens.
- C) I value your opinion, but I'm concerned something else might be causing this.
- D) Honestly, I'd rather rest at home than chase more confusing medical theories.
- E) This diagnosis seems rushed; I've read about serious illnesses with similar symptoms.

55. You are watching a play at the theatre. The person next to you takes out his phone and starts using it, even after the clear announcement at the beginning. To point out the theatre rules, you harshly say: ----

- A) It's against the rules to take any photos until after the play is over.
- B) Well, thank you for ruining the performance with your interruptions.
- C) Could you lower your phone's brightness? It's annoying.
- D) You shouldn't use your phone during the play. Put it away.
- E) If you want to use your phone, going somewhere else might be better.

56. You are playing a board game with your friends. One of them is being overly competitive and taking the game far too seriously. To lighten the mood and remind your friend to have fun, you say: ----

- A) It's just a game. Let's try to have a good time together.
- B) If you can't cope with losing, maybe you should quit now.
- C) You're not trying hard enough; focus or you'll lose again.
- D) Forget fun! Victory is the only thing that counts tonight.
- E) You should probably read the rule book again before playing.

57. Your cousin is planning to take part in an excavation at an ancient Roman site as part of a university summer programme. You know that it is exciting but also physically demanding and slow-paced. In order to set realistic expectations, you say: ----

- A) That sounds boring. All you do is stare at dirt for hours.
- B) Make sure to take selfies with every broken piece you find.
- C) You won't need to do much work; the team does almost everything for you.
- D) Just remember that archaeological work takes patience.
- E) You'll probably discover something incredible within the first hour.

58. As you are entering your apartment building, you see an elderly neighbour trying to carry several heavy shopping bags up a flight of stairs. She is clearly having difficulty, so you approach and kindly say: ----

- A) You really shouldn't buy so much if you can't carry it.
- B) Let me help you with those—they look like a bit of a struggle.
- C) Maybe someone else will come and help you soon.
- D) Why didn't you ask anyone to help you carry these bags before?
- E) I'd help you, but I'm in a bit of a hurry myself right now.

59. - 63. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

59. ---- Conservationists have raised concerns about the drastic drop in tiger numbers in Southeast Asia. These animals face threats such as poaching and loss of forest habitat. Urgent measures, particularly stronger anti-poaching efforts, are needed to prevent their extinction.

- A) Some tigers enter villages in search of food after losing their forest habitat.
- B) In some cultures, tiger bones are still used in traditional medicine despite legal bans.
- C) Tigers in the wild often hunt alone and mark large areas as their territory.
- D) A new report shows that tiger populations have fallen sharply in recent years.
- E) Captive breeding programmes in some countries have helped increase tiger births.

60. Street food is an important element of life in many countries. In Mexico, for example, vendors serve tacos with fresh salsa, and in Türkiye, passers-by buy *simit* from street stalls. ---- In this way, it becomes more than just food; it represents a sense of community and cultural identity.

- A) Therefore, vendors generally use seasonal ingredients, so the menu can change accordingly.
- B) However, local authorities set rules for street vendors to ensure cleanliness and public safety.
- C) Moreover, street food often turns streets into social spaces where people gather, talk, and share a meal.
- D) For example, a single food stall can support an entire family, making it a vital source of income.
- E) In fact, street food provides affordable and quick meals that fit into many people's busy daily routines.

61. Vertical farming uses stacked layers of crops in controlled environments. It allows for year-round farming with less land, water, and pesticide use. It has already proved successful in urban centres like Singapore and Tokyo, where space is limited. ---- As cities grow denser, vertical farming may be the key to feeding future populations in a sustainable and local way.

- A) These indoor farms require no artificial lighting and depend entirely on sunlight.
- B) This technique was first developed for use in Arctic regions where soil is frozen.
- C) In many rural areas, traditional farming is still more efficient and profitable.
- D) The biggest challenge with vertical farming is the need for genetically modified crops.
- E) By being close to consumers, it reduces transport costs and environmental impact.

62. Rosemary is a herb traditionally used in cooking and medicine, but recent studies have revealed its potential cognitive benefits. Compounds in rosemary, particularly 1,8-cineole, are believed to interact with brain chemicals that affect memory and focus. ---- This finding has led to growing interest in the use of rosemary in aromatherapy and natural methods aimed at improving mental performance.

- A) In fact, one study found that students performed better on memory tests upon smelling rosemary oil.
- B) Although some doctors claim the opposite, many students keep its oil on their desks while studying.
- C) Its effectiveness in dealing with digestive problems is still being debated by some doctors.
- D) However, unlike mint or basil, rosemary requires more sunlight and drier soil conditions.
- E) Scents like lavender have no real effect on brain activity, according to other studies.

63. Though literary tastes have changed greatly over the centuries, certain works continue to connect with readers across generations. These classics, whether ancient epics or 19th-century novels, speak to enduring human experiences like love, loss, ambition, and injustice. ---- Thus, they are still taught in schools, adapted into films, and referenced in modern culture.

- A) Some readers, however, find the language and themes of these older works difficult to relate to.
- B) Literary critics often disagree about which texts deserve to be considered 'timeless'.
- C) The universal themes they explore give them a relevance that goes beyond the time and place in which they were written.
- D) Teachers often struggle to make such texts appealing to students who are more accustomed to digital media.
- E) Writers from different cultures have contributed to a growing global collection of literature over time.

64. - 69. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

64. The aim of Inca terrace farming was to expand cultivable land in the mountains by creating stepped fields.

- A) İnka taraça tarımının amacı, basamaklı tarlalar oluşturarak dağlardaki ekilebilir araziye genişletmekti.
- B) İnka taraça tarımıyla dağlardaki ekilebilir araziye genişletmek amacıyla basamaklı tarlalar oluşturulmuştu.
- C) İnka taraça tarımının amacı, basamaklandırılmış tarlalar oluşturmak ve dağlardaki ekilebilir araziye genişletmekti.
- D) Basamaklandırılmış tarlalar oluşturarak dağlardaki ekilebilir araziye genişletmek, İnka taraça tarımının amacıydı.
- E) İnka taraça tarımı, dağlardaki ekilebilir araziye genişletmek için basamaklı tarlalar oluşturmayı amaçlamıştı.

65. Tabletop role-playing games are usually played face to face, but they can also be played online through virtual platforms.

- A) Masaüstü rol yapma oyunları genellikle yüz yüze oynanır fakat bazı sanal platformlar aracılığıyla çevrim içi olarak da oynanabilir.
- B) Masaüstü rol yapma oyunları çoğunlukla yüz yüze oynansa da sanal platformlar sayesinde çevrim içi olarak da oynanabilir.
- C) Masaüstü rol yapma oyunları genellikle yüz yüze oynanır ancak sanal platformlar aracılığıyla çevrim içi olarak da oynanabilir.
- D) Genellikle yüz yüze oynanan masaüstü rol yapma oyunları, sanal platformlar aracılığıyla çevrim içi olarak da oynanabilmektedir.
- E) Sanal platformlar aracılığıyla çevrim içi olarak da oynanabilmesine rağmen masaüstü rol yapma oyunları, çoğunlukla yüz yüze oynanır.

66. When people mask their emotional distress with humour, detecting the symptoms of depression can be quite challenging.

- A) Kişiler, duygusal sıkıntılarını mizahla maskelediklerinden depresyon belirtilerini tespit etmek oldukça zor olabilir.
- B) Kişiler, duygusal sıkıntılarını mizahla maskelediklerinde, depresyon belirtilerinin tespiti oldukça güç hâle gelir.
- C) Mizahla maskelenen duygusal sıkıntılar, kişilerin depresyon belirtilerinin tespit edilmesini fazlasıyla güçleştirebilir.
- D) Kişiler, duygusal sıkıntılarını mizahla maskelediklerinde, depresyon belirtilerini tespit etmek oldukça zor olabilir.
- E) Duygusal sıkıntılarını mizahla maskeleyen kişilerdeki depresyon belirtilerini tespit etmek oldukça zor olabilir.

67. Passengers affected by flight delays have rights such as compensation, assistance, and rebooking depending on airline companies.

- A) Yolcular uçuş gecikmelerinden etkilenebilir; bu yüzden bazı havayolu şirketleri tazminat, yardım ve yeniden rezervasyon gibi haklar verir.
- B) Uçuş gecikmelerinden etkilenen yolcular, havayolu şirketlerine bağlı olarak tazminat, yardım ve yeniden rezervasyon gibi haklara sahiptir.
- C) Yolcular uçuş gecikmelerinden etkilendikleri için havayolu şirketleri tazminat, yardım ve yeniden rezervasyon hakkı gibi seçenekler sunar.
- D) Yolcular, uçuşları geciktiği takdirde, havayolu şirketleri tarafından sunulan tazminat, yardım ve yeniden rezervasyon hizmetlerinden yararlanırlar.
- E) Uçuşları geciken yolcular, tazminatın yanı sıra havayolu şirketlerine göre değişen yardım ve yeniden rezervasyon gibi haklara da sahiptir.

68. Before microscopes were invented, scientists were unable to observe microorganisms, which limited their knowledge of biology.

- A) Mikroskopların icat edilmesinden önce bilim insanları mikroorganizmaları gözlemleyemediği için biyoloji bilgileri sınırlıydı.
- B) Mikroskoplar icat edilmeden önce bilim insanlarının biyolojiye dair bilgileri sınırlıydı; çünkü mikroorganizmaları inceleyemiyorlardı.
- C) Mikroskoplar icat edilmeden önce bilim insanlarının mikroorganizmaları inceleme imkânı yoktu ve biyoloji bilgileri sınırlıydı.
- D) Mikroorganizmaları gözlemek için kullanılan mikroskoplar icat edilmeden önce bilim insanlarının biyoloji bilgisi sınırlıydı.
- E) Mikroskoplar icat edilmeden önce bilim insanları mikroorganizmaları gözlemleyemiyordu, ki bu da biyoloji bilgilerini sınırlıyordu.

69. Aloe vera, which contains a gel with healing and soothing properties in its thick leaves, is a plant used in skincare and medicine.

- A) Aloe vera, içerdiği jel sayesinde cilt bakımı ve tıp gibi alanlarda iyileştirici ve yatıştırıcı olarak kullanılan kalın yapraklı bir bitkidir.
- B) Aloe veranın kalın yapraklarında barındırdığı jel, iyileştirici ve yatıştırıcı etkilerinden dolayı cilt bakımı ve tıpta kullanılır.
- C) Kalın yapraklarında iyileştirici ve yatıştırıcı bir jel bulunan aloe vera, sadece cilt bakımı için değil aynı zamanda tıp alanında da kullanılır.
- D) Kalın yapraklarında iyileştirici ve yatıştırıcı özellikleri olan bir jel bulunan aloe vera, cilt bakımı ve tıp alanlarında kullanılan bir bitkidir.
- E) Kalın yapraklı bir bitki olan aloe vera, içerdiği jelin iyileştirici ve yatıştırıcı olmasından dolayı cilt bakımı ve tıp gibi alanlarda kullanılır.

70. - 75. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

70. İnsan beyni vücut ağırlığının yalnızca ortalama %2'sini oluşturmalarına rağmen, vücut enerjisinin yaklaşık %20'sini tüketir.

- A) Though the human brain is only 2% of the body's total weight, it burns more than 20% of the calories in the body.
- B) Although the human brain accounts for only about 2% of body weight on average, it consumes nearly 20% of the body's energy.
- C) The brain, accounting for only about 2% of the human body, uses 20% of the energy to function.
- D) The brain consumes nearly 20% of the body's energy despite weighing less than 2% of body weight.
- E) The brain makes up only 2% of body weight, but it consumes approximately one-fifth of the body's total energy.

71. Sanat tarihinde birçok eser insan figürünü idealize ederken *Çılgılık*, çarpıtılmış bir yüz ile korkuyu ön plana çıkararak tam tersini yapar.

- A) While many works in art history idealise the human figure, *The Scream* does the opposite by highlighting fear through a distorted face.
- B) Unlike numerous artworks that portray the human form in an idealised way, *The Scream* emphasises fear through a twisted expression.
- C) Whereas most artworks in history present the human in a perfect form, *The Scream* conveys fear through a grotesque face.
- D) Although countless pieces in art history idealise humans, *The Scream* stands out by using a deformed face to express pure fear.
- E) Though idealised depictions of the human figure dominate art history, *The Scream* does the opposite to express fear with distortion.

72. Bazı profesyonel satranç oyuncularını yoğun turnuvalarda kilo kaybeder çünkü zihinsel çaba metabolizmayı hızlandırabilir.

- A) Since mental strain can increase metabolic rate, almost all professional chess players lose weight during challenging tournaments.
- B) Some chess professionals may lose weight in intense competitions due to the boosting effect of mental effort on metabolism.
- C) The intense activity in tournaments can lead to weight loss in some professional chess players because it accelerates metabolism.
- D) Mental effort often raises metabolism, which is why professional chess players lose weight during demanding tournaments.
- E) Some professional chess players lose weight during intense tournaments because mental effort can speed up metabolism.

73. İpek Yolu yüzyıllar boyunca Asya ile Avrupa arasında hem ticaretin hem de kültürel etkileşimin merkeziydi.

- A) The Silk Road was the centre of both trade and cultural exchange between Asia and Europe for centuries.
- B) For many centuries, trade and culture moved between Asia and Europe through the Silk Road.
- C) The Silk Road became a major centre where both trade and cultural exchange took place between Asia and Europe.
- D) Trade and culture grew significantly in Asia and Europe because of the Silk Road in the past.
- E) The Silk Road brought Asia and Europe closer together by supporting trade and cultural exchange centuries ago.

74. Gelişen teknoloji, insanların birçok işi evden yapmasına ve daha esnek yaşamlar benimsemesine olanak tanımaktadır.

- A) Advancing technology enables people to adopt flexible lifestyles, as they can do most tasks from home.
- B) Technology is advancing, so people can stay home and still manage their daily tasks flexibly.
- C) Advancing technology allows people to do many tasks from home and adopt more flexible lifestyles.
- D) Thanks to new technology, people now work from home and live more flexible lifestyles.
- E) The rise of technology has helped people work from home and lead more independent, flexible lives.

75. Atmosferdeki karbondioksit seviyesinin artması, okyanusların daha asidik hâle gelmesine neden olur.

- A) The oceans are becoming more acidic as a consequence of the increase in the level of atmospheric carbon dioxide.
- B) Carbon dioxide levels in the atmosphere are increasing, which leads the oceans to become more acidic.
- C) The increase in the level of atmospheric carbon dioxide negatively affects oceans by causing acidification.
- D) A more acidic ocean is the result of growing carbon dioxide levels in the earth's atmosphere.
- E) The increase in the level of atmospheric carbon dioxide causes the oceans to become more acidic.

76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) Satellites are machines that are launched into space to collect data. (II) Weather satellites, for example, take pictures of clouds and storms from above the Earth. (III) These images help meteorologists predict rain or dangerous weather patterns. (IV) Some of them are designed to remain in orbit for decades before they stop working. (V) By analysing weather satellite data, timely warnings can be made in real time.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) Many tourists enjoy taking scenic boat tours to explore coastal cities and ports. (II) Historic landmarks, such as castles and palaces, attract millions of visitors every year. (III) These iconic sites offer a glimpse into the culture and history of a region. (IV) For instance, guided tours of castles often explain their strategic roles in historic battles and royal events. (V) Such tours allow tourists to connect with and experience the past in an authentic setting.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) Mysophobia is an intense fear of germs that can affect a person's daily life. (II) Controlled exposure to germs can strengthen the immune system over time. (III) People who experience this often worry that touching certain objects might make them ill. (IV) Because of this, they feel an urge to wash their hands repeatedly or avoid places they believe are unsafe. (V) Eventually, this fear can limit their social activities and make ordinary tasks, such as shopping or travelling, seem overwhelming.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) Not all great poetry relies on elaborate language; sometimes, it is what is not said that carries the deepest weight. (II) Poets like Emily Dickinson used pauses, dashes, and fragmentation to create an atmosphere of mystery and restraint. (III) Her brief, often cryptic poems invite readers to interpret meaning rather than passively receive it. (IV) Only a handful of her poems were published during her lifetime. (V) In this way, silence becomes a tool as expressive as any rhyme or metaphor.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) Music can dramatically alter your emotional state while gaming. (II) Fast-paced tracks tend to raise adrenaline levels and make gameplay feel more intense. (III) In contrast, calming background music can enhance focus during strategy or puzzle games. (IV) The first experimental use of background music in games dates back to the early 1980s arcade machines. (V) The right soundtrack can shape a player's mood and even affect how they perceive the game's pace or difficulty.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



ORTAÖĞRETİM
GENEL MÜDÜRLÜĞÜ



YKS DENEMELERİ

YDT

İNGİLİZCE

12. DENEME



ADI VE SOYADI

OKUL ADI

ADAYIN İMZASI

ADAYIN DİKKATİNE!

1. Bu sınavda YDT soru dağılımları dikkate alınmıştır.
2. Deneme tam kapsam olup YDT konularının tamamını kapsamaktadır.
3. Bu sınav 80 soru içermektedir.

OGM
MATERYAL

Bu testlerin her hakkı saklıdır. Hangi amaçla olursa olsun, testlerin tamamının veya bir kısmının Millî Eğitim Bakanlığının yazılı izni olmadan kopya edilmesi, fotoğrafının çekilmesi, herhangi bir yolla çoğaltılması, yayımlanması ya da kullanılması yasaktır. Bu yasağa uymayanlar gerekli cezai sorumluluğu ve testlerin hazırlanmasındaki mali külfeti peşinen kabullenmiş sayılır.

AÇIKLAMA

1. Bu kitapçıkta **80 soru** bulunmaktadır.
2. Bu sınav için verilen cevaplama süresi **120 dakikadır (2 saat)**.
3. **Bu sınav puanlanırken doğru cevaplarınızın sayısından yanlış cevaplarınızın sayısının dörtte biri çıkarılacak ve kalan sayı bu test ile ilgili ham puanınız olacaktır.**
4. Kitapçığın sayfalarındaki boş yerleri müsvedde için kullanabilirsiniz.
5. Cevaplamaya istediğiniz sorudan başlayabilirsiniz. Bir soru ile ilgili cevabınızı, cevap kâğıdında o soru için ayrılmış olan yere işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.
6. Bu kitapçıkta yer alan her sorunun sadece bir doğru cevabı vardır. Cevap kâğıdında bir soru için birden çok cevap yeri işaretlenmişse o soru yanlış cevaplanmış sayılacaktır. İşaretlediğiniz bir cevabı değiştirmek istediğinizde silme işlemini çok iyi yapmanız gerektiğini unutmayınız.

1. - 15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. **Following the death of Queen Elizabeth I in 1603, the ---- of James VI of Scotland to the English throne united the two kingdoms.**
 - A) succession
 - B) ancestry
 - C) conquest
 - D) migration
 - E) sacrifice
2. **Many health experts warn that online gaming can become highly ---- for teenagers, especially when used to escape real-life problems.**
 - A) hostile
 - B) tolerant
 - C) controversial
 - D) addictive
 - E) reluctant
3. **Amusement parks must ---- follow height requirements and safety rules to prevent accidents among visitors.**
 - A) briefly
 - B) merely
 - C) hardly
 - D) boldly
 - E) strictly
4. **Modern architects often ---- traditional aesthetic conventions in favour of sustainability to comply with environmental regulations.**
 - A) declare
 - B) abandon
 - C) confuse
 - D) trigger
 - E) alleviate
5. **As the population ages, it is essential that communities ---- effective solutions to keep the elderly active and socially engaged.**
 - A) look forward to
 - B) cut down on
 - C) get away from
 - D) run out of
 - E) come up with
6. **Learning a local language ---- travel experiences, but thanks to mobile apps, much of the effort needed to communicate abroad ---- recently.**
 - A) enhances / has been reduced
 - B) has enhanced / is reduced
 - C) enhanced / had been reduced
 - D) had enhanced / was reduced
 - E) has been enhancing / is being reduced

7. **Robots ---- to assist with tasks, like data analysis, that are intended ---- by specialists with advanced technical skills.**

- A) should be programmed / to do
- B) may be programmed / to be doing
- C) could be programmed / doing
- D) can be programmed / to be done
- E) might be programmed / being done

8. **---- natural sweeteners like honey or maple syrup is a common practice among those ---- whole-food diets.**

- A) To opt for / having followed
- B) To have opted for / to be followed
- C) Having opted for / to follow
- D) To be opting for / being followed
- E) Opting for / following

9. **Fairy tales reflect the values and fears of a culture ---- presenting moral and cautionary lessons ---- fantastical narratives.**

- A) of / beneath
- B) with / among
- C) by / through
- D) as / between
- E) for / towards

10. **Seats in a cinema are often arranged ---- stepped rows to give every spectator a clear view ---- the screen.**

- A) by / into
- B) to / up
- C) near / for
- D) on / at
- E) in / of

11. **A number of devices were created by chance; ----, the microwave was invented when chocolate melted in a scientist's pocket.**

- A) as a result
- B) for example
- C) meanwhile
- D) otherwise
- E) in addition

12. **People may not realise the importance of non-verbal expressions ---- they observe how their body language affects communication.**

- A) until
- B) since
- C) in case
- D) after
- E) when

13. ---- soils contain organic matter that increases fertility, but ---- contamination from industrial waste, however small, can lower their quality.

- A) Both / a little
- B) Few / much
- C) Many / no
- D) Enough / all
- E) Some / any

14. Preservation policies should focus ---- on safeguarding artefacts ---- on educating local communities about their significance.

- A) whether / or
- B) as / as
- C) not only / but also
- D) such / that
- E) neither / nor

15. Specialists use advanced imaging techniques ---- magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) to diagnose internal medical conditions.

- A) thanks to
- B) in terms of
- C) such as
- D) despite
- E) in case of

16. - 20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Decades of illegal hunting and habitat destruction have pushed Costa Rica's sea turtles to the edge of extinction. Even without human interference, survival is a challenge: many baby turtles are eaten by predators (16)---- reaching the ocean. To combat this, conservationists race to protect each new generation. During mass nesting events, volunteers work overnight to move (17)---- eggs to hatcheries to improve their chances. These efforts are showing results: nesting activity (18)---- significant growth over the past few years. (19)----, new threats have emerged. Baby turtles now face plastic waste, a major danger that kills a large number of them on their way to adulthood. (20)---- persistent challenges, Costa Rica must continue adapting its conservation efforts to ensure the survival of sea turtles.

- 16. A) before
B) about
C) against
D) within
E) without
- 17. A) fortunate
B) vulnerable
C) limiting
D) valuable
E) inadequate
- 18. A) achieved
B) achieves
C) had achieved
D) will achieve
E) has achieved
- 19. A) On the contrary
B) For instance
C) Besides
D) However
E) Therefore
- 20. A) Similar to
B) Rather than
C) In spite of
D) On behalf of
E) But for

21. - 28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. **Though vitamin C boosts the immune system and helps wound healing, ----.**

- A) large companies continue to profit from the high demand for it
- B) it is naturally present in citrus fruits, bell peppers, and leafy greens
- C) many people take it during winter, believing it prevents the common cold
- D) it is one of the most affordable vitamins available in supplement form
- E) excessive intake can result in stomach upset and kidney stones

22. **As folk songs are shaped by tradition and represent collective memory, ----.**

- A) ballads are written in a uniform style, with no regional variations
- B) they usually ignore the experiences of ordinary people in a community
- C) they are written by professional composers for commercial purposes
- D) contemporary singers write about individual feelings and personal stories
- E) they help us understand the social values and norms of a community

23. **In addition to increasing general physical endurance, ----.**

- A) overtraining leads to muscle loss and long-term fatigue in some cases
- B) exercises like swimming and running contribute to better mental focus
- C) some people feel too tired to exercise regularly, especially after work
- D) people should consult a doctor before starting a new fitness routine
- E) staying hydrated is important during long workouts or training sessions

24. **Since nomadic groups moved frequently to find resources, ----.**

- A) they prioritised building permanent stone structures
- B) their settlements turned into large urban centres over time
- C) farming had become their main activity over the years
- D) they had fewer heavy possessions than farming societies
- E) they did not engage in relocation or seasonal migration

25. ----, people may experience low self-esteem or dissatisfaction.

- A) While some users follow educational accounts on social media
- B) Since most people rely on social media for daily news updates
- C) Despite growing concerns about the effects of social media
- D) If social media often encourages awareness of social issues
- E) Because of the constant exposure to idealised lifestyles on social media

26. Bees use a waggle dance to communicate the location of food, ----.

- A) so honey is harvested only by professional beekeepers
- B) yet climate change disrupts their internal navigation systems
- C) whereas spiders always spin intricate webs to trap prey
- D) or nectar is generally high in sugar and low in protein
- E) as they often sting people when they feel threatened

27. Some governments limit the number of visitors to national parks ----.

- A) so that harmful impacts on wildlife and natural environments can be prevented
- B) because visitors enjoy spending time in nature and taking photos
- C) after tourism brings economic benefits to local communities
- D) even if visitors expect various recreational activities within these parks
- E) now that several species in those areas are no longer endangered

28. Solar panels can produce clean electricity from sunlight, ----.

- A) providing that their effectiveness decreases on cloudy or rainy days
- B) yet some countries receive more sunshine than others throughout the year
- C) whereas conventional power stations still depend on fossil fuels
- D) for governments are now turning to wind as a more reliable energy source
- E) so their installation remains expensive in many parts of the world

29. - 31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Among the lesser-known practices of modern medicine, light therapy is gaining attention as a treatment for certain mood and sleep disorders. This method involves exposing patients to artificial light that mimics natural sunlight, usually during the early hours of the day. It is most commonly used to help people with seasonal affective disorder (SAD), a type of depression that appears during the darker months of the year. Moreover, recent studies suggest that light therapy may also help those with delayed sleep phase disorder (DSPD), a condition where the biological clock is shifted. This shift makes it hard to sleep and wake at typical times, and light therapy may assist in resetting the body's internal clock. The treatment is non-invasive, painless, and often used alongside other therapies. As research continues, experts believe that controlled light exposure could become an important tool in improving mental health and regulating sleep patterns without the need for medication.

29. It is pointed out in the passage that ----.

- A) SAD is a serious illness that only occurs during the spring and summer months
- B) DSPD is caused by insufficient exposure to natural light early in the morning
- C) artificial light used in light therapy has the potential to replace natural light one day
- D) one can benefit from light therapy to help reset his or her biological clock
- E) people with mood disorders can be treated with exposure to natural sunlight alone

30. It can be inferred from the passage that light therapy ----.

- A) is typically a supplementary treatment rather than a standalone solution
- B) causes no side effects and is suitable for all types of sleep problems
- C) has been proved to be equally effective in treating both SAD and DSPD
- D) can partially regulate natural sleep-wake cycles after a few sessions
- E) has already replaced medication as the primary treatment for mood disorders

31. What is the primary purpose of the author?

- A) To compare light therapy with traditional medication for treating depression
- B) To describe how artificial light can cause sleep problems in modern life
- C) To argue that light therapy is more effective than any other form of treatment
- D) To show that most people with depression need artificial light to feel better
- E) To explain what light therapy is and how it can be used to treat certain disorders

32. - 34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The golden ratio is a unique mathematical proportion widely associated with visual harmony and balance. Throughout history, artists and architects have used it to shape compositions and create designs that reflect a sense of natural beauty. In classical architecture, the Parthenon in Athens is often regarded as an example of the golden ratio due to its timeless elegance. During the Renaissance, masters like Leonardo da Vinci applied this principle in works such as *The Last Supper* to arrange figures and architectural elements in mathematically precise ways. Many art historians believe that, whether intentionally or intuitively, sculptures, mosaics, and even musical compositions reflect this proportion. Today, the golden ratio remains a valued guide in fields such as graphic design, photography, and architecture, demonstrating how a mathematical concept can unite art, science, and human perception.

32. According to the passage, the golden ratio ----.

- A) is only noticeable to those trained in advanced mathematics or visual arts
- B) continues to be a guiding principle in several creative disciplines
- C) has lost its appeal in contemporary art due to changing aesthetic preferences
- D) was first introduced by Renaissance artists such as Leonardo da Vinci
- E) solely applies to visual arts such as painting and sculpture

33. Which of the following conclusions could be drawn from the passage?

- A) Visual balance in design can only be achieved by using the golden ratio.
- B) The golden ratio has been replaced with more accurate measurement systems.
- C) Artists may have used the golden ratio in their work without being consciously aware.
- D) Musical compositions based on mathematical ratios may lack emotional depth.
- E) The golden ratio is a scientific tool and has minimal association with artistic intuition.

34. Why does the author describe both historical and modern uses of the golden ratio?

- A) To demonstrate that ancient and modern uses of the golden ratio differ significantly
- B) To explain why some artists use the golden ratio rather than modern design systems
- C) To argue that the golden ratio has lost its original mathematical purpose over time
- D) To criticise how contemporary creators rely too much on historical rules in design
- E) To emphasise the golden ratio's timeless appeal and relevance in different fields

35. - 37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Talent scouting in sport refers to the process of finding athletes who show strong potential. Scouts observe players in different amateur environments. They search not only for technical skills, physical fitness, and tactical awareness but also for personal qualities like determination and discipline. These attributes often make the difference between a good athlete and one who can excel at the highest level. When promising players are recognised, they are often invited to join an advanced training programme or a specialised academy, where they receive expert coaching, customised practice sessions, and ongoing support. This path helps talented individuals to reach their full potential while ensuring that teams and clubs continue to develop strong, competitive players. In this way, talent scouting contributes greatly to the growth of sports by connecting gifted athletes with opportunities that might otherwise be out of reach.

35. It is pointed out in the passage that talent scouting ----.

- A) plays a key role in identifying individuals who may excel in professional sports
- B) requires observing promising athletes' performances during professional leagues
- C) ensures that athletes will become professional stars with enough training
- D) has become obsolete due to changes in how athletes are recruited and trained
- E) focuses primarily on recruiting athletes with perfect physical attributes

36. Which of the following is true about scouts?

- A) They enrol the players in professional teams without additional training.
- B) They invest a significant amount of time in watching the same players more than once.
- C) They work mainly by relying on statistical analysis rather than direct observation.
- D) They observe athletes in amateur settings to evaluate both skills and personal qualities.
- E) They mainly choose athletes based on their current competitive achievements.

37. According to the passage, talented athletes ----.

- A) are expected to train on their own until they reach a professional level
- B) might quit training programmes because of their different personal traits
- C) are encouraged to choose between academic education and athletic careers early
- D) benefit from opportunities they might not have accessed without talent scouting efforts
- E) must meet an age requirement to enter these scouting programmes

38. - 40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

In the 1930s, archaeologists near Baghdad discovered an unusual clay jar containing a copper cylinder and an iron rod. Dated to around 250 BCE, the object is now known as the 'Baghdad battery'. When filled with an acidic liquid such as vinegar or lemon juice, it can produce a minor electric charge. This has led to speculation that ancient people may have used it for electroplating metals or some kind of early medical treatment. However, there is no written record explaining its use, and some experts argue that the battery-like function was a coincidence. Others believe it may have had a symbolic or ceremonial purpose rather than a technological one. Still, the discovery challenges our assumptions about ancient knowledge. If the object was indeed used to generate electricity, it would mean that people in the ancient world understood basic electrical principles over 1,800 years before modern science formally discovered them.

38. According to the passage, the Baghdad battery ----.

- A) was created to treat some diseases by using lemon and vinegar
- B) is the oldest written record of electricity in ancient texts
- C) might have accidentally had a function similar to a battery
- D) was used only for symbolic purposes in religious and funerary ceremonies
- E) contains materials that are too advanced to be ancient

39. It is stated in the passage that if the Baghdad Battery was intentionally made to generate electricity, ----.

- A) it would prove ancient people had no understanding of nature
- B) scientists would need to redesign it to make it functional again
- C) its exact function could be confirmed by historical sources in the area
- D) the acidic liquids would no longer be required to activate it
- E) it would change our understanding of the history of electricity

40. It can be inferred from the passage that scholars ----.

- A) stopped studying the object due to lack of resources
- B) are unsure about the true purpose of the Baghdad battery
- C) believe the battery was powered by solar energy in ancient times
- D) have all accepted the object as the first known battery
- E) use ancient records to support the electroplating theory

41. - 43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Researchers have long explored how emotions shape the way we learn. Rather than being a distraction, emotions are now seen as essential to attention, memory, and motivation. A student who feels curious or confident is more likely to engage with new material and retain it, while boredom or anxiety can **impede** understanding. Emotional responses also help students assign value to what they learn; if something feels meaningful or exciting, it is more likely to be remembered. For this reason, many educators design lessons that appeal to students' feelings through storytelling, real-life connections, or creative tasks. A lesson about cultural traditions, for example, may begin with a story about the Tooth Fairy, who collects baby teeth left under pillows, to spark curiosity and personal connection. Although emotions alone cannot replace solid teaching methods, they can create an environment in which learning feels relevant and personal, especially for younger learners.

41. The underlined word 'impede' in the passage is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) block
- B) reflect
- C) monitor
- D) foster
- E) overlook

42. According to the passage, students are more likely to remember what they learn when ----.

- A) the content incorporates storytelling rather than real-life examples
- B) lessons avoid storytelling and creative components to optimise emotional impact
- C) emotional elements are concentrated only at the start of the lesson to maximise focus
- D) the topic captures their interest or carries emotional significance
- E) they prioritise factual accuracy over personal emotional responses to the material

43. It is stated in the passage that teachers who design emotionally engaging lessons aim to ----.

- A) avoid using traditional instructional materials
- B) improve students' focus, memory, and motivation
- C) reduce the amount of academic content to be covered
- D) help students express their feelings more freely in class
- E) encourage students to rely less on logical reasoning

44. - 48. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

44. Canan:

- **Some animals disappear even before people realise they're endangered.**

Rory:

- **That's terrible. Why does it happen so fast?**

Canan:

- ----

Rory:

- **Then I guess we should protect natural areas before it's too late.**

- A) Conservation efforts often begin only after species are near extinction.
- B) Their habitats change too quickly, and they can't adapt in time.
- C) Most of them live in deep forests where people rarely go any more.
- D) Scientists visit those regions regularly, but funding is still limited.
- E) Certain species move to higher ground as temperatures rise.

45. Interviewer:

- **Have recent excavations revealed anything surprising at the site?**

Archaeologist:

- **We've uncovered some everyday tools, but we haven't fully explored the deeper layers yet.**

Interviewer:

- ----

Archaeologist:

- **We're hoping to find burial chambers that might shed light on the beliefs and rituals of the people who lived here.**

- A) How similar are these tools to others found at nearby locations?
- B) When do you plan to open a museum to display these objects?
- C) Why do you think these tools were left so close to the surface?
- D) How do you preserve fragile objects during an excavation like this?
- E) What do you expect to discover in the lower sections of the site?

46. Ben:

- I've set up an air purifier in my flat, and I could really feel the difference in the air.

Emma:

- That device is so useful; it traps dust and even reduces pollen. Is it noisy, though?

Ben:

- ----

Emma:

- That sounds perfect for keeping the air fresh without any disturbance, day or night.

- A) It's quite large, but it fits perfectly in the corner of my living room.
- B) Well, it does make a low-pitched buzz that might bother light sleepers.
- C) I'm not sure about that, but I noticed fewer allergic reactions after using it.
- D) Actually, it's very powerful and cleans the air in just a few minutes.
- E) Not at all. It has a low-power mode that runs silently, so I barely notice it.

47. Patrick:

- Do you think I should get a flu vaccine this year?

Zoe:

- ----

Patrick:

- Right, I take the train every day and work in a crowded office.

Zoe:

- Then I'd say getting vaccinated is definitely the smartest thing to do.

- A) That's up to you, but many people say they are unnecessary.
- B) Only if your insurance covers the cost of the vaccine.
- C) Absolutely. Especially if you spend time in public places.
- D) Why not? It's better than getting a regular check-up.
- E) You'd better not. Some people may react pretty badly to it.

48. Teacher:

- So, which book did you choose for your author presentation?

Student:

- I picked *Pride and Prejudice* by Jane Austen.

Teacher:

– ----

Student:

- Actually, I'm interested in how she explores women's roles and social expectations in her time.

- A) What is your favourite scene in the book?
B) Why do you think the book became so popular worldwide?
C) Are you familiar with the film adaptation?
D) Why did you choose that particular novel?
E) Have you read any other 19th-century novels by female authors?

49. - 53. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

49. Playing a musical instrument regularly helps people stay mentally active and improves their memory over time.

- A) Engaging with a musical instrument has been proved to enhance mental activity and boost memory retention as you age.
B) Learning an instrument is a great way to keep your brain engaged and your memory sharp with little effort.
C) A person's memory and mental sharpness can be enhanced through consistent practice of a musical instrument in the long run.
D) It is a timeless truth that music not only soothes the soul but also keeps one's brain engaged and active.
E) People who occasionally play a musical instrument are able to maintain their brain activity and strengthen their memory.

50. The Temple of Artemis, built in the 6th century BCE, was one of the Seven Wonders, but today, only ruins remain.

- A) The Temple of Artemis was considered one of the Seven Wonders, but its ruins from the 6th century BCE did not survive to this day.
- B) The Temple of Artemis, one of the Seven Wonders, was completed in the 6th century BCE, but there is almost no evidence left of it.
- C) Among the Seven Wonders of the ancient world are the ruins of the Temple of Artemis, built in the 6th century BCE.
- D) Constructed in the 6th century BCE, the Temple of Artemis was one of the Seven Wonders, and its ruins can still be visited today.
- E) The Temple of Artemis, once among the Seven Wonders, was built in the 6th century BCE; however, nothing remains except its ruins now.

51. Societies exhibit different cultural norms that have developed over the years due to environmental and historical factors.

- A) Because of historical and environmental influences, societies have varied cultural structures that have evolved over time.
- B) Through the years, environmental and historical events shaped the way people developed their cultures differently in society.
- C) Several societies were able to adapt their cultural norms shortly after environmental or historical issues emerged in the past.
- D) Different societies have been shaped by environment and history over time, but their cultural structures remain mostly the same.
- E) Environmental and historical reasons made societies keep their varied cultural structures rather than develop new ones.

52. Although tardigrades can survive extreme radiation and dehydration, they are still vulnerable to intense heat over long periods.

- A) Tardigrades can be entirely immune to heat if they are able to endure radiation, dehydration, and severe weather conditions for a while.
- B) Despite their resistance to extreme radiation and dehydration, tardigrades cannot withstand high temperatures indefinitely.
- C) As they endure almost anything, including radiation and dehydration indefinitely, tardigrades are indestructible and immortal organisms.
- D) As long as they are not exposed to radiation over long periods, tardigrades survive any environmental condition, including heat and dehydration.
- E) Tardigrades, though vulnerable to dehydration and heat exposure, can survive extreme radiation even over long periods.

53. While overtourism may boost local economies in the short term, its environmental cost will be high.

- A) Overtourism may seem to benefit local economies, yet its long-term impact on the environment is often underestimated.
- B) Overtourism might temporarily strengthen local economies, but it will have a heavy environmental cost.
- C) Compared to its benefits for local economies, overtourism causes much greater environmental damage.
- D) It is likely that overtourism temporarily strengthens local economies without coming at a significant cost to the environment.
- E) Though overtourism clearly harms the environment, its economic benefits will remain important for many communities.

54. - 58. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

54. You are at a panel discussion on artificial intelligence (AI). One speaker claims that AI systems can now understand emotions just like humans. You believe this is an overstatement, so you say: ----

- A) I see your point, but I'm not sure machines can fully grasp human feelings yet.
- B) Sorry, but AI systems have already shown they outperform humans emotionally.
- C) Actually, I think it's more important to focus on AI's technical skills, not emotions.
- D) I'm not sure this is the right time to be debating emotional intelligence at all.
- E) That's true, which is why we should treat robots like emotional beings.

55. You have to attend a first aid class at work. You know the importance of this class, but one of your colleagues seems bored and comments that the training is a waste of time. So you say to her sarcastically: ----

- A) That attitude is why so few people know what to do in an emergency.
- B) It's not the most exciting thing, but one day you might actually save someone's life.
- C) Looks like I just figured out who shouldn't be on my emergency contact list.
- D) It might seem boring, but it's standard procedure for all employees.
- E) Maybe you should let the manager know instead of complaining constantly.

56. A classmate who usually skips literature classes suddenly volunteers to read his poem aloud. It is surprisingly emotional and personal. The class laughs, but you are impressed. After class, you want to express support, so you say: ----

- A) Maybe you should have just skipped this class like you usually do.
- B) Well, at least you tried. I mean, it wasn't that bad, though it felt a little awkward.
- C) I didn't really get it. Was it supposed to be funny or serious?
- D) Write for yourself next time—not everything is meant to be shared.
- E) I didn't expect that—it really caught me off guard in a good way.

57. You and your friend plan to have a picnic this weekend. While watching the news, you see warnings about extreme heat expected in the coming days. You want to suggest postponing the plan, so you say: ----

- A) It might be safer to delay the picnic because the heat warning is serious.
- B) Sorry, but I need to move the picnic because I have a family event that day.
- C) We can have the picnic earlier in the day before it gets too hot.
- D) The weather is usually unpredictable, so there's no need to change our plans.
- E) If the heat becomes unbearable, we can always find some shade there.

58. You are visiting an ancient site with a friend. He starts touching the fragile walls and carvings, even though there are signs asking visitors not to do so. You want to warn him politely but firmly, so you say: ----

- A) These old ruins look strong enough to handle a little contact; don't worry.
- B) I know it's exciting, but we shouldn't touch anything here. It might cause damage.
- C) It's probably not a big deal, but maybe we should be more careful.
- D) It's just a wall. We're not setting the place on fire or anything.
- E) I didn't see anyone else following those rules either, so why should we?

59. - 63. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

59. ---- Fewer people today know their neighbours or take part in communal activities like they once did. This loss of connection is affecting people's mental well-being. Therefore, urban sociologists are encouraging new housing designs that promote more shared public spaces.

- A) A major goal in urban housing is to maximise living space on limited land.
- B) Most city projects now focus on security features rather than aesthetics or convenience.
- C) A recent study has shown that rapid urbanisation is weakening social bonds.
- D) People often choose housing based on commute time rather than neighbourhood character.
- E) Many residents prefer to live in high-rise buildings for easier access to city services.

60. Snow-covered ground reflects most of the sunlight that hits it, keeping surface temperatures relatively low. However, when tiny black particles from smoke, called soot, settle on snow, they weaken its ability to reflect sunlight. ---- This process represents a key mechanism through which air pollution can add to regional warming.

- A) Unlike dust or pollen, soot is dark enough to change how much sunlight a surface reflects.
- B) The reduced reflectivity causes the snow to absorb more solar energy and heat up more quickly.
- C) Some studies say that even a thin layer of soot can affect snow cover across large areas.
- D) Soot particles can travel great distances through the air before falling onto ice or snow surfaces.
- E) Snow that appears clean to the eye can still contain microscopic particles invisible without special equipment.

61. Many people rely on artificial intelligence (AI) to plan their trips. Instead of manually searching for flights, hotels, or activities, travellers can use AI tools that offer the best alternatives tailored to individual preferences. ---- So, AI can adapt these dynamic itineraries to changing conditions like weather or local events.

- A) Some travellers still prefer traditional methods, like guidebooks or personal research, over AI.
- B) Travel agencies have recently expanded their services to include AI tools to draw more travellers.
- C) Personal preferences can vary greatly depending on age and travel experience.
- D) With the help of AI, some travel apps offer specific sightseeing and activity suggestions.
- E) These tools not only recommend options but also predict possible delays and adjust plans in real time.

62. In 2020, an unusual radio signal was detected coming from Proxima Centauri, the closest star system to our own. The narrowband signal, which lasted over five hours, had no clear natural origin. While it is unlikely to be evidence of extraterrestrial life, its frequency range was oddly specific. ---- To date, no conclusive explanation has been found, keeping the mystery alive.

- A) However, most astronomers in the space agency believe that it is not worth observing further.
- B) Scientists immediately began analysing it for patterns that might suggest intelligent communication.
- C) The signal was instantly dismissed by astronomers as background noise caused by Earth's rotation.
- D) Because of these conditions, researchers concluded that intelligent life once existed on the Moon.
- E) This strange signal was traced back to a Russian communication satellite launched in the 1960s.

63. Though hospitals have tight hygiene protocols, infections can still occur. One reason is that doctors, nurses, and patients constantly move from one room to another. During this movement, they may carry germs like viruses and bacteria on their hands or clothes. ---- To minimise the risk, hospitals must ensure that all staff and patients clean their hands and equipment regularly.

- A) Many hospitals limit the number of daily visitors to protect patients.
- B) Some hospital rooms are harder to clean due to their complex equipment.
- C) Hospital staff often wear gloves while examining patients.
- D) This makes it easier for infections to spread throughout the hospital.
- E) Patients with long hospital stays are more likely to catch infections.

64. - 69. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

64. **Because of the reduced air density at high altitudes, sprinters can run slightly faster in cities like Mexico City.**

- A) Yüksek irtifa koşullarında hava daha az yoğun olabileceğinden sürat koşucuları, Mexico City gibi yerlerde bir miktar daha hızlı koşabilirler.
- B) Hava yoğunluğunun biraz daha düşük olması sebebiyle sürat koşucuları, Mexico City gibi yüksek rakımlı kentlerde daha hızlı koşar.
- C) Hava yoğunluğunun yüksek rakımlarda azalması sürat koşucularının, Mexico City gibi bazı yerlerde hızlarını artırmasına olanak tanır.
- D) Yüksek irtifalarda azalan hava yoğunluğu nedeniyle sürat koşucuları, Mexico City gibi şehirlerde biraz daha hızlı koşabilirler.
- E) Havanın yüksek yerlerde daha az yoğun olması sürat koşucularının, Mexico City gibi şehirlerde biraz daha hızlı koşabilmesini sağlar.

65. **Whereas Western fairy tales often moralise, Central Asian folktales prioritise wit, resilience, and community values.**

- A) Batı masallarının amacı genellikle ahlaki bir ders vermek iken Orta Asya masalları; zekâyı, direnci ve toplumsal değerleri önceliklendirir.
- B) Batı masalları çoğunlukla öğretme amacı taşıırken Orta Asya halk anlatıları; zekâyı, sabra ve toplumsal değerlere daha çok değer verir.
- C) Batı masalları sıklıkla ahlaki ders verirken Orta Asya halk hikâyeleri; zekâyı, dirence ve toplumsal değerlere öncelik verir.
- D) Batı masalları ahlaki ders verme eğiliminde olsa da Orta Asya masalları, daha ziyade, zekâyı ve toplumsal bağları yüceltir.
- E) Ahlaki kaygı çoğu Batı masalının temelini oluştururken Orta Asya anlatılarında, zekâyı, dirence ve toplumsal değerlere öncelik verilir.

66. Although Mesopotamian *ziggurats* resemble pyramids, they were actually used as temples, not tombs.

- A) Her ne kadar Mezopotamya *zigguratları* piramitlere benzese de asıl amaçları mezar olarak değil, tapınak olarak hizmet vermektir.
- B) Mezopotamya *zigguratları* piramitlere benzemelerine rağmen, aslında mezar değil, tapınak olarak kullanılmıştır.
- C) *Zigguratlar* piramitleri çağrıştıracak fakat Mezopotamya'da bu yapılar çoğunlukla mezar değil, kutsal mekan olarak kullanılmıştır.
- D) Yapı bakımından piramitlere benzetilmelerine rağmen Mezopotamya *zigguratları*, mezar değil, tapınak olarak hizmet vermiştir.
- E) Her ne kadar piramitlere çok benzeseler de Mezopotamya'daki *zigguratlar* tapınak olarak değil, mezar olarak kullanılmıştır.

67. Because bamboo makes up almost their entire diet, pandas spend most of their lives searching for and eating it.

- A) Bambu, pandaların beslenmesinin tamamını oluşturduğundan, bu hayvanlar zamanlarının çoğunu onu bulup tüketmekle geçirir.
- B) Pandaların beslenmesinin büyük kısmını bambu oluşturur ve bu nedenle yaşamlarının çoğunu onu arayarak ve tüketerek geçirirler.
- C) Pandalar, yalnızca bambu ile beslendikleri için ömürlerinin çoğunu bu bitkiyi arayarak ve yiyerek geçirir.
- D) Pandaların hayatlarının çoğunu bambu arayıp yiyerek geçirmesinin sebebi, bu bitkinin beslenme düzenlerinde baskın olmasıdır.
- E) Beslenmelerinin neredeyse tamamını bambu oluşturduğu için pandalar, ömürlerinin çoğunu onu arayıp yiyerek geçirir.

68. In a healthy society, balancing individual freedoms with social responsibilities is crucial, but finding this balance can sometimes be challenging.

- A) Bireysel özgürlüklerle toplumsal sorumluluklar arasında denge kurmak zor olsa da bu denge toplumun sağlıklı bir şekilde işlemesi için gereklidir.
- B) Sağlıklı toplumlarda bireysel özgürlüklerle toplumsal sorumluluklar arasındaki dengeyi sağlamak çoğunlukla zor olmasına rağmen önemlidir.
- C) Sağlıklı bir toplumda bireysel özgürlükler ile toplumsal sorumluluklar arasında denge kurmak çok önemlidir ancak bu dengeyi bulmak bazen zor olabilir.
- D) Sağlıklı bir toplumda toplumsal sorumluluklar ile bireysel özgürlükler arasında bir denge kurulmalıdır fakat bunu yapmak zaman zaman zor olabilir.
- E) Bireysel özgürlükler ile toplumsal sorumlulukların dengelenmesi sağlıklı bir toplum için kritik öneme sahip olmakla birlikte, bu dengeyi sağlamak bazen zor olabilir.

69. When the weather is calm and visibility is clear, hot air balloon rides offer an unforgettable way to experience the landscape.

- A) Hava sakin ve görüş mesafesi açık olduğunda sıcak hava balonu turları, manzarayı deneyimlemek için unutulmaz bir yol sunar.
- B) Hava sakin ve görüş mesafesi açıksa sıcak hava balonu turları ile manzarayı deneyimlemek gerçekten unutulmaz bir yoldur.
- C) Sıcak hava balonu turları, sakin hava ve açık görüş mesafesinde manzarayı deneyimlemek isteyenlere unutulmaz bir yol sunar.
- D) Havanın sakin ve görüşün açık olduğu zamanlarda, sıcak hava balonu turları unutulmaz manzaralar sunar.
- E) Sıcak hava balonu turlarının unutulmaz manzara deneyimi sunabilmesi, sakin hava ve açık görüş mesafesine bağlıdır.

70. - 75. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

70. İnsan DNA'sının bir ipliği o kadar sıkı bir şekilde sarılmıştır ki tamamen açıldığında iki metre uzunluğa ulaşabilir.

- A) It takes nearly two metres of material to fully wrap a strand of human DNA when it is completely uncoiled.
- B) A strand of human DNA is so tightly coiled that, when fully unwrapped, it can reach a length of two metres.
- C) A strand of human DNA is coiled tightly, so its actual length can exceed two metres when fully unwrapped.
- D) The tight coiling of human DNA means its length rarely extends beyond two metres when unwrapped.
- E) Human DNA is packed in such a way that even a single strand can reach a length of two metres when unwrapped.

71. Havalandırmanın yetersiz olduğu ve pencerelerin uzun süre kapalı kaldığı ortamlarda, grip vakaları önemli ölçüde artar.

- A) Flu cases significantly rise in environments where ventilation is poor and windows remain shut for long periods.
- B) Poorly ventilated rooms with windows that stay closed for too long are environments that considerably increase the cases of flu.
- C) Flu cases dramatically rise in places where ventilation is poor due to windows remaining shut for a long time.
- D) Windows that remain shut for extended periods create environments with poor ventilation, which leads to a rise in flu cases.
- E) In places where ventilation is poor and windows are kept shut for long periods, flu cases remain incredibly high.

72. Eko sanat, eleştirel duruşuyla öne çıkan ve iklim krizi endişe verici boyutlara ulaşırken hızla yaygınlaşan bir sanat türüdür.

- A) As the climate crisis grows more alarming, eco-art has become an art form with a critical stance, and it continues to spread rapidly.
- B) Eco-art is an art form that has become prominent thanks to its critical stance and is rapidly spreading as the climate crisis reaches alarming levels.
- C) With its critical stance, eco-art has come to the fore and continues to spread rapidly while the climate crisis grows more severe.
- D) Eco-art is an art form that has come to the fore with its critical stance and is rapidly spreading as the climate crisis reaches alarming levels.
- E) Eco-art is an art form that has gained prominence for its critical stance and is spreading as the climate crisis becomes more serious.

73. Modern tıptan önce insanlar, yaraları ve hastalıkları iyileştirmek için sıklıkla bitkiler ve mineraller gibi doğal bileşenlere güveniyorlardı.

- A) Before modern medicine, people frequently relied on natural ingredients such as plants and minerals to heal wounds and illnesses.
- B) Before the advancement of medicine, people commonly trusted natural sources like herbs and minerals to treat wounds and diseases.
- C) People used to rely on some natural ingredients like plants and minerals for wounds and diseases before modern medicine.
- D) Before modern medicine, people would often count on ingredients like plants and minerals to cure their wounds and diseases.
- E) Before medical science, people often turned to natural components like herbs and minerals to heal wounds and treat illnesses.

74. Birçok spor türü, oyuncuların etkili bir strateji geliştirmek için ileriye düşünüp rakiplerinin hamlelerini tahmin etmelerini gerektirir.

- A) In many types of sports, players must think forward and predict the moves of their rivals so that they can create a sound strategy.
- B) Several types of sports need effective strategies where players have to think ahead and guess their opponents' possible steps.
- C) To develop an effective strategy, sports encourage players to think ahead and anticipate their opponents' moves.
- D) Doing different types of sports requires players to think and foresee their rivals' strategy in order to create a strong plan.
- E) Many types of sports require players to think ahead and anticipate their opponents' moves to develop an effective strategy.

75. Bazı Doğu Asya ülkelerinde, dört sayısı kötü şansın sembolü olarak kabul edildiğinden, dördüncü kat genellikle yeniden adlandırılır.

- A) In some East Asian countries, the fourth floor is often renamed, as the number four is regarded as a symbol of bad luck.
- B) In many East Asian countries, the fourth floor is commonly renamed due to the belief that the number four brings bad luck.
- C) In several East Asian countries, the number four symbolises bad luck, and the name of the fourth floor is frequently avoided.
- D) In some countries in East Asia, the number four is accepted as a symbol of bad luck, so the fourth floor is usually given another name.
- E) The fourth floor is usually given a different name in some East Asian countries because the number four is a bad luck symbol.

76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) Fog forms when humid air cools quickly and water droplets gather near the surface. (II) Some regions use fog nets to collect water from the air for agricultural use. (III) Coastal cities often experience morning fog due to cold ocean air meeting warmer land. (IV) In landlocked cities, on the other hand, it is less common, as there is typically less moisture in the air to form droplets. (V) Thus, fog is more likely to occur in areas near bodies of water.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) Smart homes use technology to control and automate systems such as lighting, heating, and security. (II) However, smart home devices may not function reliably in areas with a poor Internet connection. (III) Residents can manage these systems remotely through smartphone apps or voice assistants. (IV) For example, they can lock the doors from afar or turn off the lights when no one is at home. (V) As technology advances, smart homes are becoming increasingly common and efficient.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) The Sligachan Bridge on the Isle of Skye was built in the early 19th century to provide a safer route through the Highland terrain. (II) Its stone arches span the river, offering stunning views of the Cuillin mountains. (III) Due to this picturesque scenery, it has become a popular stop for hikers and photographers. (IV) A local legend suggests that washing your face in the river under the bridge brings eternal beauty. (V) Although another modern bridge carries the traffic today, the old bridge remains a significant landmark on the island.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) During open-heart surgery, doctors sometimes cool the patient's body to 20°C and stop their heart for up to an hour. (II) This technique, called 'deep hypothermic circulatory arrest', allows complex operations without blood flow to the brain. (III) Amazingly, the brain can survive this temporary shutdown because the lowered temperature reduces its oxygen needs. (IV) Some scientists are also experimenting with special drugs that protect cells from cold weather. (V) The process seems like science fiction, but it has saved thousands of lives so far.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) In recent years, digital technology has transformed how art exhibitions are designed and experienced. (II) Visitors can now explore virtual galleries, interacting with artworks from anywhere in the world. (III) Some of the earliest examples of virtual museums appeared in the late 1990s. (IV) Many curators use multimedia tools like video projections and soundscapes to create more immersive environments. (V) These innovations make art more accessible and reach audiences by breaking down traditional barriers of time and space.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



ORTAÖĞRETİM
GENEL MÜDÜRLÜĞÜ



YKS DENEMELERİ

YDT

İNGİLİZCE

13. DENEME



ADI VE SOYADI

OKUL ADI

ADAYIN İMZASI

ADAYIN DİKKATİNE!

1. Bu sınavda YDT soru dağılımları dikkate alınmıştır.
2. Deneme tam kapsam olup YDT konularının tamamını kapsamaktadır.
3. Bu sınav 80 soru içermektedir.

OGM
MATERYAL

Bu testlerin her hakkı saklıdır. Hangi amaçla olursa olsun, testlerin tamamının veya bir kısmının Millî Eğitim Bakanlığının yazılı izni olmadan kopya edilmesi, fotoğrafının çekilmesi, herhangi bir yolla çoğaltılması, yayımlanması ya da kullanılması yasaktır. Bu yasağa uymayanlar gerekli cezai sorumluluğu ve testlerin hazırlanmasındaki mali külfeti peşinen kabullenmiş sayılır.

AÇIKLAMA

1. Bu kitapçıkta **80 soru** bulunmaktadır.
2. Bu sınav için verilen cevaplama süresi **120 dakikadır (2 saat)**.
3. **Bu sınav puanlanırken doğru cevaplarınızın sayısından yanlış cevaplarınızın sayısının dörtte biri çıkarılacak ve kalan sayı bu test ile ilgili ham puanınız olacaktır.**
4. Kitapçığın sayfalarındaki boş yerleri müsvedde için kullanabilirsiniz.
5. Cevaplamaya istediğiniz sorudan başlayabilirsiniz. Bir soru ile ilgili cevabınızı, cevap kâğıdında o soru için ayrılmış olan yere işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.
6. Bu kitapçıkta yer alan her sorunun sadece bir doğru cevabı vardır. Cevap kâğıdında bir soru için birden çok cevap yeri işaretlenmişse o soru yanlış cevaplanmış sayılacaktır. İşaretlediğiniz bir cevabı değiştirmek istediğinizde silme işlemi çok iyi yapmanız gerektiğini unutmayınız.

1. - 15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. ---- against AI in creative work remains strong despite its proven ability to enhance and speed up artistic processes.
A) Evidence
B) Insurance
C) Immunity
D) Prejudice
E) Jealousy
2. Wearing contact lenses involves some hygiene concerns, but if used correctly, the risks are almost ----.
A) negligible
B) permanent
C) worthless
D) threatening
E) comparable
3. Fitness classes take ---- 45 minutes to finish, but warm-ups and cooldowns can extend the total time to an hour.
A) implicitly
B) urgently
C) arguably
D) roughly
E) vividly

4. The ancient city of Carthage took its name from *Qart Hadasht*, which meant 'New City' to the Phoenicians who ---- it.
A) inhabited
B) harvested
C) restricted
D) launched
E) endured
5. Franz Kafka was repeatedly ---- by publishers who said his works were too strange and unsettling for the general reader.
A) put forward
B) taken over
C) brought out
D) backed up
E) turned down
6. Women ---- equal political rights to men today, but it is easy to forget how long they ---- from elections.
A) had / have been excluded
B) have / were excluded
C) had had / had been excluded
D) have had / would have been excluded
E) are having / are excluded

7. In Spain, landlords ---- the property's energy efficiency rating when ---- a home on the market, as required by national regulations.
- A) can include / to offer
B) should include / offered
C) have to include / offering
D) must include / to have offered
E) could include / having offered
8. ---- for the 1889 World's Fair, the Eiffel Tower was initially meant ---- after 20 years but ended up as a lasting symbol.
- A) Having built / to take down
B) Building / having taken down
C) Having been built / to be taken down
D) To build / having been taken down
E) Built / to have been taken down
9. Cruise control, a system that adjusts speed automatically, helps drivers maintain speed ---- highways and reduce fatigue ---- trips.
- A) on / during
B) in / around
C) at / along
D) by / between
E) of / from
10. Some athletes incorporate cupping therapy ---- their routines to soothe muscle soreness ---- intense training.
- A) as / after
B) to / through
C) off / about
D) within / among
E) into / following
11. Employees are encouraged to set boundaries between work and personal life; ----, prolonged focus might result in burnout and errors.
- A) moreover
B) otherwise
C) for example
D) likewise
E) however
12. Volunteers regularly clean up plastic waste from beaches ---- it poses serious health risks to marine wildlife.
- A) so that
B) unless
C) although
D) because
E) as though

13. Though not ---- author gains worldwide fame, ---- passionate about writing could find joy in sharing their work with others.

- A) other / somebody
- B) any / no one
- C) each / nobody
- D) another / everyone
- E) every / anybody

14. Digital platforms aim ---- to spread misinformation ---- to support the use of fake accounts, but users often do both and violate community standards.

- A) the more / the more
- B) neither / nor
- C) as / as
- D) whether / or
- E) either / or

15. Traditional diets vary considerably ---- the climate and natural resources available in each region.

- A) as a result of
- B) instead of
- C) on behalf of
- D) in spite of
- E) in case of

16. - 20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Throughout history, society has imposed rigid beauty standards on women. For instance, in 18th-century England, etiquette books advised women (16)---- no more than six teeth when they were smiling, suggesting that modesty was the highest form of grace. During the European Renaissance, (17)---- the ideal of a high forehead, which led women to shave their hairlines, using a toxic lead-based makeup to achieve a ghostly complexion was a common practice. Likewise, in imperial China, bound feet were praised as symbols of delicacy and femininity for centuries (18)---- the process caused intense pain and lifelong deformity. All these practices were once regarded as the ultimate expressions of femininity and beauty (19)---- their respective cultures. Today, the struggle to (20)---- narrow ideals continues, only in different forms.

- 16. A) showing
B) having showed
C) to show
D) to have showed
E) show
- 17. A) thanks to
B) in comparison with
C) instead of
D) in addition to
E) in spite of
- 18. A) until
B) since
C) in case
D) even though
E) as long as
- 19. A) within
B) along
C) against
D) upon
E) through
- 20. A) get over
B) bring up
C) fit into
D) carry out
E) take in

21. - 28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. Given that Gaziantep was named a UNESCO Creative City of Gastronomy, ----.

- A) its local cuisine now attracts international attention from food lovers and chefs alike
- B) tourists often visit its archaeological museum to view the famous mosaics
- C) the city's traditional handicrafts, like copperware and silk products, are prized
- D) it is known for its rich culinary legacy, which has developed its identity since the Iron Age
- E) food here symbolises festivity and social bonding, and becomes a topic of conversation

22. While Viking ships are commonly associated with war and plunder, ----.

- A) their narrow design made them unsuitable for long-distance travel
- B) they also enabled peaceful trade routes stretching as far as Baghdad
- C) they were rarely used to reach coastal villages in Europe
- D) most of them were built from concrete-like materials
- E) only a small portion of them functioned as a marketplace

23. Even though no real medication is given during treatments, ----.

- A) many individuals experience side effects after taking a new medicine
- B) some illnesses progress slowly without showing severe symptoms
- C) certain individuals may require lifestyle changes to support recovery
- D) clinical studies often analyse outcomes across different treatments
- E) patients can experience improvements due to psychological factors

24. As well as presenting information about the past, ----.

- A) some documentaries are shorter than sixty minutes in total running time
- B) many popular documentaries are also available on various streaming platforms
- C) documentaries can encourage viewers to take action on current issues
- D) historical documentaries are generally narrated by well-known public figures
- E) film festivals sometimes feature a dedicated category for documentaries

25. ----, event organisers should have medical professionals on site to provide immediate assistance.

- A) But for any attendee suffering a heart attack
- B) Despite inherent health risks at large gatherings
- C) Even if many people attend social occasions without prior registration
- D) In case of an accident or health problem
- E) Since most incidents happen only in poorly managed organisational processes

26. The human nose can distinguish over a trillion different scents, ----.

- A) although people underestimate the role of smell in triggering memory
- B) as it can also recognise millions of subtle temperature changes
- C) so it develops its final adult shape only in the late teenage years
- D) whereas in some species, scent is the primary means of communication
- E) but this astonishing capacity is rarely utilised consciously

27. ----, it greatly enhances the effectiveness of a conversation.

- A) When people with low self-confidence keep their thoughts to themselves
- B) As individuals who are less talkative may listen more attentively
- C) Although maintaining eye contact can be challenging for shy people
- D) Since a nervous person may hesitate to speak in front of crowds
- E) While attending public speaking workshops can improve professional skills

28. ----, some animals start changing their feeding patterns.

- A) While scientists are studying shifts in migration routes
- B) Given that their environment remains exactly the same
- C) When daylight hours grow shorter during autumn
- D) Even though their food supply becomes relatively scarce
- E) As long as their nutrition sites are undisturbed

29. - 31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Urban cycling tours have become an increasingly popular way for residents and tourists to explore cities. These tours are typically led by knowledgeable guides who plan routes that include both well-known landmarks and lesser-known areas. Participants are provided with bicycles and safety equipment, ensuring that even beginners can take part comfortably. Many tours highlight historical buildings, public art installations, and unique neighbourhoods that might be missed while travelling by car or bus. Some routes also incorporate stops at local cafés or markets, allowing riders to sample regional food and drinks. In addition to offering a recreational experience, cycling tours promote sustainable travel by reducing reliance on motor vehicles. This eco-friendly way of exploring a city allows participants to immerse themselves in the local culture and support small businesses along the way.

29. According to the passage, the routes of urban cycling tours typically feature ----.

- A) streets selected to minimise interaction with the locals
- B) stops that focus exclusively on historical landmarks
- C) a location chosen mainly for its commercial importance
- D) neighbourhoods designed specifically for cycling
- E) a blend of famous sites and places that are less visited

30. We can infer from the passage that the inclusion of stops at local cafés or markets suggests that cycling tours aim to ----.

- A) create opportunities for cultural and economic engagement
- B) prioritise tourist preferences over those of residents and small businesses
- C) provide a more relaxed pace for inexperienced riders
- D) make up for the lack of historical sites in urban neighbourhoods
- E) encourage participation from both tourists and residents of the area

31. What is the passage mainly about?

- A) The environmental benefits of replacing cars with bicycles
- B) The variety of benefits that urban cycling tours provide participants with
- C) The role of small businesses in attracting cycling tourists
- D) The impact of cycling tours on small businesses in urban areas
- E) The ways cycling tours make cities more accessible to inexperienced cyclists

32. - 34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

3D pens are portable, handheld tools that work by heating plastic filament and pushing it out in a thin stream. The filament hardens almost instantly when exposed to air, enabling the user to draw objects in three dimensions. Unlike 3D printers, which automatically produce precise models from digital designs, these pens rely entirely on manual control. This gives the user greater creative freedom but results in less accuracy. 3D pens are popular in art, model-making, and minor repairs because of their flexibility and ease of use. Moreover, they have become increasingly valuable in education, where they help students **grasp** geometrical concepts by allowing hands-on construction of physical models. In addition to encouraging creativity, this practical method simplifies theoretical and complex three-dimensional concepts without requiring specialised software or tools.

32. What can be understood from the passage about 3D pens?

- A) They can produce flawless copies of computer-generated designs immediately.
- B) The plastic filament in these pens can be shaped before it fully solidifies.
- C) Controlling them by hand allows for imaginative and adaptable creations.
- D) They are mostly used in factories for mass production thanks to their convenience.
- E) Their effective use requires familiarity with 3D modelling software.

33. The underlined word 'grasp' in the passage is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) explain
- B) observe
- C) interpret
- D) perceive
- E) approach

34. According to the passage, the use of 3D pens in educational settings is ----.

- A) a controlled method that limits students' creative expression
- B) an effective way to help students visualise abstract concepts
- C) a growing practice mainly intended for younger students
- D) a confusing system that adds unnecessary barriers to learning
- E) an innovative technique that removes the need for direct user involvement

35. - 37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

For decades, scientists believed that emotions originated solely in the brain. However, recent studies reveal that our gut may play a significant role in how we feel, thanks to the vagus nerve. This cranial nerve serves as a communication pathway between the gut and the brain. For instance, when gut bacteria release certain chemicals, the vagus nerve can transmit these signals to brain regions that influence mood regulation and stress responses. In a 2020 study, mice that were given probiotics showed fewer symptoms of anxiety, and these effects disappeared when their vagus nerve was severed. These findings suggest that the gut's microbiome is not only vital for digestion but also for mental health. This connection has led to a new field called 'psychobiotics', which explores how altering gut bacteria might help treat disorders like depression and anxiety.

35. It is stated in the passage that the vagus nerve ----.

- A) was once thought to affect some chemicals in the brain
- B) is a hormone released by gut bacteria to influence mood
- C) was recently discovered during probiotic experiments
- D) can be damaged in people suffering from depression
- E) may carry chemical messages from the gut to the brain

36. According to the passage, the 2020 study on mice showed that ----.

- A) anxiety in mice is linked to brain trauma rather than gut health
- B) the vagus nerve controls how mice respond to physical pain
- C) probiotics lose their effect on people if the gut is unhealthy
- D) altering gut bacteria can affect mental states through neural pathways
- E) gut bacteria have more influence on hunger than on emotion

37. One can understand from the passage that psychobiotics ----.

- A) explores natural chemicals produced by the brain itself
- B) examines how changes in gut microbes may affect emotional health
- C) studies the function of the vagus nerve to manage physical health
- D) is a group of nutritional supplements that support digestion
- E) is a field that measures anxiety levels of humans and animals

38. - 40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

While most virtual reality (VR) experiences focus on sight and sound, a new generation of VR amusement parks is going further by targeting other senses. Visitors do not just see a jungle; they feel the heat, smell the vegetation, and hear distant animal calls. Some even walk across moving platforms that simulate uneven terrain. A desert simulation, for example, might include warm air, the scent of dry sand, and the gritty feel of dust underfoot. These parks aim to blur the line between real and virtual worlds, also by offering adventures that were once impossible, like climbing Mount Everest or walking on Mars. Unlike traditional parks, these experiences are entirely customisable and do not depend on weather or actual geographic location. Although the technology behind them is still costly to develop, fully immersive VR parks are becoming more popular among adventurers who want intensity without physical risk.

38. According to the passage, VR parks ----.

- A) offer multisensory experiences that mimic real-world environments
- B) aim to replace all forms of physical outdoor recreation in the future
- C) require favourable weather conditions and specific locations to operate effectively
- D) are not as popular as traditional theme parks due to their high cost
- E) limit their content to space and jungle simulations

39. It can be understood from the passage that VR amusement parks attract visitors who ----.

- A) are mainly interested in exploring nature-like environments in a controlled setting
- B) want to experience only visual and auditory forms of stimulation
- C) find customisable opportunities less engaging than fixed ones
- D) feel more comfortable hearing animal sounds in a virtual setting than in real life
- E) seek exciting experiences without exposing themselves to actual danger

40. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?

- A) Traditional Parks vs Virtual Parks: Which Is Better?
- B) The Decline of Traditional Amusement Parks in the VR Era
- C) Costly Tech: The Main Obstacle for VR Parks
- D) A New Era of Safe Yet Stimulating Entertainment
- E) The Dangers of Immersive VR Experiences

41. - 43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Children's literature is often misunderstood as shallow or overly simplistic. This belief usually stems from the idea that because the target audience is young, the content must lack depth. However, this view overlooks the emotional and intellectual richness many children's books offer. Stories written for children frequently explore universal themes such as fear, love, identity, and justice, typically through powerful symbols and metaphors. These books may use simple language, but the messages they carry are far from simplistic. For instance, *The Little Prince* discusses loneliness, human connection, and the meaning of life in a way that resonates with all age groups. To dismiss such literature as superficial is to undervalue its ability to shape young minds and ignore its potential to challenge adult readers. In reality, children's books often leave the deepest marks precisely because they make complex ideas feel both accessible and unforgettable.

41. It is pointed out in the passage that children's books ----.

- A) are designed to teach basic reading skills rather than address emotional concepts
- B) avoid difficult topics like fear, identity, or justice to remain appropriate for young readers
- C) typically prefer straightforward expression over layered or figurative meaning
- D) can explore serious and deep themes despite their seemingly simple form
- E) rarely rely on symbolic or metaphorical elements to keep the story easy to follow

42. According to the passage, *The Little Prince* ----.

- A) is unique in its ability to leave a deeper mark on adult readers than on children
- B) presents complex philosophical ideas through seemingly simple storytelling
- C) is typically misunderstood as superficial by readers of all ages
- D) is a rare exception to the common belief that children's books lack intellectual richness
- E) gained its popularity through philosophical themes like life's meaning and human nature

43. What is the author's primary purpose in this passage?

- A) To emphasise that children's literature deserves more literary respect
- B) To encourage adults to read more books written for children
- C) To suggest that complicated ideas are best taught through a simple narrative
- D) To analyse the language used in world-famous children's books
- E) To criticise adults for underestimating children's cognitive abilities

44. - 48. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

44. Historian:

- **We've recently examined inscriptions found in an ancient marketplace.**

Broadcaster:

– ----

Historian:

- **They suggest merchants used a shared script to trade across language barriers.**

Broadcaster:

- **That's fascinating. It must have been a highly efficient system for facilitating international trade in that era.**

- A) Where exactly did they discover these markings?
- B) What do the texts reveal about ancient commerce?
- C) How did you manage to decode them?
- D) Do you know who originally carved the symbols?
- E) Were they written by local merchants?

45. Pete:

- **I started volunteering at the animal shelter last month.**

Jenny:

– ----

Pete:

- **Mostly caring for abandoned pets, feeding them, and helping with their medical check-ups.**

Jenny:

- **That sounds rewarding. Maybe I can join you next time.**

- A) I've always wanted to try that. What kind of work do you do there?
- B) Helping animals is great. Do you work with particular types of pets?
- C) It must take a lot of time. How do you manage your schedule?
- D) I can imagine it's a lot of work. What's the most challenging part?
- E) I'm curious about your experience. How did you get involved with the shelter?

46. Teacher:

- **Earth Day is coming up. Do you have any activity ideas other than planting trees?**

Student:

– ----

Teacher:

- **Good idea. How can we involve as many students as possible?**

Student:

- **We could set up small teams, track their progress, and share updates to encourage participation.**

- A) Students might enjoy watching environmental documentaries together.
- B) It's important to recycle plastic bottles and pick up litter regularly to protect wildlife.
- C) Let's organise a recycling campaign at school and create posters to raise awareness.
- D) A lecture on reducing waste and saving energy can be useful instead of a one-off event.
- E) Inviting a guest speaker to talk about climate change can bring attention to the issue.

47. James:

- **I'm planning a weekend getaway, but I don't want to travel too far. Any ideas?**

Vince:

- **There's a cosy mountain resort that's only a short drive from the city.**

James:

– ----

Vince:

- **Yes, both activities are available there. Plus, the views of the surrounding forests and mountains are simply breathtaking.**

- A) Can I only relax there, or are there other activities too?
- B) Is it far from the city centre by public transport?
- C) Are there restaurants nearby, or should I bring food?
- D) Do I need any special equipment to enjoy the outdoors there?
- E) Can I go hiking and enjoy spa treatments at the resort?

48. Lily:

- **Did you hear that scientists finally uncovered how lightning starts?**

Ross:

– ----

Lily:

- **Turns out, cosmic rays trigger electron avalanches inside clouds, which spark lightning.**

Ross:

- **That's interesting. It really shows how much we still have to learn about nature.**

- A) I'm not surprised; there's still so much we don't know about the atmosphere. Did they publish a paper about it?
- B) Wait, I thought it was just about charge separation in clouds. What did they find?
- C) I've heard about this before, but my main question is: could the same thing happen on other planets?
- D) Did the team run into any unexpected issues while trying to prove their hypothesis?
- E) I wonder what that means for our weather predictions. Is this new finding going to help us with storm warnings?

49. - 53. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

49. The adoption of anaesthesia in surgery allowed complex operations to be performed without pain.

- A) Anaesthesia made it possible to do complex surgical operations more safely and painlessly.
- B) Surgery had always involved painful procedures before anaesthesia was introduced.
- C) The utilisation of anaesthesia led to a decrease in pain levels during and after surgical operations.
- D) Anaesthesia reduced patients' pain during complex surgeries but did not completely relieve it.
- E) Complex, painless surgical procedures became possible after anaesthesia began to be utilised.

50. Apart from being a source of entertainment, reading novels greatly enhances one's critical thinking skills.

- A) Reading novels has many benefits, including improving one's critical thinking skills and providing amusement.
- B) In addition to developing critical thinking skills, novels are known to be an important part of one's entertainment.
- C) Reading novels not only entertains readers but also significantly improves their critical thinking skills.
- D) Reading novels is considered enjoyable by many, but few are aware of its significant role in improving critical thinking skills.
- E) Novels entertain readers, but their impact on the development of critical thinking has yet to be proven.

51. The offside trap is a defensive strategy where defenders intentionally step forward to catch attackers in an offside position.

- A) The offside trap, in which defenders deliberately move upfield, is a defensive tactic to catch opponents offside.
- B) The offside trap is a method where attackers advance without focusing on defenders' positions.
- C) By moving forward on purpose, some defenders use the offside trap to catch attacking players offside during the game.
- D) To catch their opponents offside, some football players may intentionally advance as part of the offside trap defensive play.
- E) As a defensive manoeuvre, the offside trap involves all defenders stepping forward at the same time to catch attackers offside.

52. When tea was first imported to England in the 17th century, only aristocrats could enjoy it due to its high price.

- A) Though tea was costly, its popularity grew rapidly among the English aristocracy following its introduction in the 17th century.
- B) Since it was so expensive, tea, which was first brought to England in the 17th century, was only consumed by the aristocracy.
- C) Upon its introduction to England in the 17th century, tea was so expensive that even the wealthy could scarcely afford it.
- D) In 17th-century England, tea was imported mainly because it was regarded as a daily necessity for the very rich.
- E) Tea did not become a drink for the wealthy until long after it was introduced to England in the 17th century.

53. UNESCO reports that remote learning students develop collaborative skills more slowly than those in traditional classrooms.

- A) In UNESCO's report, it was found that remote learning has improved students' collaborative skills more than traditional classroom education.
- B) A UNESCO report highlights that the slow development of collaborative skills among remote learning students is a concern.
- C) The UNESCO report suggests that distance learning, when combined with regular classroom methods, enables students to develop collaboration skills.
- D) UNESCO indicates that students in regular classroom settings and those learning remotely both enhance their collaboration skills at a slow pace.
- E) Remote learning students do not acquire collaborative skills as quickly as their peers in traditional classrooms, according to UNESCO.

54. - 58. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

54. While walking through a mountain valley, you notice the clouds are turning dark and moving in rapidly. Aware that the weather could change quickly, you say to your companion anxiously: ----

- A) Those clouds look dramatic, so let's keep walking and see what the sky does.
- B) Those storm clouds are gathering fast, so we must find shelter immediately before it starts pouring.
- C) We should take out our waterproofs now so we can be prepared if it gets worse later.
- D) Why don't we take a short break at the next bend in the trail to enjoy the scenery a little bit longer?
- E) If we keep following this trail, we'll reach the mountaintop before the sun begins to set.

55. A friend of yours is moving to another country. However, she is worried about feeling isolated and struggling with the culture. You are confident that she will adapt quickly. To ease her worries, you say: ----

- A) You need to prepare yourself for loneliness during the first few weeks.
- B) If it feels too difficult, you can come back home whenever you like.
- C) You should focus on work so you don't get overwhelmed by culture shock.
- D) I know it's a big change, but I'm sure you'll settle in faster than you think.
- E) It's best to avoid meeting too many new people until you feel comfortable.

56. Your sister has become obsessed with face creams lately. She tries a new product every day and keeps asking you if each one works. It bothers you as you think she harms her skin. To warn her, you playfully say: ----

- A) How long will you keep running a chemistry experiment on your face?
- B) You're probably wasting money buying all those useless creams.
- C) Honestly, sometimes less is more with these products.
- D) Stop switching products every day; your skin can't handle that.
- E) Don't you think it's better to stick to a few trusted products?

57. You are having lunch with a colleague. He talks about how the position of the Moon affects everyone's mood and insists that you'll have a terrible week because Mercury is in retrograde. You find this idea absurd and a waste of time, so you say: ----

- A) You might be right. I'll check the astrology chart as soon as I get home.
- B) Oh, so that's why I've been feeling tired and angry lately!
- C) Seriously? Do you actually believe planets decide how my week will go?
- D) I've always trusted your predictions, so I'll cancel my meetings.
- E) I'm so glad you reminded me—I almost forgot about Mercury.

58. You are a young writer who admires a well-known author and finally gets the chance to meet her. You would like some advice on how to improve your writing and get published, so you politely ask her: ----

- A) How did you come up with the idea for your latest book, and how long did it take to write it?
- B) I'm preparing to speak at a local book fair. Any advice on connecting with the audience?
- C) I've always wanted to study literature abroad. Could you suggest some good programmes?
- D) I want to try writing in a completely different genre. What would you recommend?
- E) How can I refine my pen and eventually get my stories into readers' hands?

59. - 63. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

59. Board game cafés have become a popular leisure destination in many cities. ---- Some cafés also host events and tournaments for more competitive players. This combination of play, food, and social interaction has made them a favourite gathering spot for people of all ages.

- A) Visitors can choose from hundreds of games while enjoying drinks or snacks.
- B) These cafés often create themed nights to introduce players to new and unusual games.
- C) Many of them display shelves filled with both classic and modern board games.
- D) Guests are encouraged to bring friends or meet new people through shared table play.
- E) The cosy atmosphere makes them ideal for group celebrations and casual meetings.

60. Have you ever wondered how people got up for work before alarm clocks? During the Industrial Revolution in England and Ireland, there was an intriguing profession known as the knocker-uppers. ---- While it might seem odd now, knocker-uppers played an important role in keeping daily life on track.

- A) The profession declined after alarm clocks became affordable and widespread.
- B) They woke workers early in the morning by tapping on their windows with long sticks.
- C) The job required physical strength, as they had to walk long distances each morning.
- D) In some towns, they were officially appointed by local authorities.
- E) The people they woke up often paid their fees by subscription.

61. Contronyms are words that have completely opposite meanings. A popular example is the word 'dust', which can mean either removing dust from a surface or sprinkling dust onto it. ---- Therefore, readers and listeners need to rely on context to determine which meaning is intended.

- A) However, the use of contronyms is discouraged in formal writing to avoid ambiguity.
- B) Because contronyms are rare, most people do not encounter them in everyday language.
- C) Since many words can have multiple meanings, understanding them can be difficult.
- D) Although these words demonstrate the richness of a language, they can also cause confusion.
- E) While languages borrow words from each other, this can lead to overlapping or shifting meanings.

62. Researchers have recently found that octopuses build underwater cities. ---- Within these clusters, they interact with each other, sometimes cooperating but often fighting over the best homes. This level of social behaviour challenges the long-held belief that octopuses are strictly solitary. It is yet another reminder that the ocean's depths still hold many secrets.

- A) These villages are made of shells, rocks, and human trash, arranged into little neighbourhoods.
- B) Divers have discovered a similar underwater city in China, preserved for over 1,300 years.
- C) They live one to two years, though some, like the giant Pacific octopus, can live up to five years.
- D) Other marine species can also communicate with complex sounds and display social behaviour.
- E) These animals have three hearts, two pumping blood to the gills and one to the rest of the body.

63. ---- Parents usually pack snacks, games, and books to keep children occupied. They also make sure to dress kids in comfortable clothing that can be layered and easily removed, as cabin temperatures can vary. These small efforts can help families enjoy their flights with less stress and more comfort.

- A) Flying with children demands extra planning to ensure a stress-free journey.
- B) Travelling by plane is generally the fastest way to reach faraway countries.
- C) Family holidays are unforgettable when everyone agrees on the destination.
- D) Airlines are increasingly offering family-friendly services.
- E) Children frequently struggle with ear pressure during flights.

64. - 69. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

64. Studies suggest that cooking with family members increases children's nutritional awareness and their willingness to try new foods.

- A) Aileleriyle birlikte yemek pişirmenin çocukların beslenme bilincinin yanı sıra yeni yiyecekleri deneme istekliliğini de artırdığı araştırmalarla kanıtlanmıştır.
- B) Araştırmalar, aile üyeleriyle birlikte yemek pişiren çocukların beslenme bilincinin ve yeni yiyecekleri deneme istekliliğinin arttığını göstermektedir.
- C) Araştırmalar, aile üyeleriyle birlikte yemek pişirmenin çocukların beslenme bilincini ve yeni yiyecekleri deneme istekliliğini artırdığını göstermektedir.
- D) Aile üyeleriyle birlikte yemek pişirmenin çocukların beslenme bilincini ve yeni yiyecekleri deneme istekliliğini artırdığını gösteren araştırmalar vardır.
- E) Araştırmalar, çocukların beslenme bilincini ve yeni yiyecekleri deneme istekliliğini artıran şeyin aile üyeleriyle birlikte yemek pişirmek olduğunu göstermektedir.

65. Newborn babies' skulls are made up of several soft bones that have not yet fused together to allow for their brain growth.

- A) Yeni doğan bebeklerin kafatasında, büyümeyi kolaylaştıran yumuşak kemik parçaları bulunur ve bunlar tam olarak kaynamamıştır.
- B) Yeni doğan bebeklerin kafatasları, beyinlerinin gelişimi için esnek kemik parçalarından oluşur ve bu kemikler henüz kaynamamıştır.
- C) Yeni doğan bebeklerin kafatasları, beyinlerinin büyümesine izin verecek şekilde birbirinden ayrı ve esnek yapısı olan kemiklerden oluşur.
- D) Yeni doğan bebekler, kaynamamış yumuşak kemiklerden oluşan bir kafatasına sahiptir ve bu yapı beyinlerinin büyümesini sağlar.
- E) Yeni doğan bebeklerin kafatasları, beyinlerinin büyümesini sağlamak için henüz birbirine kaynamamış birçok yumuşak kemikten oluşur.

66. Researchers hope bioprinters will one day produce fully functional organs and reduce the need for donors.

- A) Araştırmacılar, biyoyazıcıların yakın zamanda işlevsel organlar yaparak bağışçı ihtiyacını ortadan kaldıracağını umuyorlar.
- B) Araştırmacılar, biyoyazıcıların tamamen fonksiyonel organ üretimini mümkün kılarak bağış ihtiyacını azaltabileceğine inanıyorlar.
- C) Araştırmacılar, biyoyazıcıların gelecekte tamamen işlevsel organlar üretilip bağışa olan ihtiyacın azalacağını düşünüyorlar.
- D) Araştırmacılar, biyoyazıcı teknolojisinin fonksiyonel organ üretiminde kullanılmasının donör sayısını azaltacağını umuyorlar.
- E) Araştırmacılar, biyoyazıcıların bir gün tamamen işlevsel organlar üreteceğini ve donör ihtiyacını azaltacağını umuyorlar.

67. Not only was Maria Montessori an innovative educator, but she also developed materials that encouraged independent learning in children.

- A) Çocuklar için geliştirilmiş materyallerin yanı sıra bağımsız öğrenmeyi de teşvik eden Maria Montessori, yenilikçi bir eğitimciydi.
- B) Maria Montessori sadece yenilikçi bir eğitimci olmakla yetinmedi ve çocuklarda bağımsız öğrenmeyi teşvik eden materyaller de geliştirdi.
- C) Çocuklarda bağımsız öğrenmeyi teşvik eden materyaller de geliştiren Maria Montessori, oldukça yenilikçi bir eğitimciydi.
- D) Maria Montessori yalnızca yenilikçi bir eğitimci değildi, aynı zamanda çocuklarda bağımsız öğrenmeyi teşvik eden materyaller de geliştirmişti.
- E) Maria Montessori yalnızca yenilikçi bir eğitimci olmakla kalmadı, aynı zamanda çocukların bağımsız öğrenmesi için materyaller geliştirilmesini de teşvik etti.

68. Shakespeare's plays have deeply influenced literature, inspiring many adaptations throughout history.

- A) Shakespeare, tarih boyunca birçok uyarlamaya ilham olan oyunları sayesinde edebiyatı derinden etkilemiştir.
- B) Shakespeare'in oyunları tarih boyunca birçok uyarlamaya ilham vererek edebiyatı derinden etkilemiştir.
- C) Tarih boyunca birçok kez sahnelenmiş olan Shakespeare'in oyunları, edebiyata derin bir katkı sağlamıştır.
- D) Shakespeare'in oyunları, edebiyat dünyasını derinden etkileyerek tarih boyunca çeşitli şekillerde yorumlanmıştır.
- E) Tarih boyunca birçok farklı şekilde uyarlanmış olan Shakespeare'in oyunları, edebiyatı derinden etkilemiştir.

69. In the palaces of Nineveh, there were large granaries used in order to store surplus grain and oil for the royal family and military units.

- A) Ninova saraylarında, kraliyet ailesi ve askerî birliklere fazladan tahıl ve yağ sağlamak amacıyla kullanılan büyük ambarlar vardı.
- B) Ninova saraylarında, kraliyet ailesi ve askerî birlikler için fazlalık tahıl ve yağı depolamak amacıyla kullanılan büyük ambarlar vardı.
- C) Kraliyet ailesi ve Ninova saraylarındaki askerî birlikler için fazlalık tahıl ve yağı depolamak amacıyla kullanılan büyük ambarlar vardı.
- D) Kraliyet ailesi ve askerî birlikler için fazlalık tahıl ve yağı depolamak amacıyla Ninova saraylarında kullanılan büyük ambarlar vardı.
- E) Ninova saraylarında, kraliyet ailesi ve askerî birlikler için tahıl ve yağ depolamak amacıyla tasarlanmış olan büyük ambarlar vardı.

70. - 75. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

70. Paris Anlaşması, küresel iklim değişikliğinin etkilerini azaltabilir; ancak bu, tüm ülkelerin anlaşma hükümlerini uygulamasına bağlıdır.

- A) The Paris Agreement can reduce the effects of global climate change; however, this depends on all countries applying the provisions of the agreement.
- B) The Paris Agreement has the potential to reduce the effects of global climate change, but its efficacy depends upon all countries applying its provisions.
- C) The Paris Agreement's provisions may not be effective in reducing the impacts of global climate change, even if they are applied by all countries.
- D) Whether the impacts of global climate change can be reduced depends on all countries applying the provisions of the Paris Agreement.
- E) The Paris Agreement's provisions are designed to reduce the impacts of global climate change; nevertheless, their success depends on their application by all countries.

71. Egzersizin beyne oksijen taşınımını artırarak dikkat, hafıza ve problem çözme gibi bilişsel becerileri keskinleştirdiği bilinmektedir.

- A) It is well established that exercise sharpens memory, attention, and problem-solving skills by increasing the oxygen levels in the brain.
- B) Since exercise increases the oxygen delivered to the brain, it is known to improve attention, memory, and the ability to solve problems.
- C) Exercise improves cognitive functions, particularly attention, memory, and problem-solving, as it enhances oxygen circulation.
- D) Cognitive skills like memory, attention, and problem-solving are sharpened by exercise through its effect of delivering more oxygen to the brain.
- E) Exercise is known to sharpen cognitive abilities such as attention, memory, and problem-solving by increasing oxygen delivery to the brain.

72. Tarihi, doğal ve kültürel zenginliklerle dolu Kapadokya’da bulunan Karanlık Kilise’deki freskleri, son on yılda bir milyondan fazla kişi gezdi.

- A) The Dark Church is located in Cappadocia, rich in historical, natural, and cultural treasures, and has been visited by more than a million people in the last decade.
- B) More than a million visitors toured the frescoes in Cappadocia’s Dark Church during the last decade, a region known for its historical, natural, and cultural richness.
- C) Over the past decade, the frescoes in Cappadocia’s Dark Church, visited by millions, have showcased the region’s natural, historical, and cultural wealth.
- D) More than a million people have visited the frescoes in the Dark Church in Cappadocia, rich in historical, natural, and cultural treasures over the past decade.
- E) The frescoes in the Dark Church in Cappadocia, full of historical, natural, and cultural riches, have been visited by a million people over the past decade.

73. Beyin optimal çalışmak için suya ihtiyaç duyduğundan yetersiz su tüketimi, konsantrasyon sorunlarına yol açabilir.

- A) Not drinking enough water causes difficulties in concentrating because the brain requires water to work at its best.
- B) Since the brain needs water to function optimally, insufficient water intake can lead to concentration problems.
- C) Because a lack of adequate water intake might result in concentration issues, the brain needs proper hydration to operate efficiently.
- D) When people do not consume enough water, their focus can suffer because the brain relies on hydration for optimal performance.
- E) The brain’s optimal functioning depends on water, so not drinking enough can lead to difficulties in maintaining attention.

74. Okuyucunun metni düzenlemesini gerektiren ergodik edebiyat, okumayı pasif bir deneyimden aktif bir yolculuğa dönüştürür.

- A) Ergodic literature makes reading active, as the reader must rearrange the text and thereby break the passivity of the experience.
- B) Since ergodic literature transforms reading into an active journey, it compels the reader to rearrange the text rather than passively read it.
- C) Ergodic literature, which requires the reader to rearrange the text, transforms reading from a passive experience into an active journey.
- D) By transforming reading from a passive experience into an active journey, ergodic literature lets readers rearrange the text.
- E) Ergodic literature, which transforms reading from a passive experience into an active journey, requires readers to rearrange the text.

75. Yeni bir araştırmaya göre, çocukların yemek seçmesi, ailelerinin onları yetiştirme tarzından ziyade büyük ölçüde genetik yatkınlıklarına bağlıdır.

- A) According to a new study, children’s picky eating is mostly the result of the way their families raise them instead of their genetic predispositions.
- B) A new study has shown that parenting style is not as closely related to children’s picky eating habits as genetic predispositions are.
- C) According to a new study, children’s picky eating is largely down to their genetic predispositions rather than to the way their families raise them.
- D) According to a new study, children’s picky eating is mostly due to their genetic predispositions rather than the parenting styles of their families.
- E) A new study suggests that picky eating in children stems from genetic predispositions, yet not from the way their families raise them.

76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) Economic history examines how economies have evolved over time in different regions. (II) It analyses trade patterns, industrial growth, and the impact of financial systems. (III) Many economic historians use statistical data from past centuries to identify long-term trends. (IV) Studies of population migration can reveal shifts in labour markets and resource use. (V) The discipline often overlaps with political history, especially when economic policies are studied.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) Sometimes we struggle to remember a name, a word, or a small detail, no matter how hard we try. (II) Some people have an extraordinary ability to remember this information effortlessly. (III) After a while, the information can suddenly appear, often when we are relaxed or busy with something else. (IV) This is because our brains continue to work quietly in the background, even if we turn our attention to another activity. (V) Without the pressure of trying too hard, it becomes easier for the memory to surface.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) Roman engineers created a type of concrete that lasts much longer than many modern concrete mixes. (II) The use of decorative mosaics and frescoes was also widespread in their architecture. (III) This durability comes from mixing volcanic ash, called *pozzolana*, with lime. (IV) When this mixture comes into contact with seawater, a chemical reaction occurs, which helps the concrete repair itself over time. (V) Because of this, many Roman harbours and piers have stood for over 2,000 years.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) Every year, millions of old phones, laptops, and gadgets are thrown away as e-waste. (II) These devices contain toxic metals like lead and mercury, which can seep into groundwater and poison drinking supplies. (III) Some countries have recently introduced strict penalties for companies that export e-waste illegally. (IV) Proper recycling helps prevent these substances from contaminating the environment. (V) To achieve this, individuals and companies must dispose of e-waste through recycling programmes or donate old devices for refurbishment.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) Have you ever imagined waking up in a centuries-old chamber where kings and queens once lived? (II) Across Europe and beyond, many castles have been transformed into boutique hotels, allowing travellers to enjoy comfort fit for royalty. (III) Yet, restoring such castles often takes years and involves complex negotiations with heritage organisations. (IV) Instead of just touring the halls, guests can sleep in elegant chambers, dine in grand banquet rooms, and even explore secret passages. (V) It is like stepping into a fairy tale—with Wi-Fi and room service.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



ORTAÖĞRETİM
GENEL MÜDÜRLÜĞÜ



YKS DENEMELERİ

YDT

İNGİLİZCE

14. DENEME



ADI VE SOYADI

OKUL ADI

ADAYIN İMZASI

ADAYIN DİKKATİNE!

1. Bu sınavda YDT soru dağılımları dikkate alınmıştır.
2. Deneme tam kapsam olup YDT konularının tamamını kapsamaktadır.
3. Bu sınav 80 soru içermektedir.

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MATERYAL

Bu testlerin her hakkı saklıdır. Hangi amaçla olursa olsun, testlerin tamamının veya bir kısmının Millî Eğitim Bakanlığının yazılı izni olmadan kopya edilmesi, fotoğrafının çekilmesi, herhangi bir yolla çoğaltılması, yayımlanması ya da kullanılması yasaktır. Bu yasağa uymayanlar gerekli cezai sorumluluğu ve testlerin hazırlanmasındaki mali külfeti peşinen kabullenmiş sayılır.

AÇIKLAMA

1. Bu kitapçıkta **80 soru** bulunmaktadır.
2. Bu sınav için verilen cevaplama süresi **120 dakikadır (2 saat)**.
3. **Bu sınav puanlanırken doğru cevaplarınızın sayısından yanlış cevaplarınızın sayısının dörtte biri çıkarılacak ve kalan sayı bu test ile ilgili ham puanınız olacaktır.**
4. Kitapçığın sayfalarındaki boş yerleri müsvedde için kullanabilirsiniz.
5. Cevaplamaya istediğiniz sorudan başlayabilirsiniz. Bir soru ile ilgili cevabınızı, cevap kâğıdında o soru için ayrılmış olan yere işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.
6. Bu kitapçıkta yer alan her sorunun sadece bir doğru cevabı vardır. Cevap kâğıdında bir soru için birden çok cevap yeri işaretlenmişse o soru yanlış cevaplanmış sayılacaktır. İşaretlediğiniz bir cevabı değiştirmek istediğinizde silme işlemi çok iyi yapmanız gerektiğini unutmayınız.

1. - 15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Newly planted trees require sufficient water and nutrients to ensure healthy growth and smooth ---- to the environment after transplantation.

A) adaptation
B) extinction
C) dedication
D) obligation
E) rejection

2. High temperatures and humidity cause ---- effects in certain metals, such as loss of mechanical strength and reduced durability.

A) relevant
B) sceptical
C) adverse
D) offensive
E) compelling

3. Cultural differences may ---- give rise to misunderstandings, but these can be clarified through patience and mutual respect.

A) privately
B) initially
C) fluently
D) cautiously
E) bitterly

4. Readers gain a clearer understanding of authors' works when they read autobiographies that ---- personal motivations and experiences.

A) overlook
B) disclose
C) withstand
D) exclude
E) enforce

5. As a result of excessive sugar consumption, fat ---- in the liver over time, increasing the risk of metabolic disorders.

A) works out
B) hides away
C) takes off
D) centres on
E) builds up

6. Captain Cook ---- one of history's most skilled navigators and explorers, as he ---- uncharted territories with remarkable accuracy.

A) was considered / might have mapped
B) is considered / was able to map
C) has been considered / should have mapped
D) will be considered / could map
E) had been considered / would map

7. During summer football matches, referees ---- water breaks regularly ---- dehydration and heat-related illnesses among players.

- A) can schedule / being prevented
- B) must schedule / to be preventing
- C) would schedule / preventing
- D) may schedule / to have prevented
- E) should schedule / to prevent

8. Mangroves ---- along tropical and subtropical coastlines help reduce erosion by ---- sediment with their extensive root systems.

- A) growing / stabilising
- B) grown / having stabilised
- C) to grow / being stabilised
- D) having grown / stabilised
- E) grow / to be stabilising

9. Developers are optimising apps ---- voice commands after seeing rising demand ---- mobility-impaired users.

- A) in / upon
- B) at / with
- C) for / from
- D) about / of
- E) by / among

10. Collaborations ---- culinary schools and local farms ---- farm-to-table experiences are opening up new food tourism opportunities across Japan.

- A) at / as
- B) among / by
- C) with / of
- D) between / on
- E) from / in

11. Artificial intelligence can identify patterns in medical scans faster than doctors; ----, it needs human supervision to avoid dangerous mistakes.

- A) however
- B) otherwise
- C) in other words
- D) moreover
- E) for example

12. Some octopus species can regrow entire limbs ---- they are under continuous stress or suffer from infections that prevent proper healing.

- A) as long as
- B) after
- C) since
- D) so that
- E) unless

13. ---- mediaeval alchemists attempted to produce gold, yet ---- succeeded despite years of experimentation and effort.

- A) Some / everybody
- B) Several / anybody
- C) Few / nobody
- D) A number of / someone
- E) Many / no one

14. Reading a poem is like opening a window to someone else's soul; ---- we reflect on their emotions, ---- we understand our own.

- A) neither / nor
- B) the more / the more
- C) as / as
- D) whether / or
- E) such / that

15. Authorities restricted entries into the Chernobyl reactor area immediately after the explosion ---- radioactive contamination.

- A) in spite of
- B) rather than
- C) for fear of
- D) as well as
- E) in the hope of

16. - 20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Wearable technologies, like smartwatches, have become a popular way to monitor personal health. These devices can track heart rate, sleep patterns, and physical activity, giving users real-time info about their overall well-being. Many people find this (16)---- feedback motivating, helping them set goals and stay on track with their fitness routines. (17)----, some users develop 'tracking anxiety', becoming overly focused on daily metrics. (18)---- promoting well-being, the data can cause stress or even unhealthy competition. While wearable technologies offer clear benefits in encouraging positive habits, they can also negatively affect mental health when (19)----. To ensure these tools remain helpful rather than harmful, users must pair their benefits (20)---- a balanced and mindful approach.

- 16. A) anonymous
B) constant
C) foreseeable
D) deterrent
E) destructive
- 17. A) Nevertheless
B) Likewise
C) In conclusion
D) Namely
E) For this reason
- 18. A) Similar to
B) By means of
C) Instead of
D) As a result of
E) With regard to
- 19. A) overused
B) to be overused
C) overusing
D) having overused
E) to overuse
- 20. A) into
B) along
C) over
D) upon
E) with

21. - 28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. ---- due to the intense anxiety and avoidance behaviours they experience.

- A) Many researchers argue that phobias are essentially irrational
- B) Childhood phobias are most common between the ages of five and nine
- C) Individuals with phobias often struggle with daily activities
- D) People suffering from phobias have a history of a traumatic or frightening event
- E) Therapists have been experimenting with virtual reality to reduce some phobias

22. With the aim of protecting their food supplies throughout the year, ----.

- A) the Inca built cold storage houses high in the Andes
- B) farmers in ancient Egypt carved hieroglyphs to record harvests
- C) the Maya tracked celestial movements with great precision
- D) the Ottomans built massive stone bridges across Anatolia
- E) tall, defensive walls were built by Chinese workers around entire cities

23. Despite the convenience of mass-produced goods, ----.

- A) some consumers ignore the importance of cultural heritage
- B) culture significantly influences the designs of products
- C) traditional crafts remain highly valued in many cultures
- D) these products are cheaper than handmade items
- E) machines produce almost everything faster than humans

24. ----, yet it often creates new, more complex issues in the end.

- A) Most people now use smartphones for entertainment and communication
- B) The development of new materials has opened doors to advanced engineering
- C) Human curiosity drives continuous exploration of space and the universe
- D) The ultimate goal of innovation is to solve human problems and improve lives
- E) Not every technological breakthrough is welcomed by all segments of society

25. Paediatricians track a child's growth charts at each appointment ----.

- A) since parents share observations about behaviour, appetite, or energy levels
- B) so that they can detect early signs of developmental delays or nutritional issues
- C) even though minor illnesses are common in early childhood
- D) if they observe significant changes in measurements from the previous visit
- E) although parental concerns are also taken into consideration during the evaluation

26. ----, those who are truly fortunate know that contentment comes from inner peace.

- A) Whenever people invest time in learning new skills or improving themselves
- B) Unless individuals understand that failure is an essential part of growth
- C) As long as people try to follow trends instead of finding their own path
- D) While some people chase material possessions to feel fulfilled
- E) Since some waste too much energy worrying about what they cannot change

27. ----, some viewers choose ad-supported options as a more affordable alternative.

- A) Although streaming platforms require credit card information upon registration
- B) While some prefer watching new releases as soon as they come out
- C) Provided that users can watch multiple series at once without ads
- D) If premium plans include additional benefits for loyal subscribers
- E) Because streaming platforms charge higher fees for ad-free subscriptions

28. Many popular films show Vikings wearing helmets with large horns; ----.

- A) on the contrary, modern historians often include horns in reconstructions
- B) therefore, horns became an essential part of Viking military equipment
- C) however, no Viking-era helmet ever discovered by archaeologists has horns
- D) in fact, this design helped frighten their opponents on the battlefield
- E) similarly, ancient Celts also decorated their helmets with horns

29. - 31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Microbial art is a unique artistic method that uses living microorganisms to create designs on agar, a gel-like material that supports their growth. These organisms are placed inside a shallow, round container called a petri dish. In this unusual medium, artists 'paint' by carefully placing bacteria, fungi, or yeast onto the agar surface. They select specific microbial species for their distinct array of colours and textures to craft images ranging from abstract compositions to realistic portraits.

This process demands strict control of incubation conditions, such as temperature and duration, to achieve predictable visual results. Since the organisms continue to grow after application, artists need to calculate how much the colonies will expand. This helps ensure design coherence in the final artwork. The resulting artworks remain biologically active, which poses challenges for archiving due to their unavoidable biological decay over time. Therefore, preservation methods like refrigeration or resin sealing are required.

29. The underlined phrase 'this process' in the passage refers to ----.

- A) controlling the incubation conditions
- B) the act of crafting images from abstract to realistic portraits
- C) creating art by using living microorganisms
- D) the placement of bacteria, fungi, or yeast onto the agar surface
- E) the selection of microbes for their colour and texture

30. Which of the following is true according to the passage?

- A) The necessity for preservation methods stems from the ongoing biological activity of the artworks.
- B) Artists use viruses as their primary medium for creating different colours and textures.
- C) The primary purpose of incubation is to speed up the microbial growth process as much as possible.
- D) Artists choose microbial species mainly for their resistance to refrigeration and sealing.
- E) Calculating colony expansion rates is optional for artists who want abstract results.

31. It can be inferred from the passage that artists who practise microbial art must ----.

- A) develop new preservation techniques to counteract biological decay
- B) be familiar with both biological processes and design principles
- C) specialise in one type of microorganism to ensure colour consistency
- D) work quickly to finish their designs before microbial growth begins
- E) create their own petri dishes from scratch to control the exact size and shape

32. - 34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Vermicomposting is a biological process in which earthworms convert organic waste into nutrient-rich compost. This method uses the digestive process of worms to break down fruit peels, vegetable scraps, and other biodegradable materials into a substance that improves soil fertility. One of the key advantages of vermicomposting is its simplicity, as it requires only a suitable container, appropriate bedding material, and regular feeding. Because it can be carried out at the household level, even in urban settings, it provides a practical alternative to traditional waste management methods. Additionally, vermicomposting significantly reduces dependence on chemical fertilisers, which are often associated with soil degradation, water pollution, and biodiversity loss. By serving as a natural alternative to chemicals, vermicomposting supports healthier ecosystems and sustainable agriculture.

32. According to the passage, what is the role of earthworms in vermicomposting?

- A) They generate natural compost without any need for human care.
- B) They speed up the chemical breakdown process of synthetic fertilisers.
- C) They directly replace chemical fertilisers in modern agriculture.
- D) They decompose organic matter and produce natural compost.
- E) They increase biodiversity by attracting different species to gardens.

33. According to the passage, vermicomposting contributes to sustainability by ----.

- A) producing fertiliser much faster than other known methods
- B) making gardens productive without any maintenance
- C) transforming all household waste into compost
- D) providing immediate and complete soil restoration
- E) reducing chemical use and supporting ecosystem health

34. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?

- A) The Advantages of Natural and Chemical Fertilisers in Agriculture
- B) Contemporary Composting Methods That Improve Soil Health
- C) Challenges of Managing Organic Waste in Urban Areas
- D) An Eco-Friendly Method for Waste and Soil Management
- E) Simple Household Waste Management Techniques

35. - 37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Legends claim that the first soap was discovered when animal fat from sacrifices mixed with ash near riverbanks, creating a substance that cleansed textiles. Chemists later explained this reaction as saponification, where fats combine with alkaline substances to form soap molecules. In this reaction, one end of the molecule attaches to grease, while the other interacts with water, allowing dirt to be washed away. While the exact date and origins of soap use remain uncertain, archaeological records suggest that the Babylonians, and later the Romans, produced and used soap, though it was often harsh on the skin. Its simple recipes gradually evolved from crude lye-based mixtures to bars enriched with olive oil and herbs. By the Industrial Revolution, factories mass-produced soap. Over the course of history, soap has proved to be more than a household item by reducing infections and helping cities grow healthier. What had once been an accidental discovery now serves a crucial function in medicine, hygiene, and public health.

35. According to the passage, which of the following is true about the early use of soap?

- A) Soap was invented by the Romans during the Industrial Revolution.
- B) The Babylonians used soap, but it was typically rough for the skin.
- C) Soap was immediately recognised in the field of medicine.
- D) Archaeological records prove that soap was invented by chemists.
- E) Soap was widely enriched with olive oil from the very beginning.

36. One can understand from the passage that the mass production of soap ----.

- A) caused its quality to decrease compared to handmade versions
- B) eliminated the use of natural ingredients like olive oil and herbs
- C) was restricted only to medical purposes rather than households
- D) marked a turning point in making hygiene accessible to more people
- E) ended the traditional use of saponification in soap-making

37. What is the main purpose of the passage?

- A) To explain the scientific process of how soap is produced and its chemical properties
- B) To describe the evolution of soap from its uncertain origins to its modern role in society
- C) To highlight the role of industrialisation in shaping factories and mass production
- D) To argue that soap was more important in ancient times than in the Industrial period
- E) To show the difference between early soaps and soaps in modern times

38. - 40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Holographic telepresence technology is expected to change the way people communicate over long distances. Unlike current video calls, which flatten and limit interaction, holograms can replicate gestures, expressions, and spatial orientation. In order to test the effectiveness of the technology, a European university and a tech start-up collaborated to conduct an experiment. Participants were able to communicate as if they were actually in the same room. Although problems like slow Internet and low projection quality still exist, recent advances in laser projection and artificial intelligence suggest that holographic communication could become widespread within ten years. In the near future, it could be used for business meetings, online classes, or even medical consultations, allowing doctors to 'see' patients in three dimensions. When widely adopted, it could dissolve geographical barriers, transforming the world as profoundly as the Internet once did.

38. According to the passage, during the experiment, participants ----.

- A) faced only technical failures, such as poor Internet connection
- B) realised that holograms could not be used for educational purposes
- C) experienced communication that felt as natural as face-to-face interaction
- D) were unable to use gestures or facial expressions in the holograms
- E) reported that video calls were more effective than holographic tests

39. It can be inferred from the passage that holographic telepresence ----.

- A) may reduce the need for physical travel in business and education
- B) is unlikely to improve further because of current problems
- C) is already more popular than traditional video conferencing
- D) has no potential to be used in international business or trade
- E) will only be used in universities and research institutions

40. The author compares the potential of holographic telepresence to the Internet mainly to ----.

- A) show that both technologies face similar technical problems
- B) suggest that the Internet will soon become outdated
- C) prove that holograms will completely replace the Internet
- D) explain why people are hesitant to adopt new technologies
- E) emphasise that it could have a transformative global impact

41. - 43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Alice in Wonderland Syndrome (AIWS), a rare neurological condition named after Lewis Carroll's famous story, alters the way people perceive the world around them. Instead of seeing objects in their real proportions, patients may experience dramatic distortions, such as a cup appearing enormous or a hand looking unusually tiny. Interestingly, these strange illusions are not caused by the eyes but by abnormal brain activity, which is often associated with migraines, epilepsy, or certain infections. Episodes usually last from a few minutes to a few hours, yet they can be deeply unsettling, especially for children, who are most likely to be affected by the disorder. Although AIWS is generally harmless and tends to fade with age, doctors regard it as a potential warning since it may signal other health problems. Indeed, the syndrome attracts the interest of researchers across disciplines, from neurology to psychology, eager to understand its profound implications for human consciousness.

41. Which of the following statements about AIWS is true according to the passage?

- A) It involves changes in perception, making objects seem larger or smaller than they actually are.
- B) It occurs as a result of irregularities in the eyes rather than the brain.
- C) It is a common disorder that affects the majority of the population at some point in their lives.
- D) It is said to have inspired Lewis Carroll when he wrote his famous story.
- E) It is a purely psychological phenomenon with no known physical cause.

42. It is pointed out in the passage that ----.

- A) AIWS leads to the development of epilepsy in the majority of patients
- B) the disorder's episodes are typically brief but can be highly distressing
- C) AIWS is a permanent, incurable condition that gets worse with age
- D) adults are more likely than children to go through episodes of the syndrome
- E) migraines directly trigger the unusual brain activity seen in AIWS patients

43. According to the passage, doctors take AIWS seriously because it ----.

- A) can prevent patients from performing basic daily tasks
- B) has potential implications for understanding human consciousness
- C) might indicate other underlying medical issues that may require attention
- D) is frequently misdiagnosed as a severe psychiatric disorder
- E) requires immediate medical intervention to prevent long-term effects

44. - 48. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

44. Alexander:

- I've been trying to write short stories, but I'm never happy with the way they turn out.

Writing Coach:

- ----

Alexander:

- Just a few online guides. Yet they didn't really help me improve my writing.

Writing Coach:

- That's fine. We'll start by working on structure and character development and then move on to plot and dialogue.

- A) Will you share any of your work with a well-known publishing house?
- B) What kind of books do you usually enjoy reading?
- C) How often do you revise your drafts before giving up?
- D) Have you ever taken any courses or read about story writing techniques?
- E) What topics do you usually choose for your short stories?

45. Denise:

- I came across this thing called a walkable roller coaster. People actually climb and walk on the track instead of riding.

Pearl:

- ----

Denise:

- Maybe for some, but it lets you explore the structure and enjoy the view in a unique way.

Pearl:

- Well, if I want to walk, I'd rather go to the park. At least there, I don't have to climb.

- A) It could be fun for photography enthusiasts. The height allows for panoramic shots.
- B) That sounds like a good workout, since climbing up the tracks requires a lot of energy.
- C) That doesn't make sense. A roller coaster is supposed to be fast and exciting.
- D) I'd like to experience that. I'm actually terrified of regular roller coasters.
- E) As long as it doesn't feel like an ordinary climb, it might be interesting to give it a try.

46. Meg:

- **Did you know that there was a 16th-century king in Central America who declared war just for exotic feathers?**

Suna:

– ----

Meg:

- **They were highly valuable for religious ceremonies and royal costumes.**

Suna:

- **Still, imagine fighting a battle just for bird feathers!**

- A) Let me guess. Were the feathers unimportant in themselves, yet symbolic?
- B) Did collecting feathers reflect the king's interest in exotic wildlife?
- C) I don't get it. Why would anyone care about feathers?
- D) Feathers must have been a common item with no special value.
- E) Isn't the story purely fictional without historical evidence?

47. Ben:

- **I find it tricky to manage our group project online.**

Ethan:

- **That sounds frustrating. What seems to be the main issue?**

Ben:

– ----

Ethan:

- **I get that. But I think using shared files and having regular catch-ups can make teamwork much smoother.**

- A) We often get confused because everyone has a different version of the project documents.
- B) Some tasks are too complex, and nobody is sure how to divide the workload fairly.
- C) It's difficult to agree on the design tools since everyone prefers a different platform.
- D) The Internet connection keeps dropping, which makes online meetings almost impossible.
- E) We don't have a clear co-ordinator, so decisions take too long and tasks overlap.

48. Interviewer:

- I heard scientists are trying ‘coral gardening’. Can you explain what that is?

Marine Biologist:

- Sure. It’s a method of growing small coral fragments in nurseries and then planting them back into damaged reefs.

Interviewer:

- ----

Marine Biologist:

- They shelter marine life, protect coasts, and support fish that communities rely on.

- A) Are there any well-known sites where coral reefs attract many divers?
- B) How do scientists determine the age of a coral reef?
- C) What are the main differences between corals and other marine species?
- D) How do restored coral reefs benefit both nature and people?
- E) Why are some tourists discouraged from visiting coral reefs?

49. - 53. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

49. Although high-speed trains shorten long journeys, they require large investments in infrastructure.

- A) Though high-speed trains are true game-changers for long journeys, this level of comfort can be really costly.
- B) While high-speed trains do cut travel times by half, they are expensive and need extensive infrastructure upgrades.
- C) The heavy expense of high-speed trains is primarily due to the fact that they reduce the length of journeys.
- D) Investments in infrastructure are massive, but the benefits of shorter travel times from high-speed trains are worth it.
- E) Despite offering major journey-time reductions, high-speed trains necessitate substantial infrastructure expenditure.

50. The QWERTY keyboard layout was created in the 1870s to prevent typewriter jams, not speed up typing.

- A) Rather than increasing typing speed, the QWERTY keyboard was designed to stop jams in typewriters in the 1870s.
- B) The QWERTY keyboard layout, introduced in the 1870s, aimed to prevent mechanical jams as well as to increase speed.
- C) Although it appeared to improve typing, the QWERTY keyboard layout was actually made to avoid typewriter jams in the 1870s.
- D) People may assume it was for typing fast, but the QWERTY keyboard layout from the 1870s was intended to stop typewriter jams.
- E) Because typewriter jams reduced typing speed in the 1870s, the QWERTY keyboard layout was designed to prevent them.

51. Sherlock Holmes often relies on cold logic, yet sometimes his intuition guides him to solve mysteries that reason alone cannot.

- A) Although Sherlock Holmes usually trusts his intuition, his logic occasionally helps him solve mysteries that instincts alone cannot.
- B) While Sherlock Holmes typically distrusts rational deduction, his instincts at times direct him towards solutions beyond mere reasoning.
- C) Even if Sherlock Holmes is logical, it may be his instincts that lead him to uncover mysteries that cannot be explained by reason.
- D) Sherlock Holmes primarily uses objective analysis, and it is his logic that reveals answers inaccessible to intuition.
- E) Sherlock Holmes often depends on detached reasoning, but sometimes his instincts enable him to solve cases beyond rationality.

52. From the mid-19th century, hospitals that sterilised surgical tools drastically reduced deaths from post-operative infections.

- A) If hospitals in the middle of the 19th century had sterilised their surgical instruments, they would not have faced infections after surgery.
- B) Hospitals began to reduce post-operative deaths considerably from the mid-19th century onwards by sterilising their surgical equipment.
- C) Deaths caused by surgical infections were inevitable in mid-19th-century hospitals because sterilisation methods were unknown.
- D) The spread of infection in the hospitals of the mid-19th century occurred mainly because medical staff did not sterilise surgical tools.
- E) Even though hospitals in the mid-19th century adopted sterilisation, most patients still died of infections after surgical operations.

53. Unless they are under the supervision of a certified instructor, beginners should avoid trying advanced manoeuvres in wingsuit flying.

- A) Even if they are taught by a certified instructor, beginners must refrain from trying difficult moves while flying in a wingsuit.
- B) Attempting advanced manoeuvres in wingsuit flying is acceptable for those who have received training with experienced instructors.
- C) Beginners are advised not to attempt advanced manoeuvres in wingsuit flying if they are not supervised by a trained instructor.
- D) Under controlled conditions, certified instructors might permit beginners to perform difficult moves while flying in a wingsuit.
- E) The supervision of a trained instructor is the only way beginners can safely perform advanced manoeuvres in wingsuit flying.

54. - 58. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

54. During a seminar on ancient civilisations, a student expresses an idea that seems unusual. You want to respond in a way that encourages open discussion without making him feel judged. So you say: ----
- A) I understand your point, but we should stick to the main historical facts.
- B) That's an interesting perspective; could you explain what led you to that conclusion?
- C) It might be helpful to hear from others as well; what do you think?
- D) You may be right, though I think we should focus on better-documented evidence.
- E) That's a point I hadn't considered, but it might be better to move to a different topic.

55. You have been struggling with deadlines this semester and failed to submit your paper again. You politely ask your professor for more time, but she is clearly frustrated with repeated delays, so she firmly says: ----
- A) You're clearly uninterested in the course, so consider dropping it altogether.
- B) You needn't worry because deadlines are only a suggestion, not a requirement.
- C) You should be excused since late work shows creativity and deeper thinking.
- D) You've had sufficient time already, and I cannot allow any further extensions.
- E) You should write shorter papers since long ones always take too much time.

56. Your brother is planning to join a neighbourhood clean-up event. You know that this activity is essential for protecting the environment and improving the local area. Feeling proud, you say: ----
- A) It's a wonderful way to make a positive impact on the environment.
- B) Joining the clean-up is OK, but planting trees would be more effective for nature.
- C) I think you should stay at home instead; you might get sick after the event.
- D) That sounds fun. Maybe you'll even meet some new people there.
- E) You could donate to an environmental charity; it's easier and still helpful.
57. Your cousin, who lives in Germany and has already been to Türkiye several times, once again plans to stay only in İstanbul during her trip. Since you do not want her to miss the country's other cultural and natural beauties, you say: ----
- A) İstanbul is a big city, so you'll never have time to see everything there.
- B) Don't forget that Türkiye has much more to offer beyond İstanbul's attractions.
- C) If you stay in İstanbul, you won't have to waste time on long journeys.
- D) The traffic in İstanbul is terrible, so you shouldn't rent a car to move around.
- E) İstanbul is beautiful, but it might be too crowded for you to fully enjoy.

58. You are playing an online team game with friends. One of your teammates keeps making negative comments about others' performance, and it is affecting the mood badly. You want to keep things friendly, so you say: ----

- A) Interesting strategy: complain until everyone plays better. Let's see if it works.
- B) If you're so good at this game, why don't you play it alone next time?
- C) I think the connection is slowing down; that's why things aren't going smoothly.
- D) No one wants to hear you complain; just quit the game if it's really that bad.
- E) This is just a game; let's try to have fun instead of blaming each other.

59. - 63. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

59. Stroke patients often require rehabilitation to regain movement and independence. Therapists design exercises to strengthen muscles and improve co-ordination. ---- With consistent practice, patients can rebuild confidence and restore daily activities.

- A) Although improvement can sometimes be quick, lasting recovery depends largely on advanced equipment.
- B) In most cases, daily routines replace therapy sessions, reducing the need for structured rehabilitation exercises.
- C) Progress is usually gradual, requiring patience and steady commitment from both patients and therapists.
- D) Many clinics provide group sessions, yet these settings do not always meet the individual needs of every patient.
- E) Patients sometimes prefer alternative treatments, such as acupuncture or herbal medicine, to conventional rehabilitation.

60. Pablo Picasso was a Spanish painter and sculptor. Despite being famous for co-founding the Cubist movement, he explored various styles and techniques repeatedly. ---- Each of these contributed to the development of his unique artistic vision.

- A) Picasso's art often reflected social and political issues of his time.
- B) During the Rose Period, his works became warmer and more cheerful in tone.
- C) His famous work, *Guernica* portrays a scene that symbolises pain and destruction.
- D) He experimented with colour, form, and perspective in different periods.
- E) Many of his works were inspired by Spanish culture and traditions.

61. During weddings or festivals, people come together to dance *horon* in the Black Sea region. They gather in a circle, shoulders touching, their feet pounding the earth in a rhythm that feels like the waves crashing on the coast. The *kemençe* makes hearts beat faster, and everyone moves together. ---- If one dancer steps out of rhythm, the harmony breaks, because *horon* is about unity, not solo talent.

- A) The dance is performed in silence so that the focus remains entirely on the movements.
- B) Each dancer is free to improvise their own style without paying attention to the others.
- C) It requires all dancers to move in perfect synchrony with the same pace.
- D) In the past, *horon* was also performed by a single person, without group participation.
- E) The costumes are more important than the music that accompanies the dance.

62. The transportation of the massive Moai statues on Easter Island remains a subject of intense debate among researchers. These multi-tonne monoliths were carved inland and then moved over several kilometres to their coastal platforms. ---- This theory is supported by the discovery of parallel worn paths from the quarry, possibly used as tracks for a sledge-like vehicle.

- A) Oral traditions passed down by the Rapa Nui people tell of the statues 'walking' across the island with divine assistance.
- B) Some researchers propose that the statues were laid on large wooden sledges and pulled over log rails.
- C) Analysis of the volcanic rock suggests it was chosen for its relative softness, making it easier to carve.
- D) The number of statues abandoned along ancient roadways indicates that the transportation process often failed.
- E) The societal organisation required for such a colossal effort must have been highly complex and stratified.

63. Emotional intelligence is more than simply recognising emotions; it involves using that awareness to guide behaviour and improve relationships. People with higher emotional intelligence are often better at handling stress, resolving conflicts, and communicating effectively. ---- For instance, a manager who can sense rising tension in a meeting may redirect the discussion before it gets worse.

- A) Some critics argue that this ability is less important than technical skills when it comes to achieving professional success.
- B) In contrast, people with low emotional intelligence often struggle to recognise even their own feelings.
- C) The concept has gained popularity in recent years as businesses search for ways to improve productivity.
- D) This skill helps them notice emotions in themselves and others, allowing for more thoughtful responses in various situations.
- E) There is a common belief that emotional intelligence is an inborn ability rather than a learnt skill.

64. - 69. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

64. Clinical trials are a type of research that examines new diagnostics and treatments and evaluates their impacts on human health.

- A) Klinik arařtırmalar, yeni tanı yöntemlerini ve tedavileri inceleyen ve bunların insan saėlıėı üzerindeki etkilerini deėerlendiren bir arařtırma türüdür.
- B) Bir arařtırma türü olarak klinik arařtırmalar, yeni tanı yöntemlerini ve tedavileri inceler ve bunların insan saėlıėı üzerindeki sonuçlarını deėerlendirir.
- C) Yeni tanı yöntemlerini ve tedavileri inceleyen ve bunların insan saėlıėı üzerindeki sonuçlarını deėerlendiren arařtırmalara klinik arařtırmalar denir.
- D) İnsan saėlıėı üzerindeki etkileri deėerlendirilen yeni tanı yöntemleri ve tedaviler, klinik arařtırmalar adı verilen bir arařtırma türünün konusudur.
- E) Klinik arařtırmalar, yeni tanı yöntemlerini ve tedavileri inceleyerek bunların insan saėlıėına nasıl etkide bulunduėunu deėerlendiren bir arařtırma türüdür.

65. Joining a guided tour is a great way to see the highlights, but adhering to a strict itinerary may sometimes feel restrictive.

- A) Katı bir güzergâha baėlı kalmak her ne kadar bazen kısıtlayıcı hissettirse de rehberli bir tura katılmak önemli yerleri görmenin harika bir yoludur.
- B) Rehberli bir tura katılmak, önemli yerleri görmek için harika bir yoldur ancak katı bir güzergâha baėlı kalmak bazen kısıtlayıcı hissettirebilir.
- C) Katı bir güzergâha baėlı kalmak bazen kısıtlayıcı hissettirse de rehberli bir tura katılmak önemli yerleri görmenin harika bir yoludur.
- D) Önemli yerleri görmenin en iyi yollarından biri rehberli bir tura katılmaktır ancak katı bir güzergâha baėlı kalmak bazen kısıtlayıcı gelebilir.
- E) Rehberli bir tura katılmak, harika yerleri görmenizi saėlar ancak katı bir güzergâha baėlı kalma zorunluluėu bazen kısıtlayıcı hissettirebilir.

66. Despite growing public awareness about sustainability, global consumption of single-use plastics continues to rise.

- A) Tek kullanımlık plastiklerin küresel tüketimi, sürdürülebilirlik konusundaki artan kamuoyu bilincine rağmen gitgide yükselmektedir.
- B) Sürdürülebilirlik konusunda kamuoyu bilinci artmaya devam etse de tek kullanımlık plastiklerin küresel tüketimi yükselmeye devam etmektedir.
- C) Sürdürülebilirliğe yönelik kamuoyu bilinci artsa da tek kullanımlık plastiklerin küresel tüketimindeki yükseliş devam etmektedir.
- D) Kamuoyunda sürdürülebilirliğe yönelik bilincin artmasına rağmen tek kullanımlık plastikler küresel tüketimde yükselişine devam etmektedir.
- E) Sürdürülebilirlik konusundaki artan kamuoyu bilincine rağmen tek kullanımlık plastiklerin küresel tüketimi yükselmeye devam etmektedir.

67. Burns caused by hot liquids should be kept under running water for at least ten minutes without delay in order to minimise skin damage.

- A) Sıcak sıvıların neden olduğu yanıklar, cilt hasarını en aza indirmek için vakit kaybetmeden, en az on dakika akan suyun altında tutulmalıdır.
- B) Sıcak sıvılardan kaynaklanan yanıklarda yanık bölge, doku hasarını azaltmak için hemen, en az on dakika boyunca akan suyun altında tutulmalıdır.
- C) Sıcak sıvılardan dolayı yanık yaşandığında, etkilenen bölge, daha fazla cilt hasarını önlemek için derhal, en az on dakika boyunca su altında tutulmalıdır.
- D) Sıcak sıvıların neden olduğu yanıklar, doku hasarını önlemek için hemen ve en az on dakika akan suyun altında tutulmalıdır.
- E) Sıcak sıvılardan kaynaklanan yanıklarda kişi, yanık bölgeyi vakit kaybetmeden ve en az on dakika boyunca akan suyun altında tutmalıdır.

68. Drones were originally invented for military use; however, they have found wide applications in photography and sports events.

- A) Aslında askerî amaçlarla tasarlanmalarına rağmen insansız hava araçları, günümüzde fotoğrafçılıkta ve spor etkinliklerinde geniş kullanım alanı bulmuştur.
- B) İnsansız hava araçları ilk olarak ordu için icat edilmiş fakat sonra fotoğrafçılıkta ve spor aktivitelerinde çok geniş kullanım alanı bulmuştur.
- C) Başlangıçta askerî amaçlar için geliştirilmiş olsalar da insansız hava araçları, günümüzde fotoğrafçılıkta ve sporda yaygın şekilde kullanılmaktadır.
- D) İnsansız hava araçları, başlangıçta askerî kullanım için icat edilmiş fakat fotoğrafçılıkta ve spor etkinliklerinde geniş kullanım alanı bulmuştur.
- E) İnsansız hava araçları, önce askerî amaçlarla icat edilmiştir fakat günümüzde çoğunlukla fotoğrafçılıkta ve spor etkinliklerinde kullanılmaktadır.

69. Ambiguity, the deliberate use of uncertainty or multiple meanings, invites readers to interpret a text in diverse ways.

- A) Bir metinde kasıtlı olarak yoruma açık anlam bırakma anlamına gelen muğlaklık, okuyucuların metni farklı yorumlamasına neden olur.
- B) Muğlaklık, kasıtlı olarak belirsizlik yaratılması veya birden fazla anlam üretilmesidir ve okuyucuları, metni çeşitli bakış açılarından değerlendirmeye davet eder.
- C) Metni, birden fazla anlama gelecek şekilde bilerek yoruma açık bırakma anlamına gelen muğlaklık, okuyucuyu farklı çıkarımlar yapmaya davet eder.
- D) Muğlaklık, yani metinde anlamın kasten bulanık veya yoruma açık bırakılması, okuyucunun metni farklı biçimlerde yorumlayabilmesine olanak tanır.
- E) Belirsizlik ya da çoklu anlamların kasıtlı olarak kullanılması olan muğlaklık, okuyucuları bir metni farklı şekillerde yorumlamaya davet eder.

70. - 75. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

70. 1215 yılında Magna Carta imzalandıktan sonra, İngiliz hükümdarlarının mutlak gücü giderek sınırlandı.

- A) In 1215, the Magna Carta was signed, gradually limiting the absolute power of every English monarch.
- B) The signing of the Magna Carta in 1215 led to the gradual limitation of the absolute power of English monarchs.
- C) After the Magna Carta was signed in 1215, the absolute power of English monarchs gradually became limited.
- D) In 1215, the Magna Carta was enacted, which led to a gradual reduction in the absolute power of English monarchs.
- E) After 1215, the Magna Carta resulted in the gradual limitation of the absolute power held by English monarchs.

71. Hipotez testi, bir varsayımın doğru olup olmadığını değerlendirmek için çeşitli istatistiksel analiz yöntemleri kullanır.

- A) By using several statistical analysis methods, hypothesis testing evaluates the validity of an assumption.
- B) Hypothesis testing uses various statistical analysis methods to evaluate whether an assumption is correct.
- C) A number of statistical methods are used in hypothesis testing to determine if an assumption is correct.
- D) Hypothesis testing employs multiple statistical analysis techniques to assess the correctness of an assumption.
- E) In hypothesis testing, different methods of statistical analysis are applied to confirm whether an assumption is correct.

72. Bazıları yapışkan dokusundan dolayı sevmese de bamyı bağışıklık sistemini güçlendiren birçok vitamin ve mineral içerir.

- A) Okra, while disliked by some for its sticky texture, contains numerous nutrients that boost the immune system.
- B) Because of its slimy texture, some people do not like okra, but it provides many vitamins and minerals that support the immune system.
- C) Some may dislike okra due to its sticky texture; however, it contains vitamins and minerals that strengthen the immune system.
- D) Okra contains many vitamins and minerals that strengthen the immune system, though some people dislike it due to its slimy texture.
- E) Even though people avoid consuming okra due to its slimy texture, it offers a variety of vitamins and minerals that enhance immunity.

73. Urla Yarımadası, ılıman iklimi ve verimli toprakları nedeniyle eski çağlardan beri cazip bir yerleşim bölgesi olmuştur.

- A) Since ancient times, the Urla Peninsula has been an attractive region of settlement, both for its mild climate and fertile lands.
- B) The Urla Peninsula was an attractive region of settlement in ancient times thanks to its mild climate and fertile lands.
- C) The Urla Peninsula, owing to its mild climate and fertile lands, had been an attractive region of settlement even before antiquity.
- D) Having a mild climate and fertile lands, the Urla Peninsula has been an attractive region of settlement since ancient times.
- E) The Urla Peninsula has been an attractive region of settlement since ancient times due to its mild climate and fertile lands.

74. Soğanları keskin bir bıçakla yavaşça kesmek, göz yaşarmasına neden olan kimyasallara daha az maruz kalınmasını sağlar.

- A) Cutting onions slowly with a sharp knife ensures less exposure to the chemicals that cause lacrimation.
- B) What ensures less exposure to the chemicals that cause lacrimation is cutting onions slowly with a sharp knife.
- C) Using a sharp knife to cut onions slowly ensures less exposure to the chemicals causing lacrimation.
- D) For reduced exposure to the chemicals that cause lacrimation, a sharp knife should be used slowly to cut onions.
- E) Exposure to the chemicals that cause lacrimation can be lessened by cutting onions slowly with a sharp knife.

75. İnsansı robotlar gelişimlerinin erken aşamalarında olsalar da lojistik gibi fiziksel güç gerektiren alanlar için umut vad ediyorlar.

- A) While humanoid robots hold promise for areas requiring physical strength, such as logistics, they are still in the early stages of their development.
- B) Humanoid robots show promise for logistics and similar areas requiring physical strength, even though they are still in the early stages of their development.
- C) Despite being in the early stages of their development, humanoid robots show promise for logistics, an area that demands physical strength.
- D) Although humanoid robots are still in the early stages of their development, they hold promise for areas that require physical strength, such as logistics.
- E) Humanoid robots that show promise for areas demanding physical strength, such as logistics, are still in the early stages of their development, however.

76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) 19th-century realist novels depicted everyday life with attention to detail. (II) Some novelists also wrote letters and essays that expressed their personal opinions about politics. (III) Characters were drawn from ordinary social classes rather than heroic figures. (IV) Similarly, settings included workplaces, homes, and city streets described with precision. (V) These novels thus provided readers with a mirror of their own environments and social conditions.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
77. (I) The bootstrap paradox is a concept often explored in science fiction films. (II) It occurs when information, an object, or a person travels back in time and becomes the cause of itself. (III) For example, a character might receive a book from their future self, then later travel back and leave it in the past. (IV) This paradox challenges conventional ideas of cause and effect, leaving audiences questioning the logic of time. (V) Film-makers use different techniques to clarify the paradox and keep the audience engaged.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
78. (I) In rural Anatolia, villagers have a co-operative system called *imece* to handle demanding tasks together. (II) Tasks such as harvesting wheat, building houses, or preparing wedding feasts are all carried out collectively. (III) Some scholars argue that it contributed to the resilience of Anatolian villages during wars. (IV) This spirit not only reduces individual burdens but also strengthens social ties within the village. (V) With modernisation, the practice has declined, yet it still survives in many rural places as a reminder of collective solidarity.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) In the 16th and 17th centuries, wealthy collectors in Europe often displayed exotic objects, fossils, and artworks in a 'cabinet of curiosities'. (II) The lighting in such a place could make or ruin the appearance of artefacts. (III) These collections combined scientific interest with artistic appeal, allowing visitors to learn while being entertained. (IV) Over time, they inspired more systematic organisation and public accessibility. (V) As a result, these cabinets played an important role in shaping the foundations of modern museums.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
80. (I) Young beekeepers from across Northern Ireland recently came together to show both their theoretical and practical skills. (II) The gathering was part of Belfast's preparations to host the International Meeting of Young Beekeepers in 2026. (III) Organisers stated that engaging the youth in beekeeping would inject fresh energy into the tradition. (IV) During the event, participants took quizzes and practical tests to assess their beekeeping knowledge. (V) Many older beekeepers in the region expressed concern that fewer young people are taking up the practice.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



ORTAÖĞRETİM
GENEL MÜDÜRLÜĞÜ



YKS DENEMELERİ

YDT

İNGİLİZCE

15. DENEME



ADI VE SOYADI

OKUL ADI

ADAYIN İMZASI

ADAYIN DİKKATİNE!

1. Bu sınavda YDT soru dağılımları dikkate alınmıştır.
2. Deneme tam kapsam olup YDT konularının tamamını kapsamaktadır.
3. Bu sınav 80 soru içermektedir.

OGM
MATERYAL

Bu testlerin her hakkı saklıdır. Hangi amaçla olursa olsun, testlerin tamamının veya bir kısmının Millî Eğitim Bakanlığının yazılı izni olmadan kopya edilmesi, fotoğrafının çekilmesi, herhangi bir yolla çoğaltılması, yayımlanması ya da kullanılması yasaktır. Bu yasağa uymayanlar gerekli cezai sorumluluğu ve testlerin hazırlanmasındaki mali külfeti peşinen kabullenmiş sayılır.

AÇIKLAMA

1. Bu kitapçıkta **80 soru** bulunmaktadır.
2. Bu sınav için verilen cevaplama süresi **120 dakikadır (2 saat)**.
3. **Bu sınav puanlanırken doğru cevaplarınızın sayısından yanlış cevaplarınızın sayısının dörtte biri çıkarılacak ve kalan sayı bu test ile ilgili ham puanınız olacaktır.**
4. Kitapçığın sayfalarındaki boş yerleri müsvedde için kullanabilirsiniz.
5. Cevaplamaya istediğiniz sorudan başlayabilirsiniz. Bir soru ile ilgili cevabınızı, cevap kâğıdında o soru için ayrılmış olan yere işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.
6. Bu kitapçıkta yer alan her sorunun sadece bir doğru cevabı vardır. Cevap kâğıdında bir soru için birden çok cevap yeri işaretlenmişse o soru yanlış cevaplanmış sayılacaktır. İşaretlediğiniz bir cevabı değiştirmek istediğinizde silme işlemi çok iyi yapmanız gerektiğini unutmayınız.

1. - 15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. To avoid strains and other injuries, it is important to make gradual and controlled ---- while increasing the intensity of your workout.
A) inspections
B) commitments
C) tendencies
D) assumptions
E) adjustments
2. *Don Quixote* is a ---- example of parodying chivalric romances, as it employed innovative narrative techniques for its time.
A) hypothetical
B) notable
C) suspicious
D) negligible
E) practical
3. Land for national research centres is sometimes ---- acquired by authorities so that pioneering projects can proceed without delay or obstruction.
A) compulsorily
B) reasonably
C) promptly
D) arguably
E) voluntarily

4. Recent studies show that air pollution can dramatically ---- the natural ageing process of trees, making them more vulnerable to disease.
A) convert
B) outweigh
C) accelerate
D) scatter
E) combat
5. By tasting traditional dishes from various cultures, individuals can ---- their culinary prejudices and appreciate diversity.
A) bring about
B) pull through
C) give away
D) put aside
E) count against
6. Although ancient Chinese engineers ---- earthquake detection devices as early as the 2nd century CE, the scientific principles behind them ---- until modern seismology emerged.
A) invented / were not understood
B) have invented / will not be understood
C) were inventing / had not been understood
D) used to invent / have not been understood
E) had invented / are not understood

7. ---- for three decades for the championship, the Neapolitans ---- their team's triumph in 2023, thanks to the Nigerian forward's decisive goals.
- A) Waiting / had to celebrate
B) Waited / could celebrate
C) To wait / would celebrate
D) Having waited / were able to celebrate
E) To have waited / used to celebrate
8. In 2020, Türkiye became the second-largest country ---- TV dramas after the United States, with hundreds of popular series ---- to over 150 countries.
- A) exporting / to sell
B) to export / being sold
C) having exported / to be sold
D) exported / selling
E) to be exported / having sold
9. Although Asklepios' staff, entwined ---- a single snake, is the traditional symbol of medicine, Hermes' two-snake Caduceus is often confused ---- it.
- A) around / as
B) over / for
C) of / about
D) about / over
E) by / with
10. Babies born ---- international ships or planes usually inherit citizenship ---- their parents, but in rare cases, the vessel's flag state law applies.
- A) in / through
B) at / via
C) on / from
D) inside / beyond
E) during / with
11. Abundant coal reserves were discovered in the northern parts of England during the 18th century; ----, the region became a key centre of early industrial manufacturing.
- A) therefore
B) in brief
C) otherwise
D) however
E) for example
12. Some coastal towns install early warning systems for tsunamis ---- residents have enough time to get to higher ground.
- A) by the time
B) so that
C) as though
D) just as
E) since

13. Success in competitive sports relies heavily on teamwork; ---- victories are achievable by individual skill alone, and ---- who overlooks coordination risks causing failure.

- A) all / someone
- B) many / somebody
- C) few / anyone
- D) some / everybody
- E) no / no one

14. Asking an AI model a question is estimated to use about 10 times ---- much electricity ---- making a typical search engine query.

- A) more / than
- B) as / as
- C) both / and
- D) so / that
- E) either / or

15. Many classic novels remain culturally influential ---- their extraordinarily complex language and some outdated references that may be difficult for the modern reader to fully understand.

- A) in spite of
- B) because of
- C) as well as
- D) on behalf of
- E) similar to

16. - 20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Primarily developed for pilots, noise-cancelling headphones are now widely used in everyday life. They detect external sounds through sensitive microphones and then generate sound waves that (16)---- unwanted noise. This technology works particularly well (17)---- low-frequency, constant sounds, such as traffic or engine noise. (18)----, they allow listeners to enjoy clearer, more immersive audio without distraction. Over the years, advances in digital signal processing, battery life, and design (19)---- these devices lighter and more efficient. Today, noise-cancelling headphones enriches daily audio experiences (20)---- being solely limited to professional purposes.

- 16. A) account for
B) turn off
C) go through
D) block out
E) break down
- 17. A) about
B) between
C) within
D) against
E) through
- 18. A) Similarly
B) Instead
C) On the contrary
D) Still
E) As a result
- 19. A) made
B) have made
C) make
D) will make
E) had made
- 20. A) along with
B) in terms of
C) rather than
D) in case of
E) different from

21. - 28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. Even if individuals dedicate significant effort to preparing for a presentation, ----.

- A) audiences usually appreciate a speaker who communicates with enthusiasm
- B) workshops are offered at universities to improve public speaking skills
- C) it can be useful to include interactive activities during the session
- D) many instructors recommend keeping visual aids simple and clear
- E) they may continue to feel nervous and have difficulty in maintaining eye contact

22. ----, as this combination gives them a balanced source of energy and nutrition.

- A) Bears need to prepare for hibernation, usually in autumn
- B) Hives with more larvae mean more protein for bears
- C) Adult bears and cubs share the hive and everyone gets enough food
- D) Bears consume both the honey and the larvae in beehives
- E) Thick fur and body fat protect bears from extreme cold during winters

23. ---- because temperatures at mountain peaks often remain low throughout the year, even when warm weather is forecast.

- A) Hikers are advised to carry extra layers
- B) Hiking in groups is considered safer
- C) New trails are explored by hikers every summer
- D) Many hikers carry maps and compasses
- E) Hiking is a popular activity among nature lovers

24. Though space exploration requires enormous budgets and extensive international cooperation, ----.

- A) it is essential for countries to work together to achieve common goals
- B) astronaut training involves years of preparation and conditioning
- C) the potential benefits make it a wise investment for humanity's future
- D) the risks of space travel remain high due to exposure to cosmic radiation
- E) missions are carefully planned to maximise both safety and efficiency

25. Obesity rates in both adults and children are rising at an alarming rate worldwide ----.

- A) despite the heavy consumption of sugary beverages and junk food
- B) as a consequence of sedentary behaviour and high-calorie diets
- C) in terms of its global recognition as a chronic disease
- D) rather than encouraging active transport such as walking or cycling
- E) in contrast with the increasing number of gym memberships

26. *The Canterbury Tales* serves as a mirror of 14th-century English life ----.

- A) since it reflects the social norms and moral values of mediaeval society
- B) in that it represents characters who live in the 21st century
- C) as long as the author depicts both the virtues and flaws of human nature
- D) because it contains no direct references to mediaeval society
- E) though it illustrates the diverse social classes and occupations of the Middle Ages

27. In fantasy football, gamers pick actual players for their teams, ----.

- A) but watching real matches helps you make better decisions
- B) and each player earns points based on their performance in real matches
- C) as winning requires both knowledge of real football and smart planning
- D) so they must change some players during the season to keep scoring points
- E) whereas transfers are important for developing effective strategies

28. Population growth slowed when famine struck Ireland, ----.

- A) or this period of hardship had a long-lasting impact on the country's demographics and economy
- B) although the potato crop, a staple food for many Irish families, failed due to a plant disease
- C) so the population rebounded in the following decades as a result of steadily improved conditions
- D) yet communities joined forces in order to support one another during this very difficult time
- E) but it was also cut short by epidemics that spread during the crisis and mass emigration to the US

29. - 31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Seaweed mining is an emerging approach in which marine algae are used to extract valuable minerals from seawater. These minerals include rare-earth elements such as neodymium and europium, as well as other critical resources like lithium and cobalt that are essential for clean energy technologies. Traditional mining of these resources is limited to a few countries and often damages the environment, but seaweed offers a more sustainable alternative. Research shows that some algae species can absorb metals even at very low concentrations in the ocean. The collected seaweed, often referred to as biomass, can be processed so that its stored minerals become solid residues, while the rest can be turned into biofuels or bioplastics. This dual outcome makes the method both resource-efficient and environmentally promising. Yet questions remain about whether seaweed mining can be scaled up to meet global demand. Scientists continue to test how to maximise metal uptake without harming ecosystems, leaving the future of this method both promising and unpredictable.

29. According to the passage, which of the following is true?

- A) Experts are uncertain about the extent to which algae-based mining can supply global needs.
- B) The absorption of metals by seaweed is a new phenomenon, having been discovered only recently.
- C) The technology was pioneered by the clean energy sector in order to bypass mineral suppliers entirely.
- D) Rare earths like neodymium and europium are not that important for renewable energy devices.
- E) The success of this method has led to a decrease in the need for environmentally damaging extraction.

30. It is pointed out in the passage that seaweed mining is considered resource-efficient because it ----.

- A) eliminates the risk of environmental damage suffered by marine ecosystems
- B) exclusively targets rare-earth elements, which are the most critical minerals
- C) avoids the utilisation of biofuels and bioplastics in clean energy production
- D) tremendously increases the number of rare-earth deposits found on land
- E) allows the collection of minerals and other useful products at the same time

31. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?

- A) Ocean Farming: Food, Fuel, and the Future
- B) Challenges in Rare-Earth Element Mining
- C) Rare-Earth Elements in Modern Technology
- D) Seaweed: Biofactories for Rare Elements
- E) Maximising Metal Uptake in Seaweed

32. - 34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Hermeneutic injustice describes a situation where people cannot explain their own experiences since the right words or concepts do not yet exist. One example is the term 'gaslighting', which refers to making someone doubt their memory or sense of reality. Before this word was widely known, many people struggled to tell how they felt when their perceptions were repeatedly dismissed or denied. Another example is the phrase 'glass ceiling', which names the invisible barrier that prevents certain individuals from reaching higher positions at work. People were aware of this unfairness, but without the phrase, it was difficult to describe the shared pattern clearly. The introduction of such terms provides not only a label but also a tool for discussion, making **latent** problems more visible. Once an issue is recognised and openly discussed, analysing and tackling it becomes easier. Ultimately, understanding hermeneutic injustice shows how naming an experience can change the way society addresses it. This, in turn, can pave the way for the development of solutions.

32. It can be understood from the passage that before the phrase 'glass ceiling' was coined, people ----.

- A) could not prove that there was ongoing discrimination in some workplaces
- B) did not believe certain workers had been denied the right to be promoted
- C) lacked a concise and shared label for a specific type of workplace injustice
- D) failed to gather data to support their claims of unfair promotion practices
- E) were ignorant of the barriers to promotion faced by particular people

33. The underlined word 'latent' in the passage is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) foreseen
- B) spread
- C) mistaken
- D) hidden
- E) undone

34. Which of the following could be the main idea of this passage?

- A) Without a rich vocabulary, people cannot communicate their feelings effectively.
- B) Newly defined terms can turn private struggles into subjects of public discussion.
- C) Certain words are harder to understand because they define abstract concepts.
- D) If an experience is truly important, people will eventually find a way to describe it.
- E) Individuals usually cannot notice certain problems until they face them directly.

35. - 37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Shared housing has become increasingly popular, particularly among students, young professionals, and people who move to a new city or country for work or study. Rising housing costs in many cities make it an attractive choice, not only because it is more affordable than renting a private flat but also because it provides a sense of community. Living with others can create opportunities for friendship, expose residents to different lifestyles, and enhance cultural awareness. However, conflicts may arise due to differences in habits, noise levels, or cleaning standards. Privacy is often limited, which can be stressful for people who prefer personal space. In some cases, cultural misunderstandings can lead to tension or discomfort. Nevertheless, many residents describe the experience as rewarding. Shared living often encourages independence and adaptability, as people learn patience and the skills needed to live harmoniously with others. In this sense, shared housing offers financial benefits and also offers a unique environment for social learning, personal growth, and cultural exchange.

35. According to the passage, shared housing ----.

- A) prevents residents from forming any kind of friendship
- B) provides a completely stress-free living experience for all
- C) may increase conflicts during long-term stays
- D) can reduce living expenses compared to individual renting
- E) functions well when people have similar cultural background

36. Which of the following can be said about people who choose shared housing?

- A) They gain new perspectives from living in a diverse household.
- B) They rarely face any issues related to communication or co-operation.
- C) They want a place where they can act without restrictions.
- D) They prefer this type of living mainly because of its stability.
- E) They spend most of their time alone rather than with others.

37. What is the main purpose of the passage?

- A) To explain different aspects of shared housing and its effect on personal growth
- B) To highlight the rules and routines necessary for living in shared houses
- C) To offer guidance on how to avoid disagreements in shared housing
- D) To describe the financial advantages of living with multiple housemates
- E) To give information about students and young professionals living in different environments

38. - 40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

You have probably been solving questions for half an hour. Maybe it is time to close your eyes for a moment or drink some water. What just happened here is not simply advice—it is an example of a literary device called ‘direct address’, where the author suddenly turns to the reader and speaks to them as if in conversation. Authors use it to break the usual distance between themselves and their audience, making the text feel alive. Jane Austen, for instance, often interrupts the flow of her novels with conversational asides, as if a witty friend were commenting. In theatre and screen productions, the equivalent is called ‘breaking the fourth wall’, as when an actor drops character and addresses the audience—or the camera—about their own thoughts. A well-known stage instance is the “To be, or not to be” soliloquy in Shakespeare’s *Hamlet*, where the prince reflects aloud for the audience rather than for other characters. Anyway, you might still want to drink that water—it can help you concentrate.

38. According to the passage, what is the main purpose of ‘direct address’ in literature?

- A) To highlight the narrator’s impartial point of view
- B) To give extra information and increase the factual reliability of the text
- C) To narrow the gap between the author and the reader
- D) To make the storyline more suspenseful and dramatic
- E) To provide readers with detailed character analysis

39. What can be inferred from the passage about ‘breaking the fourth wall’ in theatre?

- A) It usually distracts viewers from the storyline since it interrupts the illusion of reality.
- B) Its effectiveness depends entirely on whether the audience already knows the background of the story being told.
- C) It is mostly avoided in art films because critics generally view it as a threat to narrative realism.
- D) It lessens the sense of separation and energises the play by going beyond the boundaries of conventional storytelling.
- E) It can appear both in comedies and in serious dramas, which means its function is broader than humour alone.

40. The reference to drinking water at the beginning and end of the passage mainly serves to ----.

- A) lighten the seriousness of the topic through humour
- B) illustrate the very technique of ‘direct address’ in practice
- C) emphasise the importance of hydration for concentration
- D) highlight the author’s concern for the reader’s health
- E) create a smoother introduction and conclusion

41. - 43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Speech and language therapy is a specialised field that supports individuals with communication difficulties, ranging from delayed speech in children to acquired language disorders in adults. Therapists first assess the underlying causes of the problem, which may include developmental disorders, hearing loss, brain injuries, or neurological conditions, and subsequently design a tailored plan. For children, therapy often focuses on improving vocabulary, grammar, and pronunciation, while also encouraging confidence in social interactions. Adults, on the other hand, may require rehabilitation of skills lost due to medical events such as strokes, where therapy can restore both spoken and written language abilities. Importantly, the role of speech and language therapy goes beyond producing words correctly; it also addresses swallowing difficulties, listening comprehension, and non-verbal communication. As research shows, early and consistent therapy can make a significant difference in academic achievement, emotional well-being, and overall quality of life. Therefore, this discipline is recognised as an essential component of modern healthcare, contributing to individual progress and broader social inclusion.

41. According to the passage, what do therapists do after identifying the cause of a communication problem?

- A) They immediately focus on improving the patient's vocabulary and pronunciation.
- B) They develop a personalised plan designed to address the patient's specific needs.
- C) They examine the patient's medical and developmental history to better understand the condition.
- D) They begin with general techniques to enhance the patient's confidence in social situations.
- E) They may refer the patient to another specialist if further issues are suspected.

42. It is pointed out in the passage that speech and language therapy ----.

- A) is mainly aimed at restoring language functions lost after neurological events such as strokes
- B) is often viewed as an optional supplement to more critical medical treatments
- C) is sometimes misinterpreted as addressing only speech clarity, even though its scope extends to swallowing and comprehension
- D) can foster academic performance and emotional well-being when started early and continued regularly
- E) has a much stronger effect on speaking skills than on writing skills

43. One can conclude from the passage that the author mainly ----.

- A) emphasises the critical and multifaceted role of speech and language therapy in healthcare
- B) contrasts the distinct therapeutic objectives for developmental issues in children with acquired conditions in adults
- C) describes the specific techniques used by therapists to improve pronunciation and grammar
- D) warns about the rising prevalence of communication disorders in modern society
- E) argues that speech and language therapy is primarily for children with developmental disorders

44. - 48. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

44. Ruth:

- **Is it realistic to think artificial intelligence will replace writers soon?**

Alper:

- **I doubt it. Machines can generate text, but creativity is still human.**

Ruth:

- ----

Alper:

- **Exactly. A novel or poem needs imagination that algorithms cannot provide.**

- A) But aren't robots already better at collecting huge amounts of information?
- B) Why don't we test different AI models with a short story competition?
- C) Do you mean AI could become even more creative than human authors?
- D) I see. Could you please explain how AI actually produces sentences?
- E) Then you believe machines won't produce stories with real originality, right?

45. Clarissa:

- **Kim's birthday is just around the corner, and I still have no clue what to get her.**

Simon:

- **Actually, she's been into home decorations lately, so we could get a scented candle for her living room.**

Clarissa:

- ----

Simon:

- **That's perfect! She'd remember us every time she sees it, and it'd be such a lovely way for us to spend time together.**

- A) That's a great idea; we could also add a small decorative item to make it more special.
- B) That sounds nice. What about making a personalised candle with her favourite scent?
- C) Instead of just buying one, we can all go to a candle-making workshop. That way, it's a gift and a fun memory.
- D) Another option is to organise a weekend getaway with her close friends rather than give a physical gift.
- E) That's a good point, but we could each pick an individual gift instead of sharing one.

46. Historian:

- **Everyone knows Archimedes shouting “Eureka!”, but they usually think it was just a sudden realisation during a bath.**

Researcher:

- **Isn't that what happened?**

Historian:

- **Not exactly. According to legend, the king at the time, King Hiero, had a magnificent crown made, but he doubted whether the goldsmith had used all the gold or kept some for himself. Then, he asked Archimedes to check its purity and weight without melting it down.**

Researcher:

- ----

Historian:

- **Indeed. Great discoveries rarely come from idle thoughts. As the saying goes, “Chance favours the prepared mind”.**

- A) That's why the discovery of buoyancy is reduced to a sudden idea.
- B) I always wondered why Archimedes was experimenting with water in the first place.
- C) I thought it was just about him discovering how water rises when you step into it.
- D) So, Archimedes was already searching for the answer to a real problem.
- E) The king must have asked Archimedes to test the crown without damaging it.

47. Ted:

- **You seemed uncomfortable when Emma joined us at the café. Do you have a problem with her?**

Susan:

- **She often interrupts me and completes my sentences. Yesterday she did it again, and I can't stand it any more.**

Ted:

- ----

Susan:

- **Yeah, you're right. I'll just tell her nicely next time.**

- A) Perhaps you should just ignore her behaviour and let it go.
- B) Maybe if you two cleared the air, things would be less awkward.
- C) What if you simply avoid joining conversations when she's around?
- D) I think she interrupts everyone, not just you. So, it's not worth mentioning.
- E) Could it be that she's just trying to make the conversation livelier?

48. Marine Biologist:

- **Surveys show that our local kelp forests have shrunk by almost 60% in the last decade. This loss is unprecedented.**

Diver:

– ----

Marine Biologist:

- **No, water conditions have been stable. The main factor seems to be overgrazing by sea urchins.**

Diver:

- **That's worrisome. If the kelp disappears completely, countless marine species will lose both their shelter and food sources.**

- A) Is pollution from boats the primary cause?
- B) Has overfishing impacted the local marine life?
- C) Could rising sea temperatures explain the decline?
- D) Are invasive algae species taking over the habitat?
- E) Could storm activity over the last decade have damaged them?

49. - 53. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

49. **Mastering every programming language and becoming an expert in all aspects of software development are not necessary to learn how to code.**

- A) Learning to code does not mean achieving mastery of all programming languages, nor gaining expertise in every aspect of software development.
- B) To learn coding properly, one must acquire mastery of all major programming languages and become an expert in software development.
- C) One can learn to code without mastering every programming language, but expertise in all aspects of software development is essential.
- D) Learning to code requires becoming an expert in software development, but it does not necessitate mastering every single programming language.
- E) Those who avoid mastering programming languages and ignore software development expertise will still learn to code successfully.

50. For a site to be recognised as a UNESCO World Heritage Site, it must possess outstanding universal value and meet at least one of the ten selection criteria.

- A) Whether or not a site has global significance, it will still be recognised as a UNESCO World Heritage Site if it meets any single one of the selection criteria that have been officially set.
- B) Any site with outstanding universal value will automatically receive UNESCO World Heritage Site status without the need to meet additional specific requirements.
- C) Even if a site has global value, it cannot be given UNESCO World Heritage Site status unless it is listed among sites that meet at least one of the ten selection criteria.
- D) UNESCO inscribes a site on its World Heritage list only if it exhibits exceptional global significance and fulfils any single one of the organisation's ten established criteria.
- E) A world heritage site, even with universal value, will not be considered for inclusion in the UNESCO list unless it meets all of the ten official selection criteria without leaving any one of them out.

51. Although some people cannot recall events from their early years, experiences during infancy play a crucial role in shaping their personalities and behaviours.

- A) People are likely to forget the important events of early childhood, yet the experiences they undergo eventually shape who they are.
- B) Childhood memories may not be remembered by some, but those early experiences have an essential impact on their personalities and behaviours.
- C) Experiences during the early years, though not consciously remembered, can have long-term influences on thoughts, feelings, and behaviours.
- D) While many people may have no memory of their infancy, what happens during that period significantly influences their later decisions in life.
- E) Memories of infancy often fade, but the impact of those early experiences on behaviour and personality remains substantial for some people.

52. The alienation effect is a theatrical technique developed by Bertolt Brecht to prevent spectators from getting emotionally absorbed in the story.

- A) The alienation effect is a technique meant to keep spectators from being drawn too deeply into Bertolt Brecht's stories.
- B) Bertolt Brecht's alienation effect aimed to increase the audience's emotional involvement so they could empathise more with the story.
- C) Bertolt Brecht created the alienation effect, a theatrical method that stops audiences from becoming emotionally involved in the play.
- D) The alienation effect was created by Bertolt Brecht to help spectators escape reality by immersing themselves fully in the narrative.
- E) The alienation effect, devised by Brecht, was intended to make the audience lose themselves in the story's illusion.

53. Once you mature, you start enjoying the game more for the strategy and skill involved rather than the thrill of winning.

- A) It is likely that the older people get, the less they enjoy the game for its strategy and skill compared to the pleasure of winning.
- B) You cannot truly appreciate a game's strategic depth and skill until you completely stop worrying about whether you win or lose.
- C) Maturity may reduce the competitive drive in games, making players indifferent to both winning and strategic thinking.
- D) When you grow older, you begin to appreciate the game not so much for the excitement of winning as for the strategy and skill it requires.
- E) Prioritising strategy over winning does not mean that the excitement of victory is no longer felt once you reach maturity.

54. - 58. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

54. You and a friend visit a memorial site built on a battlefield. While the guide describes the events, your friend keeps laughing and making jokes. Irritated by this disrespectful behaviour, you want to criticise your friend, so you say: ----

- A) Are you feeling okay? You seem like you can't fully focus right now.
- B) The guide has been staring at us. I'm afraid we're going to get kicked out.
- C) Don't worry; we can read more details in the brochure after the tour.
- D) If you can't behave appropriately, maybe you shouldn't have joined the tour.
- E) I wish the guide would give more details about the battle strategies.

55. You found out that a friend was sharing personal details about your life with others. Feeling hurt and betrayed, you decide to confront her rather than let it harm your friendship. So you calmly say: ----

- A) You've completely destroyed my trust. I don't think we can ever be friends again.
- B) Well, I suppose it doesn't really matter, but it's a bit awkward, to be honest.
- C) I feel uneasy about your sharing my private life and want to discuss it with you.
- D) Did I say something to make you feel it was okay to share my personal stuff?
- E) Oh, so does everyone know my business now? Thanks a lot. That's really helpful.

56. Your father has taken up gardening as a hobby, but he struggles to keep plants alive. Every time one dies, he feels sorry. You want to suggest a new hobby without making him feel bad. So you say: ----

- A) I know you enjoy gardening, but maybe we could try painting or walking together instead. It could be really fun.
- B) You might consider watering the plants differently or picking ones that are easier to take care of, so they last longer.
- C) It's really sad to see your plants die all the time; I think you should stop gardening to avoid feeling disappointed.
- D) Please have mercy on the plants and start a new hobby immediately because, clearly, gardening isn't working for you at all.
- E) Why do you keep adding new plants to your garden? It seems like they rarely last, so I wonder why you continue.

57. You are visiting the Sultanahmet Mosque. At the entrance, you notice that some male tourists, not fully aware of the cultural codes, are mistakenly using the skirts and headscarves that are meant for women. To warn them politely, you say: ----

- A) Just take off your shoes! That's the only rule. Is it really that hard?
- B) Normally, such female attire is required in other religious sites, not in this one.
- C) You had better ask the staff whether these clothes are for female visitors only.
- D) Those clothes are free, so you can use them however you want.
- E) Excuse me, those items are provided for female visitors.

58. You are under intense pressure to secure a big grant, and your biofuel project faces a major setback. To avoid disappointing the committee, you hesitate to report the failure immediately. When your senior co-worker discovers the situation, she calls the grant committee. Ashamed of what you did, you apologise to your senior co-worker: ----

- A) I regret what I did, but if you'd supported me more, I wouldn't have resorted to dishonesty.
- B) I didn't expect you to report me; I thought you would understand the pressure I was under.
- C) I know I should have told you, but I was just trying to protect my own reputation and career at the time.
- D) Sorry, but your call to the committee ruined our chance to fix this without anyone knowing.
- E) I am sorry for not speaking up sooner; I should have been honest about the challenges instead of hesitating.

59. - 63. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

59. Nanobots called CalBots are being developed as a new way to treat tooth sensitivity. ---- When it comes to traditional treatments, such as desensitising toothpaste or fluoride gels, they usually bring only short-term relief and require repeated use. CalBots, on the other hand, may provide longer-lasting protection and reduce the need for constant treatment. Though still in early trials, this technology has the potential to become a major step forward in dental care by offering patients a more reliable solution.

- A) They are being tested in laboratory simulations that mimic real mouth conditions.
- B) These tiny devices move into the tubules of teeth and seal off the nerves that cause discomfort.
- C) Such discoveries often inspire further breakthroughs in other areas of healthcare.
- D) Studies have shown that their performance might be affected by saliva and food particles.
- E) Scientists hope that the bots will eventually be able to rebuild worn enamel, not just block pain.

60. Exploding galaxies, mythical beasts, or entire worlds rising from nothing are all possible. Special effects allow film-makers to show scenes that would be impossible to shoot in real life. Computer-generated imagery (CGI) is the most common technique used today. It helps create vast landscapes, futuristic cities, and lifelike creatures. ---- Together, these techniques bring visions to life on screen.

- A) What makes special effects meaningful is not only their ability to amaze audiences but also their role in the narrative.
- B) *A Trip to the Moon* in 1902 depicted a fantastic journey into space and became an iconic example of early special effects.
- C) Advances in special effects technology have completely transformed the way science fiction films are produced.
- D) Practical effects, such as models and makeup are often combined with CGI to enhance realism and improve visual impact.
- E) CGI can be used both for fantasy creatures and for subtle details, such as adding crowds, weather effects, or realistic shadows.

61. Boredom is often considered negative, something to be avoided at all costs. However, researchers suggest it can be a hidden ally. ---- Therefore, instead of constantly distracting ourselves with phones or endless tasks, letting the mind wander sometimes sparks ideas that structured routines cannot produce. Many famous inventors and writers have admitted that their most creative breakthroughs came after long, uneventful pauses.

- A) It creates a mental space where imagination can flourish and unexpected connections can emerge.
- B) It allows individuals to reflect on their lives and gain a deeper understanding of their emotions.
- C) It ensures consistent motivation to complete tasks and always leads to happiness and relaxation.
- D) It can easily be addressed by giving people more entertainment options in daily life.
- E) Certain types of digital games and creative online platforms can support imagination.

62. Events experienced in the present are often hard to fully understand, as immediate perceptions can be clouded by emotions or circumstances. ---- What once seemed trivial or confusing may later be recognised as pivotal in a broader historical or social context. That is why they say, “History moves forwards but is understood backwards”.

- A) Those who cannot remember the past are bound to repeat the same mistakes forever.
- B) The more people know about the past, the better prepared they can be for the future.
- C) Some patterns become clear retrospectively, revealing connections that were previously invisible.
- D) Understanding the reasons behind events is often more valuable than focusing only on their results.
- E) Every historical narrative is influenced by the perspective of the time in which it is written.

63. Phubbing, a blend of ‘phone’ and ‘snubbing’, refers to paying more attention to a mobile device than to people nearby. Though it may seem like a minor habit, its impact on social life is significant. In family settings, for instance, parents who habitually check their phones at mealtimes may miss out on meaningful interaction. ---- Experts therefore suggest creating screen-free times to strengthen bonds.

- A) Managing phubbing requires dedicated attention or help from a mental health expert.
- B) This behaviour gradually weakens relationships and reduces the sense of togetherness.
- C) However, many families allow phone use at the table, believing it keeps children entertained.
- D) Research indicates a decline in children’s ability to read non-verbal social cues.
- E) Experts claim that attending to work matters from home does not compromise family life.

64. - 69. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

64. Chalets attract visitors in every season, as they provide warm interiors in winter and direct access to hiking trails in summer.

- A) Kışın sıcak iç mekânlar ve yazın yürüyüş parkurlarına doğrudan erişim sağladıkları için dağ evleri, her mevsim ziyaretçi çekmektedir.
- B) Dağ evleri kışın sıcak iç mekânlar ve yazın yürüyüş parkurlarına doğrudan erişim sağlamakta ve her mevsim ziyaretçi çekmektedir.
- C) Kışın sıcak iç mekânlar ve yazın yürüyüş parkurlarına doğrudan erişim sağlayan dağ evleri, her mevsim ziyaretçi çekmektedir.
- D) Dağ evlerinin her mevsim ziyaretçi çekmesinin nedeni, kışın sıcak iç mekânlar ve yazın yürüyüş parkurlarına doğrudan erişim sağlamalarıdır.
- E) Her mevsim ziyaretçi çekmekte olan dağ evleri, kışın sıcak iç mekânlar ve yazın yürüyüş parkurlarına doğrudan erişim sağlamaktadır.

65. Duckweed, which provides a habitat for various organisms found in wetlands and is a rich source of nutrients, is a plant of great ecological importance.

- A) Zengin bir besin kaynağı olan su mercimeği, ekolojik açıdan büyük öneme sahip bir bitkidir ve sulak alanlarda bulunan çeşitli organizmalara yaşam alanı sunar.
- B) Çeşitli organizmalara yaşam alanı sunan ve zengin bir besin kaynağı olan su mercimeği, ekolojik açıdan büyük öneme sahip, sulak alanlarda bulunan bir bitkidir.
- C) Sulak alanlarda bulunan çeşitli organizmalara yaşam alanı sunan ve zengin bir besin kaynağı olan su mercimeği, ekolojik açıdan büyük öneme sahip bir bitkidir.
- D) Ekolojik açıdan büyük öneme sahip bir bitki olan su mercimeği, sulak alanlarda bulunan çeşitli organizmalara yaşam alanı sunan zengin bir besin kaynağıdır.
- E) Su mercimeği ekolojik açıdan büyük öneme sahip, sulak alanlarda bulunan çeşitli organizmalara yaşam alanı sunan ve zengin bir besin kaynağı olan bir bitkidir.

66. A new study has revealed that astronauts who spend a long time in space experience a decline in their attention skills, information processing speed, and short-term memory.

- A) Yeni bir araştırma, uzun süre uzayda kalan astronotların dikkat becerilerinin yanı sıra bilgi işleme hızlarında ve kısa süreli belleklerinde de bir zayıflama yaşadığını ortaya koydu.
- B) Uzun süre uzayda kalan astronotların dikkat becerilerinde, bilgi işleme hızlarında ve kısa süreli belleklerinde bir zayıflama yaşadıkları yeni bir araştırma ile ortaya çıkarıldı.
- C) Uzun süre uzayda kalan astronotlarla yapılan yeni bir araştırma, onların dikkat becerilerinde, bilgi işleme hızlarında ve kısa süreli belleklerinde bir zayıflama yaşadığını ortaya çıkardı.
- D) Yeni bir araştırma, uzun süre uzayda kalan astronotların dikkat becerilerinde, bilgi işleme hızlarında ve kısa süreli belleklerinde bir zayıflama yaşadıklarını ortaya koydu.
- E) Yeni bir araştırma, astronotların dikkat becerilerinde, bilgi işleme hızlarında ve kısa süreli belleklerinde yaşanan zayıflamanın sebebinin uzun süre uzayda kalmaları olduğunu ortaya koydu.

67. Personification is a figure of speech in which human qualities, emotions, or actions are attributed to non-human beings, such as animals and objects.

- A) Bir söz sanatı olan kişileştirme, insan olmayan varlıklara, örneğin hayvanlara veya nesnelere, insan nitelikleri, duyguları veya eylemleri atfeder.
- B) Kişileştirme, insan olmayan varlıklara, yani hayvanlara veya nesnelere insan nitelikleri, duyguları ve davranışları kazandıran bir edebî sanattır.
- C) Kişileştirme, insan özelliklerinin, duygularının veya eylemlerinin hayvanlar ve nesneler gibi insan olmayan varlıklara atfedildiği bir söz sanatıdır.
- D) Kişileştirme, insan olmayan nesnelere veya canlılara insan özelliklerinin yanı sıra duygular ve davranışlar da atfeden edebî bir sanattır.
- E) İnsan özellikleri, duygular ve eylemler, bir söz sanatı olan kişileştirme aracılığıyla hayvanlar ve nesneler gibi insan olmayan varlıklara yüklenir.

68. In the fast-paced game of dodgeball, players try to catch the ball so they stay in the game while constantly moving to avoid being hit by it.

- A) Hızlı tempolu bir oyun olan yakantop, oyuncuların oyunda kalmak için devamlı olarak hareket etmelerini ve topu yakalamalarını gerektirir.
- B) Hızlı tempolu yakantop oyununda, oyuncular hızlı hareket ederek topla vurulmaktan kaçmaya ya da oyunda kalabilmek için topu yakalamaya çalışırlar.
- C) Oyuncuların, oyunda kalmak için topu yakalamaya çalışırken aynı zamanda topla vurulmamak için kaçtıkları hızlı tempolu oyun yakantoptur.
- D) Yakantop oynarken oyunda kalmak için ya devamlı hareket ederek toptan kaçmak ya da topu yakalamaya çalışmak gerekir.
- E) Hızlı tempolu yakantop oyununda, oyuncular topla vurulmamak için sürekli hareket ederken oyunda kalmak için topu yakalamaya çalışırlar.

69. Ultrasound does not involve ionising radiation, so it is considered a safer alternative to X-rays for some patients.

- A) Ultrason, iyonlaştırıcı radyasyon içermediğinden, bazı hastalar için röntgene kıyasla daha güvenli bir seçenek olarak görülür.
- B) Ultrason, iyonlaştırıcı radyasyon içermez, bu nedenle bazı hastalar için röntgenin daha güvenli bir alternatifi olarak kabul edilir.
- C) Bazı hastalar, röntgen yerine iyonlaştırıcı radyasyon içermediği için daha güvenli bir alternatif olarak bilinen ultrasonu tercih ederler.
- D) İyonlaştırıcı radyasyon içermeyen ultrason, bazı hastalar için röntgenin yerine daha güvenli bir seçenek olarak kabul edilir.
- E) Ultrason, bazı hastalar için röntgenin aksine daha güvenli bir yöntem olarak tercih edilir çünkü iyonlaştırıcı radyasyon içermez.

70. - 75. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

70. Mezopotamya'dan Doğu Akdeniz'e kadar uzanan Bereketli Hilal, ilk tarım faaliyetlerinin ve kalıcı yerleşimlerin başladığı alan olarak kabul edilir.

- A) The Fertile Crescent, stretching from Mesopotamia to the Eastern Mediterranean, is considered the region where agriculture began, leading to the first permanent settlements.
- B) The Fertile Crescent, from Mesopotamia to the Eastern Mediterranean, is regarded as the birthplace of humanity's earliest settlements and the rise of agriculture.
- C) Extending from Mesopotamia to the Eastern Mediterranean, the Fertile Crescent is known as the region where early humans began agriculture and founded permanent settlements.
- D) The Fertile Crescent, stretching from Mesopotamia to the Eastern Mediterranean, is considered the region where the first agricultural activities and permanent settlements began.
- E) Covering the region from Mesopotamia to the Eastern Mediterranean, the Fertile Crescent is regarded as the first settlement where agricultural practices emerged.

71. Dünya genelinde artan yaşlı nüfus, sağlık, evde bakım ve sosyal hizmetlere yönelik ihtiyacı artırmakta ve bu alanlarda istihdam olanaklarını genişletmektedir.

- A) The number of elderly people rises globally; therefore, the growing need for healthcare, home care and social support systems creates new job opportunities.
- B) The increasing elderly population worldwide raises the demand for healthcare, home care, and social services and expands employment opportunities in these areas.
- C) The growing elderly population worldwide is causing a significant increase in demand for new jobs in fields like healthcare, home care, and social support services.
- D) The global increase in older adults who need medical services, home care, and social assistance is driving higher demand for new job opportunities in these areas.
- E) The global rise in the number of elderly people is leading to increased demand for healthcare, home care, and social support, while also expanding employment opportunities in these areas.

72. Kutup tilkileri, yazın kahverengiye dönüşerek tundra bitkileri arasında saklanırken kışın bembeyaz bir kürke sahip olduklarından karla kusursuz bir şekilde kamufle olabilmektedir.

- A) In winter, Arctic foxes blend into the snow thanks to their white fur, whereas in summer they turn brown to hide among the tundra plants.
- B) Arctic foxes achieve perfect camouflage; they wear white fur to match the snow in winter and brown fur to blend with tundra plants in summer.
- C) Because their fur is pure white, Arctic foxes camouflage themselves in the snow in winter, but in summer they change to brown among the tundra vegetation.
- D) Arctic foxes are nearly invisible against the snow thanks to their pure white fur in winter, while in summer their brown coat helps them hide in the tundra.
- E) Arctic foxes, since they have pure white fur in winter, can camouflage perfectly in the snow while they hide among the tundra plants by turning brown in summer.

73. Alman fizikçi Albert Einstein, özel görelilik teorisini formüle etti ve böylece modern fizikte uzay-zaman anlayışını kökten değiştirdi.

- A) The German physicist Albert Einstein formulated the special theory of relativity and thus radically changed the understanding of space-time in modern physics.
- B) Albert Einstein, the German physicist, formulated the special theory of relativity to radically change the understanding of space-time in modern physics.
- C) Albert Einstein, who formulated the special theory of relativity and thus radically changed the understanding of space-time in modern physics, was a German physicist.
- D) Albert Einstein was a German physicist who formulated the special theory of relativity, thereby radically changing the understanding of space-time in modern physics.
- E) The understanding of space-time in modern physics was radically changed by the German physicist Albert Einstein, who formulated the special theory of relativity.

74. Çini, Türkiye’de üretilen, renkli bitki, hayvan ve geometrik desenleri olan geleneksel, el yapımı sırlı karo ve seramiklerdir.

- A) Çini made in Türkiye are traditional, handmade glazed tiles and ceramics featuring colourful motifs of plants, animals, and geometric patterns.
- B) Çini are traditional Turkish glazed tiles and ceramics that are produced by hand and include colourful motifs of plants, animals, and geometric shapes.
- C) Traditional hand-glazed tiles and ceramics, known as çini and featuring colourful motifs of geometric patterns, animals, and plants, are made in Türkiye.
- D) In Türkiye, çini are traditional, handmade glazed tiles and ceramics that feature colourful motifs of plants, animals, and geometric patterns.
- E) Çini are traditional, handmade glazed tiles and ceramics made in Türkiye, featuring colourful motifs of plants, animals, and geometric patterns.

75. Yeterli miktarda omega-3 yağ asidi almak, hem konsantrasyon ve hafıza gibi beyin fonksiyonlarını korumaya hem de Alzheimer hastalığı riskini azaltmaya yardımcı olur.

- A) Omega-3 fatty acids alone are enough both to protect brain functions, such as concentration and memory, and to reduce the risk of Alzheimer’s disease.
- B) Getting enough omega-3 fatty acids helps both protect brain functions such as concentration and memory and reduce the risk of Alzheimer’s disease.
- C) Both protecting brain functions, such as concentration and memory, and reducing the risk of Alzheimer’s disease depend on getting enough omega-3 fatty acids.
- D) Getting enough omega-3 fatty acids is essential to protecting brain functions such as concentration and memory, as well as to reducing the risk of Alzheimer’s disease.
- E) Getting enough omega-3 fatty acids helps reduce the risk of Alzheimer’s disease by protecting brain functions such as concentration and memory.

76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) Ant farms have long been used as a tool for learning, yet enthusiasts describe them in different ways depending on their interests. (II) Some regard an ant farm as a miniature ecosystem that allows observers to watch how insects dig tunnels and organise the colony. (III) Over time, ants in a farm may rearrange grains of sand into organised piles. (IV) Others emphasise its value as a hands-on science activity that fosters patience, responsibility, and curiosity about the natural world. (V) A broader view sees it as both a hobby and a classroom aid, combining fun with a clear view of biological processes.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) Fore-edge paintings appear when the pages of a book are fanned, revealing an image invisible when the book is closed. (II) These secret pictures often depict landscapes or scenes related to the book's content. (III) While typically just one image adorns a book's fanned pages, some volumes contain more elaborate art. (IV) In a recently discovered example from the 1800s, a single book features two different paintings—one appearing when the pages are bent forwards and another when bent backwards. (V) The craft requires great precision, as even small mistakes can distort the entire image.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) The Code of Hammurabi, created around 1750 BCE, is a milestone in legal history. (II) It contains 282 laws engraved on a large stone, addressing different issues. (III) A key principle is 'an eye for an eye', which means punishments were intended to match the severity of the crime. (IV) The code shows that even in ancient times, economic fairness and social responsibility were important. (V) Although harsh by today's standards, the code was a major step towards a structured legal system.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) In vocal music, harmony comes from different voice parts joining together to create layers of sound. (II) Sopranos carry the bright, high notes, while basses provide the deep foundation underneath. (III) Rather than depending solely on the singers, today's pop groups use studio effects to achieve a polished sound. (IV) The combination of these voices produces a richness unattainable by a single melody. (V) That is why choirs move listeners so strongly, blending human voices into one unified sound.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) Animals sleep for different lengths of time from humans and also divide their sleep patterns differently. (II) The amount of sleep animals need differs widely between species. (III) Elephants, for example, sleep very little, usually standing up for just a few hours each day to remain alert to potential dangers. (IV) On the other hand, bats may spend nearly the entire day asleep in dark, safe places, conserving their energy. (V) These contrasts show that each species has a unique sleep pattern shaped by factors such as size, lifestyle, and environment.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



YKS DENEMELERİ
YABANCI DİL TESTİ (YDT) İNGİLİZCE
1. DENEME CEVAP ANAHTARI

**İNGİLİZCE
TESTİ**

1. C	41. B
2. D	42. D
3. A	43. D
4. D	44. C
5. B	45. E
6. E	46. A
7. A	47. C
8. C	48. D
9. D	49. A
10. B	50. D
11. E	51. B
12. A	52. E
13. B	53. B
14. A	54. C
15. C	55. B
16. B	56. D
17. A	57. A
18. D	58. A
19. E	59. B
20. D	60. C
21. E	61. D
22. B	62. E
23. C	63. D
24. E	64. C
25. B	65. E
26. A	66. A
27. D	67. E
28. B	68. B
29. C	69. C
30. E	70. D
31. D	71. A
32. B	72. A
33. E	73. B
34. C	74. D
35. A	75. A
36. B	76. C
37. D	77. D
38. A	78. A
39. C	79. D
40. B	80. B



YKS DENEMELERİ
YABANCI DİL TESTİ (YDT) İNGİLİZCE
2. DENEME CEVAP ANAHTARI

**İNGİLİZCE
TESTİ**

1. C	41. B
2. B	42. E
3. E	43. C
4. A	44. D
5. D	45. D
6. B	46. B
7. A	47. A
8. C	48. A
9. C	49. E
10. E	50. C
11. B	51. D
12. D	52. B
13. A	53. B
14. E	54. B
15. D	55. A
16. B	56. C
17. A	57. B
18. A	58. B
19. C	59. E
20. D	60. D
21. E	61. D
22. D	62. D
23. E	63. A
24. B	64. C
25. E	65. B
26. A	66. A
27. D	67. C
28. C	68. E
29. A	69. C
30. B	70. A
31. E	71. D
32. C	72. E
33. D	73. C
34. A	74. E
35. B	75. D
36. B	76. C
37. E	77. B
38. E	78. E
39. C	79. B
40. C	80. B



YKS DENEMELERİ
YABANCI DİL TESTİ (YDT) İNGİLİZCE
3. DENEME CEVAP ANAHTARI

**İNGİLİZCE
TESTİ**

1. D	41. E
2. C	42. C
3. E	43. D
4. B	44. E
5. A	45. B
6. A	46. A
7. E	47. E
8. C	48. B
9. B	49. D
10. C	50. B
11. C	51. A
12. D	52. C
13. A	53. A
14. B	54. C
15. D	55. B
16. D	56. C
17. C	57. E
18. A	58. C
19. B	59. B
20. E	60. D
21. B	61. E
22. E	62. C
23. A	63. A
24. D	64. B
25. C	65. E
26. A	66. C
27. A	67. B
28. E	68. E
29. B	69. A
30. C	70. D
31. D	71. A
32. B	72. A
33. D	73. E
34. C	74. E
35. B	75. C
36. C	76. B
37. C	77. C
38. A	78. D
39. E	79. A
40. D	80. B



YKS DENEMELERİ
YABANCI DİL TESTİ (YDT) İNGİLİZCE
4. DENEME CEVAP ANAHTARI

**İNGİLİZCE
TESTİ**

1. E	41. C
2. B	42. D
3. D	43. E
4. C	44. A
5. B	45. C
6. B	46. D
7. A	47. C
8. C	48. A
9. D	49. B
10. E	50. D
11. D	51. E
12. E	52. B
13. B	53. E
14. A	54. A
15. C	55. C
16. B	56. D
17. C	57. A
18. E	58. D
19. D	59. B
20. D	60. C
21. B	61. B
22. D	62. C
23. C	63. B
24. D	64. C
25. A	65. E
26. E	66. C
27. D	67. A
28. B	68. E
29. C	69. D
30. C	70. A
31. E	71. B
32. B	72. D
33. C	73. E
34. E	74. B
35. B	75. A
36. D	76. D
37. A	77. C
38. C	78. D
39. A	79. A
40. D	80. B



YKS DENEMELERİ
YABANCI DİL TESTİ (YDT) İNGİLİZCE
5. DENEME CEVAP ANAHTARI

**İNGİLİZCE
TESTİ**

1. A	41. D
2. B	42. D
3. B	43. A
4. E	44. E
5. D	45. C
6. C	46. C
7. A	47. A
8. C	48. C
9. D	49. B
10. E	50. D
11. E	51. A
12. A	52. B
13. D	53. A
14. C	54. A
15. B	55. D
16. B	56. E
17. C	57. E
18. D	58. E
19. E	59. A
20. A	60. B
21. D	61. B
22. B	62. A
23. B	63. A
24. D	64. B
25. C	65. C
26. E	66. C
27. A	67. A
28. B	68. E
29. A	69. B
30. E	70. C
31. C	71. D
32. D	72. B
33. C	73. B
34. B	74. E
35. B	75. C
36. C	76. E
37. D	77. E
38. A	78. B
39. C	79. C
40. B	80. D



YKS DENEMELERİ
YABANCI DİL TESTİ (YDT) İNGİLİZCE
6. DENEME CEVAP ANAHTARI

**İNGİLİZCE
TESTİ**

1. D	41. B
2. B	42. C
3. B	43. B
4. C	44. A
5. E	45. C
6. A	46. A
7. E	47. E
8. D	48. D
9. D	49. B
10. C	50. C
11. D	51. A
12. A	52. E
13. B	53. A
14. E	54. A
15. C	55. D
16. B	56. B
17. E	57. C
18. E	58. A
19. D	59. C
20. A	60. E
21. D	61. B
22. C	62. B
23. E	63. A
24. B	64. A
25. D	65. E
26. B	66. D
27. E	67. B
28. D	68. E
29. A	69. D
30. C	70. A
31. A	71. C
32. B	72. C
33. D	73. B
34. E	74. E
35. B	75. A
36. C	76. E
37. D	77. D
38. C	78. B
39. E	79. D
40. C	80. B



YKS DENEMELERİ
YABANCI DİL TESTİ (YDT) İNGİLİZCE
7. DENEME CEVAP ANAHTARI

**İNGİLİZCE
TESTİ**

1. D	41. E
2. C	42. B
3. E	43. C
4. B	44. E
5. A	45. E
6. A	46. E
7. D	47. B
8. E	48. D
9. A	49. B
10. C	50. C
11. B	51. A
12. E	52. D
13. A	53. C
14. D	54. E
15. C	55. E
16. A	56. A
17. E	57. A
18. C	58. B
19. E	59. D
20. B	60. B
21. E	61. B
22. C	62. D
23. B	63. C
24. D	64. B
25. A	65. D
26. D	66. E
27. C	67. A
28. A	68. E
29. B	69. B
30. E	70. D
31. C	71. D
32. E	72. A
33. B	73. C
34. C	74. B
35. D	75. B
36. B	76. D
37. A	77. D
38. B	78. C
39. D	79. B
40. A	80. D



YKS DENEMELERİ
YABANCI DİL TESTİ (YDT) İNGİLİZCE
8. DENEME CEVAP ANAHTARI

**İNGİLİZCE
TESTİ**

1. B	41. A
2. E	42. D
3. B	43. A
4. D	44. B
5. A	45. C
6. D	46. C
7. B	47. D
8. E	48. E
9. C	49. A
10. A	50. D
11. E	51. C
12. C	52. C
13. D	53. B
14. D	54. B
15. C	55. D
16. A	56. E
17. D	57. A
18. E	58. E
19. E	59. D
20. B	60. B
21. C	61. E
22. A	62. A
23. B	63. C
24. D	64. B
25. B	65. C
26. E	66. A
27. A	67. C
28. C	68. C
29. D	69. B
30. B	70. A
31. B	71. B
32. D	72. E
33. C	73. A
34. E	74. B
35. B	75. B
36. E	76. E
37. D	77. C
38. D	78. D
39. C	79. C
40. A	80. E



YKS DENEMELERİ
YABANCI DİL TESTİ (YDT) İNGİLİZCE
9. DENEME CEVAP ANAHTARI

**İNGİLİZCE
TESTİ**

1. C	41. B
2. B	42. E
3. B	43. A
4. A	44. C
5. D	45. E
6. E	46. E
7. D	47. B
8. A	48. B
9. E	49. D
10. C	50. D
11. C	51. A
12. A	52. B
13. D	53. A
14. B	54. E
15. E	55. B
16. C	56. C
17. B	57. E
18. E	58. E
19. B	59. D
20. A	60. A
21. D	61. B
22. B	62. D
23. C	63. D
24. A	64. C
25. A	65. E
26. D	66. B
27. E	67. A
28. B	68. D
29. D	69. C
30. C	70. A
31. E	71. D
32. E	72. B
33. A	73. E
34. C	74. C
35. C	75. C
36. D	76. E
37. A	77. B
38. A	78. C
39. E	79. D
40. D	80. B



YKS DENEMELERİ
YABANCI DİL TESTİ (YDT) İNGİLİZCE
10. DENEME CEVAP ANAHTARI

**İNGİLİZCE
TESTİ**

1. B	41. A
2. A	42. B
3. D	43. C
4. D	44. E
5. C	45. D
6. E	46. B
7. B	47. C
8. D	48. D
9. E	49. C
10. E	50. A
11. C	51. C
12. E	52. B
13. C	53. A
14. E	54. A
15. D	55. E
16. D	56. A
17. D	57. C
18. B	58. D
19. C	59. B
20. C	60. C
21. C	61. E
22. E	62. D
23. E	63. B
24. E	64. B
25. D	65. B
26. C	66. E
27. A	67. A
28. D	68. E
29. D	69. E
30. C	70. D
31. E	71. D
32. A	72. B
33. B	73. B
34. E	74. D
35. B	75. D
36. D	76. E
37. A	77. C
38. E	78. B
39. A	79. B
40. C	80. C



YKS DENEMELERİ
YABANCI DİL TESTİ (YDT) İNGİLİZCE
11. DENEME CEVAP ANAHTARI

**İNGİLİZCE
TESTİ**

1. D	41. A
2. B	42. B
3. A	43. E
4. A	44. C
5. E	45. A
6. C	46. E
7. B	47. A
8. B	48. B
9. E	49. B
10. D	50. E
11. D	51. C
12. C	52. D
13. E	53. B
14. E	54. C
15. A	55. D
16. B	56. A
17. D	57. D
18. A	58. B
19. C	59. D
20. C	60. C
21. D	61. E
22. A	62. A
23. E	63. C
24. B	64. A
25. C	65. C
26. D	66. D
27. A	67. B
28. B	68. E
29. B	69. D
30. A	70. B
31. C	71. A
32. C	72. E
33. B	73. A
34. E	74. C
35. C	75. E
36. B	76. D
37. D	77. A
38. E	78. B
39. C	79. D
40. B	80. D



YKS DENEMELERİ
YABANCI DİL TESTİ (YDT) İNGİLİZCE
12. DENEME CEVAP ANAHTARI

**İNGİLİZCE
TESTİ**

1. A	41. A
2. D	42. D
3. E	43. B
4. B	44. B
5. E	45. E
6. A	46. E
7. D	47. C
8. E	48. D
9. C	49. C
10. E	50. E
11. B	51. A
12. A	52. B
13. E	53. B
14. C	54. A
15. C	55. C
16. A	56. E
17. B	57. A
18. E	58. B
19. D	59. C
20. C	60. B
21. E	61. E
22. E	62. B
23. B	63. D
24. D	64. D
25. E	65. C
26. B	66. B
27. A	67. E
28. C	68. C
29. D	69. A
30. A	70. B
31. E	71. A
32. B	72. D
33. C	73. A
34. E	74. E
35. A	75. A
36. D	76. B
37. D	77. B
38. C	78. D
39. E	79. D
40. B	80. C



YKS DENEMELERİ
YABANCI DİL TESTİ (YDT) İNGİLİZCE
13. DENEME CEVAP ANAHTARI

**İNGİLİZCE
TESTİ**

1. D	41. D
2. A	42. B
3. D	43. A
4. A	44. B
5. E	45. A
6. B	46. C
7. C	47. E
8. C	48. B
9. A	49. E
10. E	50. C
11. B	51. A
12. D	52. B
13. E	53. E
14. B	54. B
15. A	55. D
16. C	56. A
17. D	57. C
18. D	58. E
19. A	59. A
20. C	60. B
21. A	61. D
22. B	62. A
23. E	63. A
24. C	64. C
25. D	65. E
26. E	66. E
27. C	67. D
28. C	68. B
29. E	69. B
30. A	70. A
31. B	71. E
32. C	72. D
33. D	73. B
34. B	74. C
35. E	75. C
36. D	76. D
37. B	77. B
38. A	78. B
39. E	79. C
40. D	80. C



MEBİ YKS DENEMELERİ 2025-2026
YABANCI DİL TESTİ (YDT) İNGİLİZCE
14. DENEME CEVAP ANAHTARI

**İNGİLİZCE
TESTİ**

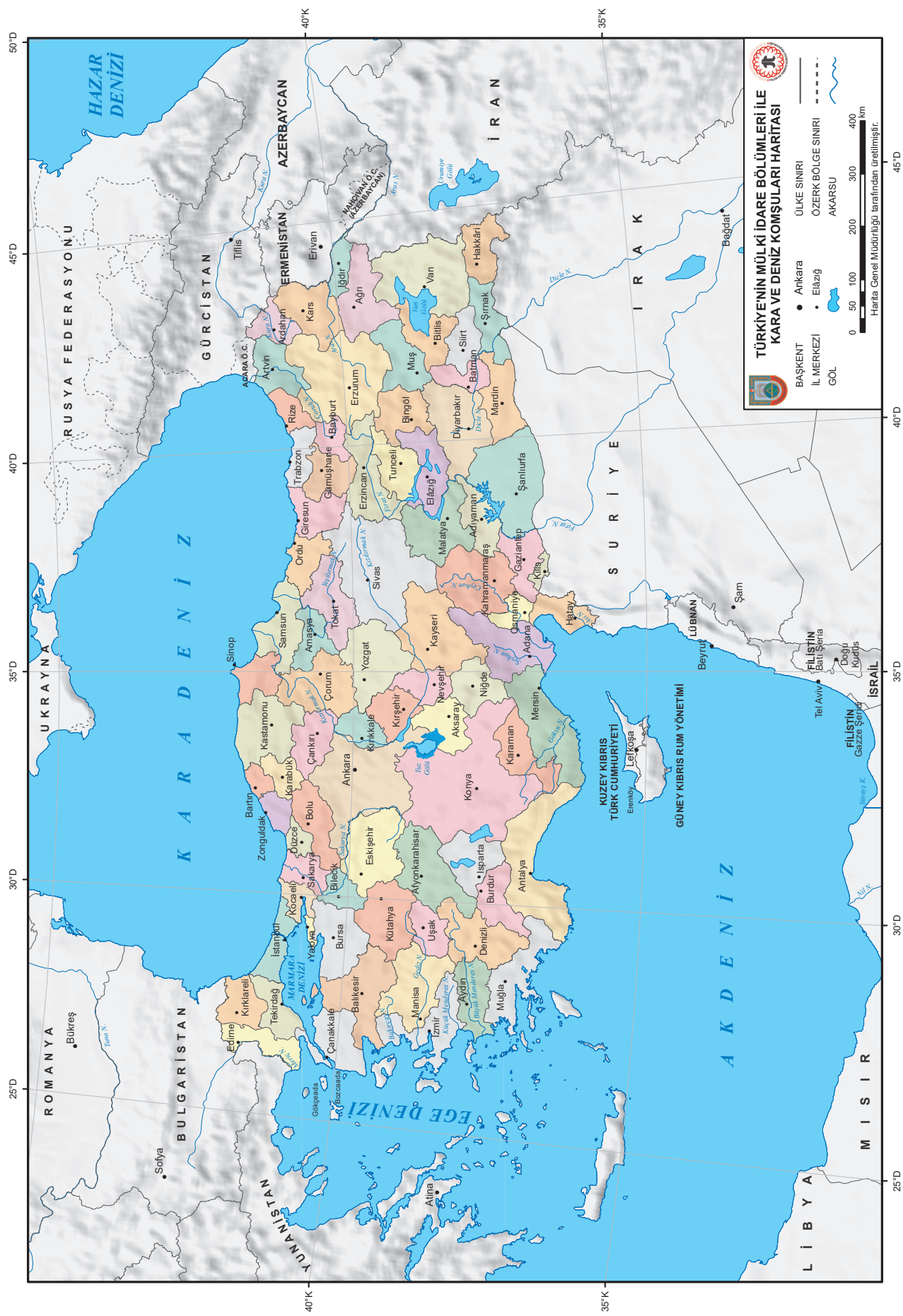
1. A	41. A
2. C	42. B
3. B	43. C
4. B	44. D
5. E	45. C
6. B	46. C
7. E	47. A
8. A	48. D
9. C	49. E
10. D	50. A
11. A	51. E
12. E	52. B
13. E	53. C
14. B	54. B
15. C	55. D
16. B	56. A
17. A	57. B
18. C	58. E
19. A	59. C
20. E	60. D
21. C	61. C
22. A	62. B
23. C	63. D
24. D	64. A
25. B	65. B
26. D	66. E
27. E	67. A
28. C	68. D
29. C	69. E
30. A	70. C
31. B	71. B
32. D	72. D
33. E	73. E
34. D	74. A
35. B	75. D
36. D	76. B
37. B	77. E
38. C	78. C
39. A	79. B
40. E	80. E

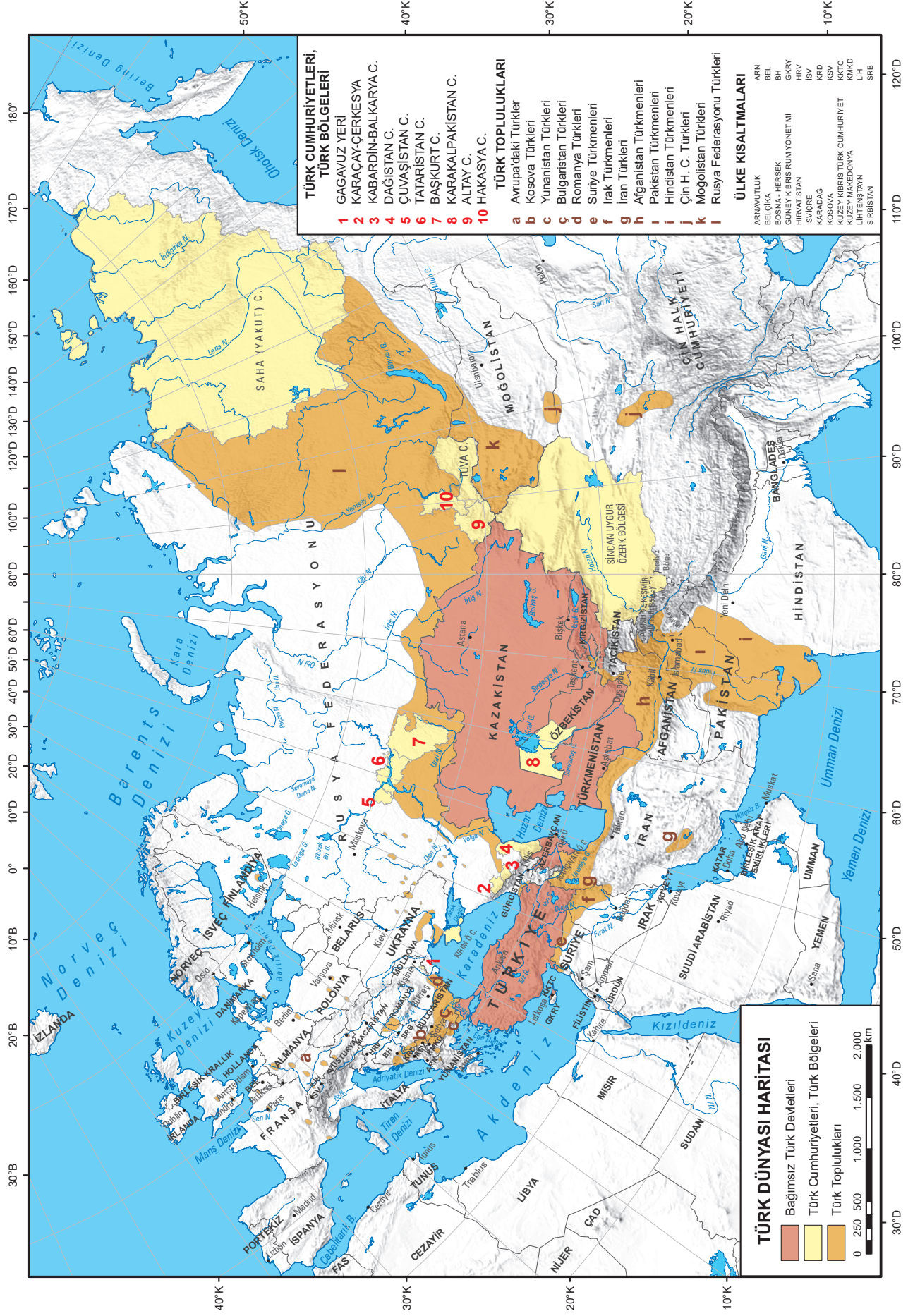


MEBİ YKS DENEMELERİ 2025-2026
YABANCI DİL TESTİ (YDT) İNGİLİZCE
15. DENEME CEVAP ANAHTARI

**İNGİLİZCE
TESTİ**

1. E	41. B
2. B	42. D
3. A	43. A
4. C	44. E
5. D	45. C
6. A	46. D
7. D	47. B
8. B	48. C
9. E	49. A
10. C	50. D
11. A	51. B
12. B	52. C
13. C	53. D
14. B	54. D
15. A	55. C
16. D	56. A
17. D	57. E
18. E	58. E
19. B	59. B
20. C	60. D
21. E	61. A
22. D	62. C
23. A	63. B
24. C	64. A
25. B	65. C
26. A	66. D
27. B	67. C
28. E	68. E
29. A	69. B
30. E	70. D
31. D	71. B
32. C	72. E
33. D	73. A
34. B	74. E
35. D	75. B
36. A	76. C
37. A	77. E
38. C	78. D
39. D	79. C
40. B	80. A







1

Karekodu Okut

2

Sınavı ve Dersi Seç

3

Yanıtlarını Kontrol Et

4

Video Çözümleri İzle

5

Analizlerini Yap

6

Puanını Hesapla

7

Hedeflerine Ulaş!