



T.C. MİLLÎ EĞİTİM  
BAKANLIĞI

3 ADIM

DENEME SINAVLARI

1. ADIM

YDT  
İngilizce



1. DENEME

ADI VE SOYADI

OKUL ADI

ADAYIN İMZASI

**ADAYIN DİKKATİNE!**

1. Bu sınavda YDT soru dağılımları dikkate alınmıştır.
2. Deneme tam kapsam olup 2023 YDT konularının tamamını kapsamaktadır.
3. Bu sınav 80 sorudan oluşmaktadır.

Bu testlerin her hakkı saklıdır. Hangi amaçla olursa olsun, testlerin tamamının veya bir kısmının Millî Eğitim Bakanlığının yazılı izni olmadan kopya edilmesi, fotoğrafının çekilmesi, herhangi bir yolla çoğaltılması, yayımlanması ya da kullanılması yasaktır. Bu yasağa uymayanlar gerekli cezai sorumluluğu ve testlerin hazırlanmasındaki mali külfeti peşinen kabullenmiş sayılır.

#### AÇIKLAMA

1. Bu kitapçıkta **80 soru** bulunmaktadır.
2. Bu sınav için verilen cevaplama süresi **120 dakikadır (2 saat)**.
3. **Bu sınav puanlanırken doğru cevaplarınızın sayısından yanlış cevaplarınızın sayısının dörtte biri çıkarılacak ve kalan sayı bu test ile ilgili ham puanınız olacaktır.**
4. Kitapçığın sayfalarındaki boş yerleri müsvedde için kullanabilirsiniz.
5. Cevaplamaya istediğiniz sorudan başlayabilirsiniz. Bir soru ile ilgili cevabınızı, cevap kâğıdında o soru için ayrılmış olan yere işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.
6. Bu kitapçıkta yer alan her sorunun sadece bir doğru cevabı vardır. Cevap kâğıdında bir soru için birden çok cevap yeri işaretlenmişse o soru yanlış cevaplanmış sayılacaktır. İşaretlediğiniz bir cevabı değiştirmek istediğinizde silme işlemini çok iyi yapmanız gerektiğini unutmayınız.

1. Bu testte 80 soru vardır.
2. Cevaplarınızı, cevap kâğıdına işaretleyiniz.

1. - 15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Students are able to make considerable ---- in learning a foreign language by establishing clear, attainable goals and allocating the necessary instructional time.  
A) accuracy  
B) progress  
C) extension  
D) pleasure  
E) hindrance
2. On rare occasions, the severity of headaches can be so ---- that they need to be stopped with an injection in the hospital.  
A) contagious  
B) worthless  
C) attractive  
D) unbearable  
E) irregular
3. The police believe the fire was started ---- because an empty can of gasoline was found near the house.  
A) deliberately  
B) basically  
C) artificially  
D) peacefully  
E) identically
4. Tornadoes ---- when a change in wind direction, coupled with an increase in wind speed, results in a spinning effect in the lower atmosphere.  
A) destruct  
B) categorise  
C) explode  
D) occur  
E) throw
5. In Northern Ireland, almost 40% of the population lives in rural regions, and many ---- public transport to get to and from work.  
A) figure out  
B) get over  
C) rely on  
D) abstain from  
E) account for
6. Since the discovery of Pluto in 1930, children ---- that the solar system had nine planets, which all ---- in the late 1990s when scientists began debating whether Pluto was, in fact, a planet.  
A) were taught / has changed  
B) had been taught / changed  
C) have been taught / was changing  
D) used to be taught / would change  
E) are taught / has been changing

7. Exercise ---- numerous health benefits, such as ---- the chances of developing heart disease, certain types of cancer, and other chronic diseases.

- A) will provide / to be reducing
- B) has been providing / to reduce
- C) is providing / being reduced
- D) provides / reducing
- E) has provided / having reduced

8. People should get ---- against hepatitis A and tetanus before ---- to South America to protect themselves against the illnesses that are prevalent there.

- A) to vaccinate / travel
- B) being vaccinated / being travelled
- C) to have vaccinated / having travelled
- D) vaccinating / to travel
- E) vaccinated / travelling

9. Empathy refers to the ability to emotionally grasp what other people are feeling, to see things ---- their perspective, and to put oneself ---- their shoes.

- A) for / on
- B) into / of
- C) upon / below
- D) from / in
- E) to / through

10. Influencers are social media users ---- plenty of followers and use their platform for marketing different products and services based ---- corporate partnerships.

- A) against / at
- B) of / upon
- C) from / as
- D) among / to
- E) with / on

11. ---- the majority of Islamic countries follow the Gregorian solar calendar for governance, the lunar calendar is used to determine the dates of religious feasts and significant rituals like the Hajj pilgrimage.

- A) As long as
- B) Now that
- C) Unless
- D) Even though
- E) Once

12. Australia and New Zealand are often overlooked for language learning, ---- thousands of international students have discovered the advantages of studying in those countries recently.

- A) so
- B) or
- C) as
- D) for
- E) yet



21. - 28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. **Animal testing in medical research and cosmetics should be prohibited ----.**

- A) as some species have internal systems that are functionally equivalent to human organs
- B) unless animals are viewed as a tool for improving medical techniques
- C) even if many cosmetic companies have looked for alternatives to animal testing
- D) since it violates the rights of animals and causes pain and suffering to experimental animals
- E) in case computers can simulate it and estimate the product or price of the product

22. **Parents are supposed to encourage children to snack on fruits and vegetables rather than chips and cookies ----.**

- A) even if a nutritious diet in childhood reduces the risk of heart disease, diabetes, and obesity
- B) while they learn to eat healthily today and will make better choices as they grow older
- C) although junk food consumption may lead to childhood obesity or experiencing problems later
- D) if your doctor or dietitian can help you manage food allergies while eating a healthy diet
- E) since focusing on nutrient-dense foods allows children to get nutrients while decreasing calories

23. **----, people are faced with unhealthy weight and even obesity in the long run.**

- A) Since excessive consumption of ultra-processed food is getting more widespread
- B) Though there is an association between the number of steps taken and their health benefits
- C) Even if a great number of people consume more food than their bodies actually need
- D) No matter how much effort has been put into well-being and getting in shape
- E) While experts stress that excess physical activity may cause serious diseases

24. **----, every person's healthy weight range will vary and depend on factors including age, gender, genetics, body frame, and lifestyle habits.**

- A) Unless they eat lots of fruit and vegetables and reduce fat, sugar, and salt intake
- B) Even if the body mass index is based on gender-specific height and weight tables
- C) Because opting for a balanced diet is an important step towards a healthy lifestyle
- D) Even though healthy weight guidelines have been made for the whole population
- E) As a high amount of body fat may cause weight-related diseases and other health issues

25. --- if you are still trying to determine whether you have chosen the proper career.

- A) You can be sure that you are making this decision for yourself, not for someone else
- B) You can see a career counsellor or research a given occupation and its unique aspects
- C) You can minimise results and fix faults to assist you in rebuilding your reputation
- D) Strong work ethic helps you achieve your goals and get promoted in your career
- E) You can strengthen missing skills or learn new ones to achieve an optimistic mindset

26. While most sunscreen recommendations are appropriate for both adults and children, ---.

- A) almost all mineral sunscreens contain physical blockers like zinc oxide
- B) it would be wise to avoid being outside when the sun's rays are the strongest
- C) protecting newborns from sunburn requires a distinct strategy
- D) childhood sunburn has been linked to a higher likelihood of skin cancer
- E) scientists advise parents to dress their infants in sun-protective clothing

27. Although 'paraquat' is one of the world's most popular and effective herbicides, ---.

- A) farmers prefer using it since it does not damage the plants or the animals
- B) millions of farmers have used it to remove weeds from their land
- C) farmers who use it without protective clothing should not be worried
- D) it is also one of the most toxic ones, causing thousands of poisoning deaths
- E) there is no scientific evidence showing that it is harmful to human health

28. Due to their lower running costs, expanded model selection, and growing concerns about air quality and climate change, ---.

- A) electric cars are a relatively new concept in the car business
- B) most experts agree that sales of electric cars will slow down in the next few years
- C) electric vehicles are becoming more and more appealing
- D) electric cars cost more than gasoline or diesel vehicles
- E) many people still prefer gasoline-powered cars over their electric counterparts

## 29. - 31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

A backpacker is someone who does not want to spend weeks on the beach and instead wants to have thrilling new experiences in places they may or may not have been before. Backpackers frequently want to be outside and away from the city. They always look for new experiences, places and trails, meet 'locals' from different cultures, see the sights, and experience their traditions. Backpacking is incredibly inexpensive, allowing you to experience the great outdoors in ways most people may not have the opportunity to do. That, of course, comes with some of the best tales and images to share with your friends and family. Every vacation has its share of unforgettable events and sights. Many websites may provide information on how to backpack, but the best approach is to go backpacking yourself, starting with a modest day trip somewhere near home. Before you **embark on** your first overnight adventure, you should take the time to prepare yourself properly. Make a strong packing list and do some research on where you will be heading and what trails you will be using to get there.

## 29. According to the passage, which is true about a backpacker?

- A) It is not typical for a backpacker to interact with natives and get cultural insight.
- B) Backpackers are often terrified when they encounter unfamiliar situations.
- C) It is incredibly high-priced for backpackers to explore the amazing natural wonders.
- D) Any proficient backpacker knows the value of staying for extended periods at the beach.
- E) A backpacker may take a day trip or browse websites to learn how to backpack.

## 30. The underlined phrasal verb 'embark on' is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) start
- B) develop
- C) approve
- D) conduct
- E) demand

## 31. What is the passage mainly about?

- A) How a backpacker earns a living
- B) Unforgettable experiences of a backpacker
- C) General information about a backpacker
- D) How to prepare a backpack
- E) Fantastic places to visit as a backpacker

**32. - 34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

When exams are going on, there is often a worry that students will not be able to keep their focus the whole time. Here are some ideas that might help. Firstly, getting enough rest is very important when you have exams. Even if you feel like you need to study the night before, you will be much more alert and able to remember things after a good night's sleep. Do not try to 'review' by sitting down with a list of all the subjects you need to study for. You will just put it off and feel overwhelmed by the task. Plan your time based on when your next exams are and which ones need the most work. Make this schedule workable by adding breaks. If you want to spend eight hours studying biology, you might risk spending seven of those hours getting ready. Set goals for an hour, and then give yourself a 15-minute break to go for a walk, have a drink, answer a text message, or check your emails. Then right back to studying! If you sit at a desk for a long time, gravity will cause your blood to pool in the lower half of your body. This means your brain will not get as much oxygen which helps you focus. Make sure you get up and move around frequently to get your blood flowing and clear your mind.

**32. According to the passage, to focus on the exams, ----.**

- A) students need to work hard the night before the exam
- B) making a list of all the subjects is a good idea
- C) adding breaks between sessions makes students' study plan feasible
- D) students need to clear their minds by studying biology
- E) students should sit at a desk for a long time

**33. Which of the following is not true about studying ideas?**

- A) When students have exams, enough rest is very crucial.
- B) Students should plan their time and exams which require more studying.
- C) Students can check their emails or go for a walk when they have a break.
- D) Students should sit at a desk for a long time as moving distracts them.
- E) Students' brains need to get a lot of oxygen to focus on their studies.

**34. It can be understood from the passage that students ----.**

- A) need to stay up and study the night before the exam
- B) should review all the subjects in one sitting
- C) should not take too many breaks as it blocks focusing
- D) need to set goals for every hour before breaks
- E) should not go out during break times

**35. - 37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Having a newborn child is both a life-changing gift and an immense responsibility. Family-friendly laws like paid parental leave support breastfeeding and assist parents in nurturing and developing close relationships with their young children at a crucial time. It is apparent from various studies that appropriate nutrition during early childhood can be delivered by nursing, together with nurturing care and stimulation, which can have long-lasting effects on children's brain development. Early breastfeeding initiation, exclusive breastfeeding for the first six months, and continuing to breastfeed until age two or longer can all boost a child's immune system. They can also keep children from getting noncommunicable diseases, which develop over a long period as a result of a mix of genetic, physiological, environmental, and behavioural variables. Family-friendly policies are particularly important for working parents, and fathers should take time off from work. Paid paternity leave promotes gender equality by giving fathers a chance to bond with their babies and share housework and childrearing responsibilities.

**35. It is stated in the passage that children's cognitive development ----.**

- A) may be negatively affected by malnutrition and the inaccurate childrearing approaches of modern parents
- B) is influenced positively only when the children are exposed to a stimulus-rich environment by their parents
- C) cannot last long unless the parents supply sufficient nurture and expose their children to diverse environments
- D) can be boosted by providing them with the necessary vitamin supplements and a formula rich in minerals
- E) depends not only on breastfeeding but also on other factors, like proper nourishment

**36. One can understand from the passage that the family-friendly laws ----.**

- A) should only be concerned with mothers since mothers have a more crucial role in childcare and the household
- B) need to be regulated, considering governments' fundamental needs and demands
- C) do not meet the financial, emotional, psychological, and physiological needs of the families
- D) should not exclude fathers as both parents have similar responsibilities at home and in childcare
- E) are applicable enough to ensure the infants' rights in terms of sheltering, protection, and affection

**37. According to the passage, noncommunicable diseases ----.**

- A) cannot be prevented unless the necessary precautions are taken at an older age
- B) are a group of conditions caused by a combination of various factors
- C) are illnesses which are transmissible from one person to another
- D) are disorders which inhibit one's ability of social interaction
- E) are the leading cause of not getting enough breastmilk in early childhood

**38. - 40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Flamenco, recently recognised as a component of the world's intangible cultural heritage, is a sophisticated art form that combines poetry, singing, guitar playing, dancing, polyrhythmic hand movements, and finger snapping. It frequently includes loud calls and responses known as 'jaleo', which involves hand clapping, foot stomping, and crowd cheers. Nobody truly knows where the word 'flamenco' came from, yet everyone agrees that the art form developed in southern Spain, especially in Andalusia and Murcia, and was influenced by musicians and performers from the Caribbean, Latin America, and Europe. Flamenco entertainment soon expanded from southern Spain to the nation's capital, Madrid, and then to other Spanish metropolitan areas. It flourished **there** as a result of the development of mass urban culture and an increase in international tourists, starting in the middle of the nineteenth century. In the last few decades of the 20<sup>th</sup> century, flamenco was affected by the global musical trend towards the fusion of styles. So today, some contemporary artists are making new rhythmic techniques in the studio and putting them into story-based stage shows.

**38. According to the passage, flamenco ----.**

- A) includes various body movements along with other elements of art
- B) has long been a part of theatre because of its narrative aspects
- C) is a soft dance which can be performed alone or with a partner
- D) was often appreciated more by the ones who lived outside Spain
- E) requires great flexibility, thus can only be performed by female dancers

**39. It is clear from the passage that foreign artists from different continents ----.**

- A) came to Spain to watch the dancers' performances live in urban settlements
- B) made some alterations in the way that flamenco dance is performed
- C) were heavily influenced by Spanish culture and its artistic properties
- D) contributed to the development of flamenco together with local performers
- E) integrated flamenco into theatre plays and brought it to the masses

**40. The underlined word 'there' in the passage refers to ----.**

- A) Andalusia and Murcia
- B) the nation's capital, Madrid
- C) the Caribbean, Latin America, and Europe
- D) southern Spain
- E) Spanish metropolitan areas, except for Madrid

## 41. - 43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Are you afraid of maths? Is the thought of taking a maths test making your palms sweat? If so, you are not alone. Many people find maths difficult. Stress does not just keep students from getting good grades. It might be physically painful as well. However, science has uncovered certain methods to deal with maths anxiety. According to research, writing about your maths anxiety can help you work through negative feelings and perform better on tests. It is also critical to keep a 'growth mindset' when it comes to maths, researchers find. That is, keep in mind that doing maths is similar to playing an instrument or participating in a sport. Anyone can get better with practice. Seeking out enjoyable maths-related activities can also help the subject seem less scary. Try playing some online maths games, or read stories about interesting methods to use maths in everyday life, such as debunking urban legends or calculating your dog's true age. Most importantly, remember that making mistakes is a key part of learning maths. Many mathematicians and other scientists have also experienced maths anxiety. Therefore, if numbers make you nervous now, keep an open mind. Someday, you just might like it.

## 41. According to the passage, maths anxiety ----.

- A) is mostly due to negative emotions from the past
- B) could be reduced by taking part in a sport
- C) cannot be prevented despite fun maths activities
- D) can cause physical symptoms such as sweating
- E) has no negative impact on students' tests

## 42. It can be understood from the passage that according to a study, ----.

- A) writing down thoughts and feelings before a test can improve maths performance
- B) negative experiences in the classroom and at home may contribute to maths anxiety
- C) maths anxiety seems to be higher in girls as they do not play online games
- D) playing an instrument is more difficult for students than learning maths
- E) maths anxiety is the result of doing poorly in mathematics

## 43. What is the author's attitude towards maths anxiety?

- A) Humorous
- B) Concerned
- C) Disapproving
- D) Sarcastic
- E) Optimistic

44. - 48. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

44. Karen:

- What should I do to make the right decision for my academic life? I don't want to be one of those who hate going to work and always complain.

Mark:

- Actually, it is very simple. Do you know the saying, "If you do what you love, you will never work a day in your life"?

Karen:

– ----

Mark:

- Well, there are plenty of surveys online that might help you discover your potential, or you can seek educational counselling to realise your interests and preferences.

- A) Of course! Isn't it the famous American songwriter who uttered these words?  
 B) Not really. This is the most ridiculous thing I have ever heard in my life.  
 C) I might have heard this quotation before, but I don't believe it's practical in my situation.  
 D) Yes, but the problem is that I don't really know what I'm passionate about.  
 E) No, but I believe the one who says this must be from another planet.

45. Alice:

– ----

Brian:

- To be honest, these past weeks have been some of the busiest of my life. During this time, I stepped away from social media and couldn't return calls.

Alice:

- So, what has kept you so busy?

Brian:

- Well, I've been working on completing my thesis to meet the submission date.

Alice:

- Oh, I see. I hope it's going well. Then, give me a call after you have finished it, and we can go for dinner to celebrate your degree.

- A) I've got two tickets to the recently released sci-fi film. Would you like to join me?  
 B) What have you been doing lately? I've been trying to keep in touch with you.  
 C) Long time no talk. When did you return from Madrid?  
 D) Do you have any idea why the thesis is taking so long to complete?  
 E) Are you planning to get professional help to overcome stress in your academic life?

46. Abby:

– I'm looking for a nursery for my daughter, but I'm having difficulty finding one. Do you have any suggestions?

Judy:

– Actually, I do. I definitely recommend the one my nephew went to two years ago.

Abby:

– ----

Judy:

– Well, the nursery itself is set in the lovely countryside, surrounded by open fields where the children run all the time, and the staff are wonderful and very concerned with the children's growth.

Abby:

– Great. I'm sure she'll love it. So, can you give me the phone number?

- A) Do you believe that it is fun for children to go there?
- B) Oh, that's good. How did you find out about this school?
- C) What should I look for in a school? What is your advice?
- D) Really? Can you tell me briefly what kind of place it is?
- E) So, what is the educational experience of the teachers, then?

47. Nancy:

– Since we'll be in Africa for a business partnership next month, I did some digging on the Net yesterday. We might have some problems while talking to the locals.

Daniel:

– ----

Nancy:

– There are approximately 2,000 languages spoken there, and we might hear 100–250 dialects daily.

Daniel:

– If that's the case, I think we'll certainly need an interpreter, right?

- A) Did you experience something on your previous trips?
- B) Why do some Africans dislike talking to foreigners?
- C) Is it possible to learn a little bit of Bantu and Swahili?
- D) Can you tell me any phrases I should be aware of?
- E) Do you mind giving more detail on this for me?

48. Zane:

– **You know I've been up for hours already. Can you drive for a few hours so I can take a nap and we don't waste any time?**

Todd:

– ----

Zane:

– **Thanks, man. Do you want a coffee to keep you awake before we leave?**

Todd:

– **No need. I actually don't like coffee, so can you buy some water instead?**

Zane:

– **Yeah, consider it done.**

- A) I agree that we should stop for a rest at the next petrol station.
- B) Sure, go ahead. I fancy driving at night, so it'll be a pleasure.
- C) Take a walk, shake yourself awake, and go grab some coffee.
- D) Well, I have been doing all the driving, so I deserve a break.
- E) I wish I could, but I don't have my driving licence on me.

49. - 53. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

49. **Parents can raise environmentally conscious children by developing an awareness of the environment and sustainable practices from an early age.**

- A) Parents can raise environmentally conscious children if they encourage a love of the environment and sustainable behaviours in their children from an early age.
- B) By fostering an understanding of the environment and sustainable practices from a young age, parents are able to raise their children environmentally responsible.
- C) Parents will not be able to raise environmentally conscious children unless they instil in them an early appreciation for the environment and sustainable habits.
- D) An early emphasis on environmental education and sustainable lifestyles is possible, provided that parents help their kids grow up caring about the planet.
- E) The development of an understanding of the environment and sustainable habits at a young age is an important duty for parents who want to raise environmentally sensitive children.

50. When the shark, one of the most dangerous and powerful sea creatures, attacks the octopus, contrary to popular belief, the octopus emerges victorious.

- A) Because sharks are among the most feared and powerful marine animals, when they assault an octopus, they usually win.
- B) As guessed, when the shark, one of the most dangerous and strong marine predators, battles the octopus, the latter emerges victorious.
- C) Although most people believe that sharks beat octopuses when they fight, they fail because the octopus wins.
- D) It is a popularly held opinion that the octopus defeats the shark, which is one of the most dangerous wild animals underwater.
- E) Unlike popular opinion, the octopus wins when a shark, one of the most terrifying and strong sea creatures, attacks it.

51. Before the invention of the electric scooter, children played on the streets with vehicles called 'kick scooters', which had wheels and the steering wheel parallel to the wooden body.

- A) 'Kick scooters' were not used any more by children when the electric scooter was developed with wheels and the steering wheel parallel to the wooden body.
- B) Until the electric scooter was developed, 'kick scooters', which had only the steering wheel parallel to the wooden body, were ridden on the streets.
- C) Children used 'kick scooters', with wheels and the steering wheel parallel to the wooden body, to play on the streets before the electric scooter was developed.
- D) After the invention of the electric scooter, 'kick scooters' were no longer used on the streets as they had wheels and the steering wheel parallel to the wooden body.
- E) With wheels and the steering wheel parallel to the wooden body, 'kick scooters' were preferred by children on the streets instead of electric scooters.

52. Unlike bones or skin, which can heal through remineralisation, the teeth lack the right type of cells to fully repair themselves.

- A) Remineralisation is a process which can only be stimulated by bones or skin; however, the teeth require a different process to heal completely.
- B) The teeth, which need a correct type of cellular process to recover entirely, lack the basic ability of remineralisation, just like skin or bones.
- C) It is likely for teeth to repair themselves thoroughly by remineralisation; on the other hand, bones and skin need a combination of correct cells to recover.
- D) While bones and skin have the capability of regenerating themselves by the remineralisation process, the teeth do not have the correct cell types to completely recover.
- E) It is not possible for bones and skin to regenerate themselves using essential minerals in the body as long as the teeth do not include the right types of cells.

53. Though Albert Einstein is recognised as one of the greatest scientists of the 20<sup>th</sup> century, his first wife is largely unknown despite having contributed to his revolutionary discoveries.

- A) Albert Einstein is acknowledged as one of the brightest scientists of the last century, while his first wife, whose scientific contributions were more valuable than Einstein's, remained anonymous to most people.
- B) Albert Einstein's first wife was more famous at the time thanks to her contributions to her husband's lots of ground-breaking discoveries; nevertheless, Einstein is seen as one of the most influential scientists of the 20<sup>th</sup> century today.
- C) In spite of her contributions to her husband's ground-breaking discoveries, Albert Einstein's first wife remains virtually unknown, whereas he is regarded as one of the brightest scientists of the last century.
- D) No matter how hard he tried, Albert Einstein, one of the greatest physicists in the world, could not surpass his first wife's success during the 20<sup>th</sup> century, although he played a significant role in his wife's findings.
- E) Albert Einstein is known as one of the best scientists of all time, just like his first wife, whose contributions to her husband's scientific works are known and respected by everyone.

54. - 58. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

54. You missed an important class before an exam just because you went to the cinema with your friends. As the exam is two days later, you need to take notes from your classmates. However, nobody is eager to share the notes with you, including your best friend. Trying to get the notes from your best friend, you say: ----

- A) I won't forgive you for doing this. Do you think I can't get them from someone else?
- B) I know you didn't give me your notes because I didn't go to the cinema with you.
- C) I would give you my notes without hesitation if you were in the same situation.
- D) I don't care if you give your notes or not; I'll never go to the cinema with you!
- E) What valuable lecture notes you have! I can ask someone else for them.

55. You are at a scout camp with a group of friends. A rider in your group has switched off his front lights on a bike ride at night. He has lost his balance after cycling over a pothole, falling and suffering a sprained wrist. As a qualified first aider, you calmly approach the injured friend to help. So you say: ----

- A) If you hadn't turned off your lights, none of this would have happened to us, and we'd be able to continue our ride.
- B) I'm a first-aid specialist. Keep calm and don't move your wrist; we'll take you to the campsite and apply cold to it.
- C) As a first aid specialist, I must say that the situation is very serious; it's not possible for us to do anything to you right now.
- D) Make an effort to stand up; if you have a lot of pain, let us immediately contact a first-aid expert.
- E) I wish you'd told us earlier that you didn't know how to ride a bike; this accident wouldn't have happened to you.

56. You are at the airport. You have already checked in and have a boarding pass. While you are giving your luggage, the person at the check-in desk warns you that your luggage is over the weight and size limits and you need to pay an excess baggage fee. You refuse kindly to pay as it exceeds only one kilo and say: ----

- A) I'm sorry to say that I don't understand why you charge for just one extra kilo. I ask you not to charge this fee.
- B) Inform the customer service immediately that I prefer to cancel my flight instead of paying this fee!
- C) I was wondering if there is any possibility that you may give me a discount if I paid for it right away.
- D) I'll report you for not accepting my luggage. You don't think I'll pay this extra fee, do you?
- E) I weighed my suitcase at home; in order to make more money, you're using an incorrect scale here.

57. Although your sister has been taking piano lessons for almost a year, she still seems to have difficulty recognising the right note. She thinks she has made huge progress, but you think she has no musical capability. Thinking that she wastes her time and money, you want to encourage her to try other pastimes. So, trying not to break her feelings, you say: ---

- A) I don't understand why you're investing your time and money in an activity that you're terrible at.
- B) I'm sure there are other things that you can do much better than struggling with this instrument in vain.
- C) I think keyboard instruments are not my cup of tea. I should give a chance to wind instruments, instead.
- D) As far as I recall, you were excellent at sports in middle school. Why don't you consider taking fencing classes again instead of piano?
- E) After spending a fortune on your piano classes, our mum will feel disappointed when she sees your poor performance.

58. You are a graduate student at one of the most prestigious universities in the country. Your professor assigned the whole class to write an essay on the artistic features of an ancient temple. A few days after you finish the paper, you notice that your flatmate, who has the same assignment as he is in the same class with you, has copied your work. Knowing that he always does that, you enter his room furiously and say: ---

- A) Excuse me, do you know where my assignment is? I can't find it anywhere.
- B) How dare you! You can't steal everyone's work without permission all the time.
- C) If I were in your shoes, I wouldn't let anyone copy my work without my consent.
- D) You must have taken my essay by accident in the library today. Can I take it back?
- E) If you had asked me, I'd have helped you to finish your assignment with pleasure.

59. - 63. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

59. The amount of water you get from foods makes up your daily total beverage intake. How much liquid you should get each day depends on your age, gender, or pregnancy status, and you obtain the majority of the liquids you need from the water and other beverages you drink. --- Another good way to provide body fluids is to drink water, which has no calories.

- A) Drinking water can help avoid dehydration, a condition that can cause foggy thinking.
- B) You can get some fluids from the foods, especially fruits and vegetables, with a lot of water.
- C) Since water has no calories, it can assist in controlling body weight and consuming fewer calories.
- D) Beverages labelled 'sugar-free' or 'diet' are more likely to contain high-intensity sweeteners.
- E) If you want to drink more water during the day, carry a water bottle with you.

60. All flowers hold various meanings, often based on the type of flower, the colour of the flower, or both. And floriography is the art of interacting with different flower types. Even though floriography has been around for quite a while now, it is most commonly associated with the Victorian era, as this is when learning the unique symbolism behind each flower became a popular hobby. ---- These flowers continue to hold the same meaning attached to their mythology today.

- A) Pink flowers symbolise trust in Thailand, good fortune in China, and good health in Japan.
- B) After learning the meaning of flowers, presenting them as gifts becomes more considerate.
- C) Flower symbolism appeared rather frequently throughout Shakespeare's body of work.
- D) The story of Narcissus, who cherished his reflection in the lake, is a favourite and popular myth.
- E) Many flowers derive their meanings and symbols from ancient myths and legends.

61. There are principles to follow for a wonderful, satisfying cup of morning coffee, whether you use estate-grown beans and a complex brew method or a supermarket blend and a liquid coffee maker. If you buy pre-ground coffee in bags, you are doing it wrong. Begin with fresh, whole beans instead. You can check out local coffee shops for fresh coffee. ---- While many recommend a vacuum-sealed container with a one-way valve, a standard mason jar will be enough for most people.

- A) Make sure you store your coffee properly to keep it fresher for longer.
- B) Use a digital scale to compare how much coffee and water are consumed over time.
- C) Grind the coffee too fine to make an over-extract and bitter-tasting coffee.
- D) Place a filter into the hopper and add your coffee grounds to infuse your coffee.
- E) Use a thermometer to measure the temperature to ensure your coffee maker gets hot enough.

62. Rivers, streams, lakes, or reservoirs are the first places from which your drinking water is retrieved. After that, it undergoes chemical disinfection and water filtering, and it is then sent to your tap through pipes. You might think that your drinking water is safe because it has already undergone treatment, but you could be skipping a crucial point. ----

- A) There is only one way that medications can reach your wastewater, and water treatment facilities eliminate this risk.
- B) There is currently no existing water treatment system that removes pharmaceutical by-products.
- C) The wastewater treatment chemistry determines which drugs are detectable in streams and which are not.
- D) Drinking water contaminants may be eliminated using activated carbon, widely known as activated charcoal or coal filter.
- E) Scientists are working on different methods to find ways to get medicines out of drinking water.

63. --- Among them are screen reading software for smartphone use, wearable technology that enables autonomous navigation in public spaces, and mobile apps that pair blind people with sighted volunteers for tasks requiring the use of vision via video chat. Before the development of these modern visual aids, guide dogs were the primary assistants used by blind people. Since World War I, the work of these canines has provided their handlers with meaningful support.

- A) Throughout history, animals have been of great assistance to humans, especially to those with sight disabilities.
- B) Visually impaired people use various mobile applications, ranging from those that recognise currency and colours to those that narrate their surroundings.
- C) People affected by blindness today have access to various cutting-edge tools and technologies that can help them get through their daily lives.
- D) Thanks to recent technological advances, tracking people with mental incapability is possible when they lose their sense of direction.
- E) Thankfully, blind people are becoming more independent with the assistance of specially trained animals.

64. - 69. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

64. According to experts, individuals who regularly walk for half an hour at least five days a week have stronger muscles.

- A) Uzmanlar, haftanın beş günü yarım saatlik yürüyüş yapmanın kaslara büyük fayda sağladığını söylüyor.
- B) Uzmanlara göre, düzenli olarak haftanın en az beş günü yarım saatlik yürüyüş yapan bireyler daha güçlü kaslara sahip olur.
- C) Düzenli olarak haftanın beş günü en az yarım saat yürüyüş yapmak uzmanlar tarafından belirtildiği üzere insanların güçlü kaslara sahip olmasını sağlar.
- D) Uzmanlara göre, düzenli olarak haftanın beş günü en az yarım saat yürüyüş yapan bireyler diğerlerine göre daha güçlü kaslara sahip olur.
- E) Uzmanlar tarafından düzenli olarak haftanın en az beş günü yarım saat yürüyüş yapan bireylerin daha güçlü kaslara sahip olduğu görülmüştür.

65. Solar power panels may create more electricity per square foot with your preferred system size though taking up less space on your roof.

- A) Çatınızda daha az yer kaplayan güneş panelleri, tercih ettiğiniz sistem boyutu doğrultusunda metrekare başına daha fazla elektrik üretir.
- B) Güneş panelleri, tercih ettiğiniz sistem boyutu ile metrekare başına daha fazla elektrik üretirken çatınızda daha az yer kaplar.
- C) Çatınızda daha az yer kaplayan güneş panellerinin tercih edilen sistem boyutu ile metrekare başına daha fazla elektrik üretmesi beklenir.
- D) Güneş panelleri, çatınızda daha az yer kaplamasına rağmen tercih ettiğiniz sistem boyutu ile metrekare başına daha fazla elektrik üretebilir.
- E) Çatınızda daha az yer kaplamasının yanında güneş panelleri, tercih ettiğiniz sistem boyutu ile metrekare başına daha fazla elektrik üretebilir.

66. Akrotiri, a Bronze Age settlement on the Greek island of Santorini, started as a tiny community that depended on agriculture and animal husbandry but later grew into a thriving commercial centre under the influence of the Minoan civilisation.

- A) Bir Tunç Çağı yerleşkesi olan ve Yunan adası Santorini'de tarım ve hayvancılığa dayalı bir topluluk olarak başlayan Akrotiri, Minos Uygarlığı sayesinde gelişmiş bir ticaret merkezi haline gelmiştir.
- B) Tarım ve hayvancılığa dayalı küçük bir topluluk olarak başlayan Akrotiri, Yunan adası Santorini'de bulunan bir Tunç Çağı yerleşimidir ve zamanla Minos Uygarlığı etkileriyle gelişen bir ticaret merkezi haline gelmiştir.
- C) Tarım ve hayvancılığa dayalı küçük bir toplum olarak başlayan ve sonrasında Minos Uygarlığı etkileriyle gelişmiş bir ticaret merkezine dönüşen Akrotiri, Yunan adası Santorini'de bulunan bir Tunç Çağı yerleşimidir.
- D) Yunan adası Santorini'de bir Tunç Çağı yerleşimi olan Akrotiri, tarım ve hayvancılığa bağlı küçük bir topluluk olarak başladı, ancak daha sonra Minos Uygarlığı'nın etkisi altında gelişen bir ticaret merkezine dönüştü.
- E) Yunan adası Santorini'de bir Tunç Çağı yerleşimi olarak başlayan Akrotiri, öncesinde tarım ve hayvancılığa dayalı bir toplum iken, Minos Uygarlığı'nın etkileri ile gelişmiş bir ticaret merkezi olmayı başarmıştır.

67. Language acquisition is the process through which people improve their ability to perceive and understand language as well as to form and use words and sentences to communicate.

- A) İnsanlar dil edinimi sayesinde bir dili algılayıp anlayabilme becerisi geliştirirken bir yandan da iletişim kurmak için kelimeler ve cümleler oluşturup kullanabilirler.
- B) Dil edinimi, insanlarla iletişim kurmak için sözcük ve cümle oluşturup kullanabilme ve dili anlayıp algılama kabiliyeti geliştirmeye denir.
- C) Dil edinimi, insanların belli bir dili anlayıp algılayabilme ve aynı zamanda sözcükler ve cümleler oluşturarak iletişim kurma kabiliyetlerini geliştirme sürecidir.
- D) Bir dili algılama ve anlama yetisi geliştirip iletişim kurabilmek için kelimeler ve cümleler oluşturup kullanmak ancak dil edinimiyle mümkün olur.
- E) Dil edinimi, insanların iletişim kurmak için sözcükler ve cümleler oluşturma ve kullanma becerilerinin yanı sıra dili algılama ve anlama becerilerini geliştirdikleri süreçtir.

68. İstanbul has a population of over 16 million people and attracts millions of tourists each year as one of Europe's most popular tourist destinations.

- A) İstanbul, 16 milyondan fazla nüfusu ve sayısız ziyaretçisi ile her yıl Avrupa'nın en çok ziyaret edilen şehirlerinden biridir.
- B) İstanbul, 16 milyonun üzerinde bir nüfusa sahiptir ve Avrupa'nın en popüler turistik yerlerinden biri olarak her yıl milyonlarca turisti kendine çekmektedir.
- C) Avrupa'nın en gözde turistik merkezlerinden biri olan İstanbul, 16 milyonu aşkın bir nüfusa sahiptir ve her yıl milyonlarca turisti ağırlamaktadır.
- D) 16 milyonun üzerinde bir nüfusa sahip olan İstanbul, en popüler turistik şehirlerden biri olarak her yıl Avrupa'dan milyonlarca turisti kendine çekmektedir.
- E) Her yıl milyonlarca turisti kendine çeken ve Avrupa'nın en popüler turistik yerlerinden biri olan İstanbul, 16 milyondan fazla nüfusa sahiptir.

69. Around 650 BCE, the Babylonians attempted to forecast short-term weather changes by observing the clouds and astrological signs.

- A) MÖ 650 civarında Babilliler, bulutları ve astrolojik işaretleri gözlemleyerek kısa vadeli hava değişikliklerini tahmin etmeye çalıştılar.
- B) MÖ 650'de Babilliler, bulutları ve astrolojik göstergeleri incelediler ve böylece kısa vadeli hava değişikliklerini öngörmeye çalıştılar.
- C) MÖ 650 civarında Babilliler, kısa vadeli hava değişikliklerini tahmin etmek için bulutları ve astrolojik işaretleri gözlemlediler.
- D) MÖ 650 civarında Babilliler, kısa vadeli hava değişikliklerini tahmin etmek için bulutları ve astrolojiyi kullandılar.
- E) Havadaki ani değişimleri tahmin etmek için MÖ 650 civarında Babilliler, astronomik sinyaller ve bulutlardan yararlandılar.

70. - 75. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

70. Enginar, sağlıklı beslenmeye özen gösteren bireylerin sofralarından eksik etmemesi gereken düşük kalorili bir bitkidir.

- A) The artichoke should not be missing from the tables of people who take care of their diets thanks to its rich low-calorie content.
- B) The artichoke is a low-calorie plant that should not be missing from the tables of individuals who care about a healthy diet.
- C) Thanks to its nutritional content, the artichoke, which should not be missing from people's tables, is a plant.
- D) As the artichoke has low-calorie content, people who care about healthy eating should not be missing it from their table.
- E) Due to its low-calorie content, the artichoke is a plant that people who take care of their healthy diets should not be missing from their tables.

71. Meksikalı sanatçı Frida Kahlo, otoportreleri, acıları, tutkuları ve cesur, canlı renkleriyle hatırlanıyor.

- A) The Mexican artist Frida Kahlo is famous for her self-portraits, pain, passion, and bold, vibrant colours.
- B) The Mexican artist Frida Kahlo is known for her self-portraits, pain, passion, and bold, vibrant colours.
- C) Frida Kahlo, a Mexican artist, is remembered for her self-portraits, pain, passion, and bold, vibrant colours.
- D) Frida Kahlo is remembered for her self-portraits, pain, and bold, vibrant colours, besides being Mexican.
- E) Frida Kahlo, who is known for her self-portraits, pain, passion, and use of bold, vibrant colours, is Mexican.

72. İnaktive edilmiş aşı; bir kültürde büyütülen ve ardından hastalık üretme kapasitesini yok etmek için öldürülen virüs partikülleri, bakteriler veya diğer patojenlerden oluşan bir aşı türüdür.

- A) An inactivated type of vaccine consisting of virus particles, bacteria, or other pathogens that are killed to destroy their disease-producing capacity is grown in a culture.
- B) An inactivated vaccine is a type of vaccine consisting of virus particles, bacteria, or other pathogens that are grown in a culture and then killed to destroy their disease-producing capacity.
- C) An inactivated vaccine is a vaccine grown in a culture to wipe out the destructive features of the disease-producing capacity of virus particles, bacteria, or other pathogens.
- D) An inactivated vaccine is a type of vaccine that is made by growing virus particles, bacteria, or other pathogens in a culture and destroying their capacity to produce disease.
- E) An inactivated vaccine is a form of vaccine that is grown in a culture which excludes virus particles, bacteria, and other pathogens that are killed to wipe out their disease-making capacity.

73. Anne sütünde ilk kez mikroplastik bulan arařtırmacılar, bu maddelerin bebekler üzerindeki potansiyel sađlık etkileri konusunda büyük endişe duyduklarını belirtti.

- A) The first to discover microplastics in breast milk, the researchers were extremely concerned about the possible negative health consequences these compounds could have on infants.
- B) As a result of the first-ever discovery of microplastics in human breast milk, researchers became greatly concerned about their potential health impacts on infants.
- C) Researchers who found microplastics in breast milk for the first time expressed great concern about the potential health effects of these substances on infants.
- D) Microplastics found for the first time in human breastmilk have aroused concern for infants who might be negatively affected by these compounds.
- E) Researchers' discovery of microplastics in human breast milk has attracted great attention to the potential health effects of these substances on babies.

74. Tip 2 diyabet için bir tedavi olmamasına rağmen kilonuzu kontrol altında tutarak, dengeli beslenerek ve düzenli fiziksel aktivite yaparak hastalığı yönetebilirsiniz.

- A) Maintaining a healthy weight, nutrition, and lifestyle could help you manage type 2 diabetes, which currently has no treatment.
- B) Despite the lack of a cure, type 2 diabetes can be controlled with measures such as maintaining a healthy body weight, eating well, and getting regular exercise.
- C) Type 2 diabetes cannot be cured, but it can be controlled by maintaining a healthy weight, eating a balanced diet, and staying active.
- D) Though there is no cure for type 2 diabetes, you can manage the disease by keeping your weight in check, eating a balanced diet, and engaging in regular physical activity.
- E) Despite the absence of a treatment that can reverse the effects of type 2 diabetes, you can manage it by eating a healthy diet and doing regular physical activity.

75. Demir eksikliği, hücrelerin yeterli oksijen almasını zorlaştırabilir, bu da sonuç olarak yorgunluğa, iş yerinde düşük performansa ve başışıklığın azalmasına neden olur.

- A) Iron deficiency can result in fatigue, poor performance at work, and reduced immunity as it makes it hard for cells to get enough oxygen.
- B) As iron deficiency makes it difficult for cells to get enough oxygen, it can result in fatigue, poor performance at work, and weakened immunity.
- C) Iron deficiency can make it hard for cells to get enough oxygen, which ultimately results in fatigue, poor performance at work, and diminished immunity.
- D) Fatigue, poor performance at work, and a weakened immune system can all come from cells not receiving enough oxygen due to iron deficiency.
- E) Not getting enough oxygen to cells owing to iron deficiency can cause fatigue, poor performance at work, and a compromised immune system.

76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) The archipelago off the shore of İstanbul is known as the Princes' Islands of İstanbul. (II) The islands were named after banished princes during the Byzantine period. (III) It comprises nine islands, four of which are inhabited (Büyükada, Heybeliada, Burgazada, and Kınalada) and five of which are not. (IV) Büyükada, rich in culture and history, is home to the historically significant Hagia Yorgi Church and several beaches. (V) The Princes' Islands are easily accessible by ferry from İstanbul and are an excellent area to swim in the water, get away from the crowd, and enjoy a relaxing day.

- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

77. (I) Most of the time, a wax museum or waxwork is a collection of wax sculptures of famous people from the past and present that are posed like real people and wear real clothes. (II) Some wax museums have a particular room called the Chamber of Horrors, where the scariest displays are kept. (III) Madame Tussaud opened her first permanent collection in Baker Street, London, in 1835. (IV) Some others have collections that are more specialised, like those of wax medical models that were once used to teach people how to be doctors. (V) Wax figures can also be used as part of displays in museums and historical houses that are not wax museums.

- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

78. (I) According to NASA, a massive fireball exploded in the Earth's atmosphere last year. (II) Only two or three times every 100 years is a fireball of this size expected to occur. (III) The explosion was the greatest after a fireball over Chelyabinsk, Russia, ten years ago and the second largest of its kind in 30 years. (IV) The space rock explosion released ten times as much energy as the Hiroshima atomic bomb. (V) That emission of energy was 40% of that of Chelyabinsk, but because it occurred over the Bering Sea, it had a different kind of impact and did not make the news.
- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

79. (I) Regardless of its numerous advantages, the hybrid work model might put a barrier between people who favour working from home and those who prefer an office environment. (II) Hybrid work is a people-first approach to workplace management that improves productivity and job satisfaction while removing the major disadvantages of remote work, such as alienation and a lack of community. (III) Employees who work under a hybrid work model have more freedom to work from home or any other location where they can be effective. (IV) Additionally, they can work whenever they want, allowing them to plan their tasks around regular meeting times and concentrate on their job without interruptions or distractions. (V) Above all, the hybrid work model can raise productivity levels within a company when carefully and strategically planned.
- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

80. (I) For nearly 3,000 years, ancient Egypt was one of the most advanced civilisations. (II) The ancient Egyptians made big changes to their art, buildings, and way of life, keeping them moving forward and rich for a long time. (III) It began as small settlements along the Nile and expanded into larger kingdoms. (IV) These kingdoms were then united into the realm of ancient Egypt around 3100 BC. (V) From then on, the story of the civilisation, whose architecture and artefacts have been exceptionally well preserved, began providing evidence of a once-thriving kingdom and its culture.
- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V



T.C. MİLLÎ EĞİTİM  
BAKANLIĞI

3 ADIM

DENEME SINAVLARI

1. ADIM

YDT  
İngilizce



2. DENEME

ADI VE SOYADI

OKUL ADI

ADAYIN İMZASI

**ADAYIN DİKKATİNE!**

1. Bu sınavda YDT soru dağılımları dikkate alınmıştır.
2. Deneme tam kapsam olup 2023 YDT konularının tamamını kapsamaktadır.
3. Bu sınav 80 sorudan oluşmaktadır.

Bu testlerin her hakkı saklıdır. Hangi amaçla olursa olsun, testlerin tamamının veya bir kısmının Millî Eğitim Bakanlığının yazılı izni olmadan kopya edilmesi, fotoğrafının çekilmesi, herhangi bir yolla çoğaltılması, yayımlanması ya da kullanılması yasaktır. Bu yasağa uymayanlar gerekli cezai sorumluluğu ve testlerin hazırlanmasındaki mali külfeti peşinen kabullenmiş sayılır.

#### AÇIKLAMA

1. Bu kitapçıkta **80 soru** bulunmaktadır.
2. Bu sınav için verilen cevaplama süresi **120 dakikadır (2 saat)**.
3. **Bu sınav puanlanırken doğru cevaplarınızın sayısından yanlış cevaplarınızın sayısının dörtte biri çıkarılacak ve kalan sayı bu test ile ilgili ham puanınız olacaktır.**
4. Kitapçığın sayfalarındaki boş yerleri müsvedde için kullanabilirsiniz.
5. Cevaplamaya istediğiniz sorudan başlayabilirsiniz. Bir soru ile ilgili cevabınızı, cevap kâğıdında o soru için ayrılmış olan yere işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.
6. Bu kitapçıkta yer alan her sorunun sadece bir doğru cevabı vardır. Cevap kâğıdında bir soru için birden çok cevap yeri işaretlenmişse o soru yanlış cevaplanmış sayılacaktır. İşaretlediğiniz bir cevabı değiştirmek istediğinizde silme işlemini çok iyi yapmanız gerektiğini unutmayınız.

1. Bu testte 80 soru vardır.
2. Cevaplarınızı, cevap kâğıdına işaretleyiniz.

1. - 15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Studies have indicated that many teenagers are increasingly turning to energy drinks, which are well over the recommended limit of daily caffeine ----.  
A) intake  
B) aspect  
C) value  
D) degree  
E) regime
2. Antibiotics are often used to treat some bacterial diseases successfully, but they are ---- against viral infections such as the flu or the common cold.  
A) consistent  
B) ineffective  
C) devastating  
D) provable  
E) suspicious
3. Optical computers operate hundreds of times more quickly than modern electronic computers and hold ---- more information in their internal storage.  
A) vastly  
B) intently  
C) initially  
D) financially  
E) formally
4. One should ---- green and yellow vegetables like cabbage and cucumbers to speed up their metabolism and lower their blood pressure.  
A) separate  
B) acquire  
C) consume  
D) provide  
E) cultivate
5. If the total number of species in a specific environment does not ---- the expectations of the biologists who work on it, this is considered a species extinction.  
A) come up to  
B) watch out for  
C) cut back on  
D) do away with  
E) run out of
6. American delegations ---- Taiwan frequently in the past few years, particularly since the Taiwan Travel Act ---- into law by the US President in March 2018.  
A) will visit / is signed  
B) have been visiting / has been signed  
C) visited / was being signed  
D) had visited / had been signed  
E) have visited / was signed

7. **Archaeological evidence in Guatemala showing the chemical traces of cacao ---- that the Maya ---- cacao over 2,600 years ago.**
- A) will demonstrate / should have processed  
B) had demonstrated / used to process  
C) has demonstrated / should process  
D) demonstrated / would have processed  
E) demonstrates / could process
8. **---- one of the most influential women of the Roman Empire, Agrippina is believed ---- her military hero husband, Germanicus, on his most challenging expeditions.**
- A) To have been / having accompanied  
B) Having been / to be accompanied  
C) To be / to have been accompanied  
D) Being / to have accompanied  
E) Been / having been accompanied
9. **Our globe has warmed ---- 1.1°C since the industrial revolution around 200 years ago, which experts attribute ---- human-caused climate change.**
- A) by / to  
B) for / with  
C) over / at  
D) on / from  
E) off / in
10. **There are some limitations ---- the amount of paper which has to be recycled, as some paper products cannot be collected ---- reuse.**
- A) from / into  
B) to / for  
C) over / under  
D) on / about  
E) with / in
11. **---- western clothing styles emphasise the body of the wearer, kimonos, a traditional Japanese garment, have a distinctive T-shape which hides the form of the wearer's body.**
- A) Because  
B) While  
C) Unless  
D) Only when  
E) Just as
12. **When seen from Earth, Venus seems to shine ---- its atmosphere is full of thick sulfuric acid clouds that reflect sunlight, making it look bright.**
- A) even if  
B) because  
C) unless  
D) although  
E) providing

13. While the effects of ---- historical events were confined to a specific region, others were so widespread that they had an impact on ---- continent on Earth.

- A) many / the whole
- B) all / several
- C) some / every
- D) no / a lot of
- E) a few / either

14. Playing sports is a powerful tool that helps students relax, reduce their anxiety, and feel good about themselves, ---- physically ---- mentally.

- A) neither / nor
- B) as / as
- C) both / and
- D) either / or
- E) whether / or

15. Traffic congestion is an increasing problem in cities all over the world, mostly ---- ongoing urbanisation and population growth, among other factors.

- A) rather than
- B) because of
- C) similar to
- D) despite
- E) in case of

16. - 20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Powerbocking, which (16) ---- in the Netherlands in the 1970s, is a sport that involves doing acrobatic leaps and jumps while wearing special stilts that have springs in them. It can provide a great workout (17) ---- a number of health benefits. The activity is a great way to get some cardio exercise. The act of hopping and bounding on the stilts (18) ---- your heart rate and causes you to breathe heavily, which are both important components of a good cardio workout. Besides, powerbocking works all of the major muscle groups in your legs and buttocks, (19) ---- a great strength-training workout. Another great benefit is that it might help improve your balance and coordination. This is because it challenges you to use muscles that you would not usually activate when walking or running. (20) ----, it can help you become more graceful and coordinated overall.

16. A) had been invented      B) would be invented  
C) was invented      D) has been invented  
E) was being invented
17. A) in case of      B) as opposed to  
C) rather than      D) as well as  
E) in spite of
18. A) estimates      B) increases  
C) provides      D) measures  
E) proves
19. A) having provided      B) to provide  
C) being provided      D) to have provided  
E) providing
20. A) As a result      B) However  
C) Instead      D) For instance  
E) In contrast

21. - 28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. ----, it is crucial to consume a wide range of them to maximise health benefits.

- A) While the food we eat can lower our blood pressure
- B) Since different fruits contain different amounts of nutrients
- C) Though nutrients we need for growth and repair help us to stay healthy
- D) Once people consume more foods high in fats, free sugars, and energy
- E) Unless our diets have probiotic foods containing live, helpful bacteria

22. Powering vehicles with natural gas is not new, ----.

- A) as the fuel is stored as a liquid, making its energy density greater than that of compressed natural gas
- B) so many heavy-duty natural gas vehicles are available from an original equipment manufacturer
- C) but cars and lorries that run on this type of fuel are still uncommon in many parts of the world
- D) yet natural gas engines may be used in a range of heavy-duty vehicles for several applications
- E) even if vehicles store natural gas in tanks where it stays under pressure in a gaseous condition

23. ----, human activities can take place under the transit system in complete safety.

- A) Because existing roads had to be planted with trees
- B) Despite the fact that rail systems used to be preferred less
- C) Though human beings risk their lives by ignoring seat belts
- D) As there is no solution for traffic accidents happening in this neighbourhood
- E) Since traffic will be designed high above the ground in the future

24. An architectural structure reflects the era's technological and scientific advancements ----.

- A) so that it can be built on time to meet the demand
- B) because architecture is the art of designing buildings
- C) as well as the ideas and demands of the designer and client
- D) in order to enrich its own appearance
- E) thanks to the social changes of the 18<sup>th</sup> century

25. Because paper comes from a renewable resource, ----.

- A) people cannot use it regularly in daily life
- B) tonnes of wood fibre used to come from abroad
- C) it is different from other waste products like plastic
- D) governments must encourage citizens to use it less
- E) more books must be published in the future

26. Even if all necessary precautions against a flood have been taken, ----.

- A) damage and destruction are nevertheless likely to occur
- B) additional floods will take fewer lives and cause less destruction
- C) all further concerns should be dismissed from one's mind
- D) the residents of an affected area can return to their normal lives
- E) the new dam would have prevented a potential disaster by retaining the water

27. Given that the last century has witnessed a vast increase in the number of births, ----.

- A) human populations remained almost entirely stable until the late nineteenth century
- B) it is highly improbable that there will be a marked decline in the ratio of population to the food supply
- C) the fertility rate in the world today is still considerably below the replacement level
- D) many experts doubt that the world's resources will be able to support a continued rise in population
- E) it is, unfortunately, true that the average length of human life has not changed significantly

28. ---- as there is not enough scientific evidence to support many of them.

- A) Some manufacturers use proper disclaimers to discourage the overuse of their products
- B) The marketing claims linked with alkaline water should be taken with caution
- C) Many people believe that alkaline water is purer and healthier than regular tap water
- D) Many consumers will probably be disappointed in the quality of their purchases
- E) The health benefits of drinking alkaline water over regular bottled water cannot be ignored

**29. - 31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Carbohydrates are composed of carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen molecules that supply energy to the organism. Milk, fruits, grains, and starchy vegetables like potatoes are the main sources of carbohydrates in our diet. Non-starchy vegetables contain carbohydrates as well, but relatively in smaller amounts. Based on their chemical composition, carbohydrates are divided into two forms: simple carbohydrates and complex carbohydrates. Simple carbohydrates are made up of one or two basic sugar units that are linked together. They are swiftly broken down and absorbed in the digestive tract, giving the body a fast burst of energy. Examples of simple sugars include the disaccharide sucrose, the type of sugar you might find in a bowl on the breakfast table, and the monosaccharide glucose, which is the most common fuel source for most organisms, including humans. Glucose is the primary sugar that travels through the blood to supply energy to cells. Complex carbohydrates are long chains of sugar units that can connect in either a straight chain or a branched chain. **They** are broken down into simple sugars, mostly glucose, when digested by the body. The bloodstream then takes the glucose and sends it to all our cells, where it is stored and used to produce energy.

**29. According to the passage, which of the following is true about carbohydrates?**

- A) Complex carbohydrates are composed of two joined sugar molecules.
- B) They are the primary energy source of fuel in all organisms.
- C) Complex carbohydrates, rather than simple carbohydrates, are turned into glucose.
- D) Table sugar is the best-known example of complex carbohydrates.
- E) They are connected in either a straight chain or a branched chain.

**30. According to the passage, non-starchy vegetables are ----.**

- A) delicious, such as potatoes
- B) not as healthy as starchy ones
- C) lower in carbohydrates
- D) not broken down by the body
- E) rich in many important vitamins

**31. The underlined word 'they' in the passage refers to ----.**

- A) starchy vegetables
- B) non-starchy vegetables
- C) simple carbohydrates
- D) complex carbohydrates
- E) sugar units

**32. - 34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

In April 2002, an event demonstrated one of the many applications of information theory. *Voyager 1* was launched in 1977 and returned spectacular images of Jupiter and Saturn before departing from the solar system on a one-way mission to the stars. After 25 years of exposure to the icy conditions of outer space, sensors and circuits were on the verge of failure, and NASA experts realised they needed to act quickly or would risk losing contact with their probe forever. The solution was to send a message to *Voyager 1*, instructing it to replace the failing parts with spares. This was a difficult task because the search was 12 billion kilometres away from Earth. The message was broadcast into space via a radio dish operated by NASA's Deep Space Network. Even at the speed of light, it took over two hours to reach its destination, which was far beyond Pluto's orbit. Despite this, the small probe was able to hear the faint call from its home planet, and was successfully switched over.

**32. It can be concluded from the passage that when the *Voyager 1* took the message, ----.**

- A) it was too late to make the switchover effectively
- B) the space programme had already failed its mission
- C) NASA's Deep Space Network decided to end its operation
- D) it had already used all of its spares in space
- E) it had been located well outside of Pluto's orbit

**33. It is stated in the passage that *Voyager 1* ----.**

- A) was expected to return to Earth at the end of its journey
- B) was affected negatively by the atmospheric conditions in space
- C) was responsible for only three planets
- D) lost its contact with Earth for 25 years
- E) could not solve technical problems itself

**34. It can be understood from the passage that ----.**

- A) NASA was not very hopeful about the message sent to *Voyager 1*
- B) *Voyager 1* sent ordinary pictures to Earth immediately
- C) NASA experts were not able to detect the problem on time
- D) space programmes are easy to manage for NASA staff
- E) *Voyager 1* was programmed to work for only 25 years

**35. - 37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

In the 1970s, emphasis was placed on the value of an individual's lifestyle and behaviour in the prevention of diseases. Before that decade, neither communities nor individuals put enough emphasis on the possible relations between health conditions and daily activities. This was probably due to the lack of studies concerning health and physical acts. Researchers opened a new era and aimed at solving problems such as being physically inactive and having poor eating habits because these were thought to raise the risk of infections. Creating health meant providing medical health care and health promotion programmes and policies that would help people maintain healthy behaviours and lifestyles. Although the wealthiest members of the society profited from this individualistic approach to health, those who endured poverty, unemployment, underemployment, or had little control over the circumstances of their everyday lives benefited the least from it. This was mainly because both healthy lifestyles and medical approaches to health largely ignored the social and environmental conditions that affect people's health.

**35. It can be concluded from the passage that for healthier generations, ----.**

- A) providing medical care will be enough alone
- B) people should be encouraged to take up new hobbies
- C) one need not find a proper job and make more money
- D) health lessons must be taught at schools
- E) social and environmental factors should also be improved

**36. It can be inferred from the passage that ----.**

- A) people used to be healthier in the 1970s compared to today
- B) the 1970s were a milestone for people in terms of health
- C) those eating healthy food will not be ill at all throughout their lives
- D) creating healthy generations is an easy task for communities
- E) all people benefited from the individualistic healthy lifestyle approach equally

**37. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?**

- A) The Advantages of Leading a Healthy Life
- B) How to Prevent Diseases in a Society
- C) Risk Factors for Healthy People
- D) The Correlation Between the Economy and Health
- E) The Best Approach to Stay Healthy

**38. - 40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Do you often visit the gym to build muscles? You may be neglecting to train some crucial muscles, especially those involved in respiration. New research indicates that daily exercise of these muscles can **bring down** high blood pressure and improve heart health. The cardiovascular and respiratory systems are strongly interconnected, despite the fact that they are typically studied in different fields. For instance, shortness of breath is frequently one of the most prominent symptoms of congestive heart failure, but pulmonary hypertension and right-sided heart failure are associated with structural lung disease. Consequently, it may not come as a surprise that improved lung function may help enhance cardiac function. High blood pressure is one of the most significant cardiovascular disease risk factors that can be modified. Incidences of hypertension can increase with age. Addressing these elevated blood pressures is a crucial aspect of public health measures. Targeting the respiratory muscles is one approach to accomplishing this. Inspiratory Muscle Strength Training (IMST) involves breathing against a resistance device for an extended period of time. This technique was initially developed for athletes but is now also used on healthy individuals and non-ventilator-dependent patients.

**38. The underlined phrasal verb 'bring down' is closest in meaning to ----.**

- A) reduce
- B) advance
- C) increase
- D) provoke
- E) inspire

**39. According to the passage, the results of recent research show that ----.**

- A) the cardiovascular and respiratory systems are normally researched in similar domains as they are interconnected
- B) you need to train all the muscles in your body equally to be symmetrical; otherwise, you will have a lopsided body
- C) improved lung function will certainly contribute to improved heart function and thus to greater overall cardiac fitness
- D) IMST was at first designed to treat children and adult athletes, but now it is used primarily in elderly patients
- E) everyday training of muscles in respiration can help relieve hypertension and enhance cardiovascular health

**40. What is the main purpose of the author?**

- A) To recommend that readers start going to the gym regularly
- B) To encourage people to use Inspiratory Muscle Strength Training
- C) To inform the reader of the health benefits of working out
- D) To underline the importance of training the muscles in respiration
- E) To show that the prevalence of hypertension tends to rise with age

**41. - 43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

The world's largest living thing, a massive aspen (a tree with leaves that shake even when there is only a little wind) forest in Utah, appears to be threatened due to overgrazing. This gigantic organism, known as Pando, is primarily eaten up by mule deer and cattle, and new research suggests that human efforts to protect the forest may worsen the situation. With a surface area of 430,000 m<sup>2</sup> and a dry weight of over 6,000 tonnes, Pando is readily mistaken for a vast forest of over 40,000 individual trees. In reality, it is a collection of genetically identical stems with a shared root system, so it is a single organism. Although the precise age of this collection of clones is uncertain, experts assume that Pando dates back to the end of the last Ice Age. As a keystone species, Pando sustains hundreds of other species and serves as the foundation of an entire ecosystem. However, research carried out in 2017 found that browsing deer and cattle consumed an excessive number of immature aspen shoots, preventing them from maturing. This meant that if older trees died out, they were no longer replaced by new growth, posing a threat to the survival of this extraordinary life form.

**41. It is understood from the passage that Pando is in danger as a result of ----.**

- A) inadequate human efforts to protect the forest
- B) lack of food for animals grazing over farms and fields
- C) an excessive number of immature aspen roots
- D) certain animal species that graze more than needed
- E) the older trees that die out from lack of sunlight

**42. According to the passage, Pando is a single organism since ----.**

- A) nearly forty thousand individual trees have the same root system despite having non-identical stems
- B) the newly developing trees are able to replace the old ones before the latter get diseased and die
- C) it is made up of a cluster of stems that are genetically identical and come from the same root system
- D) it covers a surface area of more than four hundred square metres and has a dry weight of over six thousand tonnes
- E) the stems that constitute it can regenerate into a new organism when separated from the plant

**43. What is the author's attitude towards the overgrazing of Pando?**

- A) Submissive
- B) Concerned
- C) Accusatory
- D) Thoughtful
- E) Encouraging

44. - 48. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

44. Kim:

– ----

Eve:

– I've never thought about it, but it must be interesting. So, tell me.

Kim:

– At first, it was originally sold as a medicine to cure some illnesses, such as indigestion.

Eve:

– And now it's just a kind of tomato sauce; what a waste it is.

- A) I know you like eating your food with ketchup, but do you know its origin?
- B) Can you teach me how to make ketchup since mine doesn't taste that delicious?
- C) Do you happen to know the difference between ketchup and mayonnaise?
- D) When you first tasted ketchup, what was the first thing that came to your mind?
- E) I've just learnt why people call ketchup 'ketchup'. Do you want to know why?

45. Jack:

– Did you hear the news that our friend, Jacline, had her baby two days ago?

Jill:

– ----

Jack:

– I thought that somebody would have told you.

Jill:

– Anyway, how are she and the baby?

Jack:

– She is OK, and the baby is just fine.

- A) I might delay visiting them until they both recover.
- B) That's great! I knew you'd let me know.
- C) Did she? Why didn't anyone tell me?
- D) Are you going to visit her and the baby?
- E) No, I didn't. What happened?

46. Rose:

– **What do you generally do when you feel depressed or have a rough day that you don't want to remember?**

Erhan:

– **The best thing to do is turn on soft and relaxing music and sleep under the blanket.**

Rose:

– **Do you really think it is easier to solve daily problems through sleep?**

Erhan:

– ----

Rose:

– **I am glad that I have an intellectual and sophisticated friend. Thank you!**

- A) If you consume herbal teas that include sedative components, you'll be able to sleep more comfortably and longer.
- B) I don't give too much attention to the unfavourable occurrences that have occurred during the day, so I continue with my day.
- C) Sleep is like a shower for your brain. During sleep, the brain gets more cerebrospinal fluid, which washes away harmful proteins and toxins.
- D) I strongly suggest that you enrol on a sleep training course in order to have a more restful night's sleep. I know the best doctor in town.
- E) It's not possible for people to solve all of the issues by themselves, no matter what they do or how hard they try.

47. Ann:

– ----

Elaine:

– **I think there must be a mistake in this issue. How can it be?**

Ann:

– **Snow and ice can't accumulate owing to low humidity and moisture. So, there is almost no rain in this region.**

Elaine:

– **This scientific explanation gives me the answer I need.**

- A) The Sahara Desert has been the hottest place on Earth since the very beginning.
- B) There used to be vegetation in the Arctic region thousands of years ago.
- C) Did you know that the Dry Valleys in Antarctica are the driest places on Earth?
- D) There are big mountain ranges in Antarctica stretching 1,200 kilometres.
- E) The glaciers are easier to melt in the winter rather than in the summer.

48. Jerry:

– ----

Tim:

– **Me, neither. They're trustworthy, smart, and good partners to play with.**

Jerry:

– **They're more than that. They can even smell out cancer cells if trained properly.**

Tim:

– **Then, it means that they can be used by professionals to diagnose those cells earlier.**

- A) Fierce dogs should be given decent care and education by experts.
- B) The golden retriever is said to be less intelligent than thought.
- C) There have been studies to fight against cancer with the help of animals.
- D) Cancer patients should live in a lovely environment with animals.
- E) I can't imagine a world without animals, especially dogs.

49. - 53. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

49. **For correct identification, rocks and minerals must be examined in person from all angles, as they are extremely difficult to identify through photographs.**

- A) Like other earth materials, rocks and minerals are difficult to identify in person from all aspects, while it is much easier to examine them correctly through photographs.
- B) It is almost impossible to identify rocks and minerals precisely through images; instead, they are required to be studied in person from all perspectives.
- C) Since images are challenging to classify precisely, it is necessary to study rocks and minerals meticulously from every point.
- D) In order to categorise rocks and minerals accurately, one must thoroughly examine every aspect of their images in person.
- E) Examinations of rocks and minerals through photographs must be carried out carefully, considering how demanding it would be to study them in person.

50. Most car companies are switching from producing fossil-fuel vehicles to electric ones, and several have claimed that their entire range will be battery-powered by 2035.

- A) All car manufacturers are planning to go all-electric by 2035, claiming that the sales of fossil-fuel vehicles have reached their peak in many countries.
- B) Almost all car manufacturers assert that by 2035, battery-electric vehicles will have surpassed those powered by fossil fuels.
- C) In line with the companies' demands, the largest carmakers said that in 2035 they would produce only battery-electric vehicles.
- D) When companies announced their support for the transition to carbon neutrality by 2035, most producers of fossil-fuel cars started working on their electric cars.
- E) The majority of carmakers are shifting from making fossil-fuel-burning cars to electric ones, with some stating that by 2035, all of their vehicles will run on batteries.

51. Numerous examples of Mayan architecture still exist, and these structures have taught us much about this ancient culture, like their myths and astronomical knowledge.

- A) Though many Mayan buildings have survived up to now, what we know about this ancient civilisation is limited to the fact that they made astronomical observations and believed in legends.
- B) We have learnt a lot about the ancient Maya people, including their myths and knowledge of astronomy, thanks to many examples of Mayan architecture that have survived.
- C) The Maya civilisation, still known for its mythological beliefs and interest in astronomy, is a unique example of architecture with the majority of buildings.
- D) Famous for its architecture, although there are few examples today, there are still myths about the interest of the ancient Maya culture in astronomy.
- E) Much of what was left of the ancient Mayan culture was about either their mythology or what they knew about the stars.

52. Even if no one in your family has had blue or green eyes in the past few generations, these recessive traits can still develop in later generations.

- A) You can only have blue or green eyes if there are such recessive features in the previous generation of your family.
- B) Though eye colours are passed down through generations, blue or green eyes, which are recessive traits, are determined by the last generation of your family.
- C) Blue or green eyes are recessive features, and whether or not anyone in recent generations of your family has ever had them, they could show up in future generations.
- D) If no one in your family has blue or green eyes, it is impossible for these recessive traits to appear in the coming generations.
- E) There must be more than one person of the generation with blue or green eyes in your family for these recessive traits to arise in subsequent generations.

53. Invented about 5,000 years ago, the earliest chopsticks were used mainly for cooking, not eating, which continues to surprise modern scientists.

- A) The first chopsticks, which were invented 5,000 years ago, were only used for cooking, not eating, which continues to astound modern scientists.
- B) It took around 5,000 years for people to find a way to eat cooked meals by using chopsticks, which is a surprising fact for the scientists of the day.
- C) Almost 5,000 years ago, modern people and scientists used to cook with chopsticks and then eat with them shockingly.
- D) The earliest chopsticks, which were developed around 5,000 years ago, were primarily used for cooking rather than eating, which keeps astonishing modern scientists.
- E) Neither eating nor cooking was possible until the invention of the first chopsticks 5,000 years ago, which surprised modern scientists.

54. - 58. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

54. After a heavy day, you are walking home on the main street. A young boy is walking towards you with his headphones on, looking unaware of his environment. He appears so engrossed in what he is listening to that he fails to notice you. He hits you, but he thinks that it is your fault. Being fairly understanding, you respond to him gently by saying: ----

- A) You could have been hurt, young man. You should pay more attention to your surrounding while enjoying the music.
- B) I'm terribly sorry to hurt you, ma'am. If it hadn't been for your attention, something much worse could have happened.
- C) I'm sorry. I was talking to one of my colleagues about our project, so I wasn't aware that you were walking towards me.
- D) How can you be so reckless, dear? I almost fell down and broke my bones.
- E) It's rude of you to think that this was my fault! You're the one wearing that gadget on your head and walking around carelessly, not me.

55. You buy a specially designed hat for your friend's birthday, and she says she loves the gift very much. Then, one day, you come across your friend and her sister while going downtown, and you see her sister wearing the hat. So you say sarcastically to your friend: ----

- A) I guess you won't see me at your birthday parties because I no longer wish to be your friend.
- B) I'm really upset that you let your sister wear the hat. Didn't you tell her that it was a gift from me?
- C) I suppose you forgot to tell me your sister liked that hat. I wish I had bought her one, too.
- D) You could have told me that the hat isn't to your taste. I thought we were friends.
- E) It's extremely heartbreaking to see that your present is being used by somebody else.

56. One of your classmates will be moving to a different city soon because of her father's job, so she is very upset about leaving school. She is concerned that adjusting to her new school and neighbourhood will take a long time. You want to console her, so you say: ----

- A) If you stay in touch with your friends through text messages and phone calls, they'll never forget you.
- B) Moving has numerous benefits, such as getting involved in activities you'd never participate in at this school.
- C) I know it's hard to leave, but it will get easier over time when you have friends around you.
- D) It's not easy to get used to a new city, and you should be prepared for some problems.
- E) Never mind, it'll only be a few years before you come back to visit and see your friends.

57. Your brother and his friends are planning a day of camping out of town this weekend. However, you remind him that he has promised to help you with your move on that date. He says he cannot cancel the trip. So you say to express your disappointment: ----

- A) It's very impolite of you to make a promise and then back out. You hurt me a lot.
- B) Okay, don't worry about that. I think I can change my move date.
- C) I'm really sorry, but it's not possible for me to join your camping trip.
- D) Never mind, I'll hire full-service movers. Enjoy camping with your friends.
- E) I know you love being outside, and disappointing your friends would be a shame.

58. You are at a dinner party at one of your friend's house. You are on a diet, but you do not want to say so. The people around you are insisting that you should certainly try the dessert. You refuse them stating an excuse, so you say: ----

- A) If I were on a diet, I would tell you, guys.
- B) Thank you very much, but I'm on a strict diet.
- C) It seems delicious, and I can't help trying it.
- D) Well, maybe I can eat a small piece of it.
- E) Thank you. I'm full already and can't eat one more bite.

59. - 63. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

59. Misophonia is a condition in which particular noises cause emotional or physiological reactions that some people may consider irrational. People with misophonia are emotionally influenced by everyday sounds that others do not notice. Oral sounds, such as loud breathing, chewing, and swallowing, as well as clicking sounds from the keyboard, fingers, windscreen wipers, and many other sounds connected to movement, are common triggers. ---- So, it is a disorder that might substantially impair social interaction, and, ultimately, mental health.

- A) Some people are more affected than others, and as those with this illness tend to avoid the trigger sounds, it might result in isolation.
- B) Most of the time, it starts around puberty, with the earliest signs frequently emerging between the ages of 9 and 12.
- C) In a recent study, researchers tried to identify the brain areas that are involved during the emotional misophonic reaction.
- D) Cognitive behavioural therapy and auditory distraction have shown some promise in improving functioning.
- E) Doctors can confuse the symptoms of misophonia with those of an anxiety disorder while attempting to diagnose a patient with the condition.

60. --- The primary function is most likely thermo-regulation, which is how an organism keeps its body temperature within an appropriate range. The animal lives in a hot environment, and in order to maintain its body temperature from getting too high, it needs to release excess body heat, which is stored in fluids and tissues, back into the environment. As the elephant flaps its ears, blood vessels close to the surface of the skin of the ears can force heat out of the body. Besides, the large external part of each ear is believed to help the animal hear by directing outside noises to the inner ear.

- A) The size of elephant ears is proportionate to their geographic distribution.
- B) Elephant ears are almost one-sixth the size of its total body.
- C) An elephant flares its ears out so as to signal a warning or excitement.
- D) Each elephant's ear has its own distinct appearance and characteristics.
- E) The huge ears of an elephant serve several purposes.

61. In the majority of individuals, the kidneys struggle to remove excess sodium from the blood. As sodium accumulates, the body holds onto water in an effort to dilute it. This raises the volume of blood in the bloodstream as well as the amount of fluid around cells. --- Over time, the added work and pressure could stiffen blood vessels, leading to high blood pressure, stroke, and heart attack. In addition to this, it may result in heart failure.

- A) Taking in a lot of salt raises the amount of urinary protein, which is a major risk factor for developing kidney disease.
- B) The kidneys get rid of toxins in the blood and control how much other things are dissolved in the blood.
- C) When the amount of blood goes up, the heart has to work harder, and blood vessels are put under more pressure.
- D) Through filtration and diffusion, the kidneys clean the blood and keep the right number of substances in it.
- E) Hormones produced by the kidneys aid in regulating blood pressure and control calcium metabolism.

62. One of North America's most spectacular natural wonders, Niagara Falls, is over 25,000 years old. The falls are located on the Niagara River, which runs from Lake Erie to Lake Ontario between the United States and Canada. It is awesome just to be near the waterfall and see the force of so many gallons of water plunging down the steep cliff. They produce almost 600,000 gallons of water every second. ---- As all this water strikes the bottom, a never-ending roar fills the air. The Iroquois Indians called this waterfall Niagara, which means 'thunder of waters'.

- A) People can get close to the falls by taking a ferry from either side of the river these days.
- B) The water fills the air with a glittering mist in which numerous beautiful rainbows can be seen as it thunders down.
- C) Since the early 18<sup>th</sup> century, the falls have been a popular destination for sightseers from all over the world.
- D) The falls can generate about 4 million kilowatts of electricity, shared by the USA and Canada.
- E) It boasts the highest flow rate even though Niagara Falls is not the tallest waterfall in the world.

63. The twentieth-century architecture will mainly be remembered for its tall buildings. They were possible by developing light steel frames and safe passenger lifts. Technological advancements in design and graphics also helped the construction of those tall buildings. To fulfil the desire for more cost-effective land usage, they were first developed in the US more than a century ago. ----

- A) People today recognise, like the Modernists, that a well-designed environment enhances the quality of life.
- B) Preserving historic buildings or keeping only their fronts became common among modernist architects.
- C) Additionally, architects started utilising regionally traditional building designs and materials more frequently.
- D) And with the help of improving construction techniques, such structures became a reality.
- E) Many of these structures were improperly built and designed, and as a result, they were destroyed.

64. - 69. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

**64. Biometric technology has been in use for more than ten years in several high-security government institutions in the United States and Canada.**

- A) On yıldan fazla bir süredir, Amerika Birleşik Devletleri ve Kanada'daki bazı yüksek güvenlikli devlet kurumlarının kullandığı biyometrik teknoloji, şu anda hızla yayılmaktadır.
- B) Amerika Birleşik Devletleri ve Kanada'nın pek çok yüksek güvenlikli devlet kurumlarında kullanımda olan biyometrik teknoloji, on yıldır hayatımızdadır.
- C) Amerika Birleşik Devletleri ve Kanada'daki bazı yüksek güvenlikli devlet kurumlarında hızla yayılmakta olan biyometrik teknoloji, on yıldan fazla bir süredir kullanımdadır.
- D) Bazı yüksek güvenlikli devlet kurumlarınca Amerika Birleşik Devletleri ve Kanada'da on yıldan fazla bir süredir kullanımda olan biyometrik teknoloji, artık çok yaygındır.
- E) Biyometrik teknoloji, Amerika Birleşik Devletleri ve Kanada'daki çeşitli yüksek güvenlikli devlet kurumlarında on yıldan fazla bir süredir kullanımdadır.

**65. The linguistic structure of jokes is studied by linguists in Edinburgh to comprehend not just humour but also language.**

- A) Sadece mizahı değil dil anlayışını ve akıl yürütmeyi anlamak için şakaların dilsel yapısını inceleyen kişiler Edinburg'daki dilbilimcilerden başkası değildir.
- B) Şakaların dilsel yapısı Edinburg'daki dilbilimciler tarafından sadece mizahı değil, aynı zamanda dili de anlamak için incelenmektedir.
- C) Sadece mizahı değil Edinburg'dakilerin dil anlayışını ve akıl yürütmeyi anlamak için şakaların dilsel yapısını incelemekte olanlar dilbilimcilerdir.
- D) Edinburg'daki dilbilimciler tarafından hem mizahı hem dil anlayışını ve akıl yürütmeyi anlamak için şakaların dilsel yapısı incelenmektedir.
- E) Edinburg'dakilerin dil anlayışını, akıl yürütmeyi ve şakaların dilsel yapısını incelemekte olanlar önemli dilbilimcilerdir.

66. The excellent navigation skills of the Vikings, which enabled them to become the masters of the seas for about 400 years, were undoubtedly of great value to them.

- A) Vikinglerin yaklaşık 400 yıl boyunca denizlerin efendileri olmalarını sağlayan kusursuz yöngüdümler becerileri şüphesiz onlar için çok değerliydi.
- B) Denizlerin şüphesiz efendileri olan Vikingler, kendileri için çok değerli olan kusursuz yöngüdümler becerileri yaklaşık 400 yıl boyunca egemen olmalarını sağladı.
- C) Vikinglerin kusursuz yöngüdümler becerileri şüphesiz onlar için çok değerliydi ve yaklaşık 400 yıl boyunca denizlerin efendileri olmalarını sağladı.
- D) Vikinglerin kendileri için büyük değeri olan kusursuz yöngüdümler becerileri, yaklaşık 400 yıl boyunca denizlerin şüphesiz efendileri olmalarını sağladı.
- E) Vikinglerin yaklaşık 400 yıl süren denizlerdeki hâkimiyetlerini mümkün kılan şey şüphesiz ki onlar için büyük değer taşıyan kusursuz yöngüdümler becerileriydi.

67. This past decade has witnessed researchers uncover new details about how narwhals communicate with each other, their migration patterns, and their underwater habitats.

- A) Son on yılda araştırmacılar, denizgergedanlarının birbirleriyle nasıl iletişim kurdukları, göç düzenleri ve su altı yaşam alanları ile alakalı yeni ayrıntılar ortaya çıkardılar.
- B) Araştırmacılar geçtiğimiz on yılda, denizgergedanlarının birbirleriyle nasıl iletişim kurduklarına, göç düzenleri ve su altı yaşam alanları hakkında yeni ayrıntıları ortaya çıkararak tanıklık etti.
- C) Son on yılda, araştırmacıların denizgergedanlarının birbirleriyle nasıl iletişim kurdukları, göç düzenleri ve su altı yaşam alanları ile ilgili yeni ayrıntılar ortaya çıkardıkları görüldü.
- D) Son on yıl, araştırmacıların denizgergedanlarının birbirleriyle nasıl iletişim kurdukları, göç düzenleri ve su altı yaşam alanları ile ilgili yeni ayrıntıların ortaya çıkarılmasına tanıklık etmesi açısından önem arz etmektedir.
- E) Geçtiğimiz on yıl, araştırmacıları denizgergedanlarının birbirleriyle nasıl iletişim kurdukları, göç düzenleri ve su altı yaşam alanları hakkında yeni ayrıntıları ortaya çıkardıklarına tanıklık etti.

68. While floating in space may be delightful for people, recent research shows that it is challenging on terrestrial bodies.

- A) Uzayda süzölmek insanlar için keyifli olsa da yapılan tüm arařtırmalar bunun dünyada yařayan varlıklar için zor olduđunu gösteriyor.
- B) Uzayda süzölmek insanlar için keyifli olduđu bilirse de son zamanlarda yapılan arařtırmalar bunun dünyada yařayan varlıklar için tatsız olduđunu gösteriyor.
- C) Uzayda süzölmek insanlar için eđlenceli olabilse de son zamanlarda yapılan arařtırmalar dünyada yařayan varlıklar için bunun zorlayıcı olduđunu göstermektedir.
- D) Son zamanlarda yapılan arařtırmaların dünyada yařayan varlıklar için uzayda süzölmek zorlayıcı olduđunu göstermesi bunun eđlenceli olduđunu anlamına geliyor.
- E) Uzayda ađırlıksız olmak bir rüyanın gerekleřmesi gibi görünse de dünyada yařayanlar için gerekten ok zorlayıcıdır.

69. Consuming more protein can help you feel more full after a meal; as a result, it reduces the likelihood of overeating.

- A) Daha fazla protein tüketmek, yemekten sonra daha tok hissetmenizi sađlayacađından fazla yemek yemezsiniz.
- B) Daha fazla protein tüketmek, yemekten sonra daha tok hissetmenize yardımcı olabilir, bu nedenle aşırı yeme olasılıđını azaltır.
- C) Fazladan protein yemek, yemekten sonra daha tok hissetmenize yardımcı olsa da bu aşırı yeme olasılıđınızı en aza indirmeyebilir.
- D) Aşırı yeme olasılıđınızı en aza indirmek için yemekten önce fazladan protein yemek, daha tok hissetmenize yardımcı olabilir.
- E) Yemekten önce fazladan protein yemek, daha uzun süre tok hissetmenize yardımcı olur ve bu da aşırı yemekten kaçınmanızı sađlar.

70. - 75. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

70. Yenidoğanların, çevreleri üzerindeki etkileri hakkında en güçlü bilgiyi, başkaları onları taklit ettiğinde aldıkları bilinmektedir.

- A) The most powerful source of information for newborns should be provided when others around mimic them about the effects they can have on the world.
- B) Newborns are known to receive the strongest information about their impact on their environment when others imitate them.
- C) When others mimic newborns, they are provided with the most powerful source of information about the effects they have on the world around them.
- D) Newborns are given the knowledge they require to comprehend the impact they may have on people around them.
- E) While others tend to imitate them, newborns are known to receive the strongest information about their impact on their environment.

71. Amerika Birleşik Devletleri'nde, hava trafik kontrolünün yapısı, uçuş güvenliğini önemli ölçüde artırmıştır ve benzer hava trafik kontrol uygulamaları, dünyanın geri kalanının büyük bir kısmında benzer şekilde uygulanmaktadır.

- A) In the United States, the structure of air traffic control has significantly boosted flight safety, and similar air traffic control practices are likewise in effect throughout a large portion of the rest of the world.
- B) Similar air traffic control procedures are also in place over much of the United States, as they have greatly increased the safety of flight over much of the rest of the world.
- C) The safety of flight in the United States has been greatly increased by the structure of similar air traffic control systems, and it is also in place over much of the rest of the world.
- D) The way air traffic control is organised has significantly improved flight safety in the United States, and comparable air traffic control practices need to be used in much of the rest of the globe as well.
- E) Similar air traffic control procedures have also been in place over much of the United States, as they will greatly increase the safety of flight over much of the rest of the world.

72. Dünya nüfusunun yarısından fazlasının yaşadığı sanayileşmiş ülkelerde, emzirilen çocukların sayısı 1970'lerden beri istikrarlı bir şekilde düşmektedir.

- A) Since the 1970s, there has been a steady decline in the number of breastfed children in industrialised countries, where more than half the world's people live.
- B) The number of breastfed children has been falling steadily since the 1970s, especially in industrialised countries where more than half of the world's population lives.
- C) In industrialising countries, where more than half of the world's population lives, the steady decline in the number of breastfed children has continued since the 1970s.
- D) The number of breastfed children has been on a steady decline since the 1970s, especially in industrialising countries where almost half of the world's population lives.
- E) In industrialised countries, where more than half the world's population lives, the number of children being breastfed has been steadily falling since the 1970s.

73. Son araştırmalar, dinozorların günümüz kuşlarına ve memelilerine benzer davranış kalıpları sergilemiş olabileceğini göstermiştir.

- A) It has been proven with recent studies that dinosaurs may have exhibited behavioural patterns similar to those of modern-day birds and mammals.
- B) Recent studies have proven that dinosaurs exhibited behavioural patterns similar to those of modern-day birds and mammals.
- C) Recent studies have shown that dinosaurs might have exhibited patterns of behaviour similar to those of modern-day birds and mammals.
- D) Studies have recently shown that dinosaurs used to exhibit patterns of behaviour similar to those of modern-day birds and mammals.
- E) The fact that dinosaurs might have exhibited patterns of behaviour similar to those of modern-day birds and mammals has been shown by recent studies.

74. World Wide Web'in ortaya çıkmasından önce dosya ve mesaj alışverişi yapmak mümkün olsa da arayüz kullanıcı dostu değildi.

- A) Although it was possible to exchange files and messages prior to the emergence of the World Wide Web, the interface was not user-friendly.
- B) Prior to the development of the World Wide Web, it was impossible to exchange files and messages, but the user interface was friendly.
- C) Until the emergence of the World Wide Web, the interface was not user-friendly, so files and messages could be exchanged.
- D) Before the advent of the World Wide Web, it was feasible to share files and messages because the interface was not user-friendly.
- E) Until the World Wide Web, it was not possible to send files and messages to each other, as the interface was not easy to use.

75. Artık var olmayan derin uzay nesnelarını hala gözlemleyebiliriz çünkü ışıklarının bize ulaşması belirli bir zaman alır.

- A) Even if it takes time for their light to reach us from deep space, we may see things in that region that are no longer visible from Earth.
- B) Deep-space objects that no longer exist may still be seen, but their light takes a certain amount of time to reach us.
- C) Deep-space objects that no longer exist may never be seen because it takes their light a certain amount of time to get to us.
- D) We can still observe deep-space objects that no longer exist because their light takes a certain amount of time to reach us.
- E) It would be unbelievable if we could witness things in outer space that no longer exist, but it takes too much time for their light to reach us.

76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) The Grand Canyon, in northern Arizona in the United States, is the most magnificent and impressive canyon in the world. (II) It is cut a mile deep into the earth and is recognised for its incredible shapes and colours. (III) The word 'canyon' is derived from the Spanish word canon, meaning 'tube' or 'pipe'. (IV) Swiftly flowing water, sand, gravel, and mud gave the rocks their interesting shapes. (V) Each of its rock layers has a different shade of colour, including grey, green, pink, brown, and violet.

- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

77. (I) According to researchers, children learn the fundamental skills they will use throughout their learning at home and in school during the first three years of life. (II) Young individuals from lower socioeconomic origins typically perform worse in educational systems, as is generally accepted. (III) That is observed in many countries, such as Australia, Britain, and the USA. (IV) To overcome that educational underachievement, a nationwide programme called *Headstart* was launched in the United States in 1965. (V) It was designed to assist children from lower-income families to succeed in school by putting them in preschool programmes at age three.

- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

78. **(I)** Teething refers to the sequential emergence of an infant's milk teeth through the gums. **(II)** The word 'teething' is derived from the Old English word 'tethe', later replaced by the Latin word 'dentscere.' **(III)** This procedure is also known as 'cutting teeth,' and it can begin as early as three months or as late as twelve months. **(IV)** Typically, the teeth arrive in pairs and are followed by the release of particular chemicals, which result in the breakdown of a few cells in the gums, allowing the teeth to come through. **(V)** The first teeth usually arrive between six and nine months, and it takes many years for all twenty teeth to emerge.

- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

79. **(I)** Caramelisation is the process of heating sugar, which breaks it down into completely different compounds with characteristic colours and tastes. **(II)** Onions are rich in sugar and can therefore be caramelised to bring out a rich, savoury flavour. **(III)** In the case of their caramelisation, sliced onions are heated over a slow fire for a while until the natural sugars in them are broken down. **(IV)** When caramelised, onions are sweeter with a deep amber to brownish colour and a smoky flavour, and they can be used in soups, sauces, dips, and various other dishes. **(V)** Sauces and dips have three essential ingredients: fat, such as butter or oil; an acid, like vinegar or lemon juice; and seasonings.

- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

80. **(I)** During the development process, the foetus floats in amniotic fluid. **(II)** This fluid is in the foetus' mouth, ears, and nose. **(III)** But after birth, if a baby cannot breathe and the birth attendant, if there is one, does not know how to clear the baby's airways, the baby will suffocate. **(IV)** While in the womb, babies may also develop a taste for the food the mother eats and respond when she touches her bump. **(V)** This is called 'meconium aspiration syndrome', and it happens when a newborn has trouble breathing because meconium got into the lungs.

- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V



T.C. MİLLÎ EĞİTİM  
BAKANLIĞI

3 ADIM

DENEME SINAVLARI

1. ADIM

YDT  
İngilizce



3. DENEME

ADI VE SOYADI

OKUL ADI

ADAYIN İMZASI

**ADAYIN DİKKATİNE!**

1. Bu sınavda YDT soru dağılımları dikkate alınmıştır.
2. Deneme tam kapsam olup 2023 YDT konularının tamamını kapsamaktadır.
3. Bu sınav 80 sorudan oluşmaktadır.

Bu testlerin her hakkı saklıdır. Hangi amaçla olursa olsun, testlerin tamamının veya bir kısmının Millî Eğitim Bakanlığının yazılı izni olmadan kopya edilmesi, fotoğrafının çekilmesi, herhangi bir yolla çoğaltılması, yayımlanması ya da kullanılması yasaktır. Bu yasağa uymayanlar gerekli cezai sorumluluğu ve testlerin hazırlanmasındaki mali külfeti peşinen kabullenmiş sayılır.

#### AÇIKLAMA

1. Bu kitapçıkta **80 soru** bulunmaktadır.
2. Bu sınav için verilen cevaplama süresi **120 dakikadır (2 saat)**.
3. **Bu sınav puanlanırken doğru cevaplarınızın sayısından yanlış cevaplarınızın sayısının dörtte biri çıkarılacak ve kalan sayı bu test ile ilgili ham puanınız olacaktır.**
4. Kitapçığın sayfalarındaki boş yerleri müsvedde için kullanabilirsiniz.
5. Cevaplamaya istediğiniz sorudan başlayabilirsiniz. Bir soru ile ilgili cevabınızı, cevap kâğıdında o soru için ayrılmış olan yere işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.
6. Bu kitapçıkta yer alan her sorunun sadece bir doğru cevabı vardır. Cevap kâğıdında bir soru için birden çok cevap yeri işaretlenmişse o soru yanlış cevaplanmış sayılacaktır. İşaretlediğiniz bir cevabı değiştirmek istediğinizde silme işlemini çok iyi yapmanız gerektiğini unutmayınız.

1. Bu testte 80 soru vardır.
2. Cevaplarınızı, cevap kâğıdına işaretleyiniz.

1. - 15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Some home ---- policies do not cover flood damage; that is, they do not protect against high water destruction.  
A) component  
B) procedure  
C) framework  
D) insurance  
E) vulnerability
2. Fruit and vegetables are high in vitamins and minerals, which are ---- for fighting illnesses; they also include fibre which helps maintain regular bowel movements.  
A) futile  
B) absent  
C) essential  
D) common  
E) optional
3. In the majority of regions, hospitals have a limited number of beds and ventilators, which are ---- crucial for treating patients with serious illnesses.  
A) constantly  
B) barely  
C) merely  
D) innately  
E) highly
4. Our society ---- middle-aged weight gain to a lack of exercise, willpower, and discipline, as well as lifestyle choices.  
A) contributes  
B) recognises  
C) attributes  
D) proclaims  
E) interprets
5. Companies have been struggling to ---- the competition in recent years as technology and consumer preferences rapidly change.  
A) send off for  
B) grow out of  
C) go back on  
D) keep up with  
E) look forward to
6. In the 1980s, city planners ---- about what people ---- with all the newfound free time in the upcoming years.  
A) were worrying / will have done  
B) worried / would do  
C) worry / will do  
D) have worried / have done  
E) will worry / are doing

7. Throughout Western history, health ---- in the physical sense only, although this view ---- in the near future with the help of new studies.

- A) was viewed / has to change
- B) will be viewed / should change
- C) had been viewed / can change
- D) was being viewed / would change
- E) has been viewed / may change

8. ---- species for which more funding is necessary and evaluate chemicals ---- recently require time and money, neither of which is in short supply for the research team.

- A) Listing / finding
- B) To have listed / to find
- C) To list / found
- D) Listed / to have found
- E) Having listed / having been found

9. The asthenosphere is a soft and sticky layer just ---- the Earth's crust, and it is hot with low pressure, causing rocks to melt ---- magma.

- A) beneath / into
- B) above / upon
- C) inside / under
- D) round / onto
- E) over / against

10. Studying the history of the Mediterranean region is important ---- understand the origins and development ---- many modern societies.

- A) on / near
- B) from / at
- C) to / of
- D) for / under
- E) with / in

11. ---- it is smaller than Jupiter and Saturn in terms of size, Uranus is still enormous on a terrestrial scale with its giant structure.

- A) Though
- B) Lest
- C) Unless
- D) Because
- E) As soon as

12. ---- there is a threat to the country's security, internal investigations are often held in public and widely reported, according to the basic principle of open justice.

- A) While
- B) Unless
- C) If
- D) Even though
- E) Given that

13. Studies show that if someone is tall, they are at greater risk of ---- diseases, such as heart disease, but they also have an advantage over ----.

- A) a great deal of / other
- B) several / the other
- C) a number of / the others
- D) a lot of / another
- E) the number of / others

14. ---- distant a satellite is from the centre of attraction, ---- the gravity pull and speed it requires to remain in orbit.

- A) Whether / or
- B) Not only / but also
- C) Either / or
- D) The more / the less
- E) Neither / nor

15. Applying innovative and empirical models to earthquake prediction is impractical ---- the vast number of unique variables that must be addressed for each fault, such as the effect of water and topography.

- A) along with
- B) but for
- C) despite
- D) regardless of
- E) due to

16. - 20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Natural resources have been known (16) ---- by climate change, which is predicted to become even more prevalent. This shift is expected to make agriculture more difficult for farmers (17) ---- a shortened growing season, crop losses, and damage to water supplies. Globally, agriculture plays an essential role in the economy and is a large source of employment, so changing climate patterns (18) ---- many risks to economies and employment. Apart from this, crops are especially crucial to the well-being of populations, so malnutrition will increase (19) ---- access to them. That is why governments (20) ---- ways to provide people with a consistent supply of food and the resources they need to adapt to the effects of climate change on agriculture.

16. A) to have affected                      B) to be affected  
C) having affected                      D) being affected  
E) to be affecting
17. A) in spite of                                      B) apart from  
C) along with                                      D) because of  
E) as opposed to
18. A) avoid    B) pose  
C) adopt    D) shed  
E) face
19. A) through    B) along  
C) beyond    D) upon  
E) without
20. A) would find                                      B) might find  
C) should find                                      D) could find  
E) may find

21. - 28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. **Obesity, a complex disease characterised by excess body fat, causes metabolic changes, ----.**

- A) so, if left untreated, those changes can lead to diabetes
- B) but obese people also have higher rates of anxiety and depression
- C) and diseases, such as type 2 diabetes may emerge despite the adverse metabolic effects
- D) yet it makes the liver, muscle, fat, and other tissues less responsive to insulin
- E) but it can have severe effects on a person's quality of life and lifespan

22. **The number of agricultural schools has risen, especially in rural areas of many African countries, ----.**

- A) but people migrate from cities to villages before they get married and have children
- B) although the total number is relatively low when compared with the population
- C) though all of the nations in the region have discovered the value of technology
- D) provided young people spend their time in agricultural lands to increase yield
- E) despite the fact that emerging countries can send their residents to work on farms seasonally

23. **Archaeologists have discovered that ancient chickens had a substantially longer life than their modern equivalents, ----.**

- A) owing to the huge numbers of predators that tried to hunt them
- B) due to the fact that they were considered sacred rather than a source of food
- C) so the nutritional value of these chickens was lower than their descendants
- D) but pesticides used in farmlands increased the lifespan of modern chickens
- E) as if a wide range of options were available for trouble-free eating in nature

24. **Most students who want to study the English language overseas have always prioritised the United States and Great Britain, ----.**

- A) so students will have to learn the language better than expected
- B) but economic problems will keep affecting Britain badly
- C) and Australia and New Zealand have the same number of students abroad
- D) yet it is too early to tell whether this trend will continue
- E) or Chinese and Russian will be more popular than English

25. ---, external influences such as social interaction and the culture in which we live also play an essential role.

- A) While people from lower socio-economic backgrounds may not have access to health care, proper nutrition, and education
- B) Because the culture in which a kid grows up imparts a set of values, practices, common assumptions, and ways of life
- C) If child psychology covers a wide variety of themes, from genetic impacts on behaviour to social norms
- D) Although most people focus on the internal variables that impact a child's development, like genetics and personal qualities
- E) As parents and professionals who work with children can be better equipped to assist the children in their care

26. Since official negotiators and spokespeople of different parties sat down to negotiate an end to Guatemala's 50-year-old internal problems, ---.

- A) local communities have been becoming more forcible, particularly in big cities
- B) both sides have made considerable progress in lightening protests in the country
- C) immigrants have thought that it is the right time to migrate from Colombia
- D) the USA has been heavily involved in the issues from its beginnings
- E) developed countries have provided food and medicine to help relieve a shortage

27. --- before adolescence was recognised as a distinct developmental stage.

- A) Most young people did not struggle to establish a clear sense of self
- B) The elder had to be respected and supplied with the facilities they needed
- C) Teenagers had better be aware of bad habits and their possible results
- D) Teachers demanded the students act with certain principles of their age
- E) Parents were not equally responsible for preparing the future of their children

28. ---, they may require surgery to make their stomachs smaller.

- A) If sumo wrestlers are to win the gold medal at the Olympics
- B) Since obese people are unable to lose weight by other means
- C) While Eskimos have to struggle with the difficulties of the wild
- D) Until many Americans manage to be happy with too much weight
- E) Because the young generation has the knowledge of healthy eating

29. - 31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Native English speakers understand the distinction between how words are pronounced and how they are spelt from a young age. For example, the English alphabet has 5 or 6 vowel letters. These letters are A, E, I, O, U, and sometimes Y. However, there are 20 different ways to pronounce them. Early English speakers, nevertheless, are unaware that the distinction is unique to English among major languages. Since each letter of the alphabet corresponds to a single sound, languages such as Italian and Finnish are easier to spell. Students studying these languages can achieve 90 per cent reading accuracy after the first year. However, in English, many letters of the alphabet have two or more sounds. That is why English learners can hardly catch up with their Italian and Finnish counterparts in terms of reading accuracy, no matter how long they study the language.

29. It is stated in the passage that ----.

- A) the sound of the letter Y is never altered in any sense
- B) native English speakers learn early on that spelling and pronunciation have variations
- C) the Finnish alphabet has more consonants than the Italian alphabet
- D) English is more commonly spoken by the majority of people all across the world
- E) Italian and Finnish are easier to spell since almost each letter represents a single sound

30. According to the passage, the English alphabet ----.

- A) is harder to spell than Italian since many letters may represent a different sound in the former
- B) is easy to master when one starts learning it at an early age
- C) has distinct word pronunciations, which doesn't affect language development
- D) has fewer vowel letters than Italian and Finnish
- E) has more consonant letters than vowel letters

31. One can understand from the passage that ----.

- A) students may quickly achieve a 90 per cent reading accuracy rate in each language
- B) early English speakers are well aware that only English has multiple pronunciations
- C) students may achieve a 90 per cent reading rate in the first year in English
- D) non-English pupils read relatively poorly because of pronunciation variations
- E) the reading accuracy of English students may be lower despite the lengthy study

**32. - 34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, a British author, created the fictitious investigator Sherlock Holmes. In the stories, Holmes refers to himself as a 'consulting detective' and is famous for his observation, deduction, and forensic science skills. Holmes' clients vary from the most powerful monarchs and wealthy aristocrats of Europe to impoverished pawnbrokers and governesses. Despite not being the first, Sherlock Holmes is undoubtedly the most well-known fictional investigator. The detective had appeared in over 25,000 stage adaptations, movies, television shows, and publications by the 1990s, according to Guinness World Records. He has been depicted in more films and television shows than any other literary figure, and he has been the main character frequently. Numerous literary and fan organisations have been created under the idea that Sherlock Holmes is a real person because of the character's fame and popularity. Fans of the Sherlock Holmes stories were responsible for creating the concept of fandom. For more than a century, the original tales, as well as thousands created by authors other than Conan Doyle, have been transformed into stage and radio plays, television, films, video games, and other media. This has had a deep and enduring impact on mystery fiction and popular culture as a whole.

**32. According to the passage, Sherlock Holmes ----.**

- A) was a genuine consulting detective trying to solve criminal acts with his unique skills
- B) was the first detective to be included in Guinness World Records throughout literary history
- C) inspired plenty of entertainment projects, most of which he participated in as a protagonist
- D) chose his clients, in general, with consideration given to the amount of money they had
- E) was more capable than other detectives due to his extraordinary talents such as observation and deduction

**33. It is stated in the passage that ----.**

- A) Sherlock Holmes was not the first one; however, he was the most famous figure
- B) because Sherlock Holmes was eminent and popular, his existence may have been a reality
- C) Sherlock Holmes was portrayed in movies and TV shows more than radio plays
- D) Sir Arthur Conan Doyle created the mystery fiction genre thanks to Sherlock Holmes stories
- E) fandom organisations were better and more complicated than previous attempts

**34. It can be understood from the passage that ----.**

- A) there were no other characters who were transferred to the screen more than Sherlock Holmes
- B) there was an ambiguity about whether Sherlock Holmes was real or not
- C) Sir Arthur Conan Doyle was the most influential figure in literature owing to Sherlock Holmes
- D) stories were so impressive that people tried to be his assistant without getting paid
- E) Sir Arthur Conan Doyle had only a temporary impact on the mystery fiction

**35. - 37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

The solar-aligned stone structure, known as Stonehenge, has been credited to the Romans, Druids, Vikings, and Saxons for 900 years since its discovery. The most puzzling aspect of all, however, is that Stonehenge was built by an extinct civilisation that left no written language, no stories or legends. They only left a scattering of tools made of stone and antler, as well as a variety of other equally enigmatic structures, some of which have surpassed Stonehenge in size and magnificence. Since the 17<sup>th</sup> century, archaeologists and antique hunters have been exploring England's historic henges, mounds, and stone circles. However, no one figured out that many of these mega monuments had been constructed in a rush and at nearly the same time until recent years. According to academics, it was long considered that these enormous monuments had been formed separately and over many ages. Due to a boom in cutting-edge technologies, archaeologists can now piece together the world of southern Britain's great Stone Age monuments and identify the people who constructed them with a vividness that would have been unthinkable a few decades ago.

**35. It can be understood from the passage that Stonehenge ----.**

- A) was built thanks to the collaboration of nations such as Romans, Druids, Vikings, and Saxons
- B) was smaller than some other artefacts produced by the society whose literary products are missing
- C) was primarily the responsibility of the Romans and Saxons rather than the Druids and Vikings
- D) is still the most popular touristic destination all over the world due to its rarity
- E) made a huge impact on construction systems approximately 900 years ago

**36. It is clearly stated in the passage that ----.**

- A) researchers and treasure hunters investigated historical places before the 17<sup>th</sup> century
- B) there were no remnants of an extinct civilisation in construction
- C) massive structures were erected in a hurry and almost the same years
- D) while many people think the opposite, Stonehenge has nothing to do with the Sun
- E) due to insufficient technological methods, it was impossible to locate Stonehenge until recently

**37. According to the passage, technology ----.**

- A) had to be used to find the missing literary products of an extinct civilisation
- B) is not a beneficial tool for detecting an artefact with accuracy
- C) was advanced enough to construct buildings like Stonehenge roughly 1000 years ago
- D) has made it possible to figure out exactly who built the Stone Age monuments
- E) enabled the discovery of valuable and sacred relics in England by treasure hunters

**38. - 40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

At the end of the 20<sup>th</sup> century, the Singaporean government became aware that its labour-intensive industries were shrinking as a result of the country's limited land area and workers. Consequently, an economic committee was formed, and it thought that Singapore should concentrate on growing as a service hub, seek to attract company headquarters to serve Southeast Asia, and develop tourism, banking, and offshore activities. Most of the members of the government had been sent to developed countries, and now it was time to use their experiences. When the government realised it lacked the financial infrastructure for a modern economy in the early 1970s, it bought the land needed for this service sector focus. As a result, it was decided to incorporate the old business sector into a new banking and corporate district called the 'Golden Shoe'. All of the major businesses and numerous government financial institutions are now located in this area.

**38. It can be inferred from the passage that the economic committee ----.**

- A) did not work as hard as the government
- B) insisted on opening new banks in Southeast Asia
- C) supplied the necessary land needed for banks
- D) advised putting a spotlight on a couple of sectors
- E) was established at the beginning of the 20<sup>th</sup> century

**39. It is stated in the passage that Singapore ----.**

- A) has negative relations with its neighbours nowadays
- B) has been governed by incapable people recently
- C) used to be more attractive than it is now
- D) has a deficiency in terms of land and working force
- E) is not hopeful about the future of its financial market

**40. It can be understood from the passage that ----.**

- A) Singapore's workforce has doubled impressively recently
- B) 'Golden Shoe' was designed only for tourism
- C) Singapore has been planning to be a modern economy for a long time
- D) Singapore is the cheapest country for tourism in Asia
- E) major companies in Singapore have decreased their profits

## 41. - 43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

In the past decade, many of the largest grocery companies have been accused of different unethical actions by society. They have wasted tonnes of food, underpaid their suppliers, and contributed to excessive plastic waste in their packaging, all of which have had a negative effect on the environment. However, supermarkets and grocery stores are beginning to take notice. In reaction to a growing customer **backlash** against the enormous volumes of plastic trash generated by plastic packaging, some of the top UK supermarkets have signed a pledge to reform packaging and reduce plastic waste. In a plan to reuse, recycle, or compost a lot of plastic waste by 2035, supermarkets are beginning to take responsibility for their role in contributing to environmental damage, with one large supermarket announcing plans to eliminate all plastic packaging from its own-brand products by 2033. In response to criticisms over food waste, some stores now donate a portion of their extra food. However, it is difficult to devise a systematic approach to preventing food waste and redistribution in the absence of more transparency, as most supermarkets operate behind a cloak of secrecy when requested for accurate food waste statistics.

41. It is stated in the passage that grocery companies were ----.

- A) found guilty of wasting food, salary deduction, and using unhealthy materials extravagantly
- B) fairly cautious about the personal rights of their workers
- C) reckless about environmental issues, but they initiated a shift in this approach
- D) in alignment with each other about stopping the generation of plastic waste until 2023
- E) responsible for most of the plastic waste production

42. The underlined word 'backlash' in the passage is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) endorsement
- B) support
- C) promotion
- D) legitimacy
- E) opposition

43. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?

- A) Increasing Plastic Waste Problem
- B) Possible But Hard to Solve: Plastic and Food Waste
- C) Unethical Attempts by Supermarkets
- D) Important Aspects of Recycling
- E) The Indispensable Part of Our Lives: Plastic

44. - 48. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

44. Gary:

– **Finally, I'm done with my Australian tutorial paper.**

Eric:

– **Lucky you! What topic did you choose to study?**

Gary:

– **Well, after giving it some thought, I decided to look into the history of kangaroos in Australia.**

Eric:

– ----

Gary:

– **I guess you are right. I thought it would be interesting, but now I regret it.**

- A) I can't believe you have chosen such a topic; the same subject I am working on.
- B) I'm sure that this topic will catch the interest of each and every person.
- C) There are four species of kangaroos. Which of them are you going to focus on?
- D) This is what everyone thinks of when they hear the word 'Australia'. You should have chosen something else.
- E) In your paper, you should mention Kangaroo Island, Australia's third-largest island.

45. Clerk:

– **Lost property office. How can I help you?**

Applicant:

– **Oh, hello, I've lost my suitcase!**

Clerk:

– ----

Applicant:

– **It is leather with front buckles, and right over the brand name is a rather poor scratch.**

- A) Please tell me where you lost your bag and when it happened.
- B) It's amazing that a careful person like you could do something like this.
- C) It's really annoying, but at least I have my laptop PC. Nothing like that existed within.
- D) Thank God! I have never ended up losing my wallet since I always keep it in the same pocket.
- E) Please define its appearance and tell me if there are any markings or signs.

46. Smith:

- Infants have smaller bodies compared to adults. A newborn's head is about a quarter of the length of his body, while an adult's skull comprises about one-seventh of the whole body.

Kevin:

- These are the facts that are known by most people, especially parents. It would be great to learn something quite bewildering.

Smith:

– ----

Kevin:

- **Wow! That's definitely unexpected. What happens to them later?**

Smith:

- **They eventually fuse together during growth.**

- A) When exposed to water, newborns begin to demonstrate innate aquatic behaviours.
- B) Babies have stomachs around the size of a walnut when they are born, which is quite expected.
- C) When compared to fully developed adults, newborns have roughly 100 extra bones in their bodies.
- D) In the first year of their lives, babies deprive their parents of an average of 44 hours of sleep.
- E) The brains of newborn boys may expand quicker than those of newborn girls in the first three months.

47. Rex:

- **Good morning. What a sweet puppy! What breed is it?**

Max:

- **It is a pug.**

Rex:

- **Oh, I should have known, as it appears to be obedient.**

Max:

– ----

Rex:

- **Well, it's weird to hear that, as pugs live to love and be loved in return.**

- A) Yes, that's right. It's the nicest dog I've ever seen.
- B) The pug is a Chinese dog breed with specific physical characteristics, as you guess.
- C) I guess you have a good understanding of dogs, do you have a dog, too?
- D) In reality, it never pays attention to me. I'm sure it'd run away if it weren't on a leash.
- E) It's very fond of me. I'm so lucky to have such a sociable and gentle companion.

48. Interviewer:

– You say that parents should read to their children from an early age. What is the ideal age to start reading, then?

Researcher:

– There is no particular time to begin, but I can say that the sooner the better.

Interviewer:

– Could you be a little bit more specific?

Researcher:

– ----

- A) I mean, children's comprehension skills don't develop all at once, so the preschool period is the best time to start reading.
- B) These days, parents are becoming more and more concerned with their children's reading performances in international exams.
- C) If parents read aloud to their babies as early as four months old, the kids begin to recognise real-world objects and the value of language.
- D) Since young readers can easily become distracted by their surroundings, it will be more beneficial for the kids to read engaging books.
- E) The literature says that children should be encouraged to read all kinds of publications in order to develop a taste for books.

49. - 53. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

49. All living things tend to expect that the same things will keep happening over and over again.

- A) The fact that something happens again and again must make people believe that it will happen forever.
- B) The tendency to expect the happening of the same things continually is shared by all living things.
- C) Anything that has happened before will sooner or later repeat itself with the help of all living creatures.
- D) People tend to have the wrong belief that everything will repeat itself sooner or later.
- E) If something happens continually for a long period of time, people may expect it to happen again.

50. If you want to lose weight and lead a healthy lifestyle, you must develop a set of eating and activity routines.

- A) Your present eating habits will not help you reach your goal of living a healthy and long life.
- B) Provided that you are willing to make changes in your eating and activity routines, you can easily lose weight and live happily.
- C) Establishing a set of eating and exercise habits may help you lose weight and live well.
- D) You must strictly follow some daily routines of exercise and eating if you want to lose weight and live longer.
- E) Establishing a set of eating and exercise habits is a must if your aim is to lose weight and live healthily.

51. Wearable devices were once thought to stay largely in the field of science fiction, but they are inching closer to becoming an everyday reality.

- A) Once considered mostly a thing of science fiction, wearables are getting closer and closer to becoming commonplace.
- B) Though the times when wearables were just science-fiction items are a thing of the past, it takes time for them to become a primary part of our day-to-day lives.
- C) No matter how much wearables become a part of everyday life, some seem to remain only in the realm of science fiction.
- D) Wearable technologies were long expected to stay mainly in the domain of science fiction, yet they have taken a big step towards becoming a part of daily life.
- E) Despite the fact that wearables were once thought to be the stuff of science fiction, they have largely succeeded in becoming an everyday reality.

52. But for the ancient Egyptians' habit of burying the dead with their personal possessions, our knowledge of them would be very limited today.

- A) Little would have been known about the ancient Egyptians if they had not been so meticulous about burying their dead alongside their possessions.
- B) We would not know that much about the ancient Egyptians without their practice of burying the deceased alongside their belongings so that their memories could live on.
- C) The ancient Egyptians' practice of putting the deceased in the grave with their personal belongings is not the only thing that makes us knowledgeable about them.
- D) If it had not been for the ancient Egyptians' practice of putting the dead in the grave alongside their belongings, we would not know as much about them as we do now.
- E) Providing that the ancient Egyptians had buried their dead with their belongings, what we now know about them might not be very little.

53. Identifying the sources of stress is of utmost importance when it comes to effectively relieving anxiety and coping with its symptoms.

- A) Identifying the sources of stress is key to eliminating anxiety and important for learning how to cope with its symptoms.
- B) When it comes to reducing anxiety and dealing with its impacts on everyday life, accurately identifying the causes of stress is critical.
- C) Finding out stressors is crucial in terms of reducing anxiety in an effective way and managing its symptoms.
- D) Pinpointing stress factors is an essential step in reducing anxiety and improving mental health by eliminating its negative effects.
- E) In order for one to successfully reduce anxiety and live a healthy life without its ill effects, it is crucial to address its origins.

54. - 58. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

54. You think that British and American English are the same and ask your English teacher's opinion. He says he disagrees with you and explains some differences in pronunciation. Anyway, you want to support your opinion and say: ----

- A) If I had a chance, I would choose British English anyway.
- B) Thank you for your explanation, but I won't change my opinion.
- C) But not so different as to prevent us from understanding each other.
- D) Then, you advise me to study in either country I want.
- E) I prefer watching British dramas to American ones.

55. Someone with unusual clothes and a fancy hairstyle approaches you. You do not identify her at first and treat her coldly. However, when she speaks, you realise that she is your boss' wife, so you feel that you have to explain to her why you were distant to her, and you say: ----

- A) I'm sorry; I couldn't recognise you and so acted unfriendly.
- B) It's very cold, and I don't want to explain anything to you.
- C) I mistook you for someone else and got surprised.
- D) If I were you, I would wear the same clothes.
- E) I don't like your husband; that's why I acted coldly towards you.

56. You receive a phone call from an unknown number while driving home. When you pull over and answer the call, you learn that a parcel needs to be delivered to you in person. Stating that you are just five minutes away, you say: ----

- A) Sorry, but it isn't possible for me to wait any longer.
- B) Can you please come back later, as I'm in a rush now?
- C) If you'll please wait a bit, I'll be there in an instant.
- D) Would you mind delivering it to the caretaker?
- E) If you had let me know beforehand, I would be there now.

57. Playing with her dolls quickly bores your younger sister, and she wants to buy another doll now. Knowing that buying a new doll will not make her happy for very long, you try to convince her to change her mind and get something else instead. So you say: ----

- A) I know you wanted this doll, but it'll be better to save your money for something you really need.
- B) This toy will make you bored in a short while, and you'll probably want to buy another one soon.
- C) If you hadn't lost your favourite doll yesterday, we wouldn't be wasting our money on this now.
- D) We can spend our money on a musical instrument, and I'm sure you'll enjoy playing it for many years.
- E) You already have too many dolls that you can play with, so there's no need to buy another one.

58. You have accidentally broken a glass, and it shattered into a thousand pieces. While cleaning up the mess, your brother comes over and offers help, but you know that it is best that he not enter the room until it has been swept up and the pieces have been carefully picked up one by one. So you say: ----

- A) It's safer for you to clean it up than for me to touch the pieces.
- B) You might cut yourself if you touch any of the pieces, so let me handle it.
- C) If you want to help me, go get a broom and sweep the floor.
- D) Let's sweep this mess up, and then you can help me pick up the glass pieces.
- E) It's best to leave the pieces to you, Mum, or we might hurt ourselves.

59. - 63. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

59. Being methodical and objective when studying a language takes time and effort. Widespread linguistic debate regularly degenerates into polemic. Most individuals believe they have the right to voice their opinions since language belongs to everyone. ---- Arguments can start as quickly over minor usage points as over significant linguistic education policies.

- A) Linguistic factors influence how we judge personality and intelligence.
- B) Linguistic issues cannot be solved by logic and legislation.
- C) As a result, when education is discussed, it is easy to hurt and be hurt.
- D) Languages have recently been researched by linguists of our era.
- E) Feelings can get heated when ideas diverge between people.

60. ---- As a result, over the past 20 years, less pressure has been placed on building new water infrastructure. Developed countries have seen rapid increases in population, industrial output, and economic productivity; nevertheless, the rate at which people use water from lakes and rivers has slowed. Similarly, in many developing countries, the demand has even decreased.

- A) By the last quarter of the 20<sup>th</sup> century, the average amount of fresh water used per person doubled.
- B) The water demand is decreasing more quickly than some predicted in the past.
- C) Dams and other kinds of infrastructure will still have to be built in the future to supply more water.
- D) We need to discover ways to meet the demand with fewer resources in areas where new initiatives seem justified.
- E) Water-related resource planners' perspectives are starting to shift from supplying to conserving water.

61. Umbrellas are specially built canopies that provide shade from the sun and rain. --- They are now being utilised to create fashion statements. With more than a million varieties, umbrellas come in countless shapes, sizes, and colours, making it much easier to find the right one for your needs.

- A) Brollies are frequently used outdoors, and they have many different designs and forms.
- B) While bucket hats might seem to be taking over umbrellas' space as accessories, they certainly still have their place.
- C) For centuries, they have been made from the finest materials with the greatest care.
- D) Chinese emperors rode around in portable silk tents fitted with enormous umbrellas to protect them from the sun and rain.
- E) Since their introduction over two millennia ago, head-gear fitting and tiny pocket sunshades have gone a long way.

62. Li-Fi technology is a new, innovative way to transmit data wirelessly. It uses LED lights to transmit data at high speeds and is said to be more efficient and secure than Wi-Fi. It has the potential to be way faster than traditional Wi-Fi, and it can be used in places where Wi-Fi is not allowed, such as on aeroplanes. --- It is still in the early stages of development, but it can revolutionise the way we connect to the Internet.

- A) Wi-Fi has numerous benefits and uses that make it a good alternative to Li-Fi.
- B) No matter which wireless connection you use, you will always have to share your connection with others.
- C) The connection issues with traditional Wi-Fi networks are a well-known problem.
- D) This is probably the best feature of Li-Fi technology because it can be used anywhere there is light.
- E) However fast this new piece of technology develops, it is likely to be used on a small scale in the not-too-distant future.

63. Anatolia has always been a crossroads for trade and culture. In the past, people from all over the world came to trade goods and ideas, which made the area economically prosperous. ---- One of these important things was the Turks' taking over the area and forming the Ottoman Empire. That was absolutely a game changer that shifted the whole region into a new chapter of its history, thereby paving the way for the introduction of an entirely new form of governance.

- A) The Mongols, who swept through Anatolia in the 13<sup>th</sup> century, made the area even more cosmopolitan.
- B) However, the old trade routes declined after the First World War, and Anatolia entered a period of isolation.
- C) Some of the world's most momentous events happened in Anatolia, like the Trojan War and the beginning of Western civilisation.
- D) There was a time when the region's economic growth stopped, partially due to the Byzantine Empire's decline.
- E) Additionally, the weather patterns in Anatolia have always made the area very suitable for growing grain.

64. - 69. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

64. Michael Jordan possessed a multi-dimensional offensive game as he was able to both make his way to the basket in an aggressive manner and draw fouls at a high rate from his opponents.

- A) Michael Jordan, çok yönlü bir oyuna sahipti ve sert bir şekilde potaya gitmek kadar rakiplerinden yüksek oranda faul alma yeteneğine de sahipti.
- B) Michael Jordan, hem agresif bir tavırla potaya gidebildiği, hem de rakiplerinden yüksek oranda faul aldığı için çok yönlü bir hücum oyununa sahipti.
- C) Yüksek oranda faul alma yetisine sahip olan Michael Jordan, çok yönlü bir hücum oyununa sahip olmasının yanı sıra agresif bir şekilde potaya giderdi.
- D) Michael Jordan, çok yönlü bir hücum oyununa sahip olsa da, agresif bir şekilde potaya gitmez ve rakiplerinden faul alırdı.
- E) Michael Jordan, çok yönlü bir hücum oyununa sahipti ve agresif bir şekilde rakiplerinden faul almasına karşın, yüksek oranda potaya gitme yeteneği vardı.

65. Nikola Tesla established laboratories in New York so that a variety of devices could be developed with the assistance of his partners, who were good at finance and marketing.

- A) Nikola Tesla, fikirlerini finanse etmeyi ve pazarlamayı amaçlayan ortakları ile sayısız cihaz geliştirip New York'ta laboratuvarlar kurdu.
- B) Nikola Tesla, finans ve pazarlamada iyi olan ortaklarının yardımıyla çeşitli cihazlar geliştirilebilmesi amacıyla New York'ta laboratuvarlar kurdu.
- C) Ortakları yardım ettiğinde fikirlerini iyi pazarlayabilen Nikola Tesla, New York'ta laboratuvarlar kurarak az sayıda cihaz geliştirdi.
- D) Fikirlerini finanse etmesi ve pazarlaması sayesinde, Nikola Tesla bir dizi cihaz geliştirmek için New York'ta ortaklarıyla birlikte laboratuvarlar kurdu.
- E) Fikirlerini finanse eden ve ortaklarının yardımıyla iyi pazarlayan Nikola Tesla, bir dizi cihaz geliştirdiği New York'ta laboratuvarlar kurdu.

66. A charity community is largely a fundraising organisation that plans a lot of income-generating events, such as street collections and sponsorship requests from nearby companies.

- A) Bir yardım topluluğu, sokak koleksiyonları ve yakındaki şirketlerden gelen sponsorluk talepleri gibi birçok gelir getirici etkinlikler planlayan büyük bir bağış toplama organizasyonudur.
- B) Bir yardım topluluğu, büyük ölçüde, sokak koleksiyonları ve yakındaki şirketlerden sponsorluk talepleri gibi birçok gelir getirici etkinlikler planlayan bir bağış toplama kuruluşudur.
- C) Yardım toplulukları, sokak koleksiyonları ve yakındaki şirketlerden sağlanan sponsorluk talepleri gibi birçok gelir getirici etkinlikler planlayan kuruluşlar için fon toplayan büyük kuruluşlardır.
- D) Sokak koleksiyonları ve civardaki şirketlerden alınan sponsorluk talepleri ile ilgili birçok gelir getirici etkinlikler planlayan yardım topluluğu, fon toplayan büyük bir kuruluştur.
- E) Yakındaki şirketlerden ulaşan sponsorluk talepleri ve birçok gelir getirici sokak koleksiyonları etkinlikleri planlayan büyük bir bağış toplama organizasyonuna yardım kuruluşu denir.

67. A new system, generating images of different attractions and providing the tourist with the basis for choosing and evaluating potential places to visit, is used more frequently by agencies.

- A) Farklı cazibe merkezlerinin görüntülerini üretmeye yarayan ve turistlere ziyaret edilmesi gereken yerleri seçme ve değerlendirme konusunda fikir veren yeni bir sistem, acenteler tarafından daha sık kullanılmaktadır.
- B) Turistik yerlerin değişik görüntülerini ve turistlere ziyaret edilecek potansiyel yerleri seçme ve değerlendirmede zemin hazırlayan yeni bir sistem, acenteler tarafından oluşturulmaya başlanmıştır.
- C) Farklı cazibe merkezlerinin görüntülerini üreten ve turistlere ziyaret edilecek potansiyel yerleri seçme ve değerlendirme konusunda temel sağlayan yeni bir sistem, acenteler tarafından daha sık kullanılmaktadır.
- D) Yeni bir sistem acenteler tarafından daha yoğun kullanılmaya başlanmıştır ve bu sayede farklı cazibe merkezlerinin görüntüleri ve turistler için görülmesi gereken yerler kolaylıkla seçilebilmektedir.
- E) Turistlere ziyaret edilmesi gereken yerleri seçme ve değerlendirmede fikir veren ve farklı cazibe merkezlerinin görüntülerini üretmeye yarayan yeni bir sistem, acenteler tarafından daha çok kullanılmaktadır.

68. The emissions of an electric automobile are determined by how much of its power is generated by burning fossil fuels.

- A) Elektrikli araç emisyonları, gücünün ne kadarının fosil yakıtların yakılmasından geldiğine göre değişir.
- B) Elektrikli bir arabanın emisyonları, gücünün ne kadarının fosil yakıtların yakılmasıyla elde edildiğine göre belirlenir.
- C) Bir elektrikli otomobilin fosil yakıtları yakarak elde ettiği elektriğin miktarı, ne kadar emisyon üreteceğini belirler.
- D) Elektrikli bir aracın emisyonları, fosil yakıtların yakılmasıyla elde edilen gücün oranına göre belirlenir.
- E) Elektrikli bir araca elektrik sağlamak için kullanılan fosil yakıtların miktarı, bu aracın ürettiği emisyonları belirler.

69. Although making burgers from plants could lower carbon dioxide emissions, it also puts 1.5 million agricultural jobs in danger.

- A) Bitkilerden hamburgerler yapmak karbondioksit emisyonlarını azaltabilse de aynı zamanda 1,5 milyon tarımsal işi tehlikeye atıyor.
- B) 1,5 milyon tarımsal istihdamı da tehdit eden bitki bazlı hamburgerler karbondioksit emisyonlarını azaltmaktadır.
- C) Bitki bazlı hamburgerler karbondioksit emisyonlarını azalttığı için 1,5 milyon tarımsal istihdamı da tehlikeye atıyor.
- D) Bitkilerden hamburgerler karbondioksit emisyonlarını azaltıyor, bu yüzden de 1,5 milyon tarımsal istihdamı da tehdit edebilir.
- E) Bitkilerden hamburgerler üretmek, karbondioksit emisyonlarını azaltma potansiyeline sahiptir; ancak bu tarım sektöründeki istihdamını da tehdit etmektedir.

70. - 75. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

70. Mondros Ateşkes Antlaşması ile işgallerin başlaması üzerine, Mustafa Kemal Atatürk, 19 Mayıs 1919'da Samsun'a çıktı ve yurt çapında topyekûn bir direniş başlattı.

- A) After the invasions starting with the Armistice of Mudros, Mustafa Kemal Atatürk, who arrived in Samsun on May 19, 1919, started a small-scale resistance.
- B) Mustafa Kemal Atatürk, who started a large-scale resistance due to the beginning of the invasions with the Armistice of Mudros, arrived in Samsun on 19 May 1919.
- C) Mustafa Kemal Atatürk, who started a worldwide resistance to stop the Armistice of Mudros, arrived in Samsun on 19 May 1919.
- D) The invasions caused by the Armistice of Mudros generated widespread resistance, and Mustafa Kemal Atatürk arrived in Samsun on 19 May 1919.
- E) Upon the beginning of the invasions with the Armistice of Mudros, Mustafa Kemal Atatürk arrived in Samsun on May 19, 1919, and started a nationwide resistance.

71. İlk 6 ay bebeklerin anne sütüyle beslenmesi gerekli ve yeterlidir, çünkü anne sütü, gelişim için gerekli olan tüm besinleri içerir ve bulaşıcı hastalıklara karşı bağışıklık kazandırır.

- A) It is sufficient for babies to be fed with breast milk for the first six months because breast milk contains all the necessary nutrients and provides immunity against infectious diseases.
- B) It is necessary and sufficient to give breast milk to babies because breast milk contains all the nutrients necessary for development and supplies them with immunity against infectious diseases.
- C) It is necessary and efficient for babies to be fed with breast milk for the first six months because breast milk contains most of the nutrients necessary for development and protects against infectious diseases.
- D) It is essential and sufficient for babies to be fed with breast milk for the first six months as breast milk contains all the nutrients necessary for development and provides immunity against infectious diseases.
- E) For the first six months, it is necessary and sufficient for babies to be fed with breast milk, which contains all the nutrients necessary for development since breast milk provides immunity against infectious diseases.

72. Son birkaç yılda ilaç endüstrisi, dünya çapında milyarlarca insanın hayatını büyük ölçüde iyileştiren tedaviler sağladı.

- A) The pharmaceutical industry has provided treatments that have greatly improved the lives of billions of people worldwide in a few years.
- B) The pharmaceutical industry has provided treatments that considerably improve the lives of billions of people worldwide.
- C) To improve the lives of billions of people worldwide, the pharmaceutical industry has provided extensive treatments during the past few years.
- D) Over the past few years, the pharmaceutical industry has provided treatments that greatly improve the lives of billions of people worldwide.
- E) The pharmaceutical industry has greatly improved the lives of billions of people provided treatments worldwide in the past few years.

73. Tropikal yağmur ormanları, Dünya'nın kara alanının yaklaşık %6'sını oluşturur ve bilinen tüm yaşam formlarının yarısından fazlasını içerir.

- A) Tropical rainforests comprise some 6% of the Earth's land area and contain more than half of all known life forms.
- B) It is known that more than half of all known life forms, including the rainforests comprise some 6% of the Earth's land area.
- C) More than half of all known life forms, and some 6% of the Earth's land area is made up of tropical rainforests.
- D) Some 6% of the Earth's land area includes tropical rainforests, which contain more than half of all known life forms.
- E) Tropical rainforests comprise some of the Earth's land area and contain more than 6% of all known life forms.

74. Kangurular hiç evcilleştirilmemiş olmalarına rağmen, geleneksel olarak köpekler, atlar ve keçiler gibi evcilleştirilmiş hayvanlara özel olduğuna inanılan bir özellik olan bakışlarıyla iletişim kurabilirler.

- A) As long as they are domesticated, kangaroos communicate with their look, a characteristic that was previously considered to be unique to domesticated animals such as dogs, horses, and goats.
- B) Despite having never been domesticated, kangaroos can communicate with their gaze, a trait traditionally believed to be exclusive to domesticated animals such as dogs, horses, and goats.
- C) Kangaroos, despite having never been domesticated, are likely to communicate with their glance, a skill thought to be limited to domesticated animals like dogs, horses, and goats.
- D) Since kangaroos have never been tamed, people have always thought that only domesticated animals communicating with their eyes were dogs, horses, and goats rather than kangaroos.
- E) Thanks to the unique skill of communicating with their gaze, kangaroos can be domesticated like dogs, horses, and goats even though they have never been tamed so far.

75. İnsanların rüyalarında zaman algısını analiz etmek zor olsa da berrak rüya görenleri incelerken umut verici araştırmalar ortaya çıkmıştır.

- A) Intriguing research has emerged from the study of lucid dreamers as a result of the difficulty of analysing time perception in people's dreams.
- B) Although analysing time perception in people's dreams is challenging, promising research has arisen when examining lucid dreamers.
- C) Even though it might be difficult to analyse how individuals perceive time in their dreams, research on lucid dreamers has shown promise.
- D) Research on lucid dreamers has produced some encouraging findings, though it is difficult to decipher how people's dreams represent the passage of time.
- E) Looking at lucid dreamers has led to some interesting research, figuring out how people see time in their dreams.

76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) People have always had a long-held dream to soar through the air. (II) When people saw birds fly, they tried to do so in many different ways. (III) They made balloons at the end of the 18<sup>th</sup> century and flying machines at the start of the 20<sup>th</sup>. (IV) Flying has made travel much faster, but threats to flying keep changing. (V) Thanks to these advances in aviation, today, it is possible to think about going around the world in 24 hours, which was never possible before.

- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

77. (I) When writers take notes, they write down the most important parts of the information, which keeps them from having to remember everything. (II) It is important to take notes during an interview. (III) It will help you keep track of how each candidate did in the interview and let you compare them after the interview is over. (IV) Make sure to clear your mind and pay attention to what the candidate says so that you can write down any good or bad qualities. (V) You could also use a scorecard to determine how well the candidate has answered.

- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

78. (I) The festival of La Tomatina took place in the Spanish town of Buol, a significant producer of tomatoes. (II) Participants were served 130 metric tonnes of freshly picked tomatoes unloaded from trucks along the town's main street. (III) There was only one rule: squash tomatoes before throwing to prevent injuries. (IV) Before the hour-long battle, many people had to wear swimming goggles to protect their eyes, and eventually, their clothing was covered in pulp. (V) Francisco Franco outlawed La Tomatina in the 1950s because he saw no religious significance to the holiday, but that did not deter its supporters.

- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

79. (I) About 20 aeroplanes and 50 ships are thought to have vanished in the Bermuda Triangle over the years. (II) Many explanations have been proposed to account for the disappearances, including paranormal activities, extraterrestrial life, sea monsters, and others. (III) Sceptical researchers have observed that mysteries and paranormal occurrences are profitable and popular, which promotes massive publication. (IV) In addition, a powerful ocean current passes through the region, which can result in erratic storms and enormous waves. (V) Another explanation is that a compass usually points to magnetic north, but true north—the geographic north pole—is actually up to 1,000 kilometres away.

- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

80. (I) To generate three times as much power, a marine turbine blade needs to be only one-third the size of a standard wind turbine. (II) Around 30 metres of water are needed for optimum performance because the blades will be roughly 20 metres in diameter. (III) Environmental concerns are unlikely, in contrast to wind energy, which has the potential to harm the environment. (IV) A single undersea turbine farm would generate far more power than a small village would require. (V) Moreover, fish and other creatures are not probable to be at risk from the relatively slow-turning blades.

- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V



T.C. MİLLÎ EĞİTİM  
BAKANLIĞI

3 ADIM

DENEME SINAVLARI

1. ADIM

YDT  
İngilizce



4. DENEME

ADI VE SOYADI

OKUL ADI

ADAYIN İMZASI

**ADAYIN DİKKATİNE!**

1. Bu sınavda YDT soru dağılımları dikkate alınmıştır.
2. Deneme tam kapsam olup 2023 YDT konularının tamamını kapsamaktadır.
3. Bu sınav 80 sorudan oluşmaktadır.

Bu testlerin her hakkı saklıdır. Hangi amaçla olursa olsun, testlerin tamamının veya bir kısmının Millî Eğitim Bakanlığının yazılı izni olmadan kopya edilmesi, fotoğrafının çekilmesi, herhangi bir yolla çoğaltılması, yayımlanması ya da kullanılması yasaktır. Bu yasağa uymayanlar gerekli cezai sorumluluğu ve testlerin hazırlanmasındaki mali külfeti peşinen kabullenmiş sayılır.

#### AÇIKLAMA

1. Bu kitapçıkta **80 soru** bulunmaktadır.
2. Bu sınav için verilen cevaplama süresi **120 dakikadır (2 saat)**.
3. **Bu sınav puanlanırken doğru cevaplarınızın sayısından yanlış cevaplarınızın sayısının dörtte biri çıkarılacak ve kalan sayı bu test ile ilgili ham puanınız olacaktır.**
4. Kitapçığın sayfalarındaki boş yerleri müsvedde için kullanabilirsiniz.
5. Cevaplamaya istediğiniz sorudan başlayabilirsiniz. Bir soru ile ilgili cevabınızı, cevap kâğıdında o soru için ayrılmış olan yere işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.
6. Bu kitapçıkta yer alan her sorunun sadece bir doğru cevabı vardır. Cevap kâğıdında bir soru için birden çok cevap yeri işaretlenmişse o soru yanlış cevaplanmış sayılacaktır. İşaretlediğiniz bir cevabı değiştirmek istediğinizde silme işlemini çok iyi yapmanız gerektiğini unutmayınız.

1. Bu testte 80 soru vardır.
2. Cevaplarınızı, cevap kâğıdına işaretleyiniz.

1. - 15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. It is believed that any newborn whose nails are clipped before the age of six months will turn into a thief, according to a 19<sup>th</sup>-century Welsh ----.  
A) treatment  
B) innovation  
C) resident  
D) discharge  
E) superstition
2. Julius Caesar, a(n)---- politician, army commander, and emperor, contributed to Rome's becoming one of the most dominant empires in history.  
A) brief  
B) abundant  
C) brilliant  
D) fragile  
E) careless
3. Once a month, employees from the Slovenian and Slovak embassies get together to swap letters that were addressed ----.  
A) functionally  
B) mistakenly  
C) cautiously  
D) implicitly  
E) deliberately
4. Side effects of antimicrobial treatments may reflect the antibiotic's biological or toxicological properties or may ---- extreme sensitivity or allergic reactions.  
A) involve  
B) confuse  
C) compromise  
D) implement  
E) constitute
5. The New York city council had to ---- the announcement of the environmental development report due to the highly heated debates with environmentalists.  
A) run into  
B) put off  
C) carry on  
D) bring about  
E) pass away
6. Travel throughout the solar system ---- dramatically since the first human being ---- into space in 1961 on the Soviet spacecraft *Vostok*.  
A) had changed / would be sent  
B) changed / has been sent  
C) used to change / had been sent  
D) has changed / was sent  
E) was changing / was to be sent

7. While some researchers speculate that Homer ---- on the island of Khios or in a Greek-speaking city on the eastern shore of the Aegean Sea, other academics ---- such a possibility.
- A) must have resided / rejected  
 B) should have resided / had rejected  
 C) could have resided / will reject  
 D) may have resided / reject  
 E) might have resided / are going to reject
8. The world's first true coins ---- of electrum, a mixture of gold and silver, ---- in the kingdom of Lydia in Anatolia.
- A) to be made / used to be produced  
 B) having made / were being produced  
 C) making / had been produced  
 D) being made / were to be produced  
 E) made / were produced
9. A team of scientists studying the natural body temperatures of sharks has found out that it takes them ---- 40 minutes to cool down after they are released back ---- the water from captivity.
- A) around / beneath  
 B) off / within  
 C) about / into  
 D) from / below  
 E) throughout / by
10. As well as protecting existing habitats and acting ---- sea defences, artificial reefs can be effective ---- improving fish harvests.
- A) for / at  
 B) over / of  
 C) as / in  
 D) with / on  
 E) into / by
11. Almost half of the population of the United States watches television every day, ---- individuals who read books on a daily basis make up a significantly smaller percentage of the total population.
- A) whereas  
 B) hence  
 C) likewise  
 D) just as  
 E) nor
12. In Sumer, it was very important to keep track of taxes ---- there were so many transactions, and the only way to stop tax fraud was to keep accurate and reliable records.
- A) much as  
 B) unless  
 C) in case  
 D) before  
 E) since



21. - 28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. **Most cultures have given value to what they have seen in the sky, ----.**

- A) whereas historical scholars have focused on terrestrial events while ignoring celestial bodies
- B) even though astrology was closely related to astronomy, alchemy, meteorology, and medicine
- C) for example, fortune tellers were regarded as sorcerers and had notoriety among people
- D) so some of those civilisations used cosmic observations for their own benefit
- E) but locals can make important observations without proper equipment

22. **----, researchers are still concerned about its emissions.**

- A) Until biogas is also known as marsh gas, sewage gas, compost gas, and swamp gas
- B) Although biogas is a cleaner and greener alternative to fossil fuels such as natural gas
- C) Since many power plants generate electricity from lumber and furniture by-products
- D) Despite the fact that biogas was originally used in the Middle East around 3,000 BC
- E) Because humankind has relied on biomass as a source of energy since the discovery of fire

23. **Blood pressure is one of the essential indicators of heart health, ----.**

- A) that is, a hypertensive crisis is high blood pressure that can cause a stroke
- B) so a person's blood pressure and heart rate are distinct measurements
- C) while one first should measure it before eating or taking any medications in the morning
- D) but it is challenging to measure it frequently and accurately outside of a hospital
- E) although it is possible to have high blood pressure and not notice any abnormal symptoms

24. **----, they pose a threat to human health.**

- A) Since ozone holes increase ultraviolet radiation levels on the Earth's surface
- B) Now that a new ozone hole has been found over the planet's tropical areas
- C) Because the tropics cover half the planet's surface and are home to half the population
- D) Though human-made industrial pollutants have depleted the ozone layer
- E) While increased ground-level ultraviolet radiation can result from ozone layer depletion

25. While youngsters view social media news as less reliable, ----.

- A) adolescents prefer skimming through their social networks to be informed
- B) some social media sources are more popular than others among teenagers
- C) most teenagers are abandoning traditional news sources in favour of social media
- D) print, TV, and radio outlets are not preferred sources of news for them
- E) they value and use these services more for providing a variety of viewpoints on the day's major stories

26. Although sleepwalking cases generally involve simple, repeated behaviours, ----.

- A) there are occasional reports of people performing complex behaviours during sleep
- B) sleepwalkers frequently have little or no memory of the incident due to their unconscious state
- C) their eyes are generally open, and their expression is dim and glazed over
- D) this may last from 30 seconds to 30 minutes, depending on the person
- E) sleepwalking occurs during slow-wave sleep of non-rapid eye movement

27. When one thinks about climate change and emissions, ----.

- A) the first thing that probably comes to mind is industries that depend on fossil fuels, and exhaust fumes from cars
- B) it is highly unlikely that agriculture practices are connected to the phenomenon of global warming
- C) climate change affects everything from geopolitics to economies and migration as well as life expectancies
- D) mining companies all over the world are working to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and achieve net zero
- E) they have a warming impact that is more than 20,000 times bigger than that of CO<sub>2</sub>, and they are highly powerful

28. In spite of the exponential rise in the popularity of electric cars throughout the world in recent years, ----.

- A) some companies intend to invest extensively in gasoline-powered vehicles to satisfy the enormous demand
- B) the adverse effects of traditional cars are generally ignored as these cars have low production costs
- C) European countries take effective measures to lessen electricity usage in major cities
- D) the charging time of electric vehicles depends on the size of the engine and voltage amplifier
- E) in addition to the low pricing, potential consumers consider the usefulness and negligible cost of charging environmentally-friendly vehicles

**29. - 31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Autism is a common developmental disorder that makes it hard to communicate and interact with others. People with autism tend to have few hobbies and interests and often do the same things over and over again. It is seen as a neurological and genetic condition that affects how information is processed on a lifelong basis. This disorder can also be defined by interlinking problems with social imagination and interaction. According to scientists, this impacts one's capacity to understand and relate to others in conventional ways, environmental events and things, and interpret or react to sensory stimuli. Children with autism cannot learn or think in the same ways as kids who typically develop. Those kids have trouble processing speech and understanding verbal information. Children who suffer from these conditions frequently find noises uncomfortable, including traffic noise, and it is challenging to scientifically quantify this as such extra-sensory stimuli vary significantly from one autistic individual to another. However, a child's capacity to digest information is likely to suffer if they perceive any noise in their classroom or learning environment to be upsetting.

**29. It is stated in the passage that one suffering from autism ----.**

- A) has to struggle with it throughout his life
- B) has no mental problems other than autism
- C) had better enrich his social environment
- D) can learn to speak earlier than other children
- E) is good at operating particular machines

**30. It can be inferred from the passage that autism ----.**

- A) will be cured completely in the future
- B) does not make any major changes in people's lives
- C) used to be a bigger problem in the past
- D) is difficult to diagnose at an early age
- E) affects people in many negative ways

**31. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?**

- A) How to Detect Autism with Machines
- B) Autism and Its Effects on People
- C) The Relationship between Autism and Sound
- D) How to Cope with Autism in the Classroom
- E) Neurological Developments in Autism

**32. - 34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Wildlife experts are battling a problem: As the population of some threatened animals grows, it puts pressure on other vulnerable creatures. According to experts, these types of situations involve **tradeoffs**. However, they do not always indicate issues with special protection programmes. This demonstrates the significance of protecting what some scientists refer to as biological communities rather than individual species. For example, the resurgence of the famous bald eagle has put a strain on rare water birds. Peregrine falcons are making a comeback as well. However, they pose a threat to the California's least tern and the Western snowy plover. Attacks by protected white sharks also hamper the recovery of threatened sea otters off the California coast. Clearly, there are times when experts face conflicts between species they are attempting to protect.

**32. It is pointed out in the passage that ----.**

- A) as some threatened animal species reproduce, they put pressure on other susceptible species
- B) it is quite possible that sea otters will make a comeback in the future
- C) the return of peregrine falcons has nothing to do with the number of certain birds
- D) attacks by white sharks are making it harder for endangered sea otters to get back to normal
- E) there has not been a rise in the population of peregrine falcons

**33. According to the passage, experts ----.**

- A) care more about single species than about biological communities
- B) are indifferent to the plight of the endangered species
- C) believe that protecting the natural balance requires hardly any sacrifices
- D) have controversial ideas about endangered species in need of protection
- E) have discovered that survival rivalry amongst animals has little influence on one another

**34. The underlined word 'tradeoff' is closest in meaning to ----.**

- A) cost
- B) value
- C) process
- D) sacrifice
- E) source

**35. - 37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Chinese researchers say they have developed a robotic fish that can remove microplastics from water. Researchers hope that robots built for this experiment can be utilised to assist in cleaning up the world's oceans. The robot swimmers are around 1.3 millimetres long and are made of a bendable synthetic material. As the robots go through the water, they may contact the microplastics there. The team believes the robots will continue to perform well in future testing in deeper water because of their strong performance in shallow water. The robotic fish is designed to consume microplastic particles, which are plastic pieces smaller than five millimetres in size. Several investigations have confirmed microplastic pollution in even the world's wild locations. The material is created from the breakdown of plastics and other industrial waste. The tiny, lightweight robot is currently being utilised to gather microplastics for scientific study. The team intends to increase that application so that the robot fish can clear out larger quantities of microplastic debris from the ocean's depths.

**35. It is stated in the passage that the tiny robots ----.**

- A) did well in deeper water, according to the researchers
- B) are made out of a synthetic substance that is easy to shape
- C) are already being used to prevent pollution caused by industrial by-products
- D) can swim up to 2.76 body lengths per second as they move through the water
- E) are responsible for microplastic contamination in certain natural habitats

**36. It is pointed out in the passage that ----.**

- A) the robots worked well in shallow water and are expected to function well in deeper water
- B) the fish can absorb several types of microplastics and even mend itself when damaged
- C) if a robot fish is accidentally eaten by a real fish, it can safely digest the material
- D) similar robots might be implanted in people to eliminate pathogens or harmful substances
- E) by-products of industrial processes are the only source of microplastic pollution

**37. It is understood from the passage that ----.**

- A) people want to do the right thing in order to protect the oceans
- B) the threats the oceans face have been well understood by the general society
- C) the developed robot technology has had definite results so far
- D) it is pretty unlikely that the use of the robot fish will be expanded
- E) there is hope to eliminate the pollution in deep oceans via using recent technology

**38. - 40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

In the latest study about dogs, samples of breath and sweat were taken from people who had not previously consumed food or beverages. Samples were taken both before and after a demanding math task, along with objective physiological measurements like heart rate (HR) and blood pressure (BP). Within three hours of being collected, the samples from 36 participants who reported feeling more stressed as a result of the exercise and who also had an increase in HR and BP throughout the task were presented to trained dogs. Four dogs of various breeds and breed mixes had been trained to match odours in a discriminating task using a clicker and kibble. Dogs were asked to locate the participant's relaxed sample, which was collected just minutes before the activity began, while the participant's stressed sample was collected after the task's conclusion. Ultimately, dogs were able to recognise and act in an alert manner on the sample collected under stress in 675 out of 720 trials, or 93 per cent of the time, which is significantly more often than would be predicted by chance. The canines accurately alerted to the stressed sample 94 per cent of the time when they were first presented with a participant's relaxed and stressed samples.

**38. It can be concluded from the passage that the samples ----.**

- A) were obtained from people who were not hungry
- B) consisted of the blood and sweat of unstressed people
- C) were separated from those that had been collected before the task
- D) were effective enough to represent the results of the study
- E) demonstrated the difference between heart rate and blood pressure

**39. It is clearly stated in the passage that ----.**

- A) mixed breeds were more skilful than other breeds when it came to locating stressed samples
- B) dogs had a high success rate at detecting stress, which indicated that this was not a coincidence
- C) only samples of thirty-six stressed people were presented to dogs after three hours
- D) researchers were stunned by the capabilities of dogs, which they had not expected previously
- E) a kibble and clicker are the most effective training tools for dogs

**40. What is the passage mainly about?**

- A) Influences of stress on healthy people
- B) The most suitable way of conducting an experiment
- C) High detection abilities of trained dogs
- D) Significance of samples taken from stressed people
- E) Animals' inability to identify stress, especially dogs'

**41. - 43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Ninety-nine per cent of all species have gone extinct during five major extinctions like volcanic eruptions and asteroid strikes. In addition, human activities have increased extinction rates up to 10,000 times. Loss and habitat deterioration due to deforestation, overexploitation, invasive species, and climate change are the primary causes. One of the recent consequences of these changes is that the population of sea turtles in Florida is undergoing shifts due to the state's rising temperatures. As a result of recent heat waves in the southern state, the sand on the beaches has reached such a high temperature that almost all of the sea turtles that hatch on those beaches are female. When a mother sea turtle constructs a nest for her eggs on the beach, the temperature of the sand will determine the gender of the new born sea turtles, which are known as hatchlings. Because Florida has experienced some of the warmest summers on record over the past four years, there has been an increase in the number of female sea turtles. In fact, in the course of their research on sea turtle hatchlings and eggs over the past four years, scientists have uncovered no male sea turtles but have found only female sea turtles.

**41. It is pointed out in the passage that scientists ----.**

- A) believe that Florida is the finest place for the reproduction of sea turtles
- B) still have not realised that sea turtles require immediate protection for survival
- C) have located solely female sea turtles in the nestlings and eggs
- D) have found out that the female turtle emerges at night and searches for a nesting place
- E) have witnessed that baby turtles are guided to the sea usually by moonlight reflecting on the sea

**42. According to the passage, ----.**

- A) once a nest has been completed, the female never returns to it
- B) gender of young sea turtles is decided by the sand's warmth that it is laid on
- C) there is enough male-to-female ratio needed to be able to have successful breeding seasons
- D) sea turtle population is in danger even if we have the genetic diversity
- E) we can contribute to the preservation of the turtle population if we establish turtle hospitals

**43. It is stated in the passage that species ----.**

- A) is not likely to be influenced by deforestation in the future
- B) has an increased rate of extinction only by human activities
- C) has not been affected by other species
- D) will not be in danger in terms of future population
- E) has become extinct because of human activities and natural disasters

44. - 48. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

44. Bank Clerk:

– **Because of a payment imbalance, your credit card account has been suspended.**

Client:

– **Impossible! I made all my payments this afternoon.**

Bank Clerk:

– ----

Client:

– **Thanks! Now, I'm relieved. Then, I believe we have no choice but to wait.**

- A) You've probably heard about these hackers breaking into people's personal accounts.
- B) You're not the first person to say that. We must immediately check our system.
- C) So there's no need to be concerned, sir. It may take some time to transfer it into the system.
- D) What do you mean? If you don't believe me, look at the computer screen yourself.
- E) Since yesterday, our systems have been turned off. We're sorry for the trouble.

45. Jimmy:

– **According to a 2015 study, having ten or more trees in your garden could make you feel as healthy as someone seven years younger.**

Judy:

– ----

Jimmy:

– **Why do you think so? I supposed you were the kind of person living in the light of science.**

Judy:

– **For sure, I am. However, no one in the world can make me believe that having more trees in your garden makes you feel healthier than someone else.**

- A) Wow! Now, I'm heading towards the nearest forest to collect some seeds.
- B) How on earth could that be possible? You had better change the source you have been reading.
- C) That's why we have had lots of trees in our backyard since we bought this house five years ago.
- D) As far as I'm concerned, planting trees is cheaper than having plastic surgery to feel younger.
- E) I remember reading the same article, which sounds rather probable and reasonable to me.

46. Juan:

– It would be great for people to change their way of celebration so as not to hurt other animals and damage the environment in which they live.

Erik:

– What makes you think in that way?

Juan:

– ----

Erik:

– I totally agree with you. All creatures have the right to live as peacefully as we do.

- A) Sound pollution, especially in big cities, causes irreversible hearing defects for many animals.
- B) Well, all animals, regardless of size, are frightened by fireworks, which also cause pollution.
- C) Traffic congestion may be the reason for waking up early and consuming more energy during the day.
- D) Zoos are ideal places for animals, and caregivers are pretty sensitive about their needs.
- E) Crowded cities contain many problems, such as crime, poverty, transportation, and an unaffordable cost of living.

47. Leo:

– As a parent, it is a bit weird for our children to use their mobile phones at school. These devices are the most prominent distractors. Although students aren't allowed to use phones during lectures, they may have a negative effect on concentration and success.

Dennis:

– ----

Leo:

– Such incidents are considerably rare, and school administrators can inform parents rapidly.

Dennis:

– You can never accurately anticipate the possibility of unexpected situations when nearly thirty students spend almost seven hours together.

- A) It's your responsibility to teach your child to use a mobile phone in case of a necessity.
- B) Don't get concerned about it. The students are familiar with the appropriate times and procedures for using these devices.
- C) Mobile phones are an indispensable part of our lives, so they can be life-saving, particularly in states of emergency.
- D) It would be great for students to have education about the effective use of social media in the curriculum.
- E) When it comes to bullying, it's a more serious issue than having access to mobile phones.

48. Nichole:

– If you had a chance, which country would you visit?

Harvey:

– A tricky question. I've never thought about this, but I suppose I'd say Australia due to its incredible biodiversity.

Nichole:

– ----

Harvey:

– What do you mean by that?

Nichole:

– Australia is home to approximately 170 kinds of snakes, including some of the world's most venomous ones. Think twice.

- A) What seems like an advantage at first glance may turn out to be a drawback later on. Be careful!
- B) It's a pretty common practice for Australians to keep snakes as pets in their homes. Don't be surprised.
- C) The brain is the best vehicle to go somewhere. As much as you preserve your imagination, you can go everywhere.
- D) In the end, we only regret the chances we didn't take along the way. We make our own luck.
- E) Opportunity isn't something that just happens to you; rather, it's something that you have to actively seek for.

49. - 53. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

49. If you are continuously sneezing, coughing, or suffering from a sore throat, the first thing that comes to mind is a cold or flu.

- A) A cold or flu is the first thing that arises in your mind when you have a sore throat, a cough, or a history of sneezing.
- B) Even if you have persistent sneezing, coughing, and a sore throat, the first thing that appears in your mind should not be a cold or flu.
- C) The common cold and influenza are the first things that immediately come to mind, given that someone has a sore throat, and persistent coughing.
- D) The first thing that springs to mind unless you are sneezing, coughing, or have a sore throat is a cold or the flu.
- E) When you constantly sneeze, cough, or have a sore throat, cold and flu are the first things that come to mind.

50. Some pollinators not only help flowering plants get fertilised, but they also lay their eggs on the leaves of the plants when they visit them.

- A) Some pollinators both fertilise flowering plants and lay their eggs on the plants' leaves during their visit.
- B) Pollinators lay their eggs on the leaves of the plants when they visit them with the aim of fertilising the flowering plants.
- C) Most pollinators lay their eggs on the leaves of the plants they visit, but this does not help them get fertilised.
- D) Pollinators lay their eggs on the leaves of plants after they have visited them so that they can aid in the fertilisation of flowering plants.
- E) In order to help flowers make seeds, some pollinators leave the leaves of the plants they visit without laying their eggs on.

51. If the universe is infinite, it can just keep growing forever without ever becoming larger since there is no size greater than infinity.

- A) If the universe were infinite, it could continue to expand indefinitely since there would be no size bigger than infinity.
- B) Only if space is unlimited can the universe continue to expand without becoming larger since there is no number that can be larger than infinity.
- C) Provided that the universe is infinite, it can just keep expanding eternally without ever becoming bigger since there is no size greater than infinity.
- D) As infinity is the maximum possible size, it is possible that the universe will expand indefinitely without ever becoming larger.
- E) There is no size larger than infinity, and considering the universe is infinite, it can continue to develop without ever getting larger.

52. Children who play video games for longer than usual periods of time get smarter than average, but watching TV or using social media does not have a direct positive or negative effect.

- A) Children who play video games for longer than adults show more than usual emotional gains, although the time spent watching television or using mobile phones has no direct good or bad effect.
- B) Playing video games for longer lengths can make children more intelligent than their peers, while spending time watching TV or using social media may worsen the situation.
- C) Children who are smarter than average can play video games longer than usual, but watching TV or using social media applications does not have any impact on them directly.
- D) In order to improve the intellectual levels of children who play video games longer than in general, parents should let them watch TV or use social media less, which can affect them both positively and negatively.
- E) Children who play video games for longer than usual periods have more than average advances in their level of intelligence, yet the time spent in front of the television or on social media has no direct effect, either good or bad.

53. **Before the aircraft takes off, if there are any extra seats, they may be sold at a discount, allowing the airline to recover part of the money they would have otherwise lost.**

- A) Before the plane takes off, unsold tickets have to be sold at standard prices, allowing the airline to save part of the money they had lost on other flights.
- B) During the flight's departure, any remaining tickets had better be sold at a discount, allowing the airport to save all of the money they would have otherwise lost.
- C) Selling unsold tickets before the flight can be profitable for companies which otherwise would have lost some revenue due to discounted prices.
- D) If there are any excess seats, they can be sold at a reduced price prior to takeoff, helping the airline regain a portion of the money they would have otherwise lost.
- E) Companies tend to sell some seats with extra discounts because they may lose nearly half of their profits on account of unsold tickets before the flight.

54. - 58. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

54. **After school, one of your friends wants to hang out with you. She wants to know what you are up to. Even though you are free, you do not want to see anyone as you have been feeling gloomy without any reason. You politely make up an excuse by saying: ---**

- A) I've told you many times that I don't have time to spare for you? Why are you so insistent?
- B) Am I your only friend? I don't understand why you always want to see me.
- C) Sorry, I can't meet you today, because I don't feel like going out.
- D) Wonderful! I was just trying to figure out what to do. Does shopping suit you?
- E) I'd love to get together with you, but I don't believe we have the same interests.

55. **You speak English well, and one of your friends looks up to you. She has been trying to memorise vocabulary via flashcards to be able to talk, but this has not worked so far. She wants to improve her speaking skills in front of people and needs help. You want to encourage her and give advice by saying: ---**

- A) It is essential to put new words into memory, but it can't be done using flash cards alone.
- B) Trust me, you will do it. You can install a speech app on your phone, which can help your fluency.
- C) You are showing signs of excessive excitement. It is not feasible to speak in such a manner.
- D) Do you comprehend but can't speak? I believe it to be an epidemic.
- E) If I know you at all, you can do everything you set your mind on.

56. One of your friends has been to the hairdresser. Even though she only had a trim, she paid a lot. You like her hairstyle but believe it is too costly. When she asks your opinion, you honestly say: ----

- A) I think your hair looks nice, but you have been overcharged.
- B) I think that it would be better if the ends were shoulder-length.
- C) You should have parted your hair in the middle.
- D) Please take me next time you go to the same place.
- E) Don't ask me for my opinion because I don't want to break your heart.

57. You have purchased a costly mobile phone from a well-known technology retailer, and after a few days of purchase, it has abruptly stopped operating. You have sent the phone, spoken with a corporate representative over the phone and expressed your displeasure with the situation, yet your broken phone has not been fixed for twenty-five days. You decide to call again to make a final warning. So, you say threateningly: ----

- A) That's enough. What a reckless company! From now on, I have no hope of taking back my phone, and I want a refund as soon as possible!
- B) Unfortunately, I don't have a spare phone to use, so I need my phone urgently. Please solve this problem within the shortest possible time.
- C) Unless you send my phone within the next five days, your business will be taken to court. This is my last call.
- D) After buying this phone, I no longer think your business is reputable and competent. I'll never visit your stores again!
- E) I should have instead purchased the more costly option. I regret that I made the wrong choice.

58. You are sharing a room with another student while studying at high school. However, there are some issues with this arrangement, such as loudness and misbehaviour. You find it extremely challenging to concentrate in these circumstances. You go to the dorm manager and ask him gently to change your room. So, you say: ----

- A) I'm sick and tired of this guy. Take him out of the room now; otherwise, unfavourable things may happen, and I don't take responsibility!
- B) With the upcoming exam week, it is tough to study in this setting. If possible, would you mind transferring me to another room?
- C) My roommate and I have been having a lot of arguments, so I think it would be best if he moved out.
- D) Could you give me my roommate's parents' number, sir? I'm sure they have a right to know their son's bad behaviours.
- E) Before I call the police, you had better fire him. I can't stand his negligence any more.

59. - 63. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

59. --- It has been named 'black widow' because most of its mass comes from another star that it orbits. It has 2.35 times as much mass as our sun. Scientists think that the star is close to having the most mass possible for something like it. If it were any bigger, it would just fall apart into a huge black hole.
- A) A neutron star is the dense collapsed centre of a massive star that has exploded in a supernova.  
B) The name 'pulsar' refers to the kind of neutron star that has a very strong magnetic field.  
C) The denser the material is at the centre of a neutron star, the heavier it is overall.  
D) The star is thought to have begun as a neutron star with a typical mass of about 1.4 times that of our sun.  
E) Space scientists have discovered what they believe to be the most massive known example of a neutron star.

60. The first step to understanding why the sea is salty is to know how water moves through the ocean's different physical states. The three different forms of it are ice, liquid, and vapour, respectively. --- Because of this, the basins of our oceans are filled with a tangled mixture of different mineral salts. On the other hand, water and salt are not compatible in other phases of water, such as vapour and ice; hence, water vapour and ice are virtually salt-free.
- A) We are able to monitor changes in the water cycle immediately if we keep track of the salinity of the ocean's surface.  
B) Since 86 per cent of global evaporation occurs over the ocean, oceans' surface salinity explains how freshwater inflow and outflow impact ocean dynamics.  
C) Ocean currents are the continuous, directed flow of seawater caused by gravity, wind, and water density.  
D) When water is in liquid state, it can dissolve rocks and sediments and react with emissions from hydrothermal vents and volcanoes.  
E) There is a continuous cycle of freezing and melting sea ice, as well as evaporation and precipitation across the seas.

61. Muscle tightness is usually thought of as stiffness or even pain caused by exercise. However, the scientific definition of muscle tightness is the limited range of motion that comes with it. --- Experienced sports therapists say that it is important to figure out why your muscles are tight because it could be a sign of an injury. It can happen if you hurt a muscle because the scar tissue that forms after a muscle injury makes it shorter. In the same way, health problems like inflammatory diseases or tight muscles can also cause it.

- A) When you go to the doctor, they will ask about your medical history and any other symptoms.
- B) Muscle stiffness is when it is harder to move than usual, especially after you have been still for a while.
- C) In addition to sprains, there are other conditions that can cause muscle stiffness and other symptoms.
- D) This usually happens when too much exercise, such as lifting heavy weights, shortens a group of muscles.
- E) Stand upright or sit on a chair or the floor, and try to relax your body as much as possible.

62. Grades consist of numbers, letters, or phrases that indicate a student's school performance during a certain period of time or on a particular assignment. In addition to measuring the quality of a student's work, grades indicate the progress a student has or has not made. --- He or she is then placed at a higher risk of being dismissed the following school year. On the other hand, routinely high grades indicate that a student is progressing well academically and should be promoted to the next level.

- A) There are many ways in which schools place number grades with corresponding letter grades.
- B) Consistently poor grades indicate that a student is not progressing academically.
- C) The most common system used at primary schools in the United States is the 10-point scale.
- D) When a student gets to the college level, courses are given a credit value.
- E) Students receiving average grades typically remain in regular education classrooms.

63. --- Costume refers to a fancy dress or carnival wear; clothing describes the material and the technical design, free of any social significance or ties. Conversely, fashion refers to the social and temporal framework that shapes and activates clothing as a social signifier within a specific moment and context. Fashion is distinctive, self-fulfilling, and can play a significant role in a person's identity. Similar to art, a person's fashion choices should be an expression of their own taste rather than necessarily being accepted by others.

- A) Even though the terms 'fashion', 'clothing', and 'costume' are sometimes used interchangeably, they are not the same.
- B) While certain exclusive businesses use it, haute couture is only used by members of the Chambre Syndicale de la Haute Couture in Paris.
- C) According to stylists, fashion is a form of art that enables individuals to express their distinct aesthetic preferences.
- D) An appearance or a manner of expression that is popular at a particular point in time and location is referred to as a fashion trend.
- E) In order for anything to be labelled 'fashionable', there needs to be spread of it, followers and worldwide adaptation.

64. - 69. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

64. How a patient is treated can either undermine or support a sick person's autonomy; therefore, the way a patient is communicated becomes vital.
- A) Hastanın nasıl davrandığı, onun özerkliğine olumsuz etki yapabilir veya özerkliğini destekleyebilir, bu yüzden iletişim giderek daha da önemli hale gelmiştir.
  - B) Bir hastanın özerkliği ele alışı, özgüvenine zarar verebilir ya da özgüvenini destekleyebilir, bu nedenle onunla iletişim kurulması çok kritiktir.
  - C) Bir hastaya nasıl davranıldığı, hastanın özerkliğine zarar verebilir veya özerkliğini destekleyebilir, bu yüzden hastayla iletişim kurulma yöntemi çok önemli hale gelir.
  - D) Bir hastayla iletişim kurulma yöntemi çok önemli olsa da hastaya nasıl davranıldığı onun özerkliğini destekleyebilir ya da özerkliğine ciddi şekilde zarar verebilir.
  - E) Bir hastalığın ele alınış şekli hastanın kişilik haklarını destekler ya da kişiliğine zarar verir, bu sebeple hastayla iletişim kurmak çok önemli hale geldi.

65. Using a qualitative method allowed us to obtain a deep and nuanced idea of what people find attractive about our canine companions.

- A) Nitelikli yöntemler kullanarak köpek dostlarımız hakkında insanların neleri ilginç bulduğuna dair derin ve ayrıntılı düşüncelere sahip olabildik.
- B) Niteliksel bir yöntem kullanmak, insanların köpek dostlarımız hakkında neleri çekici bulduğuna dair derin ve incelikli bir fikir edinmemizi sağladı.
- C) Nitelikli şekilde kullanılan yöntemler sayesinde köpeklerin neleri çekici buldukları konusunda derin ve ince fikirler edinebildik.
- D) Nitelik olarak bütünsel yöntemler kullanmak, köpek dostlarımızın insanlarda neleri çekici bulduklarına dair derin ve incelikli fikirler edinmemize imkan verdi.
- E) Nitelik olarak derin ve incelikli fikirler kullanmak, insanların köpeklerde neleri çekici bulduklarına dair kullanılan etkili bir yöntemdi.

66. Scientists have discovered the largest visible bacterium to date, which is 50 times larger than the one that previously held the record.

- A) Bilim insanları, rekoru elinde tutandan en az 50 kat daha büyük olan, bugüne kadarki en büyük görünür bakteriyi keşfettiler.
- B) Bilim insanları, daha önce rekoru elinde tutandan 50 kat daha büyük olan, bugüne kadarki en büyük görünür bakteriyi keşfettiler.
- C) Bilim insanları daha önce rekoru elinde tutandan 50 kat daha büyük olan ve çıplak gözle görülen en büyük bakteriyi keşfedebildiler.
- D) Daha önce rekoru elinde tutandan 50 kat daha büyüğünü keşfeden bilim insanları, bunun bugüne kadarki en büyük görünür bakteri olduğunu söylediler.
- E) Rekoru elinde tutan bakteriden 50 kat daha büyük olup bugüne kadarki en büyük gözle görünür bakteriyi bilim insanları keşfetti.

67. Using gravity waves, scientists have found a means to generate more precise estimations of earthquake magnitude in a shorter time.

- A) Yerçekimi dalgalarını kullanan bilim insanları, daha kısa sürede daha kesin deprem büyüklüğü tahminleri üretmenin bir yolunu buldular.
- B) Bilim insanları, daha kısa sürede daha kesin deprem büyüklüğü tahminleri üretmek için yerçekimi dalgalarını kullanmanın bir yolunu buldular.
- C) Bilim insanları daha kısa sürede daha kesin deprem büyüklüğü tahminleri üretmenin yerçekimi dalgalarını kullanmaktan geçtiğini buldular.
- D) Sadece yerçekimi dalgalarını kullanarak, daha kısa sürede ama daha kesin deprem büyüklüğü tahminleri üretmenin mümkün olduğu bulundu.
- E) Yerçekimi dalgalarını kullanarak, bilim insanları daha kısa sürede daha kesin deprem büyüklüğü tahminleri üretmenin bir yolunu buldular.

68. In 1970, a severe storm that occurred off the coast of the northwest region of the United States unearthed a village that had been buried by a mudslide.

- A) 1970 yılında, Amerika Birleşik Devletleri'nin kuzeybatı bölgesinin kıyılarında meydana gelen şiddetli bir fırtına, çamur kayması tarafından gömülmüş bir köyü ortaya çıkardı.
- B) 1970 yılında, çamur kaymasının gömmüş olduğu bir köyü Amerika Birleşik Devletleri'nin kuzeybatı bölgesinin kıyılarında meydana gelen şiddetli bir fırtına ortaya çıkardı.
- C) Amerika Birleşik Devletleri'nin kuzeybatı bölgesinin kıyılarında 1970 yılında meydana gelen şiddetli bir fırtına, çamur kaymasının gömdüğü bir köyü ortaya çıkardı.
- D) 1970 yılında çamur kayması tarafından gömülmüş bir köyü ortaya çıkaran şey Amerika Birleşik Devletleri'nin kuzeybatı bölgesinin kıyılarında meydana gelen şiddetli bir fırtınadır.
- E) 1970 yılında, Amerika Birleşik Devletleri'nin kuzeybatı bölgesinin kıyılarında şiddetli bir fırtına olmasaydı çamur kayması tarafından gömülmüş bir köy gün yüzüne çıkamazdı.

69. Since living things interact with each other in dynamic ecosystems, the extinction of one species can have a far-reaching impact on the food chain.

- A) Canlılar dinamik ekosistemlerde birbirleriyle etkileşime girdiklerinden, bir türün neslinin tükenmesi besin zinciri üzerinde geniş kapsamlı bir etkiye sahip olabilir.
- B) Canlı organizmalar dinamik ekosistemlerde etkileşim içerisindedir, bu yüzden bir türün ortadan kalkması besin zinciri üzerinde geniş bir etki alanına sahip olabilir.
- C) Bir türün yok olmasının besin zinciri üzerinde kapsamlı etkisinin olması canlıların dinamik sistemlerde birbiriyle etkileşime girmeleri sebebiyledir.
- D) Canlıların dinamik ekosistemlerde birbirleriyle etkileşime girmeleri yüzünden bir tür yok olduğunda besin zinciri üzerinde geniş kapsamlı bir etkiye sahip olur.
- E) Dinamik ekosistemlerde birbiriyle etkileşim içerisinde olan canlı organizmalardan bir türün nesli tükendiğinde besin zinciri üzerinde geniş kapsamlı bir etkisi vardır.

70. - 75. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

70. Mimar Sinan'ın 80 yaşında yaptığı Selimiye Camii, hem Mimar Sinan'ın hem de Osmanlı mimarisinin en önemli eserleri arasında sayılır.

- A) The Selimiye Mosque, built by Sinan the Architect at the age of 80, is definitely the most important work of both Architect Sinan and Ottoman architecture.
- B) The Selimiye Mosque, which Sinan the Architect built at the age of 80, is considered among the most important works of both Architect Sinan and Ottoman architecture.
- C) The Selimiye Mosque, which Sinan the Architect built before the age of 80, is considered among the most epic works of both Sinan the Architect and the Ottoman Empire, respectively.
- D) Considered among the most valuable works of either Sinan the Architect or Ottoman architecture, the Selimiye Mosque was built by Sinan the Architect at the age of 80.
- E) The Selimiye Mosque, one of the works he made until the age of 80, is considered the most important work of neither Sinan the Architect nor Ottoman architecture.

71. Hakemler, anında karar vermek zorunda oldukları için geniş ve mükemmel bir görüşe sahip olmalı ve sakin kalmayı başarabilmelidirler.

- A) Referees must have a broad and excellent view and remain calm in case they have to make a quick decision.
- B) As the referees have to make the right decision, they should have a wide and clear view and not get angry.
- C) Referees should have a wide and excellent view and be able to remain calm as they have to make decisions instantly.
- D) Referees, who have to make a quick decision, must have a broad and excellent view and be able to remain calm.
- E) Most referees must have a clear and straight view and be able to remain calm when they have to make a correct decision.

72. Dünyanın en nadir kaplumbağalarından biri olan Hope'a, kaçakçılardan kurtarıldıktan sonra tekrar yürümesine yardımcı olmak için protez silindirler takıldı.

- A) After being rescued from smugglers, Hope was fitted with prosthetic rollers to help her walk again since she was one of the rarest turtles in the world.
- B) Being one of the rarest turtles in the world, Hope was fitted with prosthetic rollers to help her walk again after smugglers let her go.
- C) As Hope is one of the rarest turtles in the world, she was given prosthetic rollers to enable her to walk again after being rescued from smugglers.
- D) Hope is one of the rarest turtles in the world, and she was fitted with prosthetic rollers to help her walk again after being saved from smugglers.
- E) Hope, one of the rarest turtles in the world, was fitted with prosthetic rollers to help her walk again after being rescued from smugglers.

73. Arılar, kovanlarını oluşturdukları doğal koşulları taklit etmek için Chittka laboratuvarında yapay ve karanlık yuvalarda tutulur.

- A) Bees are kept in both artificial and dark nests at the Chittka laboratory to mimic the natural conditions in which they form their hives.
- B) Bees are kept in artificial and dark nests at the Chittka laboratory to mimic the natural conditions in which they form their hives.
- C) Bees should be kept in artificial and dark nests at the Chittka laboratory, or they cannot form their hives like they do in natural conditions.
- D) Bees are kept in artificial and dark nests at the Chittka laboratory to mimic the natural conditions so that they form their hives.
- E) If bees are not kept in artificial and dark nests just like their own natural conditions at the Chittka laboratory, they cannot form their hives.

74. Böcekleri, nesnelere saymak ve gruplara ayırmak gibi zor görevleri tamamlamalarının öğretildiği küçük alanlara aktarmak için uzun bir tüp kullanılır.

- A) A long tube can be used to transfer the insects into small arenas where they are taught to complete challenging tasks like counting and sorting things into groups.
- B) Unless a long tube is used to transfer the insects into small arenas, they cannot be taught to complete complex tasks like counting and sorting things into groups.
- C) A long tube is used to transfer the insects into small arenas where they are taught to complete difficult tasks like counting and sorting things into groups.
- D) A long tube is used just to transfer the insects into small arenas where they are taught to complete simple tasks like counting and sorting things into groups.
- E) Only when a long tube is used to transfer the insects into small arenas, can they be taught to complete hard tasks like counting and sorting things into groups.

75. Atomlar, nötronlar ve protonlar olarak bilinen daha küçük parçacıklardan oluşur ve bu atom altı parçacıkların her biri üç kuarktan oluşur.

- A) Atoms are made up of much smaller particles known as neutrons and protons, and neither of these subatomic particles is composed of three quarks.
- B) Atoms comprise smaller particles known as neutrons and protons, and each of these subatomic particles is composed of at least three quarks.
- C) Since atoms are made up of even smaller particles known as neutrons and protons, either of these subatomic particles is composed of three quarks.
- D) Atoms are made up of even smaller particles known as neutrons and protons, and each of these subatomic particles is composed of three quarks.
- E) Smaller particles known as neutrons and protons come together in order to form an atom after they are composed of three quarks.

76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) The Royal Automobile Club monitored that the exhausts of 60,000 automobiles and discovered that 13 per cent of them were responsible for more than half of the pollution. (II) Older vehicles were the greatest offenders; nevertheless, many relatively recent vehicles were also found to be serious polluters due to poor tuning. (III) To remove these offensive polluters from the streets, London has devised a plan. (IV) Governments and people worldwide are getting increasingly concerned about air pollution caused by automobiles and are searching for a solution. (V) The goal is to get the dirtiest, most rusted-out cars off the road in order to reduce the pollution levels.

- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

77. (I) Biological anthropology is the study of human bodies and how they change over time. (II) It investigates how humans live in nature and how their bodies change as a result of their surroundings. (III) It also studies the similarities and differences between humans and animals. (IV) Biological anthropologists sometimes study human and animal bones to learn about how previous humans and animals lived. (V) Anthropology employs a 'four-field approach', which divides it into four broad categories.

- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

78. (I) According to data taken from the Endangered Languages Project, a global project to help language preservation and documentation, 2,450 global languages are on the edge of disappearing. (II) In addition, more than 30 per cent of the 700 languages known to have been lost in human history have become extinct in the previous 60 years. (III) According to a 2014 study, globalisation has reduced the number of languages. (IV) As people learn a second language to gain access to global jobs and other benefits, the next generation will typically be less able to communicate in their native tongue. (V) Small linguistic communities can preserve their languages, but it takes commitment and devotion.

- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

79. (I) Australian deer are not native to the country. (II) During the nineteenth century, they were brought into the country as part of the acclimatisation programmes controlling the importation of foreign animals and birds into Australia. (III) Throughout history, numerous exotic creatures have chosen Australia as their permanent home. (IV) Deer from six different species were released in diverse areas. (V) The animals spread out and created wild populations in various parts of Australia, mainly in the areas where they were let loose into the wild.

- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

80. (I) According to aviation rules, numeric letters differentiate between the several forms of controlled airspace. (II) Controlled airspace below 5,490 metres above sea level and not near an airport is Class E, while uncontrolled airspace is called Class F. (III) Class A airspace is defined as all space above 5,490 metres where high-technology jets can travel. (IV) The distinctions between these groups are based on the kinds of planes that fly through them. (V) Private jets which enter special airspace without authorisation may risk air traffic control.

- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V



T.C. MİLLÎ EĞİTİM  
BAKANLIĞI

3 ADIM

DENEME SINAVLARI

1. ADIM

YDT  
İngilizce



5. DENEME

ADI VE SOYADI

OKUL ADI

ADAYIN İMZASI

**ADAYIN DİKKATİNE!**

1. Bu sınavda YDT soru dağılımları dikkate alınmıştır.
2. Deneme tam kapsam olup 2023 YDT konularının tamamını kapsamaktadır.
3. Bu sınav 80 sorudan oluşmaktadır.

Bu testlerin her hakkı saklıdır. Hangi amaçla olursa olsun, testlerin tamamının veya bir kısmının Millî Eğitim Bakanlığının yazılı izni olmadan kopya edilmesi, fotoğrafının çekilmesi, herhangi bir yolla çoğaltılması, yayımlanması ya da kullanılması yasaktır. Bu yasağa uymayanlar gerekli cezai sorumluluğu ve testlerin hazırlanmasındaki mali külfeti peşinen kabullenmiş sayılır.

#### AÇIKLAMA

1. Bu kitapçıkta **80 soru** bulunmaktadır.
2. Bu sınav için verilen cevaplama süresi **120 dakikadır (2 saat)**.
3. **Bu sınav puanlanırken doğru cevaplarınızın sayısından yanlış cevaplarınızın sayısının dörtte biri çıkarılacak ve kalan sayı bu test ile ilgili ham puanınız olacaktır.**
4. Kitapçığın sayfalarındaki boş yerleri müsvedde için kullanabilirsiniz.
5. Cevaplamaya istediğiniz sorudan başlayabilirsiniz. Bir soru ile ilgili cevabınızı, cevap kâğıdında o soru için ayrılmış olan yere işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.
6. Bu kitapçıkta yer alan her sorunun sadece bir doğru cevabı vardır. Cevap kâğıdında bir soru için birden çok cevap yeri işaretlenmişse o soru yanlış cevaplanmış sayılacaktır. İşaretlediğiniz bir cevabı değiştirmek istediğinizde silme işlemini çok iyi yapmanız gerektiğini unutmayınız.

1. Bu testte 80 soru vardır.
2. Cevaplarınızı, cevap kâğıdına işaretleyiniz.

1. - 15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. The effort to clean up cars may not be effective in dealing with air pollution if more measures are not taken to lower the ---- to drive them more often.  
A) reduction  
B) productivity  
C) tendency  
D) solution  
E) evidence
2. Rainfall is much more ---- near the equator than anywhere else, which explains why equatorial rainforests, such as the Amazon, are the most extensive and diverse in the world.  
A) abundant  
B) energetic  
C) impressive  
D) innovative  
E) timeless
3. Despite the fact that ancient civilisations in North Africa and Eurasia appeared to have been founded ----, various close ties were established over time, resulting in the exchange of technologies, ideas, and even diseases.  
A) commercially  
B) monotonously  
C) tremendously  
D) independently  
E) miraculously
4. The Antikythera machine, created to calculate dates and forecast astronomical occurrences, was so advanced that nothing ---- it for about 1,500 years.  
A) promoted  
B) surpassed  
C) understood  
D) consumed  
E) provided
5. Most customers do not want to ---- customer service forms or talk to a robot on live chat; instead, they want to speak to someone who can solve their problems promptly.  
A) stop by  
B) put away  
C) fill out  
D) bring on  
E) hold up
6. The diameter of the universe and the amount of time that ---- since its beginning ---- using galaxy distance measurement techniques and information about their speed away from us.  
A) would pass / were calculated  
B) had passed / had been calculated  
C) passed / have been calculated  
D) has passed / are calculated  
E) will pass / are being calculated

7. Fish and dolphins living in highly muddy water ---- because, though there is light, it ---- by the dirt in the water.

- A) cannot see / is obstructed
- B) must not see / was obstructed
- C) could not see / will be obstructed
- D) may not see / has been obstructed
- E) should not see / had been obstructed

8. ---- in order to connect two sides in 1974, the Golden Horn Bridge was the first construction ---- as an impressive structure by the residents of İstanbul.

- A) To be built / being regarded
- B) Having been built / to be regarded
- C) Being built / to be regarding
- D) To have been built / regarded
- E) To build / regarding

9. According to recent research, women ---- South Korea will be the first in the world to have a life expectancy ---- 91 years.

- A) at / to
- B) for / with
- C) across / on
- D) in / of
- E) by / over

10. Political institutions can support or obstruct the shift ---- clean energy ---- examining nations' responses to the energy crisis.

- A) towards / without
- B) across / on
- C) with / onto
- D) to / by
- E) in / about

11. ---- Asian art is often characterised by its delicate colours and brushstrokes, European art typically features a bolder, more expressive style.

- A) Inasmuch as
- B) Whereas
- C) By the time
- D) As long as
- E) Provided that

12. Electric cars are becoming more popular ---- they produce zero emissions and have a much lower environmental impact than gasoline-powered cars.

- A) since
- B) even if
- C) while
- D) though
- E) until

13. Although there are ---- factors that can affect the success of a film, ---- of the most important are the story, acting, directing, and production values.

- A) a few / much
- B) several / few
- C) a lot of / none
- D) many / some
- E) no / all

14. People are destroying and consuming nature at ---- a devastating rate ---- wildlife rangers, local communities and law enforcement personnel desperately need support to prevent wildlife crime.

- A) such / that
- B) so / that
- C) neither / nor
- D) both / and
- E) as / as

15. Families were asked how their behaviours changed at home and how they spent time with their children ---- using the Internet excessively.

- A) due to
- B) contrary to
- C) as well as
- D) apart from
- E) but for

16. - 20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Most penguins gather fish, squid, krill, and (16) ---- forms of marine life when they are swimming underwater, and these foods make up the majority of their diet. A penguin has muscular jaws and a spiky tongue (17) ---- it to grasp slippery food. They spend roughly half of their lives (18) ---- land and the other half in water. Larger penguin species today commonly inhabit colder regions, whereas smaller penguin species (19) ---- the warmer conditions of the temperate or tropical zones. Although almost all species of penguins are native to the Southern Hemisphere, they are not restricted to very cold places like Antarctica. Actually, only a few penguin species (20) ---- in the far south.

16. A) another B) other  
C) others D) the others  
E) one another
17. A) allowing B) to allow  
C) to be allowing D) being allowed  
E) having allowed
18. A) under B) on  
C) below D) along  
E) in
19. A) prefer B) dislike  
C) avoid D) persist  
E) establish
20. A) may be found  
B) must be found  
C) should have been found  
D) might have been found  
E) used to be found

21. - 28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. ----, some visitors to Paris experience acute symptoms, including nausea, vomiting, and hallucinations.

- A) As long as Paris, the capital of France, is full of history
- B) Even though many experts think Paris syndrome is real
- C) When the city does not live up to their high expectations
- D) Regardless of how severe Paris syndrome may be
- E) Although culture shock is caused by a loss of meaning

22. People are more likely to stick to a regular exercise routine ----.

- A) unless exercising with others helps them get motivated
- B) given that they do not feel like they are making any progress
- C) because it can be difficult to find a reliable support system
- D) if their friends and family are supportive of their fitness goals
- E) though they are provided with the necessary resources and support

23. The human brain has been the subject of intense study for centuries, ----.

- A) so about 100 billion neurons convey information and coordinate bodily processes in the human brain
- B) although it has the ability to adapt and rewire itself, a process known as neuroplasticity
- C) while about 60,000 thoughts pass through a person's mind every day, creating a stream of mental activity
- D) and the hippocampus is a specialised area of the brain that is essential for storing memories
- E) but there are still many mysteries about the complexity of the brain and its functioning

24. Stories connect us to ancient traditions, myths, and legends; ----.

- A) nonetheless, humanity has chosen sculpture over painting to tell their stories
- B) moreover, storytelling is a unique way to study the culture of a society
- C) however, they may not transmit distinct narratives about people's social lives
- D) therefore, every society has its own stories that are told to entertain people
- E) besides, they reveal universal truths about ourselves and our world

25. Once readily available in vast amounts in a variety of different environments, including urban and rural settings, ----.

- A) public transportation is becoming obsolete due to a considerable increase in private cars
- B) newspapers are not as popular as in the past, owing to the Internet
- C) more and more people tend to change their unfavourable spending patterns in a positive way
- D) the number of wild animals is soaring because people migrate from villages excessively
- E) shopping malls are an important source of income for entrepreneurs chasing opportunities

26. Because we cannot just rip up the globe and see what is inside, ----.

- A) energy is released, which causes seismic waves during the movement of faults on a planet
- B) we have to rely on secondary evidence like the waves generated by geologic events
- C) seismometers are used by scientists to monitor the movement of the earth's crust
- D) seismic data from NASA's *InSight* lander has shown that Mars is still geologically active
- E) earthquakes generate four types of waves: P-waves, S-waves, Love waves, and Rayleigh waves

27. While evidence indicates they are more than just reflexive animals, ----.

- A) invertebrates have long been thought to lack the ability to feel pain, joy, or fear
- B) emotions prepare organisms for action, usually a necessary adaptive activity
- C) scientists argue that insects, fish, and crabs rely purely on instinct to escape injury
- D) it is impossible to measure feelings because they are unique to each person
- E) some evidence implies microscopic creatures can sense pain, happiness, and pessimism

28. ---- since their vocalisations get distorted as they dive deeper.

- A) Experts liken dolphins' having a characteristic whistle to a human name
- B) A pattern of sound frequencies is invented to identify themselves for life
- C) Dolphins cannot be identified only by their sounds like many other species
- D) Recognising a familiar face by the taste of their urine is possible for dolphins
- E) Male dolphins may modify their whistle to mimic their closest friend's whistle

## 29. - 31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Nail biting is a compulsive oral habit which is common in children and adolescents. It is a body-focused, repetitive behaviour that damages the physical appearance or causes bodily harm. Most nail biters bite their nails past the nail beds, and then they pluck, bite, or chew their cuticles until they bleed. They have painful and red fingertips that may even become infected. Nail biters generally conceal their hands so that no one pays attention to their unsightly nails. Since they always feel **abashed**, it may also have a negative effect on their self-esteem. Even though biting one's nails is a compulsive behaviour, these body-focused repetitive behaviours are frequently misunderstood and not treated properly. Some consider it an obsessive-compulsive disorder; however, some hypotheses propose a genetic connection. Some individuals have also been biting their nails due to hunger and boredom. There is a correlation between nail biting and thumb-sucking in some children, although not all thumb-suckers necessarily develop nail biting. Since these behaviours are now classified as body-focused repetitive behaviours, they may be characterised as obsessive-compulsive disorders. Nonetheless, some health professionals believe that nail biting cannot be classified as an obsessive-compulsive condition. These habits are still the subject of ongoing research.

29. The underlined word 'abashed' in the passage is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) complicated
- B) embarrassed
- C) shorthanded
- D) discouraged
- E) impassioned

30. Why do nail biters tend to hide their hands?

- A) They bite their nails mostly due to hunger and boredom.
- B) They think they do not look as if they have self-esteem.
- C) They are mostly misunderstood and not treated properly.
- D) They do not want others to see their unappealing nails.
- E) They tend to develop nail biting no matter what they do.

31. Which statement is not true about nail biting?

- A) It causes people to have hurting and red fingertips.
- B) It is a common disorder both in children and adults.
- C) It does not necessarily develop in all thumb-suckers.
- D) It could make people feel bad about themselves.
- E) It might be an illness that runs in the family.

**32. - 34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

The University of Tokyo has produced a robotic finger coated with living human skin. Their ultimate goal is to create robots that resemble genuine human beings, although for more humanitarian purposes. To wrap the robotic finger in the skin, researchers bathed it in a mixture of collagen and human skin cells known as dermal fibroblasts. Then it was settled into the dermis, the base layer of skin covering the finger. The team next poured a liquid containing human keratinocyte cells over the finger, forming the epidermis, the outermost layer of skin. After a fortnight, the thickness of the finger's skin was a few millimetres, comparable to that of human skin. The laboratory-created skin proved sufficiently durable and elastic to survive the robotic finger bending. Researchers made a small dent on the robotic finger and wrapped it with a collagen bandage; within a week, the skin's fibroblast cells fused the plaster with the rest of the skin, which is promising for humankind.

**32. According to the passage, the researchers ----.**

- A) were able to produce a mechanical finger thanks to the latest advancements
- B) had to follow some regulations to produce a robot resembling genuine humans
- C) dipped the finger into a chemical mixture to make it easier to be detected
- D) produced a robotic finger to be used for only humanitarian purposes
- E) applied a liquid containing human keratinocytes to the finger to form the epidermis

**33. What is the passage mainly about?**

- A) The thickness of the robotic finger's skin
- B) A breakthrough in living human skin
- C) The importance of robots in medicine
- D) How to fuse the plaster with the skin
- E) The layers of skin covering the finger

**34. What is the author's attitude towards the robotic finger?**

- A) Accusatory
- B) Defensive
- C) Optimistic
- D) Empathetic
- E) Persuasive

**35. - 37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

A flexible sensor applied to the back of the neck could aid researchers in identifying concussions caused by neck injuries in athletes. It is approximately the size of a bandage and smoother and more precise than some current instruments. Football players are occasionally monitored for concussions using bulky accelerometers mounted in their helmets. However, because the sensors are not directly attached to the athletes' bodies, they are susceptible to false readings from sliding helmets. The patch of a group of electrical engineers adheres to the nape. It consists of two electrodes on a nearly paper-thin piece of piezoelectric film, which produces an electric charge when stretched or compressed. The patch transmits electrical pulses to a computer when the head and neck are moved. Researchers can assess concussion-causing sudden movements by analysing these signals. The patch was tested on the neck of a human test dummy by dropping it from a height of approximately 60 centimetres. Researchers also equipped the head of the figure with various strain sensors to establish a baseline level of neck strain. Over ninety per cent of the time, they discovered data from the patch aligned with data collected by the internal sensors. The researchers are currently working on incorporating a wireless transmitter into the patch to make it even more compact.

**35. It is understood from the passage that the sensor worn on the back of the neck ----.**

- A) not only sends but also receives electrical pulses
- B) gives more definite results than some existing devices
- C) can prevent concussions when used regularly
- D) works on the same principles as current devices
- E) consists of at least two electrodes depending on the user

**36. The researchers can evaluate movements that cause a concussion by ----.**

- A) monitoring football players with advanced devices
- B) dropping the dummy at precisely 60 centimetres
- C) applying more than one patch on the neck and monitoring them
- D) analysing signals sent from a patch to a computer
- E) incorporating a wireless transmitter into the patch

**37. What is the primary purpose of the author?**

- A) To highlight the reasons behind a concussion
- B) To encourage people to use the newly developed patch
- C) To persuade readers to wear new patches more often
- D) To warn readers about the effects of concussions
- E) To give brief information about a new sensor patch

**38. - 40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

A newly published and in-depth research of ectothermic tetrapods—reptiles and amphibians—provides new insight into why cold-blooded creatures tend to have such disproportionately extended lifespans in relation to their size. It is the most thorough research of longevity and ageing ever published, with 114 experts examining 107 wild populations of 77 species. Scientists compiled data regarding animals' mode of temperature regulation, their distinctive traits, the pace of life, and the temperature of their habitat for decades and analysed all those data. Of the 30 known vertebrate species that can live above the age of 100, 26 are ectotherms. Therefore, scientists are curious as to how these animals are able to delay their inevitable demise for so long. The study revealed various findings, including a correlation between protective physical or chemical characteristics, such as hard armour, spines, shells, or a poisonous bite, and slower ageing. Those defensive physical characteristics were also associated with longer lifespans. These are technically referred to as 'protective phenotypes' in the scientific community and can make all the difference.

**38. One can understand from the passage that ectotherms ----.**

- A) live longer than others thanks to their protective physical or chemical traits
- B) are significantly more prevalent at higher latitudes than they are at lower latitudes
- C) must use energy in order to keep their body temperature constant
- D) have a much narrower range of body temperatures than do endotherms
- E) must often use external sources of heat to maintain their body temperature

**39. According to the research carried out by the scientists, ----.**

- A) the results are highly promising since the scientist acquired data from various species
- B) all vertebrates are able to delay their inevitable demise for more than a hundred years
- C) some of the ectotherms could not live that long if it were not for their poisonous bites
- D) there is a link between physical or chemical traits that protect species and slower ageing
- E) the correlation between physical characteristics and life span is not particularly strong

**40. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?**

- A) Ectotherms vs Endotherms
- B) The Secret of Longevity
- C) How to Have Longer Lifespans
- D) Why Vertebrates Live Longer
- E) Longevity in Ectotherms

**41. - 43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Trees are among the most magnificent and awe-inspiring living organisms on Earth. And several of them are extraordinarily enormous, and it turns out that the tallest trees on Earth are the coast redwoods that tower above the misty coastline of Northern California's Redwood National Park. According to Guinness World Records, the king of these giants is a tree called Hyperion. As of its most recent gauging in 2019, it measured an astounding 116.07 metres tall, taller than a 35-storey skyscraper. The exact site of Hyperion is a closely kept secret, but it appears to be rooted on a slope where the majority of old-growth coastal redwoods have been cut down. Hyperion has evaded the chainsaw, and it is estimated that the tree is 600–800 years old. In addition to being the tallest trees on Earth, coast redwoods are also some of the oldest living creatures; they can live up to 2,000 years. The climate has a role in these trees' ability to live to such a great age, although the specific reason is unclear. Even while the inland of California burns in the summer, the coastal groves remain cool year-round due to a cover of dense fog. According to the National Park Service, the coast also receives approximately 254 centimetres of precipitation each year, which also helps sustain these groves of giant trees.

**41. Which of the following can be inferred from the passage about Hyperion?**

- A) It is so tall that a 35-storey skyscraper looks like a dwarf near it.
- B) It was nothing but a seedling more than a thousand years ago.
- C) The rough terrain around it prevented people from chopping it.
- D) Its location is kept secret for fear that it might be chopped down.
- E) It continues to be the only live creature of its age on the planet.

**42. According to the passage, coast redwoods ----.**

- A) can measure more than one hundred metres tall, which is much taller than any other tree
- B) have taken root in an area where all of the oldgrowth trees have been cut down
- C) can survive for up to two thousand years, in addition to being some of the oldest living species
- D) are believed to be between 600 and 800 years old since they have not been cut down by chainsaws
- E) keep growing in a place where not everybody knows as a precaution against deforestation

**43. It is pointed out in the passage that ----.**

- A) the misty coastline of Northern California's Redwood National Park houses not only the tallest trees on Earth but also the oldest ones
- B) the coastal groves of California remain cool all year-round despite the scorching heat inland, thanks to a thick fog blanket
- C) the coastal region receives an average of 254 centimetres of rain each year, which contributes to the survival of animals there
- D) although the particular reason why coastal redwoods can survive to such a great age is known, the climate also played a role in it
- E) trees are without a doubt the most magnificent and mind-blowing living beings that can be found in every part of our planet

44. - 48. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

44. Jane:

– I need to buy a fancy dress for my brother's wedding ceremony. Would you like to go shopping with me?

Michael:

– ----

Jane:

– I didn't mean now; I'll go tomorrow evening.

Michael:

– Oh, I see. I guess I can join you then.

- A) I think you should choose an outfit that will perfectly match your high heels.  
 B) I'm afraid I'll turn you down since I'll be on a business trip for the next two days.  
 C) Of course I do. Can you wait until I'm done with this article?  
 D) I'd love to, but you know that I'm not very fond of window shopping.  
 E) I'd like to, but I have an online meeting with my team members in the afternoon.

45. Patient:

– I want to make an appointment with Dr Swan for today. Could you help me, please?

Secretary:

– Unfortunately sir, his schedule is full for this week. I can arrange one for the next week if you want.

Patient:

– ----

Secretary:

– I see. I'll have a look at it and call you if there is a cancellation.

- A) This is rather urgent. I'd appreciate it if you could check his schedule again.  
 B) I want a refund immediately, or I'll sue you both.  
 C) Friday will be fine for me. Thank you. I'll give you a call before I come.  
 D) Then, why did you ask me to come here as soon as possible?  
 E) No problem. I can see the doctor whenever he's available this month.

46. Susan:

- **Each day, I come across an article saying that what we have been made to believe so far is, in fact, otherwise.**

Volkan:

- **Like what?**

Susan:

– ----

Volkan:

- **As far as I know, eating eggs with other foods may help our organs absorb more vitamins.**

Susan:

- **That's the point. It's so confusing to say it's beneficial now when it was considered harmful for years.**

- A) For example, until recently, eggs were considered to increase heart disease risk because of their high cholesterol content.
- B) Let me give you an example. The main reason eggs were considered unhealthy in the past is that the yolks are high in cholesterol.
- C) Cholesterol is a waxy substance found in food; it's also made by your body and linked to high blood cholesterol and heart disease.
- D) This is why the American Heart Association advised decreasing dietary cholesterol. And so did many other international health organisations.
- E) I believe that worldwide egg consumption will decrease significantly over the next several decades, and cholesterol-free eggs will be a part of our diet.

47. Naida:

- **Have a nice morning. I need to make several copies. Would you kindly be able to assist me?**

The Librarian:

- **Sure, the photocopier is located right over there, but there is a fee for using the machine.**

Naida:

– ----

The Librarian:

- **Please make sure you read the directions on the photocopier.**

Naida:

- **Okay, thank you very much.**

- A) The fee is okay. Is there a limit to the number of copies that I can make?
- B) Okay. Could you help me through the steps of using it?
- C) Should I pay it off before using the copy machine, or can I just use it?
- D) What is the fee that needs to be paid for the copies?
- E) Do I still have to pay even if I have a library card?

48. Gary:

– ----

Jim:

– I'm afraid you are exaggerating.

Gary:

– **No, I am not. I took private lessons for a month and experienced how difficult it is.**

Jim:

– **I'm sure you did, but still, it doesn't qualify you as an expert to talk about it. A month is too short to learn something properly.**

- A) Nobody can play the violin as well as I do.
- B) I'm the best soccer player in the classroom.
- C) English is so easy that one can learn it quickly.
- D) Anyone can be good at playing golf in a short time.
- E) It's impossible for someone to master skiing.

**49. - 53. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.**

**49. A comprehensive approach to farming, organic agriculture aims to provide high-quality food and protect the land for future generations.**

- A) Organic agriculture is a perfect method of farming that tries to prevent high-quality food while damaging the environment before future generations.
- B) Organic agriculture is a holistic method of farming that aims to produce high-quality food while preserving the environment for future generations.
- C) A controversial approach to farming, organic agriculture aims to decrease the land quality and improve food for future generations.
- D) A traditional approach to forestry, organic materials increase land quality and improve the health levels of future generations.
- E) A thorough method of organic farming, dry farming aims to protect food and fertilise the land for future generations.

**50. Even though absence rates have fallen a little, neither a particular approach nor a group of strategies has made a particularly significant difference to them.**

- A) In spite of the slight decrease in absence rates, no single method or set of tactics has made a major difference to them.
- B) While absence rates have decreased slowly, they have not resulted from any single strategy or a combination of strategies.
- C) The minor decrease in absence rates cannot be linked to only one or a set of strategies that may have an effect on them.
- D) Only one technique or a set of tactics is not responsible for the significant decrease in rates of absenteeism.
- E) Neither a single strategy nor a combination of strategies has resulted in some of the absence rates decreasing significantly.

**51. After being gathered, the paper which needs recycling must be manually sorted by individuals skilled in instantly identifying different types of paper.**

- A) Once collected, the paper which must be recycled should be manually arranged by someone who has the training to differentiate types of paper regularly.
- B) People who have been trained to recognise various types of paper at once are responsible for collecting the paper which has to be recycled by hand.
- C) Paper collecting was once given to people who had the necessary qualifications to arrange the paper that needed recycling by using their hands immediately.
- D) Paper collectors must be controlled regularly in order to train them to differentiate the various types of paper which are to be recycled instantly by skilled workers.
- E) The paper that needs to be recycled must first be collected and then manually sorted by people who are good at rapidly distinguishing between various types of paper.

**52. The restaurant industry includes establishments which are primarily engaged in selling and serving purchasers prepared food and beverages for consumption on or off the premises.**

- A) The restaurant sector is made up of businesses whose main achievement is to sell and serve ready-made food and drinks to customers, either on the premises or to go.
- B) The food industry is in charge of selling and serving customers ready-made food and drinks that they can eat on the spot or take with them.
- C) The food sector is in charge of opening places where people can buy ready-made food and drinks and eat them there or take them home.
- D) The food industry needs to come up with new places to sell and serve ready-made food and drinks that can be eaten on or off the premises.
- E) The restaurant sector is made up of businesses whose main activity is to market and represent prepared food and drinks to clients for consuming in or outside of the facilities.

53. **Strength training focuses on the muscles by forcing them to contract against an external resistance, such as weights, in order to improve strength and mobility.**

- A) Strength training is a kind of exercise that aims to increase muscular strength and power by challenging the muscle to flex against a load resistance, such as weight.
- B) If you do not want to improve the strength and mobility of your muscles, do not force them to contract through strength training.
- C) Whether or not the muscles are forced to contract against an external resistance such as weights, you may find a way to improve strength and mobility.
- D) In order to concentrate on the muscles via an external resistance, such as weights, you must focus on compelling them to contract for mobility and strength training.
- E) Unless you do strength training, you can improve the strength and mobility of the muscles, stimulating them to tighten against an external resistance like weights.

54. - 58. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

54. **You and a few close friends have celebrated your college graduation with a fancy meal. Before making the reservation, you and your companions had doubts about the restaurant, but you have ended up enjoying the food and service. As a gesture of your gratitude, you call the waiter and say: ---**

- A) The meals contained excessive amounts of salt, which is unacceptable for a high-end restaurant. Getting rid of the current chef is necessary.
- B) You removed all the question marks in our minds with your delicious food and excellent service. We are glad to be here.
- C) Though the check was a little more than we had anticipated, we enjoyed our lunch very much.
- D) Some of the comments we read online before coming here proved to be accurate. Food preparation times were really inconvenient.
- E) Though we appreciated the staff's kind attitudes, I was disappointed with the quality of the fish.

55. **You have been abroad for a long time, and after five years, you finally get back to your country by plane. You have just landed, and you have been longing for your family. All you want is to see and hug them immediately. When you meet them and start to talk, your phone rings. Your best friend is calling and wants to chat with you. You know he is very talkative. You do not want to be rude, but you also do not want to lose the spirit of the moment. So you say: ---**

- A) I can't explain how I already missed you.
- B) Can you give me a minute so that I can take my luggage?
- C) It's very nice to see you all. I missed you so much.
- D) I've just arrived safe and sound. Can I call you back later?
- E) Now, I'm in the middle of something very important. Call me later.

56. Your daughter wants to go to a garden party with her friends on Saturday afternoon, but you are worried about a few of her friends getting her in trouble. As a result, you do not want her to go there. You are also aware that rain is possible that day. Using the weather as a cover, you say: ----

- A) If it rains on Saturday afternoon, I'll undoubtedly accompany you.
- B) You shouldn't attend the party on Saturday because it may rain.
- C) Maybe next time. I can't allow you to spend time with those kids.
- D) I really wonder what you're planning to do in the rain.
- E) If I were you, I'd plan something more enjoyable for the weekend.

57. You are about to make a presentation about computer programming, but you realise you left your memory stick at home. You only have your personal computer with you, and it has the old version of the presentation. You have no time to get it, so you must comply with the computer. You may pause during the presentation to remember the latest details. You have to explain this to the audience, so you say: ----

- A) It is likely that I'll go on slowly in some parts to recall the updated information.
- B) I will stop and focus on the details, so listen to me carefully.
- C) I prefer using personal computers to memory sticks in my presentations.
- D) Computer programming is an important issue we should keep in mind.
- E) I want all of you to listen to me silently, as I'll present it only once.

58. Your customer is on the phone and wants to schedule a meeting for tomorrow. However, your schedule is full on that particular day. You refuse him respectfully, proposing an appointment at your convenient time by saying: ----

- A) I'm sorry, but I have an important meeting tomorrow. What about meeting the next day?
- B) I am surprised that you expect me to be available whenever you want.
- C) I'd love to see you tomorrow, but I am afraid it will be a very busy day.
- D) Let me help you if it's something I can discuss on the phone. I am not available these days.
- E) I'm going to take some time off for vacation. When I get back, I'll give you a call.

59. - 63. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

59. The degree to which a person considers something humorous relies on a variety of factors, including context, geography, culture, age, level of education, and IQ. ---- For instance, small children could prefer slapstick because of its accessibility, as in some cartoons or puppet shows. Contrarily, more complex kinds of humour, like satire, necessitate an awareness of their social context in addition to the meaning and, as a result, tend to appeal to a more mature audience.

- A) Accordingly, it is widely accepted that humour increases both physical and psychological well-being.
- B) That is, the contradiction between a statement's declared and intended meaning is known as irony.
- C) Puns, which depend on specific words, are extremely difficult to translate from one language to another.
- D) It is implied by phrases like 'Have fun!' and 'That was fun!' that fun is enjoyable, unique, and, to some extent, unpredictable.
- E) However, in the end, one's sense of humour is the most important factor in determining how entertaining a piece of work is.

60. ---- However, more and more kinds of animals, birds, fish, and insects were discovered and brought back from the South Seas, Africa, and India over time. And people began to produce numerous books, inventions, and scientific discoveries about them. Nearly 600 animal species were accounted for by science in 1740. One hundred years later, there were 2,400, including several animals that are known by most people today, such as the ostrich, rhino, orangutan, and buffalo.

- A) Before the first zoos were built, common men and women had very little opportunity to witness exotic creatures up close.
- B) Even if they survived the journey, exotic animals brought back to Europe at this time usually perished shortly after arrival.
- C) For most people in the 18<sup>th</sup> century, animals meant farm animals, carriage horses, and food for the table.
- D) For an accurate depiction of a giraffe, Europeans had to wait until 1827 and the arrival of the first living specimen.
- E) Once animals are loved for their innocence or good nature, it will be easier to share the world with them.

61. It is simple to find evidence of early numeration and arithmetic. Tasmanian natives could only count in additions of one, two, and many, whereas South African natives could count in multiples of one, two, two and one, two twos, two twos and one, and so on. ---- In the one, two, and many systems, the term 'many' can, for instance, indicate, "Look at my hands and see how many fingers I'm showing you."

- A) It is not particularly surprising that certain societies are unable to manage significant populations.
- B) Real numbers were not much of a concern for our predecessors; instead, they would have been more of the type.
- C) Nevertheless, the most fundamental step in developing a sense of numbers is not the ability to count.
- D) A number of currently spoken languages still contain remnants of the earliest phases in the formation of enumeration.
- E) However, in actual circumstances, gestures are frequently used in addition to numbers and words to clarify ambiguity.

62. ---- They may be temporarily blinded by glaring lights, increasing the likelihood of a collision. Some towns and governments forbid the use of rays that impair nighttime vision to help prevent such incidents. For instance, the use of any light along a highway so positioned as to blind or dazzle the vision of travellers on the adjacent highway is prohibited by the new law in Texas.

- A) Both people and wildlife can be endangered by poorly placed lighting.
- B) There are some solutions to the issue of light pollution besides legislation.
- C) Drivers' safety can be in danger due to lights that line the roads.
- D) Light pollution has become a problem throughout the world lately.
- E) A careful driver has to control the lights of the car regularly.

63. A team of physicians employed virtual reality technology to prepare for a successful surgery to split conjoined twins who were born in a remote region in northern Brazil. The two shared some brain tissue and were joined at the head. Doctors in Brazil attempted in vain to separate the brothers. The parents were warned by medical professionals that additional operation would be too dangerous. ----

- A) The procedure to separate the twins, performed at Rio's State Brain Institute, was lengthy and arduous.
- B) However, the teams utilised the boys' brain scans to generate a digital map of their combined skulls.
- C) The boys' mother expressed the family's relief and happiness while finally bringing the twins home.
- D) It would have been more appropriate to carry out the operation in a location other than Brazil.
- E) The hospital decided to contact a charity in Britain that could send medical teams to help with separations like this.

64. - 69. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

64. Sand batteries, which can store green energy for months at a time, have been installed for the first time by Finnish researchers.

- A) Tek seferde aylık yeşil enerji depolayabilen kum pilleri, ilk kez Finlandiyalı araştırmacılar tarafından kuruldu.
- B) Finlandiyalı araştırmacılar, tek seferde aylarca yeşil enerji depolayabilen kum pilleri kurmayı sonunda başardı.
- C) İlk kez Finlandiya'da bir seferde aylarca yeşil enerji depolayabilen kum pilleri, araştırmacılar tarafından kuruldu.
- D) Bir seferde aylarca yeşil enerji depolayabilen kum pilleri, ilk kez Finlandiyalı araştırmacılar tarafından kuruldu.
- E) Aylarca toplanan yeşil enerjiyi bir seferde depolayabilen kum pillerini ilk kez Finlandiyalı araştırmacılar kurdu.

65. Many poisonous plants can be found in almost all gardens, and many people are entirely unaware of their dangers.

- A) Pek çok zehirli bitki hemen hemen tüm bahçelerde bulunabilir ve çoğu insan bunların tehlikelerinden tamamen habersizdir.
- B) Pek çok zehirli bitki hemen hemen tüm bahçelerde bulunur ve çoğu insan bunların tehlikelerinden tamamen haberdardır.
- C) Çok zehirli bitki hemen hemen tüm bahçelerde bulunsa da pek çok insan bunların tehlikelerinden tamamen habersizdir.
- D) Hemen hemen tüm bahçelerde çok zehirli bitkiler bulunur ve bunlar bu durumdan habersiz olan insanlara zarar verir.
- E) Çoğu insan zehirli bitkilerin tehlikelerinden tamamen habersiz olsa da bu bitkiler hemen hemen tüm bahçelerde bulunur.

66. Tinned food has a very long shelf life, up to three years, which greatly aids in the prevention of food waste in the household.

- A) Konserve yiyeceklerin çok uzun, üç yıl kadar, bir raf ömrü vardır ki bu da evdeki yiyecek israfının önlenmesine büyük ölçüde yardımcı olur.
- B) Konserve yiyecekler, evdeki yiyecek israfının önlenmesine büyük ölçüde yardımcı olur çünkü üç yıla kadar çok uzun bir raf ömrü vardır.
- C) Konserve yiyecekler, üç yıla kadar çok uzun bir raf ömrü olmasına rağmen evdeki yiyecek israfının önlenmesine pek yardımcı olmaz.
- D) Üç yıla kadar çok uzun bir raf ömrü olan konserve yiyeceklerin, evdeki yiyecek israfının önlenmesine büyük ölçüde yardımcı olduğu bilinir.
- E) Konserve yiyeceklerin üç yıl gibi çok uzun bir raf ömrü olduğundan yiyecek israfının önlenmesine büyük ölçüde yardımcı olur.

67. The Great Pyramids of Giza, built around 2500 BC as tombs for pharaohs and their spouses, are regarded as one of the Seven Wonders of the Ancient World.

- A) Tam olarak milattan önce 2500 yılında, firavunların eşleri için inşa edilen Büyük Giza Piramitleri, Antik Dünyanın Yedi Harikasından biri olarak ifade ediliyor.
- B) Milattan önce 2500 yıllarında, firavunlar tarafından eşleri için mezar olarak inşa ettirilen Büyük Giza Piramitleri, Antik Dünyanın Yedi Harikasından biridir.
- C) Antik Dünyanın Yedi Harikasından biri olarak değerlendirilen Büyük Giza Piramitleri, milattan önce yaklaşık olarak 2500 yılında firavunlar için inşa edildi.
- D) Milattan önce 2500 yıllarında, firavunlar ve eşleri için mezar olarak inşa edilen Büyük Giza Piramitleri, Antik Dünyanın Yedi Harikasından biri olarak kabul ediliyor.
- E) Firavunların eşleri tarafından inşa ettirilen Büyük Giza Piramitleri, milattan önce 2500 yılına kadar Antik Dünyanın Yedi Harikasından biri olarak kabul edilmekteydi.

68. Mount Everest, located in the Himalayas between Nepal and Tibet, is the highest point on Earth, with an elevation of 8,848 metres above sea level.

- A) Nepal ile Tibet arasındaki Himalayalar'da bulunan Everest Dağı, deniz seviyesinden 8.848 metre yüksekliğiyle dünyanın en yüksek noktasıdır.
- B) Deniz seviyesinden 8.848 metre yüksekte konumlanan Everest Dağı, Nepal ve Tibet arasında bulunan Himalayalar'dan bile daha yüksektir.
- C) Dünyanın en uç noktası olan Himalayalar'dan 8.848 metre daha yüksek olan Everest Dağı, Tibet ve Nepal arasındaki bölgede bulunmaktadır.
- D) Nepal ve Tibet'in en yüksek noktasında yer alan Everest Dağı, deniz seviyesinden 8.848 metre daha yüksektedir ve Himalayalar'ın arasında bulunur.
- E) Deniz seviyesinden 8.848 metre yüksekte yer aldığı için Everest Dağı, dünyanın en yüksek noktasıdır, ayrıca Nepal ile Tibet arasındaki Himalayalar'dadır.

69. Bertrand Russell believed that a solid basis for knowledge could be built by employing the logical atomism approach, and this should be the aim of philosophy.

- A) Bertrand Russell, mantıksal atomculuk yaklaşımı kullanılarak bilgi için sağlam bir temel oluşturulabileceğine ve felsefenin amacının bu olması gerektiğine inanıyordu.
- B) Bertrand Russell, felsefenin amacının mantıksal atomculuk yaklaşımı kullanılarak bilgi için sağlam bir temel oluşturmak olduğuna inanıyordu.
- C) Bertrand Russell, mantıksal atomculuk yaklaşımını temel alarak bilgi için sağlam bir temel oluşturabileceğini ve felsefenin amacının bu olması gerektiğini savunuyordu.
- D) Mantıksal atomculuk yaklaşımını esas alarak bilgi için sağlam bir temel oluşturulabileceğine inanan Bertrand Russell felsefenin amacının da bu olması gerektiğini düşünüyordu.
- E) Bertrand Russell, mantıksal atomculuk yaklaşımının bilgiye sağlam bir temel oluşturmak için yeterli olacağını ve felsefenin amacının da bu olması gerektiğini düşünüyordu.

70. - 75. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

70. Yapay zekâ; tam olarak düşünme, yaşama ve çalışma şeklimizi değiştirme potansiyeline sahip çığır açan türden bir teknolojidir.

- A) Artificial intelligence is not only a kind of groundbreaking technology but also has the potential to change the way we think, live, and work.
- B) A kind of groundbreaking technology, artificial intelligence has the potential to change the way we think, live, and work in our daily lives.
- C) Artificial intelligence is exactly the kind of groundbreaking technology that has the potential to change the way we think, live, and work.
- D) The latest groundbreaking technology is artificial intelligence, and it has the potential to change many things, like the way we think, live, and work.
- E) The groundbreaking technology that has the potential to change the way we think, live, and work is no more than artificial intelligence.

71. Henüz çok yeni bir araştırma alanı olan gen tedavisiyle, hatalı genlerin işlevlerinin düzenlenmesi ya da bunların sağlıklı olanlarla değiştirilmesi planlanmaktadır.

- A) Being the newest research area in scientific circles, gene therapy enables people to rearrange the functions of the genes and interchange them with perfect ones.
- B) Scientists are planning to redesign the functions of damaged genes and replace them with healthy ones thanks to gene therapy, which is a new research field.
- C) With gene therapy, which is still a very new research field, it is planned to regulate the functions of faulty genes or replace them with healthy ones.
- D) Gene therapy, which is planning to fix genetic function problems and switch them with healthy ones, is a brand new research area for people.
- E) With the help of gene therapy, it will be planned to organise the functions of faulty genes and change them with unfaulty ones despite being a novel research field.

72. Son birkaç on yılda hastalığa neden olan çok sayıda genetik mutasyon tespit edilmiştir ve doktorlar şimdi belirli hastalık türlerinin başlangıcını durdurmanın veya en azından geciktirmenin yollarını bulmak için yarışmaktadır.

- A) Numerous disease-causing genetic mutations have been identified over the past few years, and physicians are now trying to find ways to stop or at least delay the onset of certain types of diseases.
- B) Over the past few decades, many disease-causing genetic mutations have been identified, so scientists are busy finding ways to stop or at least delay the onset of certain types of diseases.
- C) Scientists are racing against the clock to stop or at least delay the onset of certain types of diseases, for numerous disease-causing genetic mutations have been identified over the past few decades.
- D) Disease-causing genetic mutations have been identified over the past few decades, causing scientists to race to find ways to stop or at least delay the onset of certain types of diseases.
- E) Numerous disease-causing genetic mutations have been identified over the past few decades, and scientists are now racing to find ways to stop or at least delay the onset of certain types of diseases.

73. Takviyeler, beslenme yetersizliği olan kişilere veya ek folik asit ihtiyacı olan hamile kadınlara yardımcı olabilir, ancak çoğu doktor ortalama bir kişi için bunların etkinliği konusunda temkinlidir.

- A) Supplements can be useful for people with nutritional deficiencies or pregnant women who need additional folic acid, but many doctors are worried about their effectiveness for the average person.
- B) Supplements can help people with nutritional deficiencies or pregnant women who need additional folic acid, but many doctors are wary of their effectiveness for the average person.
- C) Many doctors may be wary of their effectiveness for the average person, but supplements can help people with nutritional deficiencies or pregnant women who need additional folic acid.
- D) Supplements can help not only people with nutritional deficiencies but also pregnant women who need additional folic acid, but many doctors are wary of their effectiveness for the average person.
- E) People with nutritional deficiencies or pregnant women who need additional folic acid can benefit from supplements, but many doctors are wary of their effectiveness for the average person.

74. Teknolojik gelişmelerle birlikte insanların daha fazla seyahat etmeye başlamasından bu yana, hava kirliliğindeki ciddi artışta teknolojinin doğrudan bir rolü olduğu kabul edilmektedir.

- A) Technology has been considered to have a direct role in the rise in air pollution because people began to travel more with technological improvements.
- B) As with technological advancements, people began to travel more, and technology has been regarded as having an impact on the dramatic growth of air pollution.
- C) Since people began to travel more with technological advancements, technology has been acknowledged to have a direct role in the severe increase in air pollution.
- D) Technology has been regarded as having a possible impact on the enormous increase in air pollution since technological improvements enabled more people to travel.
- E) Since technological advancements have made it easier for people to travel more, they have been acknowledged to have a direct involvement in the dramatic rise in air pollution.

75. Denizli'nin 18 kilometre kuzeyinde, Pamukkale travertenleriyle aynı yerleşim yerinde bulunan Hierapolis antik kenti, tapınak ve dini anıtların varlığı nedeniyle 'kutsal kent' olarak anılıyor.

- A) Located 18 kilometres north of Denizli, in the same settlement as Pamukkale travertines, the ancient city of Hierapolis is known as the 'holy city' due to the abundance of temples and monuments.
- B) The ancient city of Hierapolis, located 18 kilometres north of Denizli on the same site as the Pamukkale travertines, is called the 'holy city' due to the existence of temples and religious monuments.
- C) The ancient city of Hierapolis, called the 'holy city' due to the abundance of temples and religious buildings, is located 18 kilometres north of Denizli in the same location as the Pamukkale travertines.
- D) The ancient city of Hierapolis, located 18 kilometres north of Denizli on the same site as the Pamukkale travertines, is known as a 'holy city' because it has some temples and religious monuments.
- E) The ancient city of Hierapolis is referred to as a 'holy city' with its temples and religious structures and is situated 18 kilometres north of Denizli on the same site as the Pamukkale travertines.

76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) A vortex, also known as an updraft, is created when a tornado makes contact with the ground. (II) Although tornadoes can happen at any time of the year, they tend to happen more frequently in the summer. (III) Also, they can occur during the day, mostly between the hours of 3 p.m. and 9 p.m. (IV) Even if you can find those powerful funnels all over the world, they are most common in the US. (V) In this large country, there are 1,200 tornadoes on average per year, which result in 1,500 injuries and 70 fatalities.

- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

77. (I) In addition to training in realistic, ground-based flight simulators, NASA decided that astronauts needed real-world experience flying and landing an actual vehicle that behaved just like a real space shuttle. (II) No such aircraft existed, so NASA had to develop one. (III) The Shuttle Trainer (STA) was created after years of research and development. (IV) Even the windows and window frames were remodelled to replicate the view a pilot would have during a real shuttle landing. (V) Originally, NASA considered using a Boeing 737 for its STA, but eventually settled on the Grumman Gulfstream II, a twin-engined business jet.

- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

78. **(I)** People believe that spiders' dwellings are well protected from the outside world, but many species reside inside. **(II)** Some are unwittingly entrapped, while others are just temporary guests, and some species even appreciate the great indoors, where they merrily live out their lives and reproduce. **(III)** There is a species of jumping spider that prefers to consume blood-filled mosquitoes in residential areas. **(IV)** Most of these creatures are neither aggressive nor dangerous; in fact, they are typically socially awkward. **(V)** And they may provide services such as pest control; some spiders even consume others.

A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

79. **(I)** Fertilisers have become a critical component of agriculture and farming. **(II)** These compounds, both synthetic and organic, are applied to the soil to improve the number of essential nutrients that promote plant growth. **(III)** With the rapid growth of the world population, the need for food has also increased dramatically. **(IV)** Statistics indicate that between 40 and 60 per cent of agricultural products are grown using various forms of fertilisers. **(V)** More than 50 per cent of the population consumes crops developed with the aid of synthetic fertilisers.

A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

80. **(I)** The name 'ant' is taken from a German word meaning 'the biter'. **(II)** Ants are well-known for being social insects that can be discovered in practically every region of the world, with the exception of Antarctica and a few remote islands. **(III)** As both scavengers and predators, ants contribute significantly to the health of our ecosystem. **(IV)** These insects, however, can wreak havoc by destroying crops and invading human habitats. **(V)** They are also capable of biting and/or stinging their victims.

A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

YDT • 1. ADIM • 1. DENEME	İNGİLİZCE																			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	B	D	A	D	C	B	D	E	D	E	D	E	B	C	C	E	B	C	A	D
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
	D	E	A	D	B	C	D	C	E	A	C	C	D	D	E	D	B	A	D	E
	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
	D	A	E	D	B	D	E	B	B	E	C	D	C	C	B	A	D	B	B	E
	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
	A	B	C	B	D	D	E	B	A	B	C	B	C	D	C	D	C	B	A	B

YDT • 1. ADIM • 2. DENEME	İNGİLİZCE																			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	A	B	A	C	A	E	E	D	A	B	B	B	C	C	B	C	D	B	E	A
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
	B	C	E	C	C	A	D	B	B	C	D	E	B	A	E	B	B	A	E	D
	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
	D	C	B	A	C	C	C	E	B	E	B	C	D	A	C	C	A	E	A	E
	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
	C	B	D	E	B	A	E	C	B	B	A	E	C	A	D	C	A	B	E	D

YDT • 1. ADIM • 3. DENEME	İNGİLİZCE																			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	D	C	E	C	D	B	E	C	A	C	A	B	C	D	E	B	D	B	E	C
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
	A	B	B	D	D	B	A	B	E	A	E	C	A	A	B	C	D	D	D	C
	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
	C	E	B	D	E	C	D	C	B	E	A	D	C	C	A	C	D	B	E	B
	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
	E	D	C	B	B	B	C	B	A	E	D	D	A	B	B	D	A	E	C	D

YDT • 1. ADIM • 4. DENEME	İNGİLİZCE																			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	E	C	B	A	B	D	D	E	C	C	A	E	E	D	B	A	B	D	C	C
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
	D	B	D	A	E	A	A	A	A	E	B	A	D	D	B	A	E	D	B	C
	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
	C	B	E	C	B	B	C	A	E	A	C	E	D	C	B	A	C	B	E	E
	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
	D	B	A	C	B	B	E	A	A	B	C	E	B	C	D	D	E	E	C	E

YDT • 1. ADIM • 5. DENEME	İNGİLİZCE																			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	C	A	D	B	C	D	A	B	D	D	B	A	D	A	A	B	A	B	A	A
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
	C	D	E	E	B	B	A	C	B	D	B	E	B	C	B	D	E	A	D	E
	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
	D	C	B	E	A	A	B	E	B	A	E	E	A	B	D	B	A	A	E	C
	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
	E	C	E	D	A	A	D	A	A	C	C	E	B	C	B	A	D	C	C	A

# Kendini Deęerlendir



1

*Kare kodu okut.*

2

*Sınavını seç*

3

*Cevaplarını sisteme gir.*

4

*Eksik olduęun konuları analiz et.*

5

*Bu sınava katılanlar arasındaki sıralamanı gör.*